X-RAY GENERATION

LIST OF DOCUMENTATION IN THIS BINDER:

- ⊗ SUBSYSTEM MANUAL OPTIMUS RAD
- ⊗ UNIT MANUAL Converter R/F
- ○ UNIT MANUAL Surge Arrester WN
- ○ UNIT MANUAL Extension set for an additional tube assembly WG / GWB
- ○ UNIT MANUAL 26 V DC / 230 V AC Adapter
- ○ UNIT MANUAL Handswitch for OPTIMUS
- ○ UNIT MANUAL Extension of Photo Pick-Up OPTIMUS (SEV)
- ○ UNIT MANUAL Mains group EWD

Note: ⊗ indicated document present

LIST OF ALL BINDERS FOR X-RAY GENERATION:

- SUBSYSTEM MANUAL OPTIMUS RAD (this binder)

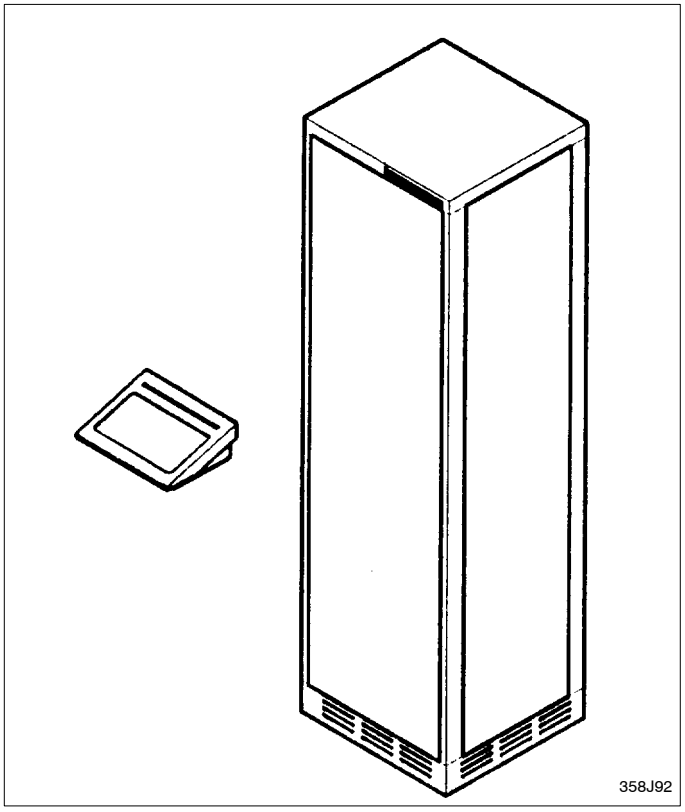
PHILIPS

Philips Medical Systems

SERVICE MANUAL
742
SUBSYSTEM

OPTIMUS RAD

9890 000 0218.



CAN-controlled X-ray generator of the converter type

DMC Hamburg

Printed in Hamburg, Germany

SERVICE MANUAL - SUBSYSTEM

OPTIMUS RAD

Author: T. Frenscheck

Type No: 9890 000 0218**x**
Techn. No: Basis 4512 104 70625

Release: 3.6

In case there are any questions concerning this manual,
please send this LOPAD via fax to 49/(0)40/5078 2481

File: OPTIMUS_RAD_28171AB

List of pages and drawings (LOPAD)

Manual Order No: 4512 984 28171
released: 10/2004

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INTRODUCTION AND TECHNICAL DATA

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1. Product information

The Optimus family of generators for radiography is based on computer-controlled converter technology.
The converter operates in the non-audible frequency range.

Application options are essentially achieved by releasing software modules using customized PAL ICs.
Control between the internal **F**unction **U**nits (FUs) and the external online equipment takes place by a CAN bus.

Safety-relevant signals are transferred directly on the so-called “Signal bus”.

Units without any CAN interface are operated by the ”Adapter for 4 auxiliary units WA” option.

1.1. Applications

- Radiography
- Tomography

1.2. Options

Component overview according to the commercial catalogue.

Only the versions in the current commercial catalogue can be ordered.

If an existing generator is to be upgraded the commercial department must order:

MGR0011 (upgrade of an existing configuration)
\+ MGRxxxx
\+ S/N

1.2.1. Hardware options + MGR0011 + S/N

- Low-speed rotor control 9890 000 0220x
- Dual-speed rotor control . . . . . 9890 000 0268x MGR2082
- Mains transformer 400 – 480V; 50 / 60Hz,
  also for 400V mains supply without neutral lead N
  with taps for 400 / 440 / 460 / 480V 9890 000 0230x
- Mains transformer 190–390V; 50 / 60Hz
  with taps for 190 / 200 / 207 / 220 / 230 / 240 / 250 /
  343 / 380 / 390V **max. 50kW!** 9803 720 8100x
- Adapter for 4 aux. units WA . . . . . 9890 000 0231x MGR2131
- Option rack 9890 000 0232x
- Extension set for one additional tube 9890 000 0234x
- Tube extension WG 9890 000 0238x
- Operating panel 9890 000 0240x
- Operating module Optimus 9890 000 0278x
- Operating desk data cable 10m, 20m, 30m . . . . . 9890 000 0241x / 2x / 3x
- Stand for operating panel . . . . . 9890 000 0244x MGR1482

- Wall mounting of operating panel 9890 000 0245x
- 26VDC / 230VAC adapter . . . . . 9890 000 0246x MGR2281
- Surge arrester WN 9890 000 0247x
- Handswitch for Optimus 9890 000 0249x
- **P**atient **D**ata **O**rganizer (PDO) . . . . . 9890 000 0255x MGR2091
- Decade cable set 14 x 4m top decade → AMP decade 9803 704 2010x
- APR extension 9890 000 0257x
- Extension photo pick-up Optimus 9890 000 0258x

1.2.2. Software options + MGR0011 + S/N

Software options are provided by the function key (see also 5Z-1, EZ 139 Central Unit D38).
Additional hardware components are not required.

- **A**utomatic **E**xposure **C**ontrol (**AEC**) . . . . . 9890 000 0281x [1] MGR2171
- **A**natomically **P**rogrammed **R**adiography / **F**luorography (**APR**/**F**) . 9890 000 0282x [1] MGR2181
- Automatic **T**omo **T**ime **I**nput (**TTI**) . . . . . 9890 000 0222x MGR2121
- **T**omo **D**ensity **C**ontrol (**TDC**) . . . . . 9890 000 0223x MGR2122
- VARIOFOCUS . . . . . 9890 000 0227x MGR2101
- Area dose calculator . . . . . 9890 000 0256x MGR2141

[1] = Options only for base 9890 000 0218x
Options are always included in base 9890 000 0216x

2. Compatibility

2.1. Generator components

- Base Optimus 9890 000 0218x
- H.V. transformer . . . . . 1 tube, 50kW 9890 000 0203x
- H.V. transformer . . . . . 2 tubes, 50kW . . . . . 9890 000 0204x . . . . MGR2051 (Upgrade 1 –-> 2) tubes
- H.V. transformer . . . . . 1 tube, 65 / 80kW 9890 000 0205x
- H.V. transformer . . . . . 2 tubes, 65 / 80kW . . . . . 9890 000 0206x . . . . MGR2052 (Upgrade 1 –-> 2) tubes
- 50kW extension – RAD 9890 000 0262x
- 50kW extension – RAD 480V 9890 000 0208x
- 65 / 80kW extension – RAD 9890 000 0264x
- 65 / 80kW extension – RAD 480V 9890 000 0209x
- Firmware Rel. 3.6 . . . . . 9890 000 0251x

2.2. Tubes

Recommended standard tubes:

- RO 17 50
- SRO 25 50
- SRO 33 100

Further compatible tubes:

- RO 30
- RO 12 30
- RO 16 48
- RO 30 50
- SRO 09 51
- SRO 13 30
- SRO 20 50
- SRO 20 55
- SRO 22 50
- SRO 32 100

Compatible tube housings:

- ROT 350
- ROT 351

The latest information on further tubes which are connectable is available at the service center Hamburg.

NOTE

When the generator is retrofitted it is important to use the screened cable 3 x 1.31mm^2 (0722 215 02054) as the stator cable.
If necessary, exchange the old stator cable.

2.3. Five-field bucky chamber

- Five-field bucky chamber 9890 000 7000x

The five-field bucky chamber is compatible with rel. 3.6 or higher.

3. Mechanical data

For installation dimensions and weights see drawings Z-1.1.

Transport data:

Case No.	Contents	Weights [kg]		Dimensions [cm]		
		net	gross	length	width	height
1	- Generator cabinet - Operating panel - Cables	178	226	210	82	84
2	1-tube version: 2-tube version: Contents: H.V. generator	73 88	100 115	77	67	80

4. Environmental data

The environmental data comply with PMS standard UXW 13600.

4.1. Electrical environment

Class S0 - Dedicated mains supply, 3 phases and neutral. Thus single phase voltage is also available.

A low impedance, permanently installed connection, fed in by the step-down transformer of the hospital to supply large systems like in MR, CT and X-ray departments is required.

NOTE

Use always a mains cable with 4 wires and concentric PE-shield, type NYCY.

4.2. Climatic conditions

Ambient temperature ..... 10°C - 40°C
Relative humidity ..... 15% - 90%; no condensation
Relative atmospheric pressure ..... 70kPa - 110kPa

4.3. Emission

Heat dissipation ..... max. 500W; average per hour
Noise level ..... ≈ 46dBA
EMC ..... IEC 950

To avoid any possible annoying noise of the implemented fans it is advisable to install the generator cabinet outside the examination room.

5. Electrical data

5.1. Power data and mains conditions

	Voltage		
	50kW	**65kW**	**80kW**
Mains voltage	3 x 400V ±10% (≅ 415V $^{+6\%}$ / 380V $_{-5\%}$)		
	3 x 400 / 440 / 460V ±10% *		
	3 x 480V $^{+6\%}$ | $_{-10\%}$ *		
	3 x 190 ... 343V ±10% **		
	* = with internal mains transformer (option) ** = with external mains transformer; max. 50kW (option)		

	Frequency		
	50kW	**65kW**	**80kW**
Mains frequency	49 ... 61Hz		

Voltage	Max. mains current		
	50kW	**65kW**	**80kW**
Exposure: 400V	145A	190A	230A
440V	135A	180A	215A
460V	125A	170A	210A
480V	120A	160A	205A
190V	300A	–	–
Short-time power consumption [I x U x √3]	100kVA	132kVA	160kVA
Fuse protection (slow-blow)	35A	50A	
	100A at ≤ 240V	–	
Connected load [I_{Fuse} x U x √3]	25kVA	35kVA	
Emergency power supply:			
static (inverter)	Short-time power consumption [I x U x √3]		
dynamic (diesel generator with flywheel mass)	Connected load [I_{Fuse} x U x √3]		

Voltage	Mains resistance		
	50kW	65kW	80kW
400V	≤ 300mΩ	≤ 200mΩ	
440V	≤ 350mΩ	≤ 240mΩ	
460V	≤ 350mΩ	≤ 240mΩ	
480V	≤ 400mΩ	≤ 300mΩ	
480V valid for DOD only	≤ 300mΩ	≤ 240mΩ	≤ 180mΩ
	NOTE *500mΩ is the **absolute max.** mains resistance.*		

5.2. Power supply for applications

	Generator power		
	50kW	65kW	80kW
Max. output power	230V / 400V; max. 5A		

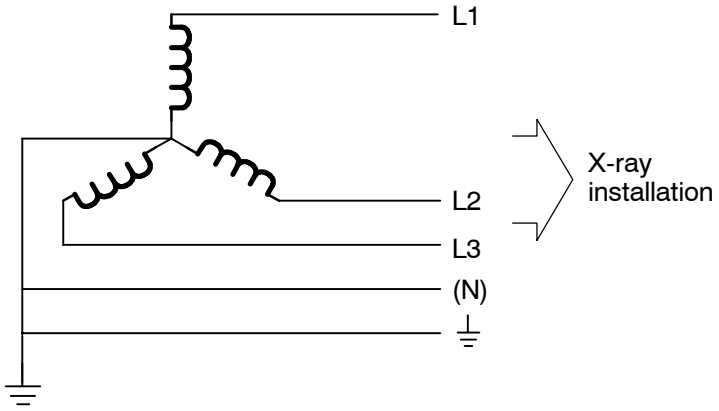
5.3. Operating data

Data	Generator power		
	50kW	65kW	80kW
Tube current	1 ... 650mA	1 ... 900mA	1 ... 1100mA
Tube voltage	40 ... 150kV in kV- or %-steps		
mAs product	0.5 ... 850mAs		
Exposure time	1ms ... 6s / 16s		
Exposure frequency	≤ 12exp./s		
Interfacing option for	door contact, external radiation warning indicator		

5.4. Power supply

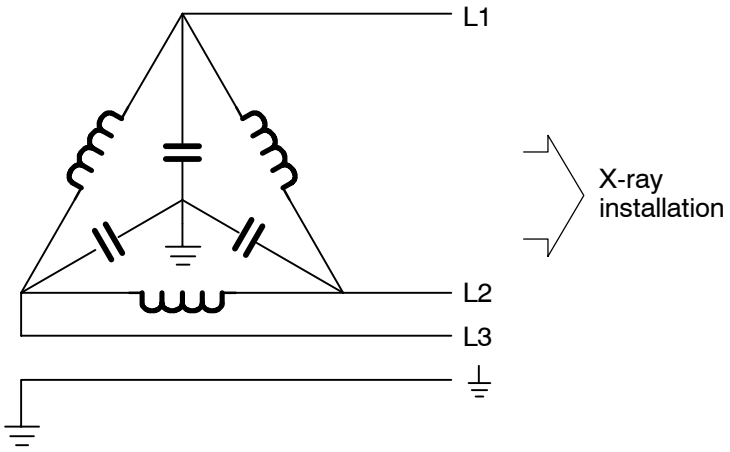
5.4.1. Type of power supply

3-phase WYE



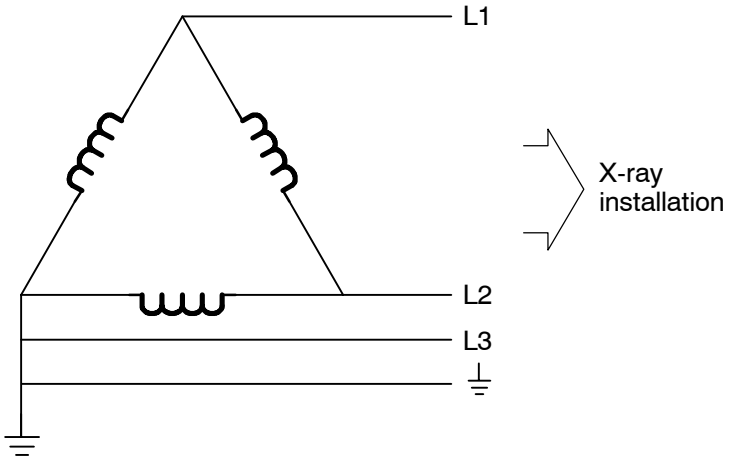
- 400V
- 440V / 460V / 480V with mains transformer 9890 000 0230x.
- Surge arrester WN is required if the mains transformer 9890 000 0230x is ordered.
- Neutral not required if the mains transformer 9890 000 0230x is ordered.
- 190V ... 343V with external mains transformer 9803 720 8100x (max. 50kW).

3-phase DELTA, balanced earth or floating



- Mains transformer 9890 000 0230x is required.
- 400V / 440V / 460V / 480V
- Surge arrester WN is required.
- 190V ... 343V with external mains transformer 9803 720 8100x (max. 50kW). Works only together with the internal mains transformer.

3-phase DELTA, grounded



- Mains transformer 9890 000 0230x is required.
- 400V / 440V / 460V / 480V
- Surge arrester WN is required (requires modification at the EMC-filter of the kV power unit).
- 190V ... 343V with external mains transformer 9803 720 8100x (max. 50kW). Works only together with the internal mains transformer.

CAUTION

Ensure the sequence of phases in the wall junction box corresponds to designations L1, L2, L3.

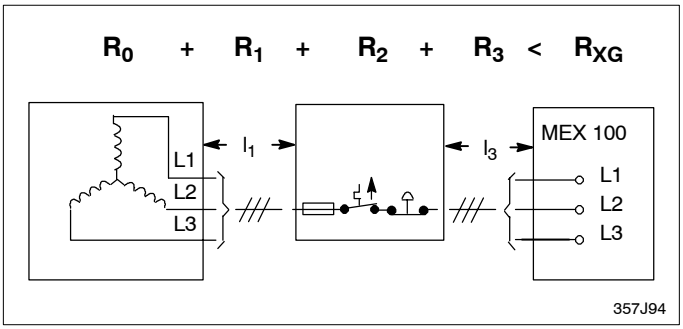
5.4.2. Calculating the mains resistances

NOTE

The cross section of lead l_3 must not exceed 25mm^2 (see figure below).

If possible the sum of R_0, R_1, R_2 and R_3 should be smaller than the R_{XG} requires.

With higher internal mains resistances the generator output is reduced correspondingly.



R_0 designates the mains resistance of the distributor transformer

R_1 depends on the length of lead l_1 between distributor transformer and mains distributor and on the selected cross section as well:

==> $R_1 = l_1 \times R_{Cu}$ R_{Cu} from table below

R_2 consists of upstream elements such as:

- Emergency-OFF switch 4.0mΩ
- Earth-leakage circuit -breaker 5.5mΩ
- Fuse 5.5mΩ
- Surge arrester WN 23.0mΩ

R_3 depends on the length of lead l_3 between mains distributor and wall junction box and on the selected cross section as well:

==> $R_3 = l_3 \times R_{Cu}$ R_{Cu} from table below

The resistances consider the go and return lines so that the calculation can be based on simple cable lengths.

Copper cross section [mm^2]	Resistance R_{Cu} [mΩ/m]
16	2.19
25	1.4
35	1.0
50	0.7
70	0.5
95	0.38
120	0.30
150	0.24

NOTE

*500mΩ is the **absolute max.** mains resistance.*

5.4.3. Earth-leakage circuit-breaker

To be provided between mains fuse and X-ray installation depending on local regulations.

Siemens earth-leakage circuit-breaker N 5SZ type B:

- Order No.: 5SZ3 466 OKG00
- Rated fault current 30mA
- Rated current 63A
- Connection terminals for wire cross sections of up to 25mm^2

5.4.4. Emergency-OFF device

To be provided depending on local regulations.

There are 2 possibilities:

1. All the Emergency-OFF buttons are connected in series and looped into the switch-ON circuit (12VDC) of the generator.
2. The Emergency-OFF circuit acts on an external mains contactor which switches OFF the power before it is fed into the generator.

6. Tools

- Service engineer standard tool kit

- Service-PC:
  Zeppelin standard, Win 2000 compatible.

- Installation and service software AGent.

- Security device, parallel port key or smart card, PMS security.
  Necessary to carry out the installation and to run the service software (special programming, fault finding).

- 0-modem cable:
  The minimum length is the distance between generator cabinet and operating desk.
  Male 25-pole D-Sub connector at the generator side.
  A 5m data cable of the bucky controller can be used: 4512 130 5693x

- Mains resistance measuring instrument

- Dose measuring instrument

- mAs–meter

- Multimeter

- Digital oscilloscope with 2-beam memory

- Recommended PLCC extraction tool (AMP 822154–1): 2422 487 89772

7. Traceable items

The following items have serial numbers of the following format when delivered ex factory:

1. Generator cabinet . . . . . 6-digit serial number

2. H.V. tank . . . . . 7-digit serial number

3. Operating desk . . . . . 8-digit serial number

8. Preparation

Connection of the generator: . . . . . see drawing Z-6.1
Operating panel: . . . . . see drawing Z-1.3
Connection diagram: . . . . . see drawing Z-7.1/.2/.3/.4
Earthing diagram: . . . . . see drawing Z-7.5
Legend for earthing and cabling: . . . . . see drawing Z-7.10

8.1. Installation material

To be ordered from the service department of PMS Hamburg:

- Wall junction box 4512 103 7538x
  including connection block (25mm^2) for mains supply and connection block (10mm^2) for unit supply.
- Relay for radiation warning indicator 4512 100 4523x
  One interface relay with a floating contact (230V/1A) is included in the scope of delivery of the generator.

8.2. Cables

H.V. cables

with O3 / O3 plugs: 9806 402 6xx02
length: . . . . . 6m - 30m in steps of 2m
capacity: 155pF/m
diameter: 16.5mm
The cable length is indicated by the 9th and 10th digit of the numeric code.

Thermal contact cable

- 3-wire screened for 1 excess temperature switch 4512 100 66162
  (3 x 0.5mm2, ∅ 5.3mm)
- 10-wire screened for additional supervision like
  temperature alarm switch, buzzer, selection indicator 0722 215 19005

Stator cable

3 × 1.31mm^2, screened 0722 215 02054

NOTE

The above described cables are part of the pre-installed systems.

AMPLIMAT cable

with D-Sub and 3-Plus plug:

12m 9890 000 01721
16m 9890 000 01731
20m 9890 000 01741
24m 9890 000 01751

CAUTION

AMPLIMAT cables 9803 507 0xx02 (for hybrid measuring chambers 9803 509 xxxxx) with 3-Plus plugs at both ends must be connected in the generator by the following adapter for each cable:

Adapter for AMPLIMAT cable: 4512 108 09042. The generator includes 1 adapter.

The hybrid measuring chambers 9803 509 xxxxx require connection (chassis) between contacts:

D-Sub end GND (13) <---> RF 0V (8) (generator input)

or

3-Plus end GND (N) <---> RF 0V (J) (generator input)

This connection is established by the adapter for the AMPLIMAT cable.
See drawing Z1-6 "Basic interface".

In case a hybrid measuring chamber 9803 509 xxxxx is **not** operated with the required

AMPLIMAT cable . . . 3-Plus / 3-Plus 9803 507 0xx02

but with

AMPLIMAT cable . . . D-Sub / 3-Plus 9890 000 017xx

make sure to establish this connection (13 <---> 8) in the D-Sub connector!

For ALC measuring chambers 9890 000 016xx connection GND <---> RF 0V is not permitted.
Therefore, ALC measuring chambers AMPLIMAT cables 9890 000 017xx should always be used.

Operating desk

NOTE

Use the shortest cables. Noise immunity increases.

Cable set 10m 9890 000 02411
20m 9890 000 02421
30m 9890 000 02431

8.3. Manpower

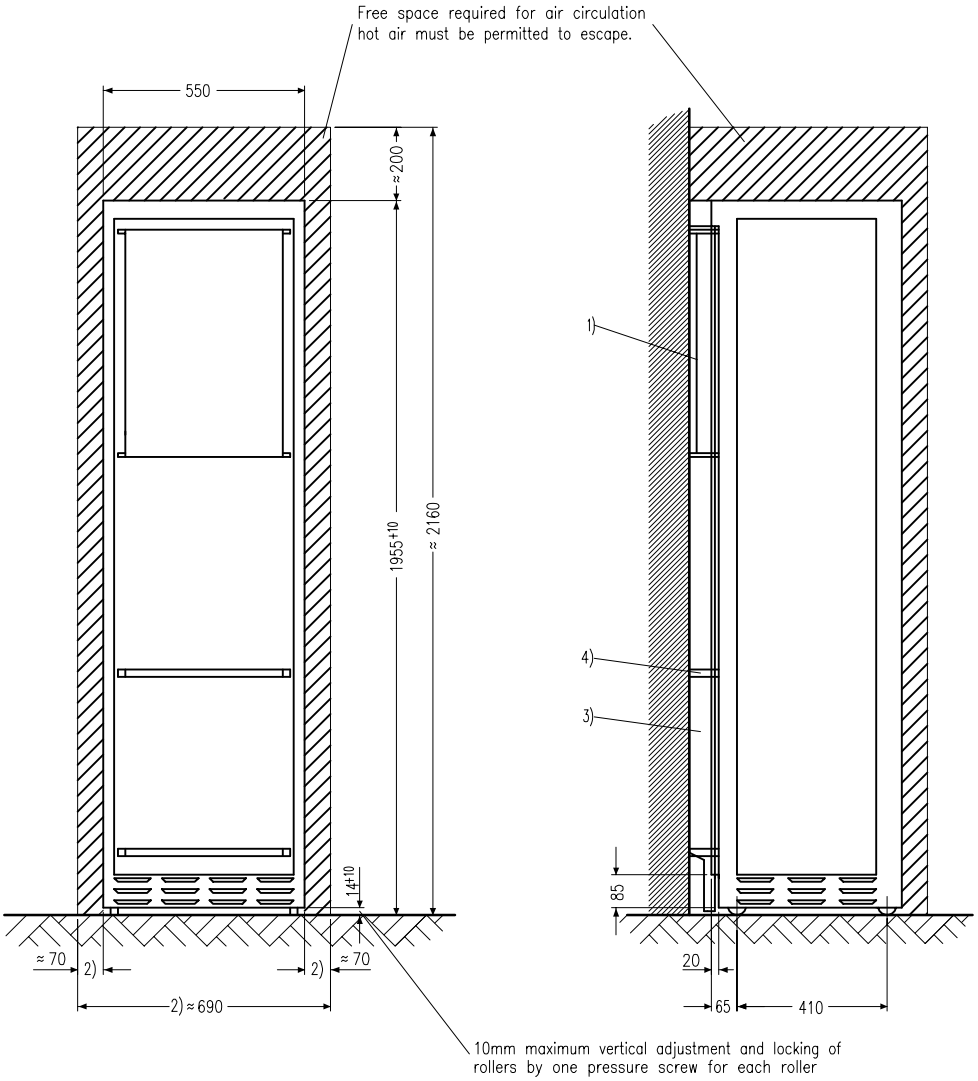
At least two persons are necessary to insert the H.V. tank in the generator cabinet.
The weight of the 2-tube version is about 88kg.

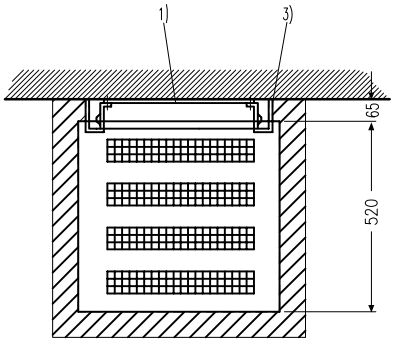
9. Planned maintenance

The technical documentation for carrying out maintenance work in compliance with the applicable regulations are available at the responsible authority of Philips Medical Systems.

The importance of having maintenance implemented is pointed out to the operator in the operating instructions.

It must be guaranteed that the person carrying out maintenance work knows about the respective national regulations and that this person observes these regulations throughout all steps of maintenance work.





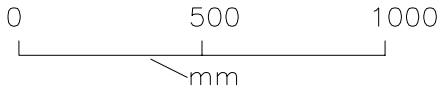
1) Wall junction box

2)Lateral clearance unless there is an adjacent cabinet

3) Filler panel

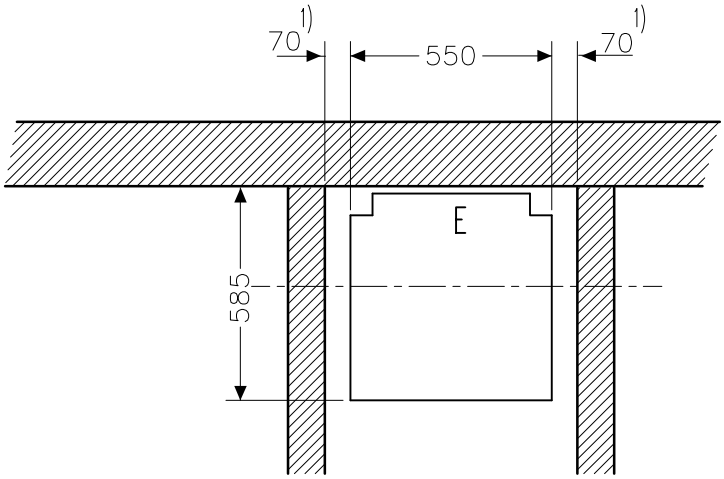
4) Wall–cabinet spacing angle

weight : 210 kg



Generator Cabinet
Mechanical dimensions

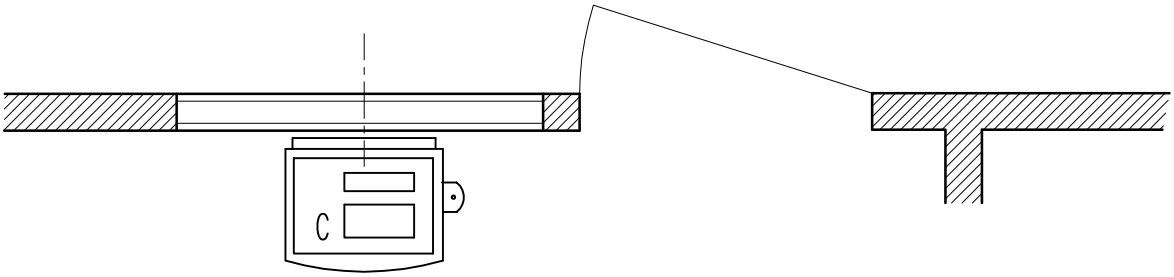
A4 01–11–22 Schr/Ost.
4512982009 21_z1_1_010

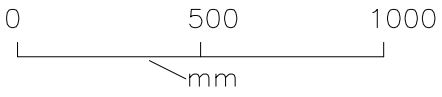


1) With no other cabinets beside them

E= Control cabinet
(E not for OPTIMUS CD)

C= Operating desk



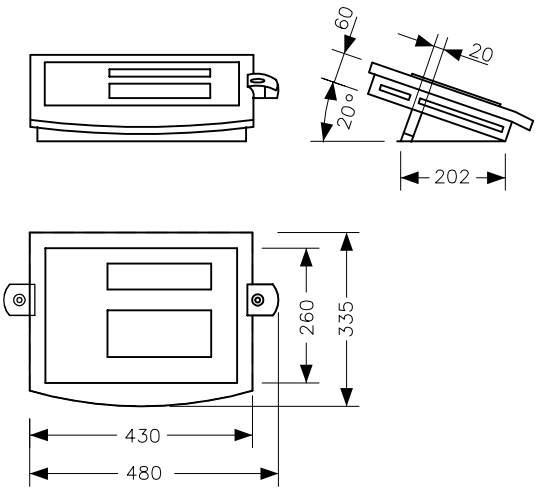


Product Planning Data

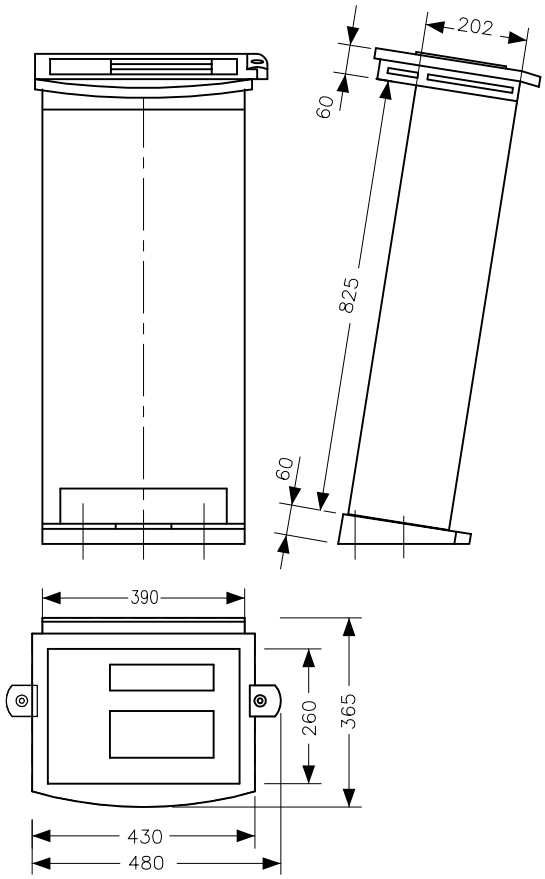
A4 01-11-22 Schr./Ost.
451298200921_z1_2_010

Room layout

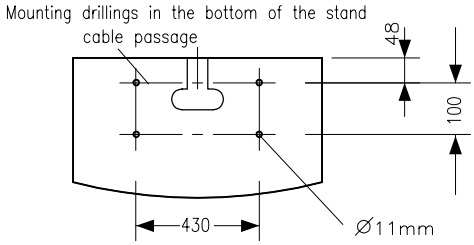
① Low profile control desk



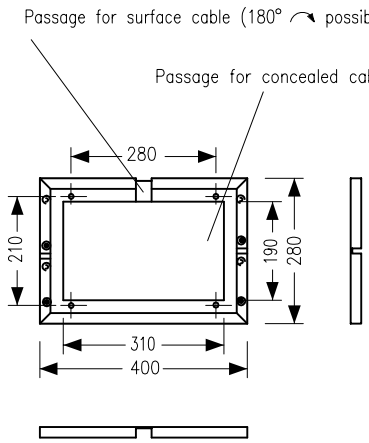
② Stand for low profile control desks

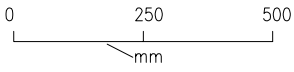


Note:
In this drawing the control desk is shown.
The dimensions are also valied for cockpit CB.



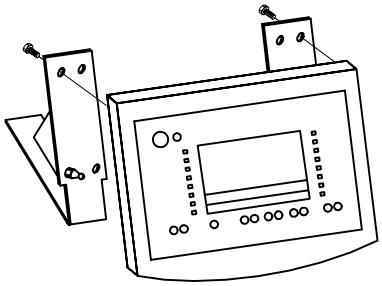
③ Wall-mounting support





④ User interface support

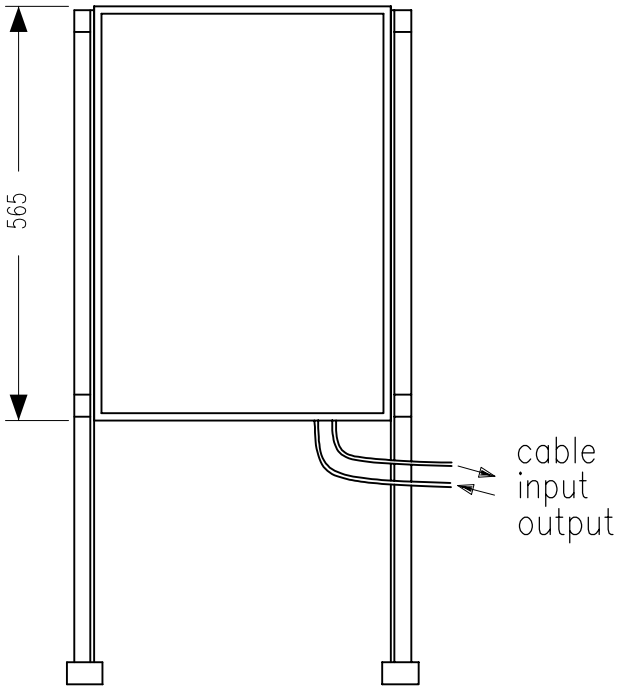
(not possible for digital DIAGNOST)

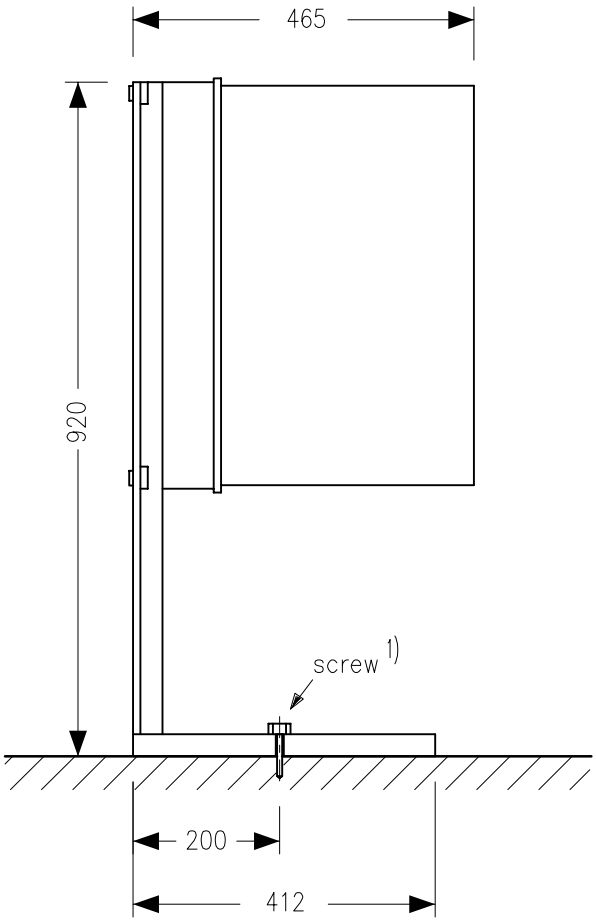


Product Planning Data

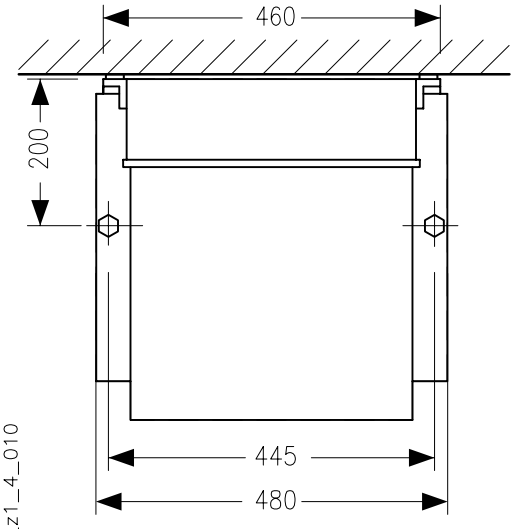
A3 01-11-22 Ost.
4512982009 91_z1_3_010

Operating panel
Mechanical dimensions

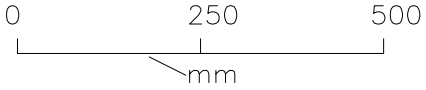




1) Screw connection (screws 7 x 60, dowels 8) only when requested. It is actually not needed



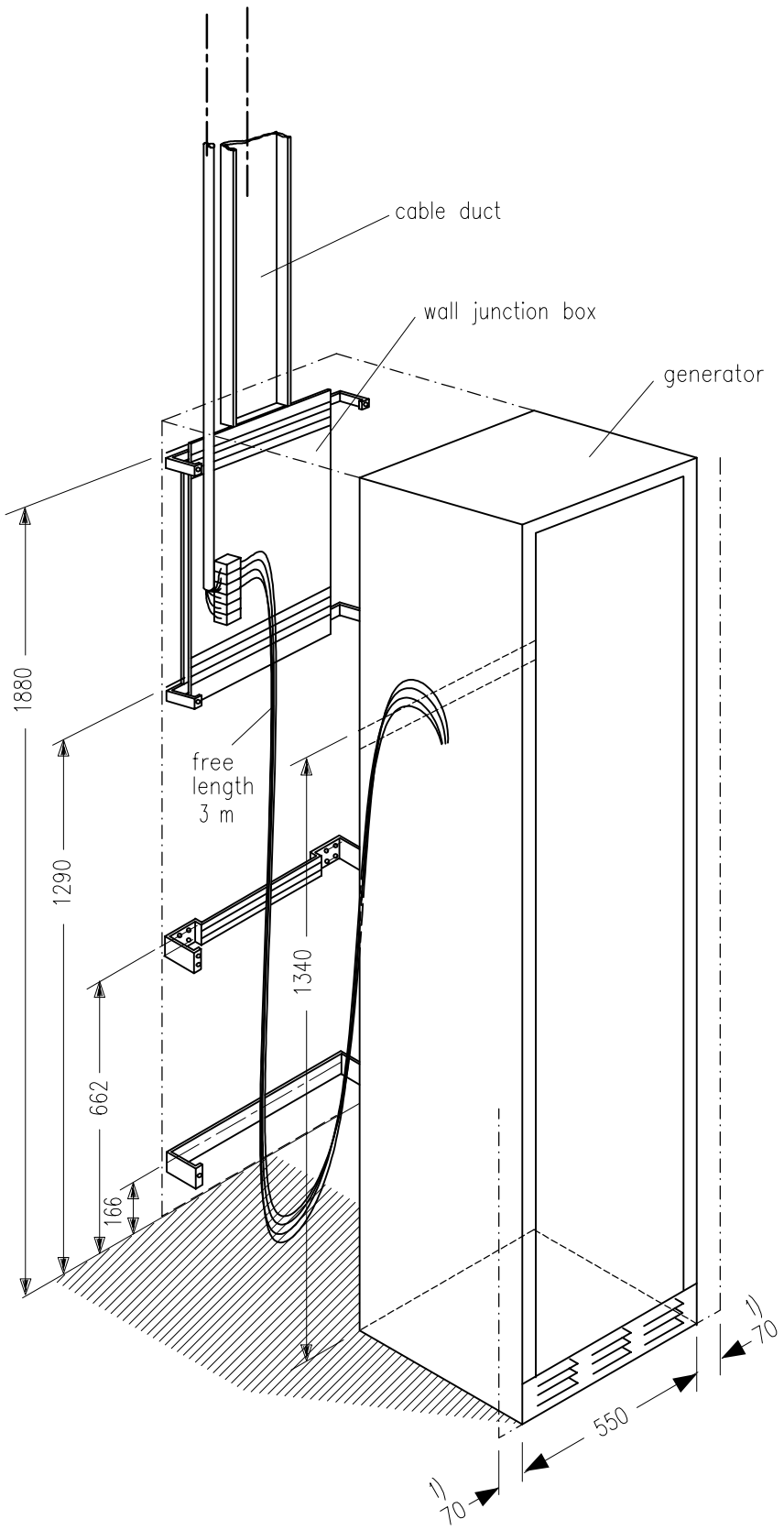
Weight 100 kg



Product Planning Data

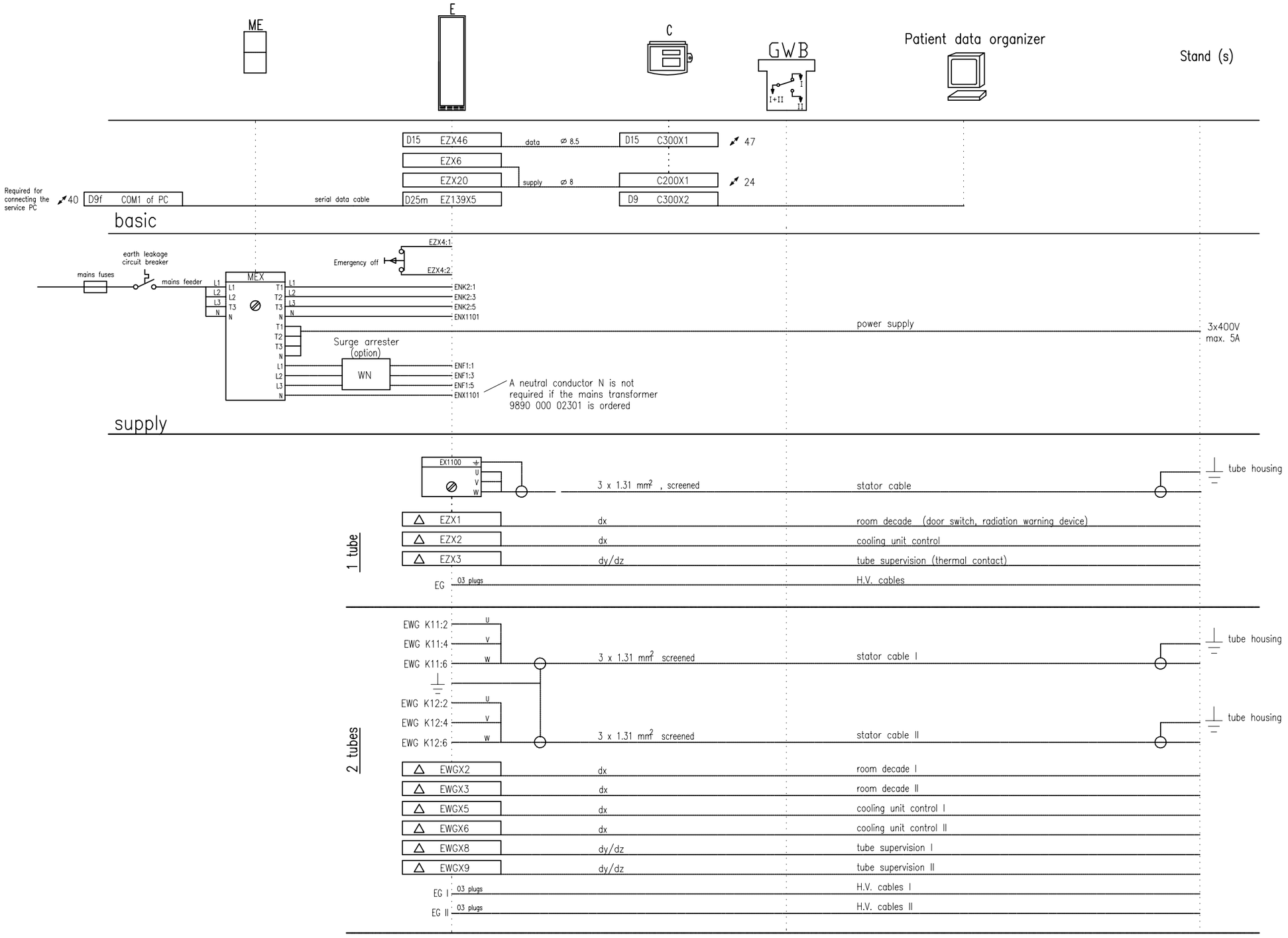
A4 01-11-23 Ost.
4512982009 91_z1_4_010

Power distribution unit (PDU) 9890 000 0260x Dimensions and weight

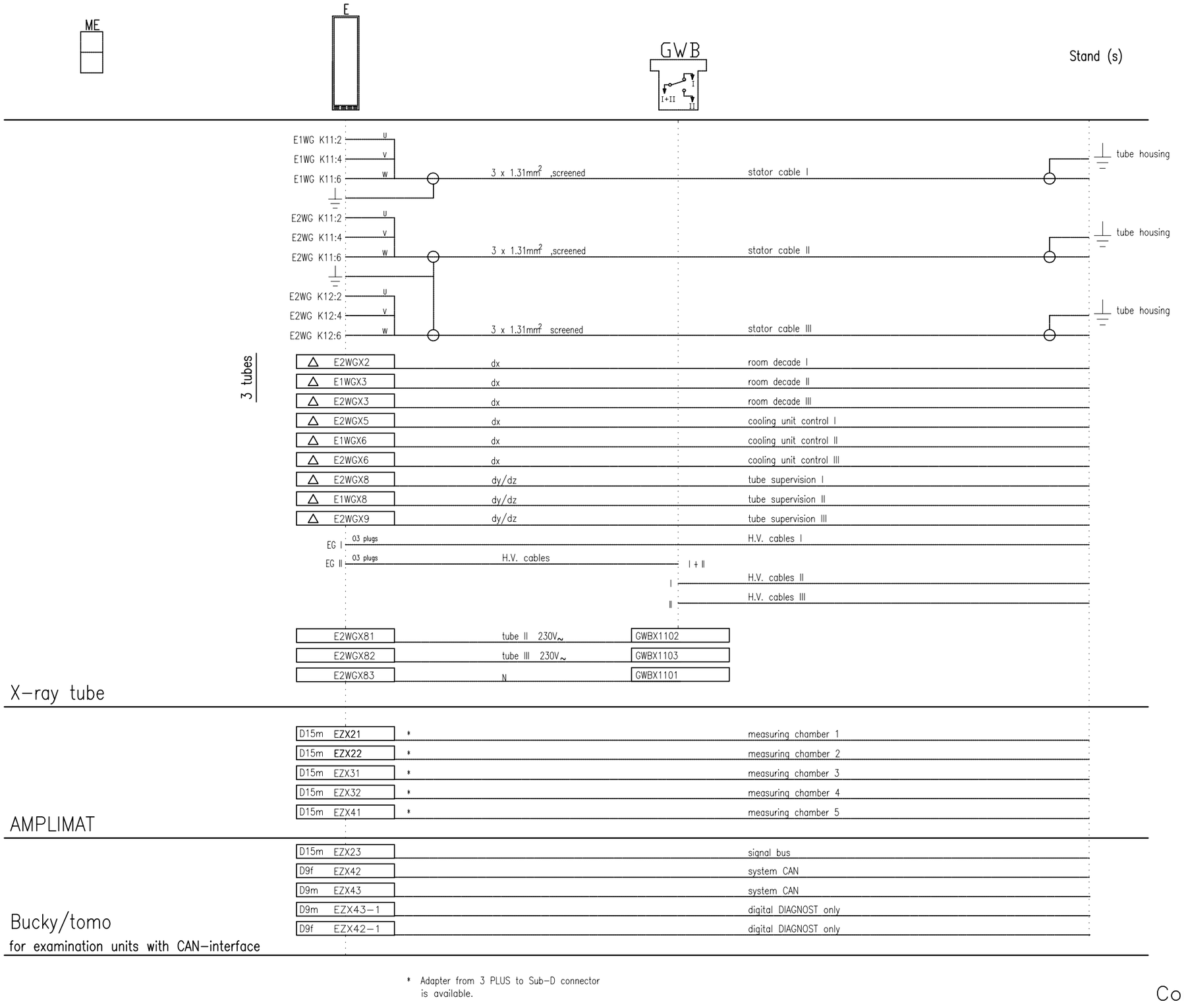


1) Space with no other cabinets beside them.

Connection of generator



OPTIMUS RAD
Connection diagram

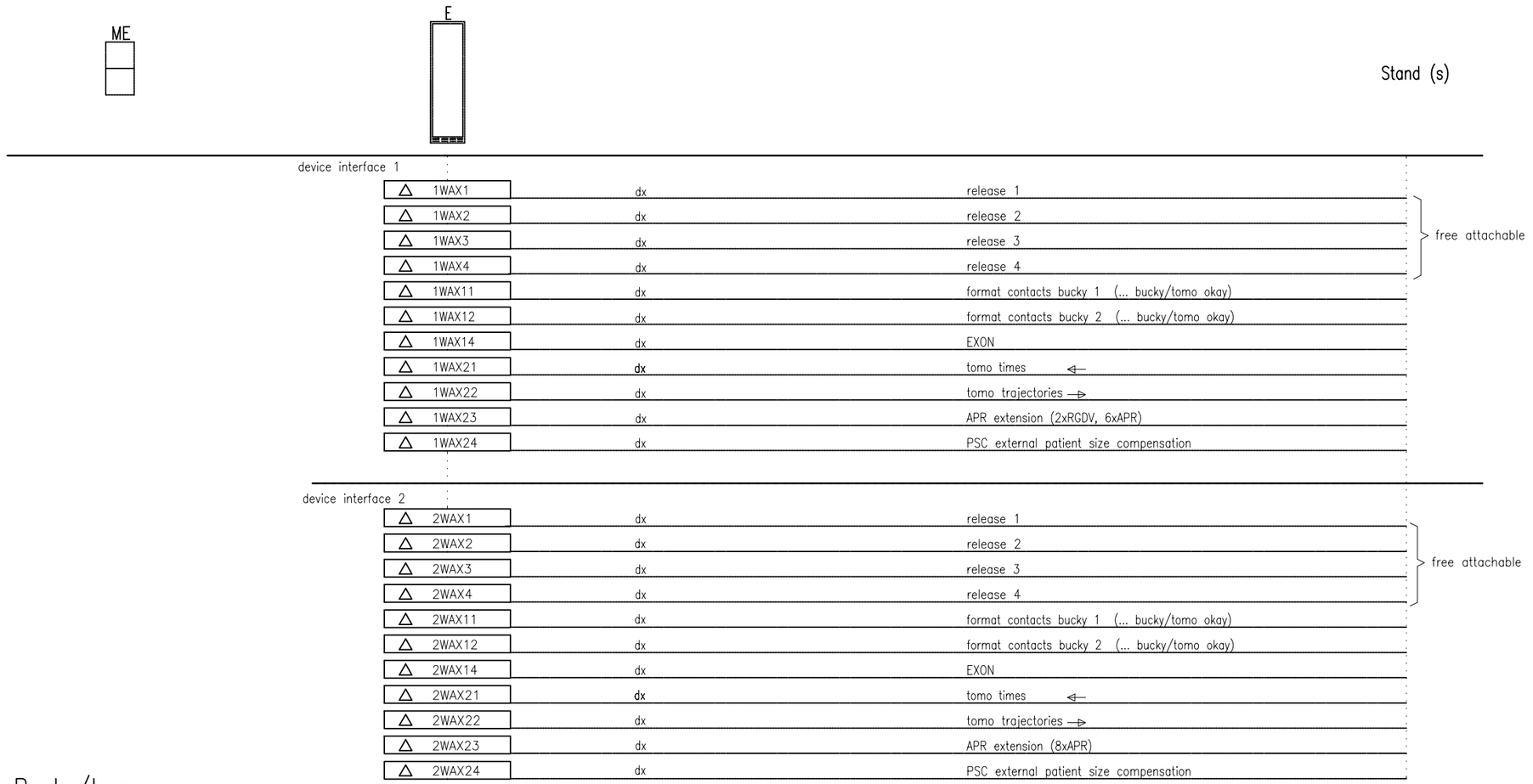


* Adapter from 3 PLUS to Sub-D connector is available.

Product Planning Data

A3 01-11-21 Schr./Ost.
4512982009 22_z7_2_010

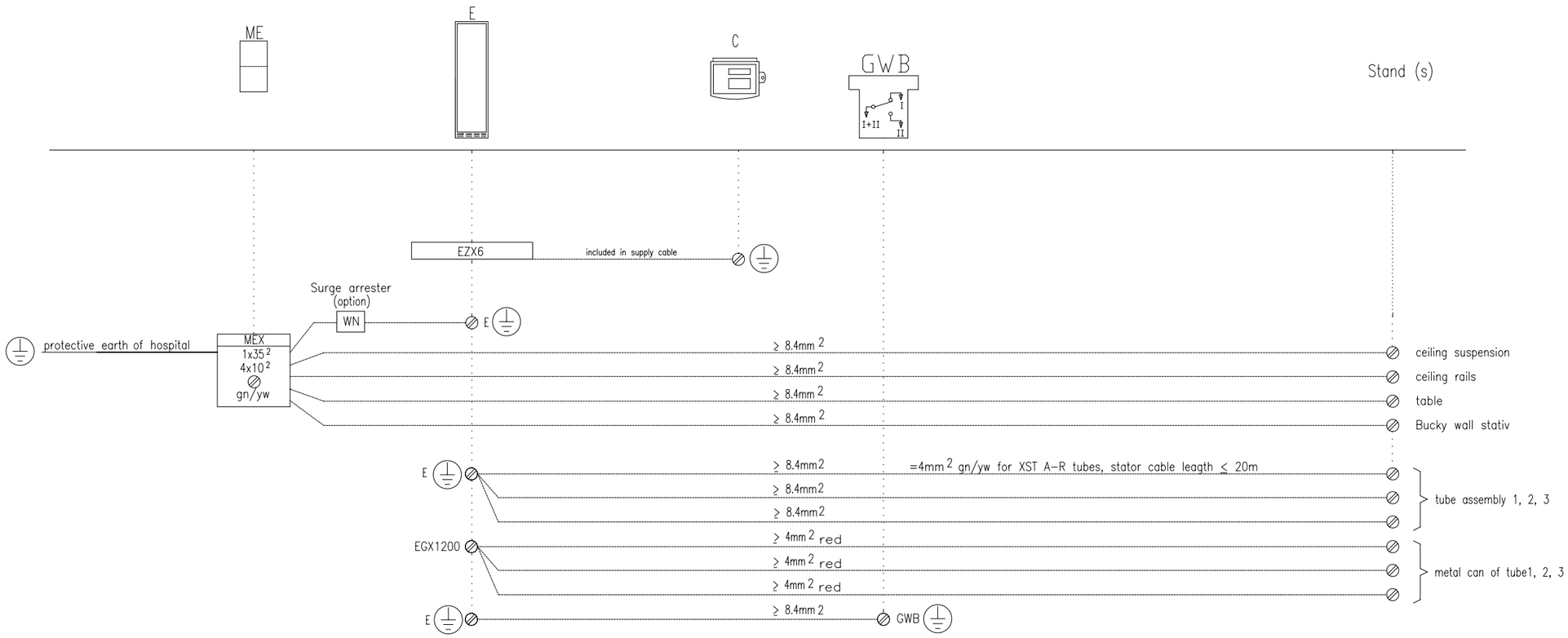
OPTIMUS RAD
Connection diagram



Bucky/tomo
for examination units without CAN–interface

A3 01–11–21 Schr./Ost.
4512982009 21_z7_3_010

OPTIMUS RAD
Connection diagram



A3 04-10-13 Schr./Tod.
4512982009 22_z7_4_010

Optimus RAD
Earthing diagram

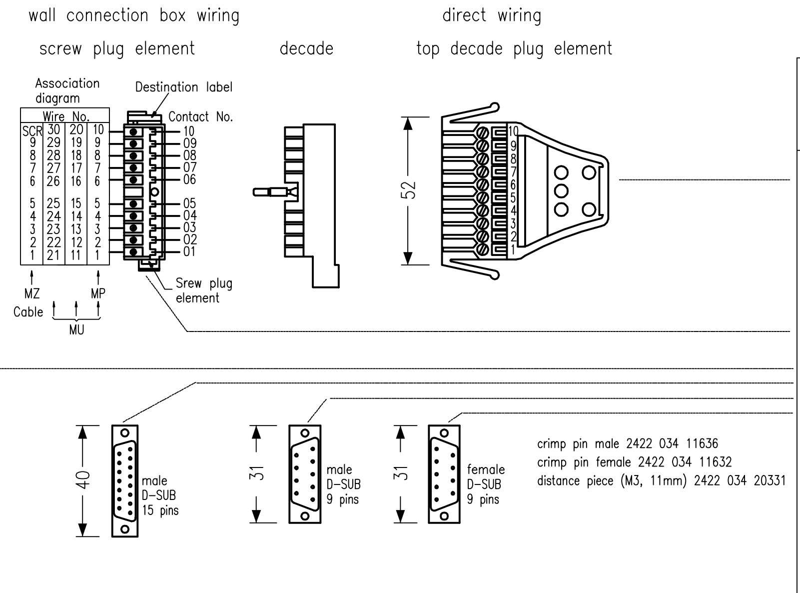
System Planning Data

A3 01-11-22 Schr./Ost.

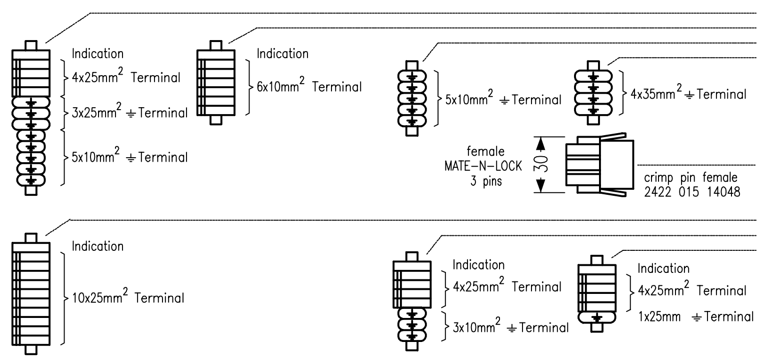
4512982000101_z7_10_010

Legend for earthing and cabling diagram

– Connection plugs



– Connector rails



Orderinglist

Codenumber	quantity
2422 025 04936	10 pieces
4512 126 25243	10 pieces
2422 025 05039	1 piece
2422 025 05038	1 piece
2422 025 05456	1 piece
2422 034 18334	1 piece
4522 980 38051	1 piece
4522 980 18141	1 piece
4512 152 55244	1 piece
4522 980 38031	1 piece
2422 025 02991	1 piece
4522 980 18041	1 piece
4512 152 56761	1 piece
4522 980 18081	1 piece

– Cables

Description	Data	Codenumber	quantity
M (4 x 0.75 mm ^{2})	'8.0	0712 164 01002	xx metre
N (7 x 1.5 mm ^{2})	'13.5	0712 163 03001	xx metre
Q (18 x 1 mm ^{2})	'19.0	0712 163 00001	xx metre
R (25 x 1 mm ^{2})	'21.2	0712 164 10003	xx metre
MU (34 x 1 mm ^{2})	'21.1	4512 152 31061	xx metre
MP (12 x 1.5 mm ^{2})	'14.1	4522 100 85001	xx metre
MT ((4 + 1) x 10 mm ^{2})	'20.5	4512 152 31201	xx metre
MT ((4 + 1) x 16 mm ^{2})	'24.5	4512 152 31161	xx metre
MT ((4 + 1) x 25 mm ^{2})	'31.0	4512 152 31181	xx metre
MM (5 x 2.5 mm ^{2})	'14.3	0722 207 04022	xx metre
MY ((6 + 1) x 0.5 mm ^{2} screened)	'9.3	0722 212 02003	xx metre
MZ (9 x 0.82 mm ^{2} screened)	'15.6	0722 215 16002	xx metre
MW (2 x 0.82 mm ^{2})	'6.7	0722 300 01004	xx metre
da (3+1 x 1.38 mm ^{2})	'8.0	0722 207 03044	xx metre
db (3 x 1.3 mm ^{2} screened + yield) (AWG 16)	'9.2	0722 215 02054	xx metre
dc (2 x 0.8 mm ^{2})	'6.2	0722 300 01011	xx metre
dd (5 x 2 x 0.22 mm ^{2} screened)	'7.4 (twisted pair)	0722 215 62001	xx metre
de (12 x 2 x 0.22 mm ^{2} screened)	'9.6 (twisted pair)	0722 215 51007	xx metre
df (10 x 0.5 mm ^{2})	'7.3	4512 100 66451	xx metre
dg (10 x 0.5 mm ^{2} screened)	'7.8	0722 997 07248	xx metre
dh (8 x 2 x 0.22 mm ^{2} screened + yield)	'8.4 (twisted pair)	0722 215 33008	xx metre
dx (10 x 0.5 mm ^{2} mushroom)	'9.0	0722 276 05003	xx metre
dy (2 x 0.5 mm ^{2} mushroom , screened)	'5.3	4512 100 66151	xx metre
dz (10 x 0.5 mm ^{2} mushroom , screened)	'10	0722 215 19009	xx metre
(5 + 2) x 0.85 mm ^{2} stator cable	'11.5	0722 464 02003	xx metre
4 x 5.2 mm ^{2} stator SRC	'16.6		xx metre
1 x 4 mm ^{2} grey (AWG 12)	'5.4	0722 186 00536	xx metre
2 x 0.75 mm ^{2} screened	'6.5	0712 187 00002	xx metre
3 x 0.2 mm ^{2} screened	'6.0	0722 223 00002	xx metre
1 x 25 mm ^{2} PE	'9.0	4512 152 31141	xx metre
1 x 16 mm ^{2} PE		4512 152 31121	xx metre
1 x 8.4 mm ^{2} FE/PE (AWG 8)	'7.6	0722 186 00503	xx metre
1 x 6 mm ^{2} PE		4512 152 31241	xx metre
1 x 4 mm ^{2} PE		0722 186 00095	xx metre
1 x 16.7 mm ^{2} PE	'9.3	4512 100 66131	xx metre
1 x 8.25 mm ^{2} PE	'6.82	0722 186 00601	xx metre
8 mm – measuring chamber cable 8 m		XC 5070 /08	
12 m		XC 5070 /12	
16 m		XC 5070 /16	
20 m		XC 5070 /20	
24 m		XC 5070 /24	
28 m		XC 5070 /28	
H.V. (03 – 03, 150 kV)	'16.5	9806 402 6xx02	(xx = length in m)

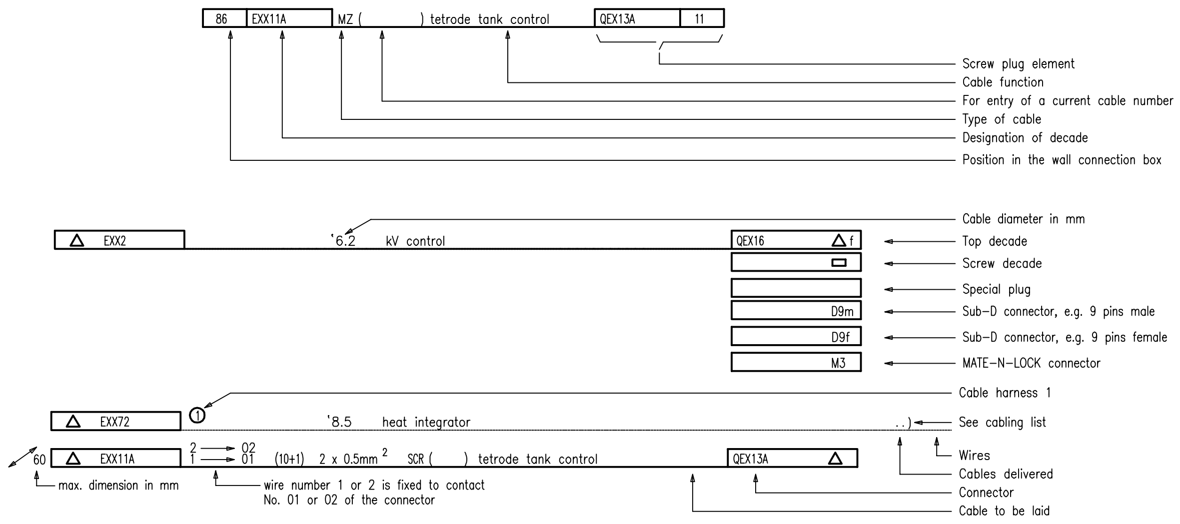
– Heading symbols

A	electronics cabinet angio
BL	electronics cabinet DSI
C	operators console
E	electronics cabinet X–ray generator
G	high tension tank frontal
GWB	H.V. changeover switch
HCU	hard copy unit
K	electronics cabinet TOMO
LHCU	laser hard copy unit
MC	wcb operators console
ME	wcb electronics cabinet X–ray generator
MK	wcb electronics cabinet TOMO
MON	monitor
MR	wcb electronics cabinet
MT	connection box wall bracket
MU	overhead connection box ceiling crane
R	electronics cabinet
S	bucky table
U	ceiling crane
UB	ceiling crane longitudinal carriage
UT	wall bracket
UZ	ceiling crane
vD	vertical DIAGNOST 1/2/4
bD	bucky DIAGNOST VE/VT
VP	wcb bucky DIAGNOST
wcb	wall connection box

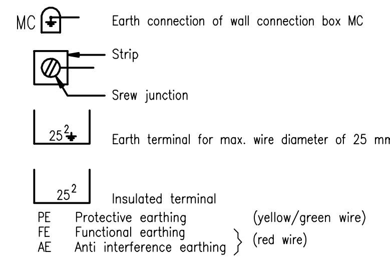
– X–ray beam symbols

BB	image intensifier
BD	image distributor
BK	I I camera
LA	collimator
SA	film plane
WK	TV camera
XA	X–ray tube

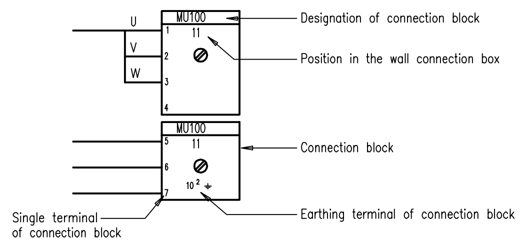
– Cable symbols



– Earthing



– Connection blocks



INSTALLATION

Contents

TEXT

DRAWINGS

1. Installing the wall junction box

- Mount the wall junction box at the place where the generator is intended to be installed (see drawing “Connection of generator” in section 1 and manual UNIT 4512 103 75380 for wall junction boxes).
- If necessary, install the optional surge arrester WN inside the wall junction box (see surge arrester documentation.)
- If applicable, mount the wall junction plates of the generator to the wall junction box.
- Have the mains cable present at the clinic connected to mains terminal MEX by a person who is authorized for this job.
- Check the phase sequence of L1, L2 and L3.

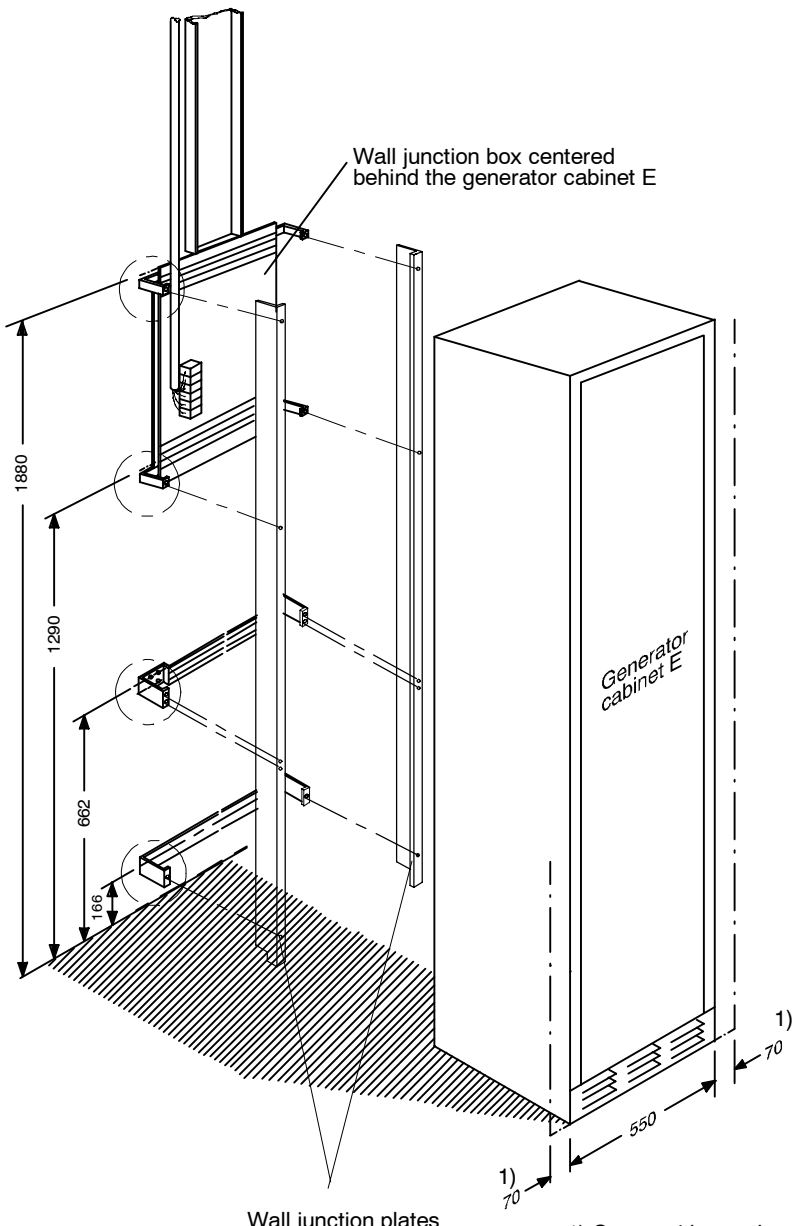
WARNING

Switch OFF the mains supply present at the clinic and make sure that it cannot be switched ON again accidentally.

CAUTION

The wall junction plates must in any case be installed at the wall junction box and not at the generator. They do not belong to the wall junction box but belong to the set of wall junction plates (4512 102 48582).

1.1. Fixing of the wall junction plates to the wall junction box

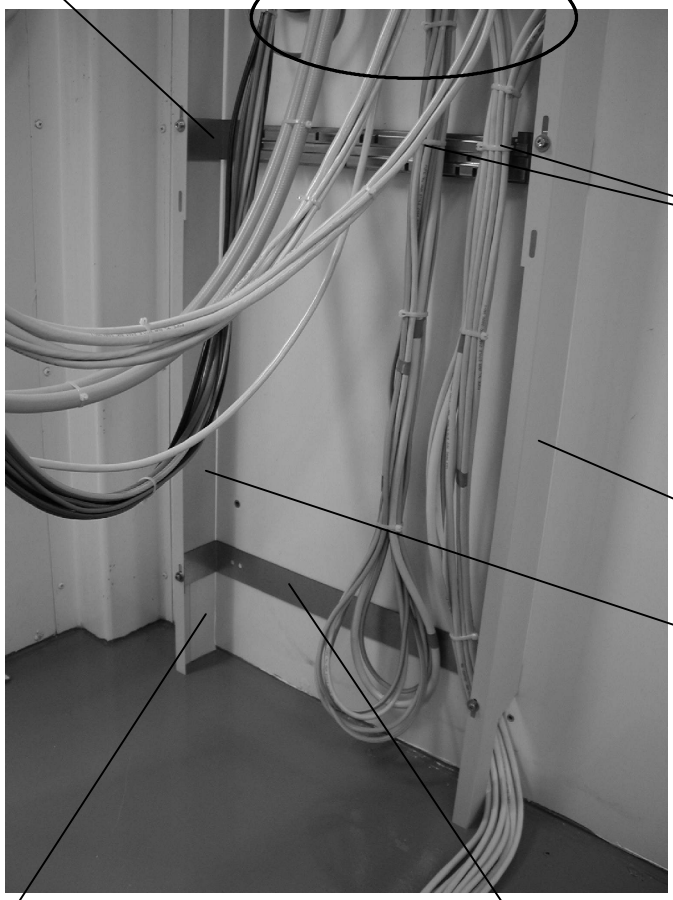


1) Space with no other cabinets beside thern.

1.2. Use of the cable support and the fixing rail of the wall junction box

CAUTION

The wall junction plates must in any case be installed at the wall junction box and not at the generator. They do not belong to the wall junction box but belong to the set of wall junction plates (4512 102 48582).



2. Preparatory work

2.1. Mounting of the H.V. generator in the cabinet

CAUTION

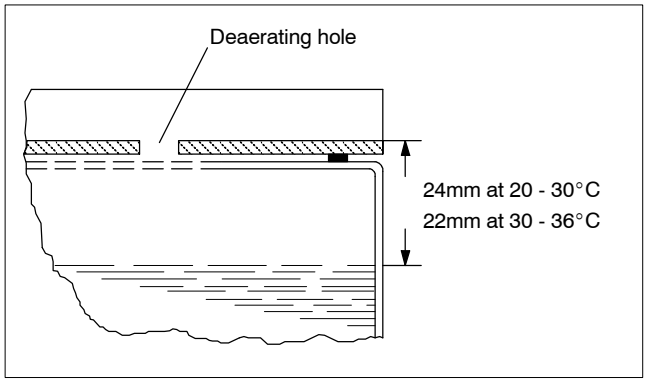
Do not tilt the H.V. generator while transporting it.

In case of a tilting angle larger than 45 °, the setting-to-work of the generator can be started not before a waiting time of about eight hours has passed.
Otherwise the H.V. generator may be destroyed by electrical sparkover.

- Unpack generator cabinet E.
- In case the packing material of H.V. transformer EG is strongly soiled with oil, check whether there is any physical damage. Check the oil level. If the oil level is too low, refill some oil.

  Tolerance: ±2mm

  Oil: Shell Diala G in 2.5l container
  4512 148 43172



- Remove the deaerating screw completely from the cover of the H.V. generator. Only this way the precision of the high voltage measuring divider corresponds to the specification.
  In case of return shipment of the H.V. generator this screw must be fixed again. Therefore, keep the screw laying on top of the cover.

CAUTION

Make sure that no foreign matter falls into the oil. Otherwise the transformer must be exchanged.

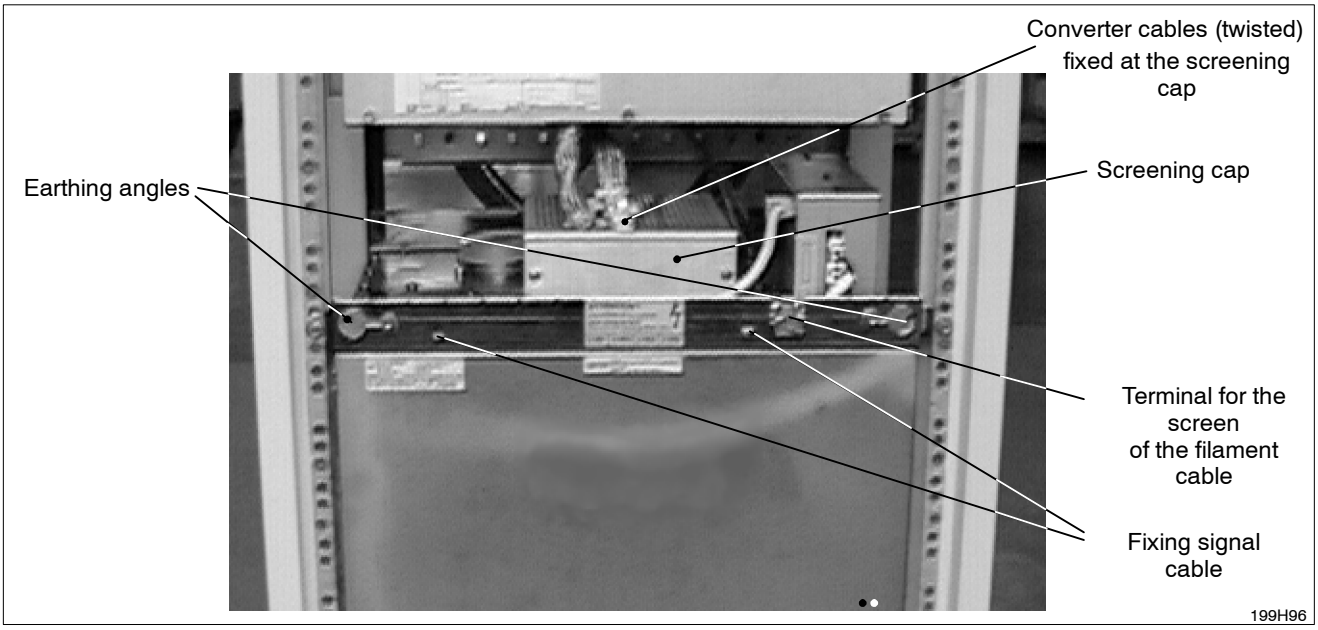
- Take the two transport bars from the rear side of the cabinet.
- Lift the H.V. generator into the generator cabinet with the transport bars.
  The four connecting bolts GX1001 to 1004 must point at the front of the generator cabinet.

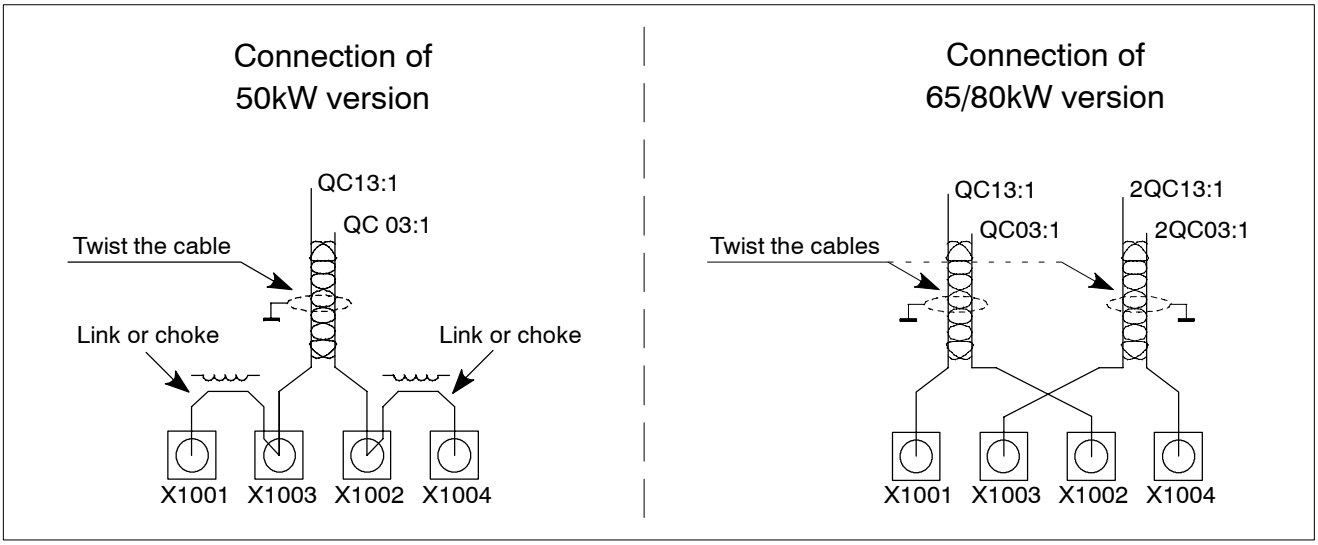
2.2. Electrical connection of the H.V. generator

- Connect the H.V. generator electrically:

Generator version	Connection from	<--->	to	Remark
50/65/80kW	E1 (GND)	<--->	GX1100 (GND)	Ground
	ZX12	<--->	G100X15	Route the cables along the front and left-hand edge of the H.V. generator. Fix them.
	ZX35	<--->	G100X14	
50kW	QC13:1	<--->	GX1003	Twist the cables! **NOTE** *The sequence of the connecting bolts is not in numerical order.* *See drawing page 2-4.* Push the screening cap forward over the connecting bolts and tighten it. Attach the converter cables including the screening to the screening cap with cable ties.
	QC03:1	<--->	GX1002	
	GX1001	<--->	GX1003	The 50kW version might have direct links on each side or a link on one side and a choke of 1 ... 6 loops on the other side for the reason of kV symmetry. **NOTE** *Do not change these links or chokes.*
	GX1004	<--->	GX1002	
65/80kW	QC13:1	<--->	GX1001	Twist the cables! **NOTE** *The sequence of the connecting bolts is not in numerical order.* *See drawing page 2-4.* Push the screening cap forward over the connecting bolts and tighten it. Attach the converter cables including the screening to the screening cap with cable ties.
	QC03:1	<--->	GX1002	
	2QC13:1	<--->	GX1003	
	2QC03:1	<--->	GX1004	
50/65/80kW 2nd tube	WGX61	<--->	GK1:1	
	WGX67	<--->	GK1:2	
	WGX62	<--->	GK2:1	
	WGX68	<--->	GK2:2	

- Turn the two earthing angles of the H.V. generator outward and screw them on to the members of the cabinet.





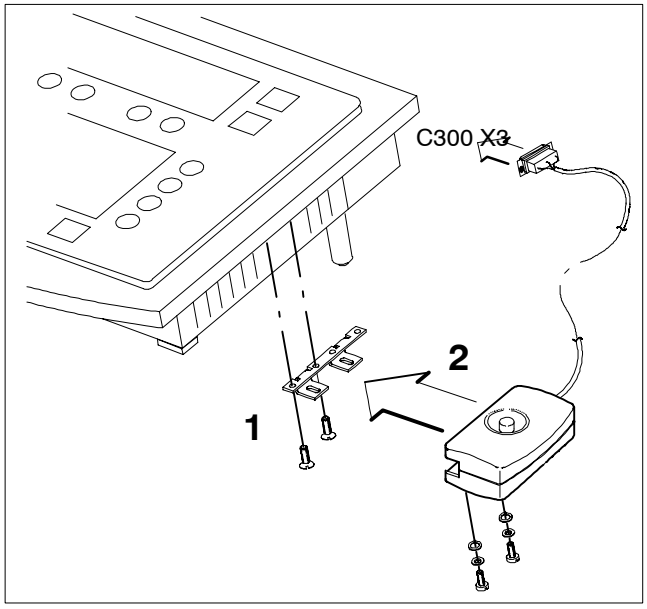
3. Installing the operating panel

3.1. Desk version

See ”Operating panel” in section 1.

Accessories:

- 2 feet for the unit
- 2 elastic buffers, black
- 5 insert strips for the RGDV buttons
- sheet with RGDV symbols
- release switch

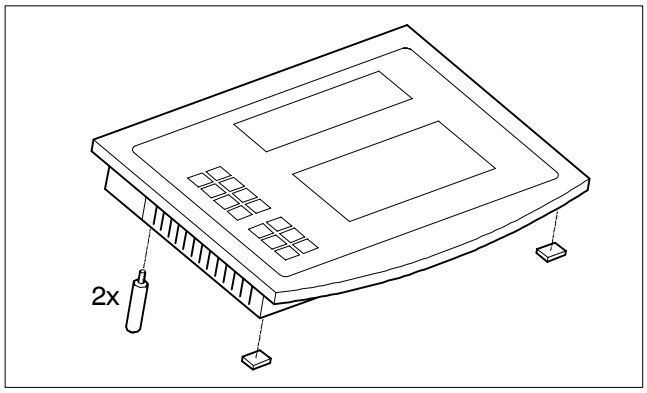


- Unpack the desk carefully.
- Mount the release switch on the left-hand or right-hand side of the desk:

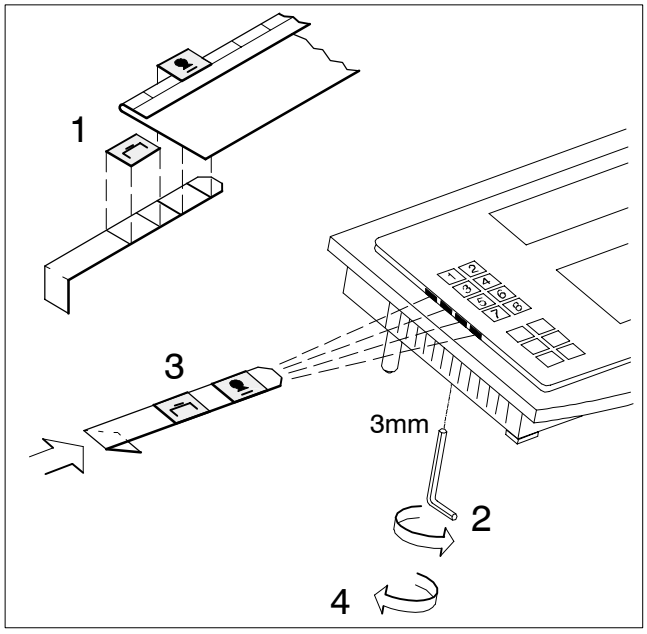
  Mount the holding bracket to the edge of the desk (**1**) with the two M4x10 countersunk screws.

  For visual reasons the release button should be in line with the +/– buttons on the control desk. Use the appropriate holes in the bracket.

  Slide the release switch onto the bracket.
  Fasten it parallel to the desk edge with the two M4x10 cheese-head screws, securing rings and washers (**2**).



- Screw in the two feet for the unit at the bottom of the desk.
- Glue the two black elastic buffers to the front edges of the bottom of the desk such that they are acting as the front feet.



- Define the assignment of the RGDV buttons 1 ... 8. Glue the respective symbols to the insert strips which are provided with subsidiary lines (**1**).
- Raise the keyboard about 3mm above the desk. Use an Allen key (**2**).
- Push the insert strips under the keyboard foil. Press the angulated, protruding end of each insert strip into the housing of the desk (**3**).
- Lower the keyboard to its initial position (**4**).
- Remove the cable cover at the rear side of the desk.
- Connect the cables:

Supply cable	EZX20	<--->	C200X1
	EZX6	<--->	earth
Data cable	EZX46	<--->	C300X1
Release switch		<--->	C300X3
Patient Data Organizer		<--->	C300X2 (option)

- Check the function programming plug for X44 as shown in Z2-5.2 and put it into socket EZX44.
- Provide drag relief for the supply and data cables with the clamp present on the desk.
- Screw on the cable cover.
  Make sure that the cable drag relief device of the release switch (1 cable tie) remains under the cover.

3.2. Stand version

See ”Operating panel” in section 1.

Additional accessories:

- 4 dowels S10
- 4 hexagon cap screws 8 x 60mm
- 4 washers

- Position the desk stand according to the respective room layout.
- Mark the fixing holes on the floor.
- Set the four dowels supplied into the floor (drill bit: 10mm).
- Screw on the desk stand with four screws and washers.
- Route the supply and data cables from the bottom to the top within the desk stand.
  Provide the cables with drag relief.
  Cable ends including plugs should protrude beyond the edge of the desk by about 500mm.
- Mount the release switch as described in chapter 3.1.
- Assign the RGDV buttons 1 ... 8 to the desired symbols as described in chapter 3.1.
- Connect the cables to the desk as described in chapter 3.1.
- Screw on the cable cover.
  Ensure the cable drag relief device of the release switch (1 cable tie) remains under the cover.
- Mount the operating panel on the stand.

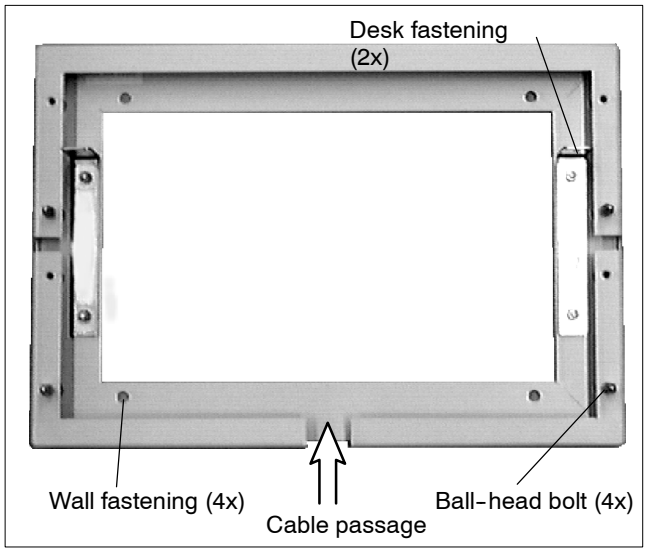
3.3. Wall mounted version

See ”Operating panel” in section 1.

Additional accessories:

- 4 ball-head bolts
- 4 dowels S8
- 4 hexagon cap screws 5 x 30mm
- 4 washers
- 2 screws 4 x 10mm
- 2 angle plates
- 4 nuts

- Screw on the angle plates into the wall frame.
  The short ends of the angles must point upwards.
- Screw the four ball-head bolts into the wall support.
- Mark the four fixing holes of the wall frame at the respective place on the wall.
- Set the dowels supplied into the wall
  (drill bit: 8mm).
- Screw on the wall frame with the four hexagon cap screws and washers.
- Provide drag relief for the supply and data cables in the wall frame.
  Cable ends including plugs should protrude beyond the edge of the desk by about 500mm.



- Mount the release switch as described in chapter 3.1.
- Assign the symbols to the desired RGDV buttons 1 ... 8 as described in chapter 3.1.
- Connect the cables to the desk as described in chapter 3.1.
- Mount the operating panel on the wall frame and fix it with the left two screws.
- Screw on the cable cover.
  Ensure the cable drag relief device of the release switch (1 cable tie) remains under the cover.

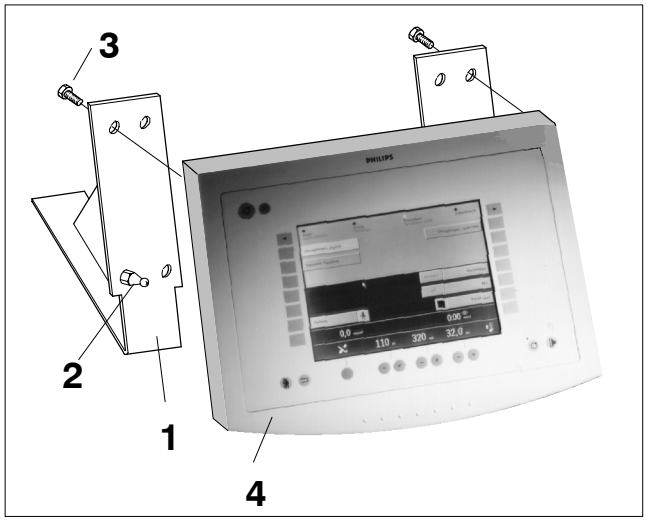
The wall frame is designed symmetrically.
In case connection cables come from above, the frame can be mounted upside down.
Only the ball-head bolts and the angle plates still keep their position.

3.4. Supporting angle version

- Screw the ball-head bolts (**2**) into the supporting angles (**1**):

  Left angle ---> on the left at the bottom
  Right angle ---> on the right at the bottom

- Press the ball-head bolts (**2**) into the respective snap bushing of the desk (**4**).
- Fix the supporting angles (**2**) to the desk (**4**) with the two screws M4 (**3**).



3.5. Additional release switch

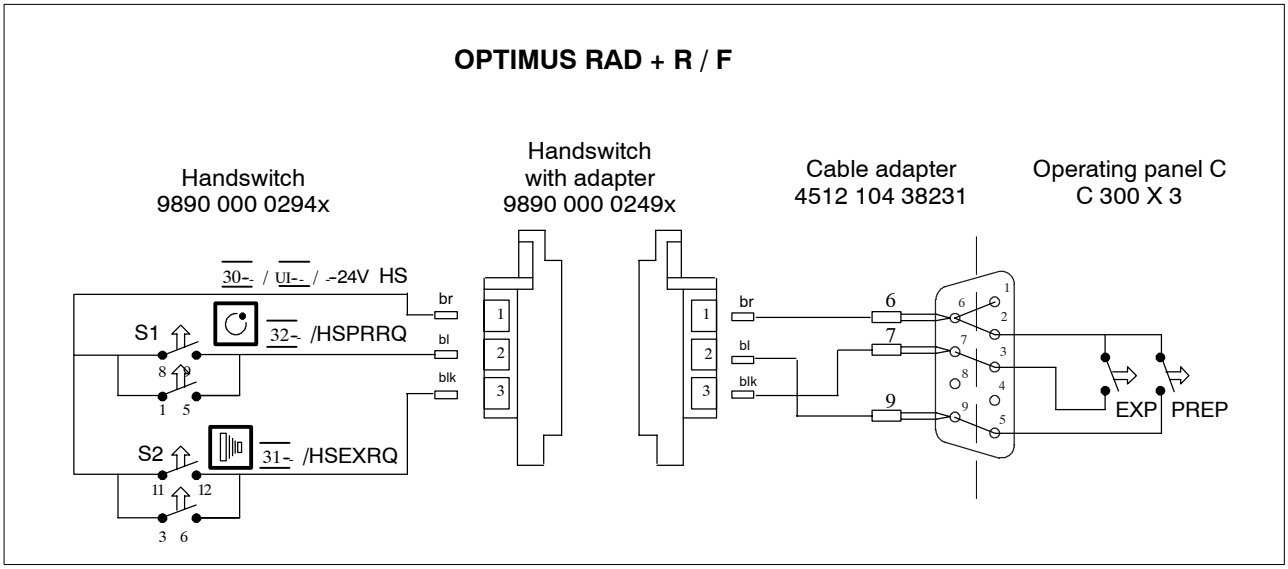
An optional second release switch is supplied with a longer spiral cable: 9890 000 0249x

The scope of delivery includes various wall hooks and an adapter cable. Electrical connection shall be made in parallel with the existing release switch which is mounted on the desk itself.

- Plug the pins of the adapter cable into the D-Sub connector of the existing release switch.
  Sequence:

Adapter: connector pin	<--->	D-Sub: connector pin
1	<--->	6
2	<--->	9
3	<--->	7

Reference: Figure below and drawing Z1-11.1 “Operating panel C” in section Z1 “Schematic drawings”.



4. Electrical connection

4.1. Earthing

See ”Earthing diagram” in section 1.

4.2. Mains connection

4.2.1. Mains connection of the generator

WARNING

Switch OFF the mains supply present at the clinic and make sure that it cannot be switched ON again accidentally.

See ”Connection diagram” in section 1.

- Measure the internal mains resistance at the terminal MEX with a suitable measuring instrument.

  L1 - L2: R_i = ... mΩ
  L1 - L3: R_i = ... mΩ
  L2 - L3: R_i = ... mΩ

  Required max. mains resistance at generator input:

Mains voltage	Mains resistance		
	30kW	50kW	65/80kW
190V *	–	40mΩ	–
220V *	130mΩ	60mΩ	–
240V *	160mΩ	80mΩ	–
380V	500mΩ	300mΩ	200mΩ
400V	500mΩ	300mΩ	200mΩ
440V	500mΩ	350mΩ	240mΩ
460V	500mΩ	350mΩ	240mΩ
480V	500mΩ	400mΩ	300mΩ

* with external mains transformer (max 50kW)

Maximum permissible internal mains resistance: 500mΩ

CAUTION

Connect phase wires in correct phase sequence.

- Connect the mains cable of the generator to terminal MEX: L1 / L2 / L3 in the wall connection box. If the optional surge arrester WN is fitted, connect the cables at that point to terminal WNX1100.
- Connect the examination unit supply (max. 5A) to terminal MEX: T1 / T2 / T3.

4.3. Stator connection

4.3.1. Shielding

CAUTION

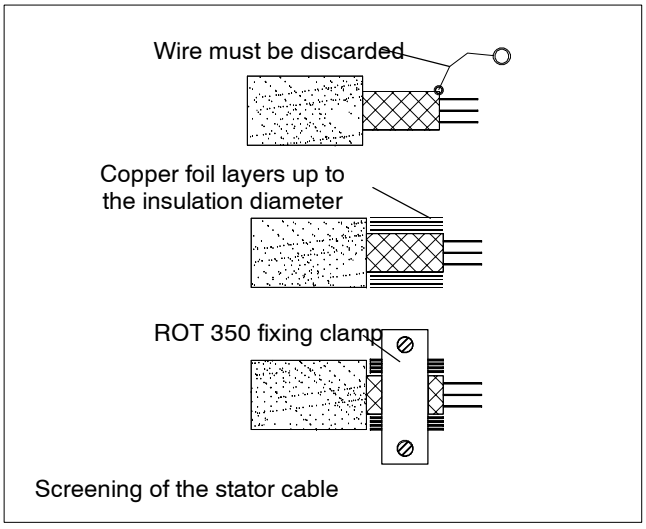
To suppress interferences of the high-speed rotor control, the stator connections must be provided with a 360 ° screen at the tube and generator end.

General remarks:

- Always use screened cables: 0722 215 02054.
- Shorten the stator cable to the required length. Do not accommodate excess lengths at the generator.
- Keep the stator cable separate from all the other signal cables to avoid interference.
- Earth the screen at both cable ends.

Screening procedure:

- Remove any enamel or dirt from the clamp providing drag relief in the tube housing to make sure the clamp is conductive.
- Remove the plastic covering around the clamp, about 1cm (0.5”).
- Wrap copper foil around the visible screen of the cable until the original diameter of the cable is obtained.
- Remove the present red wire going from the screen end to the earthing point of the tube housing.
- Fix the screen of the stator cable with the clamp. Ensure that the clamp is secured and the ground contact works!



Screening of the stator cable

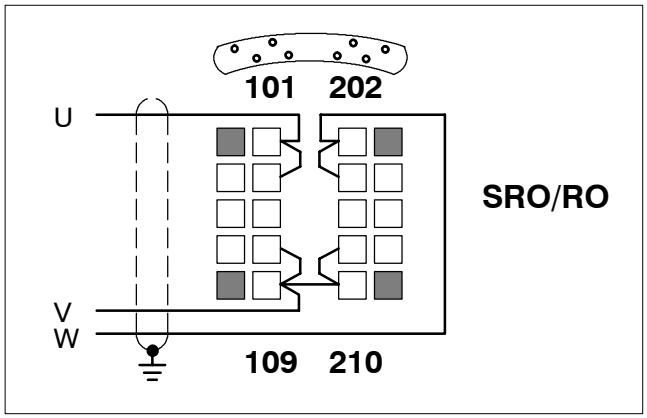
4.3.2. Connection

CAUTION

Do not mix up the phases, otherwise components of the rotor control may be destroyed.

At the tube end

- Place the jumpers across terminals 100 and 200 according to the figure.



- Connect the stator cable:

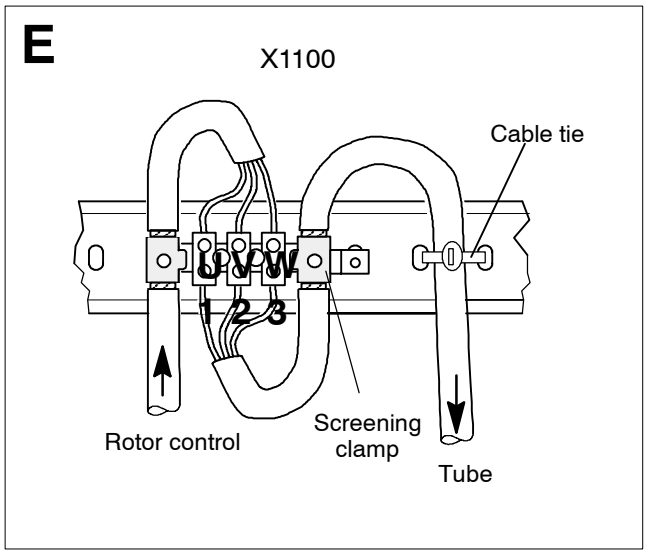
  wire 1 ---> phase U
  wire 2 ---> phase V
  wire 3 ---> phase W

- Earth the screening of the stator cable at the tube housing with the metallic clamp.

At the generator end: One-tube version

See ”Connection diagram” in section 1.

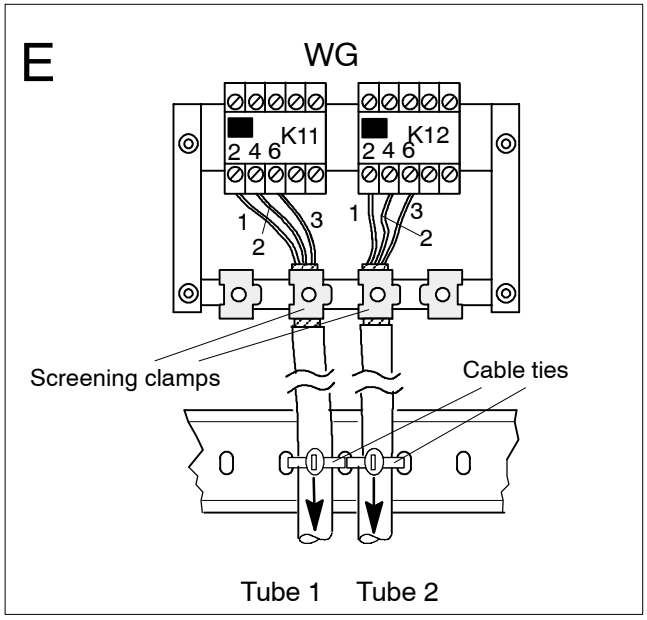
- Connect the stator cable to the terminal EX1100 (U-V-W).
- Check the stator connection by measuring the resistances:
  U – V = wire 1 – 2 ≈ 11Ω
  U – W = wire 1 – 3 ≈ 20Ω
  V – W = wire 2 – 3 ≈ 9Ω
- If an inductance meter is available, measure the following inductance values:
  U – V = wire 1 – 2 = 57mH ±10%
  V – W = wire 2 – 3 = 34mH ±10%
- Fix the screen below the screening clamp.
- Relieve the tension of the stator cable by a cable tie.



At the generator end: Two-tube version

See ”Connection diagram” in section 1.

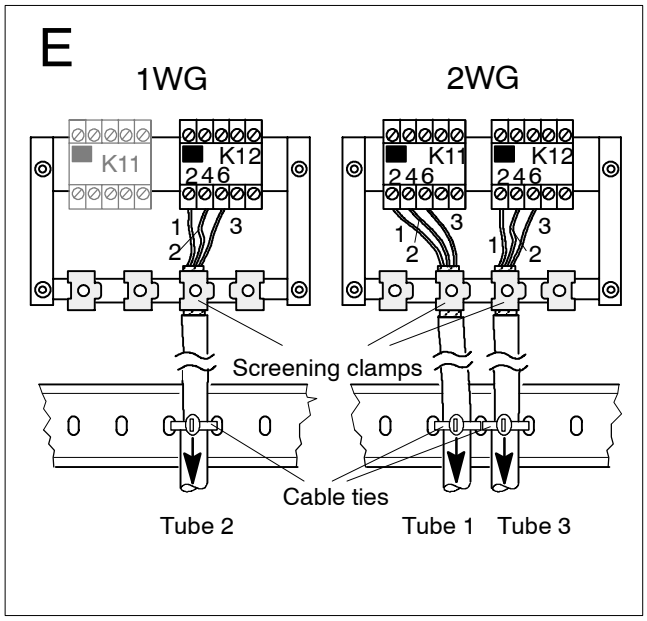
- Connect the stator cables to the terminals EWG:K11/K12.
- Check the stator connections of both tubes by measuring the resistances:
  U – V = wire 1 – 2 ≈ 11Ω
  U – W = wire 1 – 3 ≈ 20Ω
  V – W = wire 2 – 3 ≈ 9Ω
- If an inductance meter is available, measure the following inductance values:2
  U – V = wire 1 – 2 = 57mH ±10%
  V – W = wire 2 – 3 = 34mH ±10%
- Fix the screen below the screening clamp.
- Relieve the tension of the stator cables by cable ties.



At the generator end: Three-tube version

See ”Connection diagram” in section 1.

- Connect the stator cables to the terminals E1WG:K12 and E2WG:K11/K12.
- Check the stator connections of all 3 tubes by measuring the resistances:
  U – V = wire 1 – 2 ≈ 11Ω
  U – W = wire 1 – 3 ≈ 20Ω
  V – W = wire 2 – 3 ≈ 9Ω
- If an inductance meter is available, measure the following inductance values:
  U – V = wire 1 – 2 = 57mH ±10%
  V – W = wire 2 – 3 = 34mH ±10%
- Fix the screens below the screening clamps.
- Relieve the tension of the stator cables by cable ties.



4.4. Signal cables

See: – ”Connection diagram” in section 1.
– Z1–6 ”Basic interface” in section “Schematic drawings”

4.4.1. Room decade cable

- Connect the door switches at the generator:

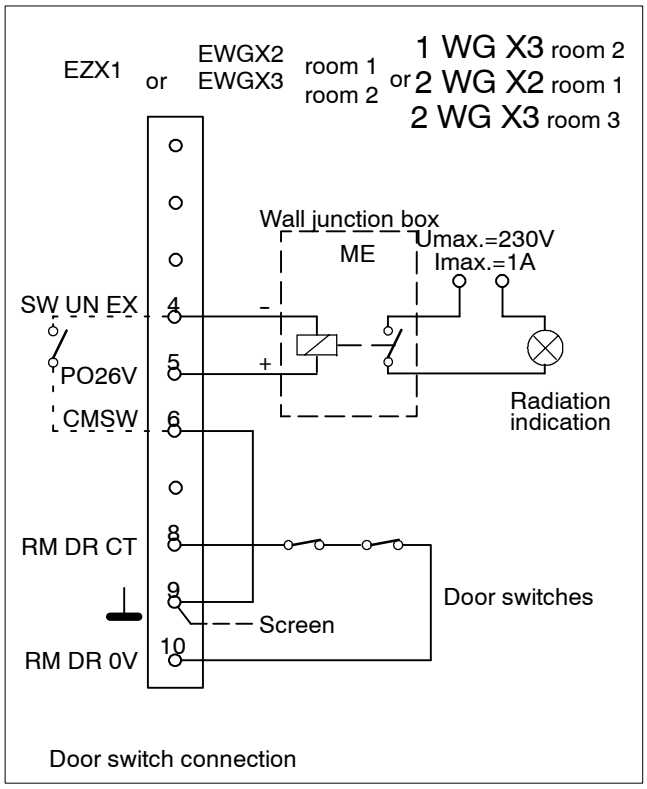
  EZX1: 8 <---> switch <---> 10

  In case no switch is present
  link: pin 8 <---> pin 10

  EZ150 K1:

  max. switching and loading current = 1A

  max. load = 60VA AC
  = 30W DC



Door switch connection

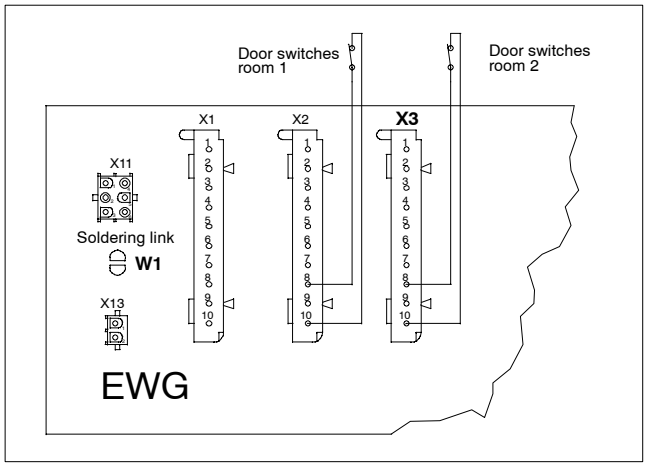
CAUTION

Make sure the polarity of the relay is correct.

- In case tube 2 or 3 is located in room 2 or 3 or while room decades

  - WG X3 or
  - 1WG X3 or
  - 2WG X3

  are intended to be used for room supervision, the soldering link WG W1 must be placed.
  Only when this link is placed it is guaranteed that relay WG K3 pulls up and room decade WG X3 is activated when switch-over of the tube takes place.



See Z1-14.xx "Tube extension".

- If needed connect an external relay for each examination room to control external radiation warning devices.

One relay inclusive cable is part of delivery. Additional ones can be ordered: 4512 100 4523.

A mounting place is reserved on the mains connection terminal MEX of the wall junction box.

CAUTION

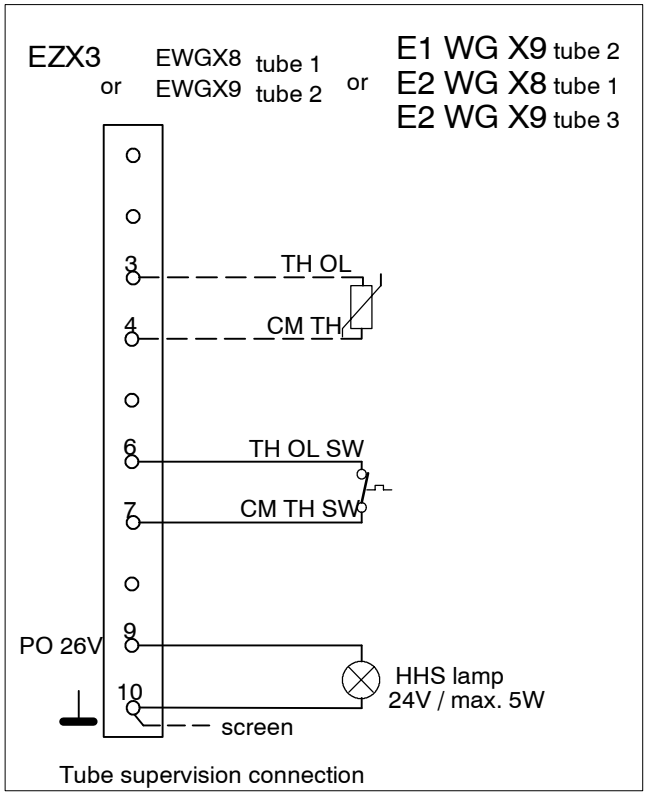
Make sure the polarity of the relay is correct.

4.4.2. Tube supervision

- Connect the thermal switch or the thermal sensor of the tube housing assembly.

For U.S.A. and U.K. only:

- Connect the HHS-lamp to indicate the selected tube housing assembly.



Tube supervision connection

4.4.3. CAN interface

Only for examination units which are provided with a CAN system interface.

- Connect the following plugs:

System	Connector		
	EZX23 signal bus	EZX42 or EZX42-1 system CAN	EZX43 or EZX43-1 system CAN
BuckyDiagnost TH / TH2	X		X
DigitalDiagnost	X	X	X
Thoravision	X	X	X

4.4.4. Adapter for four auxiliary units

Adapter for four auxiliary units RAD (Bucky, Tomo) WA / 1WA / 2WA used for examination units which provide their control signals individually via decade cables.

Each of the release circuits and the Bucky decades can be assigned to one or several of the RGDV buttons 1...8 via software programming.

Survey: ”Connection diagram” in section 1

Z1-1.2 ”Block diagram Expansions” in “Schematic drawings” section

Detail: Z1-15.1 ”Adapter 4 aux. units WA / 1WA / 2WA” in “Schematic drawings” section

It provides:

4 release decades to be used for

- grid / syncmaster auxiliaries
- HHS cassette present interlock

2 Bucky decades to be used for

- format size contacts (collimator, side fields ON/OFF)
- Bucky-tomo remote switch-over
- tomo ready condition
- Bucky ready condition
- HHS cassette present interlock
  to be activated by SW programming (see chapter 8.2)

  After activation via SW: Signals not provided by the system must be simulated by jumpers.

1 decade EXON signal for the system via opto coupler

1 decade (output) for 8 tomo trajectories

1 decade for 8 tomo time inputs

1 decade for 8 external APRT

- WA backpanel programmed as 1WA = 2 AUX + 6 APRT
- WA backpanel programmed as 2WA = 8 APRT

1 decade for PSC (**P**atient **S**ize **C**orrection)

4.4.5. Dose inputs

- Connect the measuring chambers to the D-Sub connectors EZX21 / 22 / 31 / 32 / 41.

  There are no assignment restrictions because the measuring chambers are allocated to the auxiliaries in SW programming.

- Withdraw pins 101–102–103 or A–D–H for measuring field selection at the junior / extremity measuring chamber.

  These measuring chambers have only one measuring field. The terminal for the left-hand field is used in other configurations for switching over intensification and must not be connected here.

  AMPLIMAT cables 9803 507 0xx02 (for hybrid measuring chambers 9803 509 xxxxx) with 3–Plus plugs at both ends must be connected in the generator by the following adapter for each cable:

  Adapter for AMPLIMAT cable: 4512 108 09042. The generator includes 1 adapter.

  The hybrid measuring chambers 9803 509 xxxxx require connection (chassis) between contacts

  D–Sub end GND (13) <---> RF 0V (8) (generator input)

  or

  3–Plus end GND (N) <---> RF 0V (J) (generator input)

  This connection is established by the adapter for the AMPLIMAT cable.
  See Z1–6 ”Basic interface” in section “Schematic drawings” of the generator manual.

  In case of a hybrid measuring chamber 9803 509 xxxxx that is **not** operated with the required

  AMPLIMAT cables . . . . . 3–Plus / 3–Plus 9803 507 0xx02

  but with

  AMPLIMAT cables . . . . . D–Sub / 3–Plus 9890 000 017xx

  make sure to establish this connection (13 <---> 8) in the D–Sub connector!

  For ALC measuring chambers 9890 000 016xx connection GND <---> RF 0V is not permitted.
  Therefore, ALC measuring chambers AMPLIMAT cables 9890 000 017xx should always be used.

4.4.6. Patient data organizer PDO (option)

See instructions for use “Patient data organizer”.

4.5. H.V. cables generator side

See ”Connection diagram” in section 1.

- Mark the H.V. cables at the generator and the tube end with the correct polarity.
- Fix the H.V. cables on the left-hand side of the wall junction box on the middle rail to provide drag relief for the cables. The short ends of the H.V. cables which are going to the H.V. generator must be routed in downward direction in this area.
  The free cable lengths including plugs should be about 1.5m.
- Twist the H.V. cables counter-clockwise by one turn and connect them to the H.V. generator.
  The twisting of the cables allows that the H.V. cables can be put into a loop when the cabinet is placed against the wall.

  The H.V. sockets should always be filled with some oil. At least the lower half of the plugs must be wet with oil.

CAUTION

Do not use a silicone washer.
Do not grease the plugs with silicone.
The union nuts of the high-voltage connectors must be tightened up to ensure good electrical contact for screening.
Only high-voltage connectors which have threaded flange halves are allowed to be used.
Older high-voltage cables still have connectors where the flange halves are kept together with a spring washer.
In such cases the modification kit 4512 103 8085x is required.

4.6. Emergency-OFF circuit

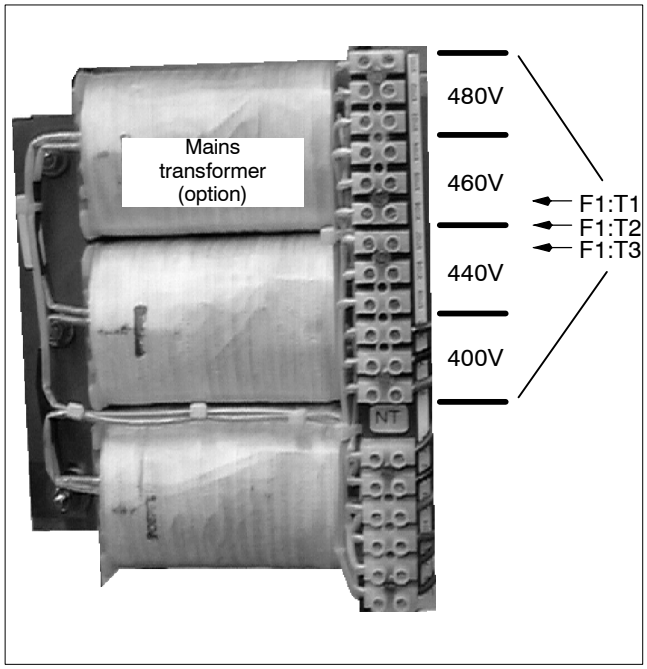
- Connect the emergency-OFF buttons to EZX4:1/2.
  If not necessary, link pins 1 - 2.

  See Z1-2.1 ”Power supply” in “Schematic drawings” section and Z2-5.2 “Backpanel basic rack-2Z” in the “Wiring diagrams” section.

5. Hardware programming

5.1. Mains transformer (option)

- In case a mains transformer 4512 204 0010x is present in the generator, connect the primary end according to the rated voltage of the mains.
  Connect 400V mains systems up to the 480V terminal.
- Modify EMC filters EQ200 in the converter assemblies EQ / E2Q if the generator is operated via the optional surge arrester on a grounded delta mains.
  See service documentation for surge arrester and converter R/F.



5.2. PCB EZ150 basic interface

NOTE

Do not change the position of jumper W1.

- Voltage supply for the amplifiers of connected measuring chambers:

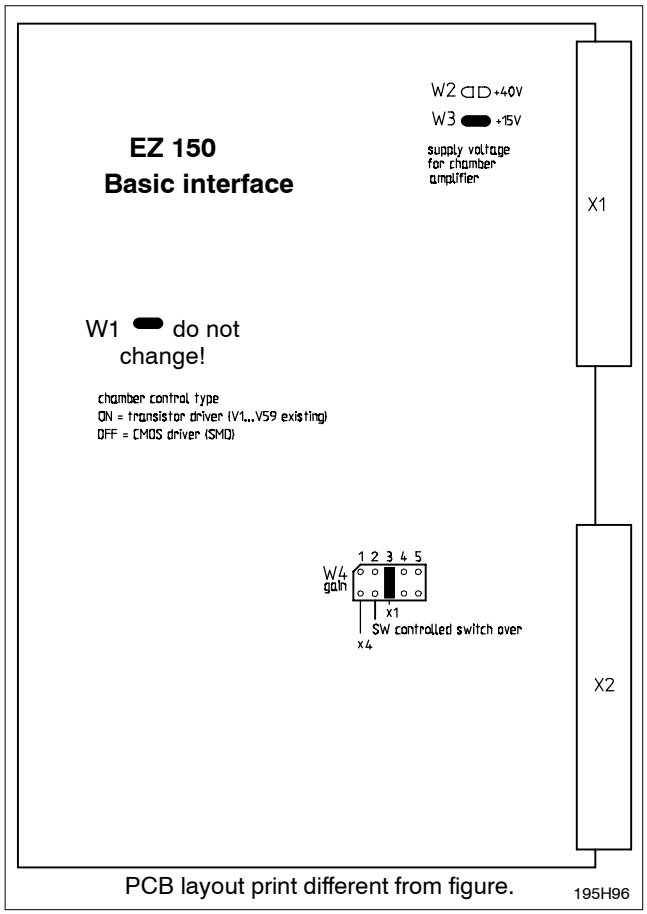
Voltage\Soldering link	EZ 150 W2	EZ 150 W3
15V default	OFF	ON
40V	ON	OFF

Working voltage range for ALC measuring chambers: 15 ... 45V

Working voltage range for hybrid measuring chambers: 40 ... 45V

ALC measuring chambers can be recognized by the code No. 4512 104 xxxxx.

Hybrid measuring chambers are based on code No. 4512 102/103 xxxxx.



PCB layout print different from figure. 195H96

- Set the gain factor for AEC techniques with jumper EZ150:W4:
  - Factor 1 ==> W4 in position 3 = default
    For screen/film combination with at least one system speed ≤ 200.
- Factor 4 ==> W4 in position 1
  For screen/film combinations with all system speeds > 200.
- The software programming has to be set accordingly.

The rest of the generator hardware has been properly programmed at the factory.

If required, refer to section 5. " PROGRAMMING".

6. Switch-ON of the generator

- Switch ON the fuses present at the clinic.
- Switch ON automatic circuit-breakers ENF1, ENF2 and ENF3.

  The yellow LED on EN100 power ON circuit must be illuminated.

7. Installation software AGenT

7.1. PC and generator settings to avoid problems during up/downloading of CU complete files

Optimus RAD release 2.x and 3.x CMOS data are up/downloaded in one string without handshake.
Any kind of interruption can cause the loading process to fail.
Problems occur mainly during the download to the PC.
A download file which is not complete cannot be used as a safety backup file.

NOTE

Connection between service PC and generator must be established. For the update of data the service PC must be operated on mains. It must not be operated with batteries.
The screensaver must be deactivated.

7.1.1. Preparation of the service PC to guarantee a safe loading process

- Switch OFF the screensaver.
- Close all open programs.

PMSSec reader is not installed

1. Unzip AGenT xxx (_AgenT.exe) and click on the Agent batch file ”AgenT.bat” (at C:\Program Files\AGenT).

2. The AgenT main menu appears on the screen.
   Not all menu items of AgenT are available now (for instance, ”Faultfind”).

PMSSec reader is installed (PMSSec 2.307 or higher)

1. Unzip AGenT xxx (_AGenT.exe) and click on the AGent batch file ”AGenT.bat” (at C:\Program Files\AGenT).

2. The following message appears on the screen of the PMSSec reader:
   ”Do you wish to start PMSSec reader?”.

3. Click on ”Yes” and the password entry window appears on the screen of the PMSSec reader.

4. Enter the password for the PMSSec reader and click on ”ok”. The AGenT main menu appears on the screen.
   Now all menu items of AgenT are available.

5. In case the PMSSec reader is interrupted with the ”ESC” button after the window ”Do you wish to start PMSSec Reader?” has appeared, the AGenT main menu appears on the screen.
   In this case not all menu items of AgenT are available (for instance, ”Faultfind”).

Any kind of power management of the PC hardware (BIOS) as well as the windows power management should be switched OFF.
If connected to mains power some of these might be automatically OFF.

7.1.2. Preparation of the generator

Preparation of generators without a CAN interface:

- Switch ON the generator.
  The loading process can be started once relay ENK1 has been energized.

Preparation of generators which are connected via a CAN interface:

- BuckyDiagnost TH and TH2
- DigitalDiagnost
- Thoravision

- Switch OFF the generator.
- Disconnect the following plugs:

System	Connector		
	EZX23 signal bus	EZX42 or EZX42-1 system CAN	EZX43 or EZX43-1 system CAN
BuckyDiagnost TH / TH2	X		X
DigitalDiagnost	X	X	X
Thoravision	X	X	X

- Switch ON the generator.

NOTE

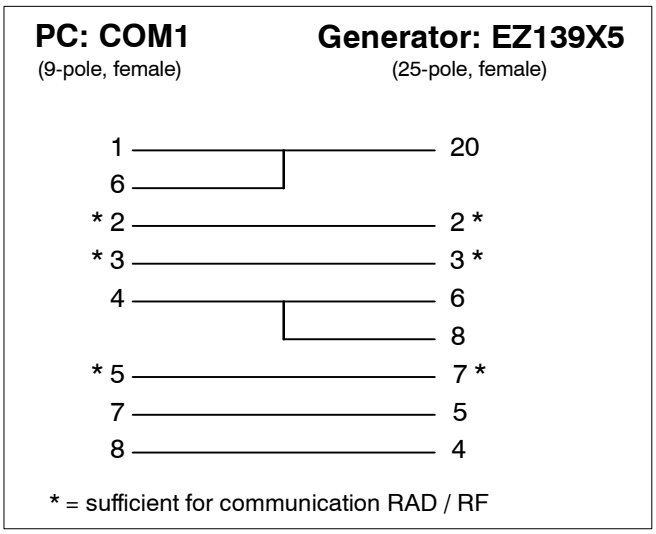
The download procedure must not be started before relay ENK1 has been energized at least 2 minutes after the generator has been switched ON.

NOTE

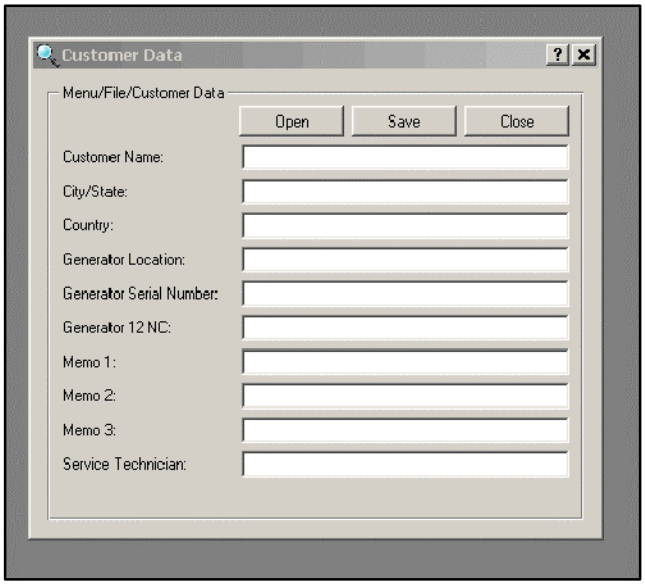
In case CU complete download files or any other xxx.TDL files are intended to be sent by e-mail, use a zipped file format.
These files are ASCII files which might be destroyed while being mailed.

7.2. Interface

- Provide the service PC with the hardware key and switch it ON.
  The hardware key provides access to special program settings and to menu ***"Faultfind".***
  Standard programming is possible without a hardware key.
- Connect the PC to X5 on EZ139 CENTRAL UNIT CU via a serial data cable:
  (A 5m long data cable can be ordered via 12NC: 4512 130 56931)



- Either the Customer Data screen is open or select menu *File/Customer Data.* Click on "Open " with the left mouse button and select a site data file. The old data screen comes up. Now save this screen by clicking on "Save" with the left mouse button. Enter the name of the customer as the file name.



- Press <ESC> and the following menu line appears:

File Program Adjustment Acceptance Fault Find Monitoring Options Help

General information:

–	Button **<F1>**	**<help>**	Call help / cancel help.
–		**<apply>**	Store screen contents / data set in the generator ==> transmit to generator.
–		**<save>**	Store data screen on disk.
–		**<load>**	Load data set from disk. The desired path can be selected.
–	Button	**<ESC>**	Commands one step back. Can be used repeatedly.
–	Fields with	↓	Select the possible range of values by pushing **<RETURN>**. The data are specified by the generator as fixed values.
–	Fields with	**[...]**	Input of data via the keyboard.

Error numbers which appear at the beginning of the programming procedure must be erased from the screen with the **<RETURN>** key.

Current data files, for instance, for online help, tube types, APR programming are available in the PHILIPS–Intranet. Use path: ***http://technet.best.ms.philips.com/*** and pull down menu as shown below.

8. Setting-to-work overview

NOTE

The programming of a generator must take place in the sequence specified below.

As long as no tube or RGDV has been assigned there is no display at all on the desk except “PHILIPS OPTIMUS”.

8.1. Configuration

8.2. Registration devices
- Reset the generator

8.3. Tube adjustment
- Reset the generator

8.4. Dose rate control
- Reset the generator

8.5. Application limits
- Reset the generator

8.6. Human interface
- Reset the generator

8.7. Option: Tomo Density Control TDC

8.8. Option: VARIOFOCUS

8.9. Option: Area Dose Calculator

8.10. Acceptance test

8.11. Interlock facility for APR modification

8.12. Backup of all configuration data

8.1. Configuration

- Switch the generator ON.

8.1.1. Date and time

- Select menu:
  Program / Mains Data / Data & Time
- Enter the respective local data.

8.1.2. Mains data

- Select menu:
  Program / Mains Data / Data & Time

- Select the nominal value of the mains voltage U.
  Range: 380V, 400V, 440V, 480V
  Default: 400V
  If 460V is present program 480V.
  If 415V is present program 400V.
- Enter the maximum internal mains resistance R_i.
  Range: 0 ... 500mΩ

Depending on the internal mains resistance and the mains voltage the generator calculates the maximum possible output.

8.1.3. Tubes

NOTE

Generators which are connected by a CAN interface have to be prepared as described below.

Preparation for:

- BuckyDiagnost TH and TH2
- DigitalDiagnost
- Thoravision

- Disconnect the following plugs:

System	Connector		
	EZX23 signal bus	EZX42 or EZX42-1 system CAN	EZX43 or EZX43-1 system CAN
BuckyDiagnost TH / TH2	X		X
DigitalDiagnost	X	X	X
Thoravision	X	X	X

- Switch ON the generator.

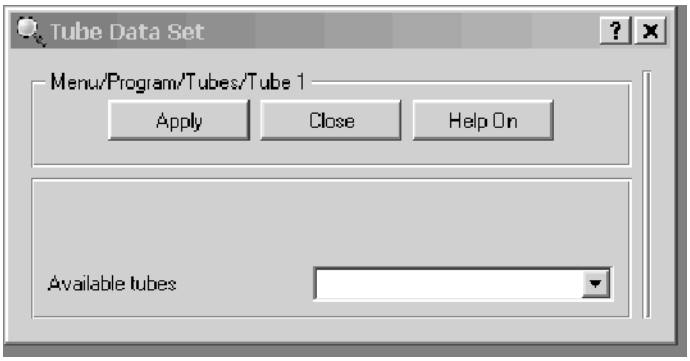
NOTE

The download procedure must not be started before relay ENK1 has been energized at least 2 minutes after the generator has been switched ON.

At this moment it is irrelevant whether the generator has already been programmed.

8.1.3.1. Tube data set

- Select menu:
  Program / Tubes / Tube 1 ... 3 / Data set



- Click on the arrow in field ”Available tubes” with the left mouse button.
  All the permitted combinations of tube and housing type are listed in a window.
- Select the respective combination of tube type and housing type from the list and click on ”Apply” with the left mouse button.
- Reset the generator.
  The data which have been configured up to now are read by the processor when the system is started.

8.1.3.2. Tube speed selection

Depending on the type of tube loaded the anode speed is automatically programmed.

CAUTION

Incorrect programming can cause tube problems.

- Select menu:
  Program / Tubes / Tube Speed Selection / Tube 1 ... 3.

RPM \ tube type	RO	SRO
Exposure rotation [RPM]	3000	9000
Fast exposure rotation [RPM]	N/A	N/A

8.1.3.3. Tube limits

- Select menu:
  Program / Tubes / Tube Limits
- Program the maximum working voltage which is indicated on the data label:

  Max. tube voltage limit
  Range: 40 ... 150kV
  Default: 150kV

  Adaptation of the tube takes place only within these limit values.

NOTE

If older tubes are to be operated on this generator, it is urgently recommended that the max. kV used in practical operation so far be specified instead of the theoretically possible value.
The max. kV value should be determined during the conditioning procedure as described in chapter 8.3.1.

After adaptation of a tube the upper kV limit is displayed for each focus of each tube under:
Adapted to [kV]: e.g. 125kV

All the other limit programmings are performed by the generator automatically and do not usually have to be observed.

8.1.3.4. Capacitance of tube connection

- Select menu:
  Program / Tubes / Capacitance/Operating modes / Capacitance tube connection

  Range: 2.000 ... 10.000nF

  The total capacitance for each tube connected is indicated:

$C = \frac{1}{2} (C_{H.V.\ generator} + C_{H.V.\ cable})$

$= 4.550nF$ Default for H.V. generator + 20m H.V. cable (155pF/m)

$$C\ [nF] = 3 + \frac{C_c \times L}{2000}$$

C_c = specific cable capacitance in [pF/m]
L = single cable length in [m]

Single length [m]	Capacitance tube connection [nF]	
	For 155pF/m cable	For 200pF/m cable
14	4.085	4.400
16	4.240	4.600
18	4.395	4.800
20	4.550	5.000
22	4.705	5.200
24	4.860	–
26	5.015	–
28	5.170	–
30	5.325	–

The high-voltage cables type 9806 402 6xx02 currently being supplied have a capacitance of 155pF/m.

8.1.3.5. Tube operating modes

- Select menu:
  Program / Tubes / Capacitance/Operating Modes / Tube Operating Modes

  - Intermediate boost:

    Select ... Disable = During preparation the rated filament current is applied (default).

    Enable = During preparation a reduced filament current is applied.
    After the release of exposure boosting takes place for a short time before the exposure is released. Effective with tube currents > 80% of max. value.

  - Rotation prolongation after PREP:

    Select ... Disable = The tube is braked as soon as preparation has been cancelled.

    Enable = After cancellation of preparation the tube is only braked after 30s. Within this time preparation can be repeated as often as necessary.
    Recommended for paediatrics and casualty rooms.
    The enable mode works with high speed rotor control unit only.

8.1.3.6. Disable tube

For correction of the configuration.

- Select menu:
  Program / Tubes / Disable Tube

When the tube is disabled the above stored data set of the tube is erased. To enable the tube the data set has to be loaded again.

8.2. Registration devices

8.2.1. Data set A ... B

- Select menu:
  Program / RGDV set A + B / RGDV 1 ... 8 / Data set A ... B
- Program the data set A and B of RGDV 1 ... 8 for all exam. / aux. units desired.

NOTE

*Program settings written on a grey background and marked by a "*****" have to be performed but they do not affect the functions of this generator RAD type (they are intended for generators R/F version).*

Data set A

Room:	Room number of the exam. / aux. unit for room decade (radiation warning display and door contact).
Tube:	Tube assignment for the exam. / aux. unit.
Release circuit number:	Number of the release decade of the release circuit adaptation unit WA (e.g.: 1 for X1 etc., see Z1-1.2).

Enable handswitch at generator desk:

Program setting	**Enable release switch at generator desk**	**Enable external release switch** [1]
NO		X
YES	X	
	X	X

Syncmaster present:	NO	=	Free cassette (without cassette present interlock)
	YES	=	– Bucky or tomo synchronous contact [2] – WA 4:1–2 (20/21)
Exposure switch type:	Single step	=	Exposure request instantly with preparation [1]
	Double step	=	Individual preparation request and exposure request

Bucky format density correction: Density correction in steps of 6%. Range: –8 ... +8
Correction during collimation, input at WAX11/12 pin 1–2, side fields active when contact closed (<24x24cm), center field only when opened.
With GALILEO or NICOL collimator via Bucky controller with CAN.

***** Cone density correction: *no function*

Dose measurement input: Measuring chamber respectively at input EZX 21, 22, 31, 32, 41

none	=	No measuring chamber assigned. For free cassette or tomography without TDC.

1) For this function the WA option is required.
Ignore for RGDV with CAN: BuckyDiagnost TH/TH2, Thoravision, DigitalDiagnost.

2) All RGDV with CAN: BuckyDiagnost TH/TH2, Thoravision, DigitalDiagnost.

Data set A continued:

Dose measurement sensor type:

Bucky Amplimat: Input via EZX21/22/31/32/41, measuring field selection on control desk possible.

* Scopo Amplimat: *no function*

Photo sensor / Amplimat input: Photo sensor input via EZX21/22/31/32/41.

Exposure series / Tomo movement:	NO	=	Instant brake after exposure end.
	NO	=	To be programmed for tomo systems via system CAN. BuckyDiagnost TH/TH2, DigitalDiagnost,
	YES	=	More than one exposure possible with one PREP. For tomo units released by 1WA/2WA, PREP must be kept active at the release decade to get the tomo stand back to the start position.

Release delay (automatic techniques):	enable =	Must be enabled for all AEC techniques. Automatically disabled if non AEC techniques are selected.
	disable =	Not to be programmed. Keep release delay always on enable.

Data set A continued:

Mounted radiographical controller:

none	=	Must be programmed if any release circuit adaptation unit 1WA, 2WA is assigned to this RGDV. No CAN controlled system is assigned to this RGDV.
Bucky controller 1 / DigitalDiagnost	=	CAN controlled system - BuckyDiagnost TH/TH2, DigitalDiagnost RGDV1 ... 4 only
Bucky controller 2	=	No function yet.
Thoravision	=	Can controlled system - Thoravision RGDV1 only

Release circuit adaptation unit: Assignment of the release unit 1WA, 2WA

none	=	free cassette or in case of a CAN driven examination unit

Mounted tomo extension:

none	=	no tomo unit installed
1WA	=	(1)WAX21 valid as tomography time input
2WA	=	2WAX21 valid as tomography time input

* Medium II format kV corr. (dose equiv. steps):	Range = 0...8 dose equiv. + kV correction steps
* Medium II format density corr. (-6% steps):	Range = 0...8 -6% density steps
* Medium II format mAs corr. (-6% steps):	Range = 0...8 -6% mAs steps
* Small II format kV corr. (dose equiv. steps):	Range = 0...8 dose equiv. kV reduction steps
* Small II format density corr. (-6% steps):	Range = 0...8 -6% density steps
* Small II format mAs corr. (-6% steps):	Range = 0...8 -6% mAs steps

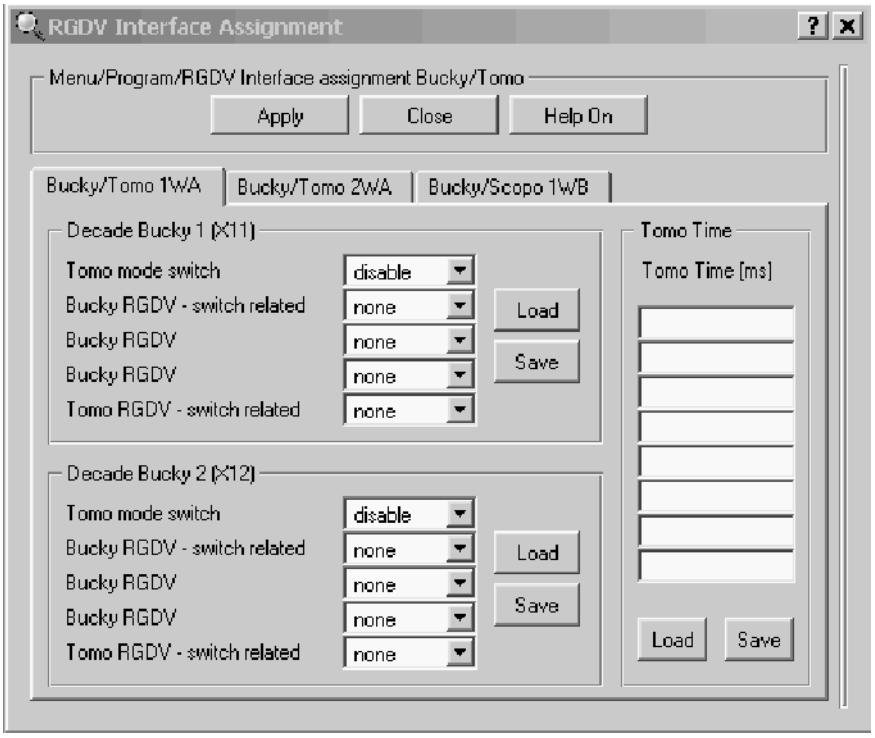
An RGDV must not be assigned to a "mounted radiographical controller" and a "release circuit adaptation unit" at the same time.

Data set B (underlined items = default)		
Used for tomo:	NO YES =	With YES a definition of the tomography time is expected from the examination unit, e.g. via WAX21 or from a Bucky controller with tomo.
* Used for fluoroscopy:	NO = YES =	Ok Fluoro unit
* CT add-on:	NO =	Ok (no function available yet)
Disable time override:	NO YES =	Disables time override function at desk. Automatically disabled with "Used for tomo = YES".
Tube power factor:		1 ... 100%
kV steps:		Single = kV-grading in steps of 1kV Dose equivalent = 6% kV steps ≙ 25% density steps
mAs steps:		step width in 25, 12 or 6%
mA steps:		step width in 25, 12 or 6%
Time steps:		exposure time step width in 25, 12 or 6%
Density steps:		step width in 25, 12 or 6%
Density correction (6% steps):		-8 ... 0 ... +8 correction steps For correction see chapter 13.
Underexposure display (non-automatic techniques):	YES = YES = NO =	Underexposure is also indicated with techniques without Amplimat. To be programmed for tomo systems via system CAN: BuckyDiagnost TH/TH2, DigitalDiagnost. Must be set for all non-CAN tomo systems.
Tube overload protection:	ON = OFF =	Overload protection active (default): red = no PREP possible Exposures are possible irrespective of load status. Must not be programmed.

desk display	tube load
green	100%
green - yellow	100%
yellow	80%
yellow - red	64%
red	0%

8.2.2. Interface assignment

- Select menu:
  Program / RGDV Interface assignment Bucky/Tomo / Bucky/Tomo 1WA ... 2WA, Bucky/Scopo 1WB



NOTE

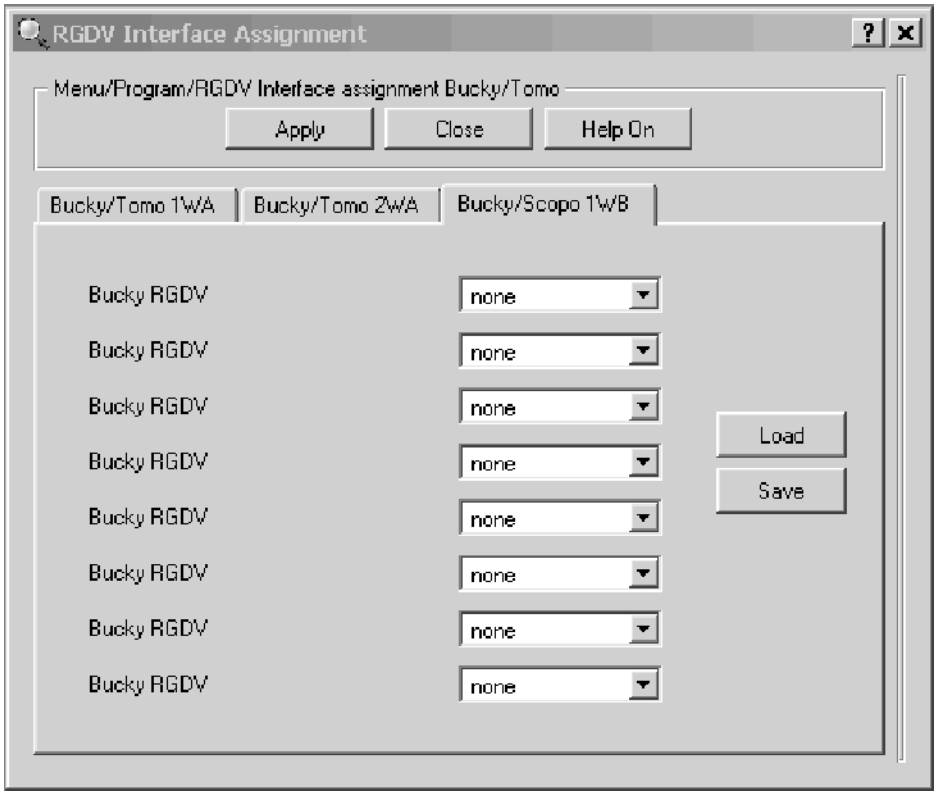
There must be no programming here if the diagnostic unit is connected via the CAN interface: BuckyDiagnost TH/TH2, Thoravision, DigitalDiagnost.

- Assign the format and ready contacts of the decade connector WAX11 or WAX12 to a Bucky or tomography RGDV. Refer to Z1-15.1.

  - Decade Bucky 1 (X11) See following table.
  - Decade Bucky 2 (X12) Program the functions as for the first Bucky decade.
  - Tomo time 0.1 ... 6000ms for each trajectory.

  One tomography unit can be programmed for each device interface.

Decade Bucky 1 ... 2		
Tomo mode switch:	disable =	Input ”tomo mode” is not activated. Remote changeover Bucky / tomography not possible via the examination unit.
	enable =	Input ”tomo mode” is activated. Remote changeover Bucky / tomography possible. Bucky and tomo RGDV must be defined.
Bucky RGDV – switch related:	none/ RGDV 1 ... 8 The inputs ”format contacts” and ”Bucky ready” are activated. When the tomo mode switch is enabled, this RGDV is activated when the remote tomo mode switch is open.	
Bucky RGDV:	none/RGDV 1 ... 8 The inputs ”format contacts” and ”Bucky ready” can be assigned to any RGDV button. The inputs ”format contacts” and ”tomo ready” are activated.	
Tomo RGDV – switch related:	none/ RGDV 1 ... 8 When the tomo mode switch is enabled, this RGDV is activated when the remote tomo mode switch is closed.	



- Reset the generator.
- Fill in the program settings in table “RGDV programming” 2Z–2.0 at the end of this section.

8.2.3. Examples for RGDV programming

Example No.	System	Refer drawing
1	- BuckyDiagnost TH with Bucky controller - Diagnost 76: Exposure Scopo / BV-DSI	2Z-2.2
2	- HDH with / without tomo time input - Bucky wall stand - Free cassette	2Z-2.4
3	- BuckyDiagnost TH/TH2, Digital Diagnost with Bucky controller and CAN interface - Bucky wall stand - Free cassette	2Z-2.5
4	- BuckyDiagnost TS - Bucky wall stand - Free cassette	2Z-2.6
5	- Bucky TH any version with Bucky controller - Generator equipped with or without decade adaptation unit WA - Auxiliary for MCS (only) = RGDV4 in combination with free cassette	2Z-2.8
6	- Bucky TH any version - Generator equipped with or without decade adaptation unit WA - Auxiliary for MCS (only) = RGDV5 ... 8	2Z-2.9
7	- Bucky TH any version - Generator equipped with or without decade adaptation unit WA - Auxiliary for Trauma Diagnost (only) = RGDV5 ... 8 - Auxiliaries RGDV1 ... 4 must not be used with a Bucky TH system via CAN	2Z-2.10

8.3. Tube adjustment

8.3.1. Tube conditioning

WARNING

Radiation is released during the conditioning procedure!

8.3.1.1. Preconditions / Program settings

- Switch OFF the generator.

Preparation of generators which are connected via a CAN interface:

- BuckyDiagnost TH and TH2
- DigitalDiagnost
- Thoravision

- Switch OFF the generator.
- Disconnect the following plugs:

System	Connector		
	EZX23 signal bus	EZX42 or EZX42-1 system CAN	EZX43 or EZX43-1 system CAN
BuckyDiagnost TH / TH2	X		X
DigitalDiagnost	X	X	X
Thoravision	X	X	X

- Switch ON the generator.

NOTE

The programming procedure must not be started before relay ENK1 has been energized at least 2 minutes after the generator has been switched ON.

- Perform the following program settings temporarily for each tube connected to one of the assigned RGDVs = Free cassette
  Select menu AGenT:
  Program / RGDV set A + B / RGDV 1 ... 8 / Data Set A

Program setting	Temporarily	Original tube
Enable handswitch	YES	Verify the customized entries in 2Z-2.x
Syncmaster present	NO	
Exposure switch type	Double step	
Exposure series / Tomo	YES	
Mounted radiographic	NONE	

- Reset the generator.
- Select the appropriately programmed RGDV = “Free cassette” for the tube to be conditioned.

8.3.1.2. Procedure

- Select **large** focus only.

NOTE

The generator must be in the READY *state.*

- Run the reconditioning procedure for an adapted tube. Refer to the following table, left column TUBE ADAPTED.

or

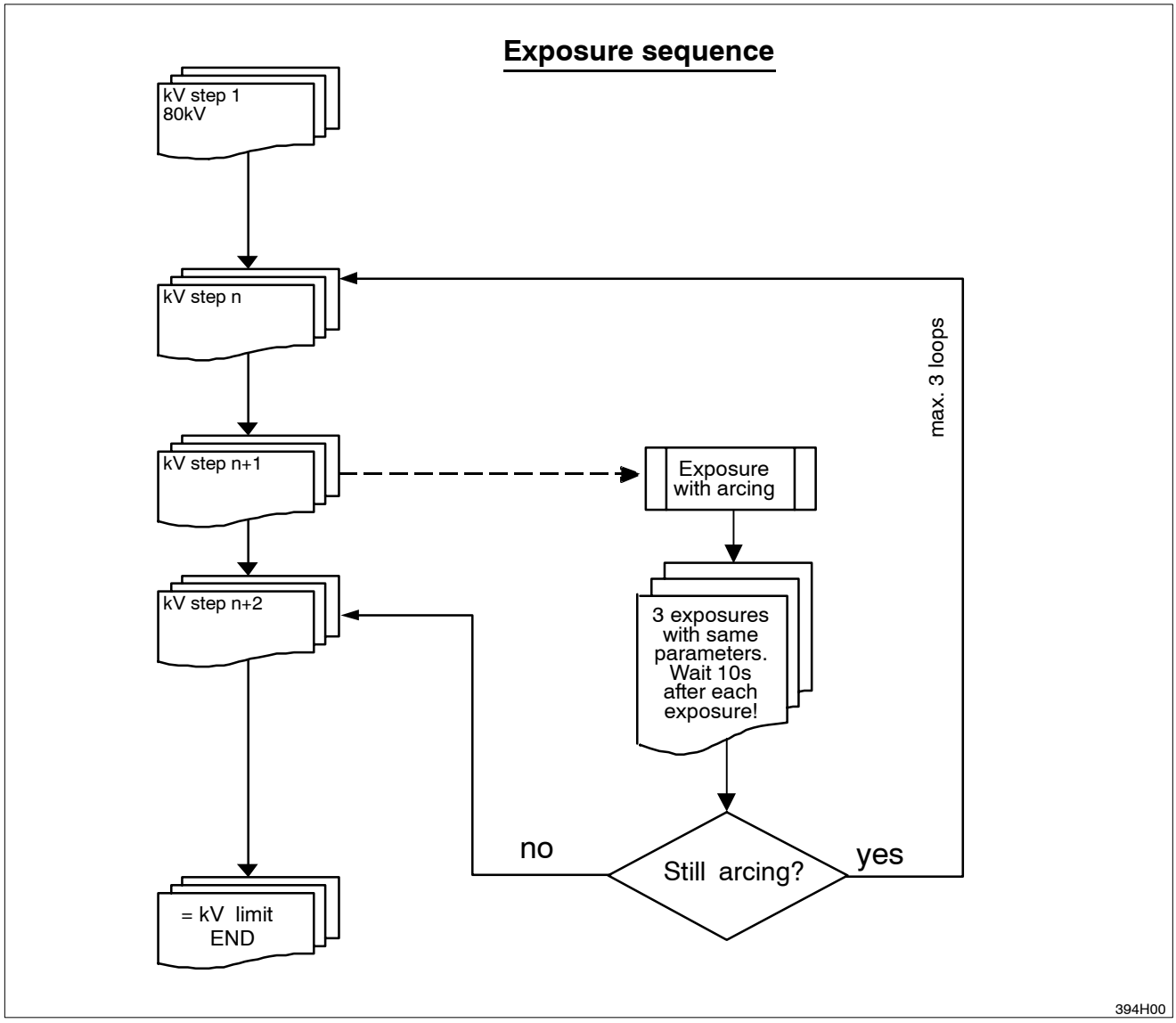
- Run the conditioning procedure for a new or non-adapted tube. Refer to the following table right column TUBE NOT ADAPTED.
- It is recommended that the high voltage be monitored during conditioning.
  Connect the scope:
  Channel1: kV AV HT at EZ130 X3 (1V/div), scale: 20kV/V
  Trigger external: CTRL_X_C/ at backpanel EZ X74, negative slope
  Time base: 2ms/div
- In case of problems like tube arcing see the following flowchart EXPOSURE SEQUENCE as an example.
  The flowchart applies to the applicable kV range only, e. g.:
  109kV is the max. kV value for normal application, set the next higher kV step = 117kV.

NOTE

Refer to flowchart EXPOSURE SEQUENCE.
If the tube arcs at a certain kV value, switch another three exposures with same parameters and 10s pause between subsequent exposures. In case of success (no arcing anymore) continue with next kV step of the following table.
If the last exposure still arcs go one kV step back and follow the normal procedure. If this routine has been performed three times without improvem **==> Replace the tube!**

Exposure parameters for conditioning					
Tube adapted			# exposures	Tube not adapted	
kV	mA	ms		kV	mAs
80	10	50	< 1 >	80	0.5
80	10	500	< 1 >	80	5
80	200	250	< 1 >	80	50
10 seconds pause				10 seconds pause	
80	max. mA	100	< 1 >	80	100
1 minute pause				1 minute pause	
90	10	50	< 1 >	90	0.5
90	10	500	< 1 >	90	5
90	200	250	< 1 >	90	50
10 seconds pause				10 seconds pause	
90	max. mA	100	< 1 >	90	100
1 minute pause				1 minute pause	
100	10	50	< 1 >	100	0.5
100	10	500	< 1 >	100	5
100	200	250	< 1 >	100	50
10 seconds pause				10 seconds pause	
100	max. mA	100	< 1 >	100	100
1 minute pause				1 minute pause	
110	10	50	< 1 >	110	0.5
110	10	500	< 1 >	110	5
110	200	250	< 1 >	110	50
10 seconds pause				10 seconds pause	
110	max. mA	100	< 1 >	110	100
1 minute pause				1 minute pause	
120	10	50	< 1 >	120	0.5
120	10	500	< 1 >	120	5
120	200	250	< 1 >	120	50
10 seconds pause				10 seconds pause	
120	max. mA	100	< 1 >	120	100
1 minute pause				1 minute pause	
130	10	50	< 1 >	130	0.5
130	10	500	< 1 >	130	5
130	200	250	< 1 >	130	50
10 seconds pause				10 seconds pause	
130	max. mA	100	< 1 >	130	100
1 minute pause				1 minute pause	

Exposure parameters for conditioning					
Tube adapted			# exposures	Tube not adapted	
kV	mA	ms		kV	mAs
140	10	50	< 1 >	140	0.5
140	10	500	< 1 >	140	5
140	200	250	< 1 >	140	50
10 seconds pause				10 seconds pause	
140	max. mA	100	< 1 >	140	100
1 minute pause				1 minute pause	
145	10	50	< 1 >	145	0.5
145	10	500	< 1 >	145	5
145	200	250	< 1 >	145	50
10 seconds pause				10 seconds pause	
145	max. mA	100	< 1 >	145	100
1 minute pause				1 minute pause	
148	10	50	< 1 >	148	0.5
148	10	500	< 1 >	148	5
148	200	250	< 1 >	148	50
10 seconds pause				10 seconds pause	
148	max. mA	100	< 1 >	148	100
1 minute pause				1 minute pause	
150	10	50	< 1 >	150	0.5
150	10	500	< 1 >	150	5
150	200	250	< 1 >	150	50
10 seconds pause				10 seconds pause	
150	max. mA	100	< 1 >	150	100
1 minute pause				1 minute pause	



NOTE

If a tube arcs at any kV value which is not required for application, program the max. application kV value with AGenT:

Program / Tubes / Tube Limits / Max. Tube Voltage Limit [kV] / [117]

As the max. kV value has decreased now, the field ADAPTED TO [kV] displays the max. value after adaptation as well.

- Set the RGDV programming to the original status if no adaptation procedure has to be executed.
- Reset the generator.

8.3.2. Tube adaptation

WARNING

Radiation is released during the adaptation procedure!

8.3.2.1. General information

Tube adaptation is an automatic process which includes:

1. The measurement of the mA offset value that is caused by:
   - the kV measuring circuit
   - the emission current feedback circuit (VCO).

2. The measurement of the individual standby filament current (based on 100μA).

3. The emission current characteristic as f (kV, filament current).

4. The dynamic behavior (positive and negative boost adaptation) where the inertia of the filament with respect to heating up and cooling down is registered.
   For more information refer to section 3: FAULT FINDING.

NOTE

In case of problems check the symptom / solution list at the end of this adjustment chapter.
Repeat the adaptation for this particular focus.

8.3.2.2. Preconditions / Program settings

- Switch OFF the generator.

Preparation of generators which are connected via a CAN interface:

- BuckyDiagnost TH and TH2
- DigitalDiagnost
- Thoravision

- Switch OFF the generator.
- Disconnect the following plugs:

System	Connector		
	EZX23 signal bus	EZX42 or EZX42-1 system CAN	EZX43 or EZX43-1 system CAN
BuckyDiagnost TH / TH2	X		X
DigitalDiagnost	X	X	X
Thoravision	X	X	X

- Switch ON the generator.

NOTE

The adaption procedure must not be started before relay ENK1 has been energized at least 2 minutes after the generator has been switched ON.

- The tube must be conditioned as described in chapter 8.3.1 “Tube conditioning”.
- Check the upper kV limit.
  Select menu AGenT:
  Program / Tubes / Tube Limits / Max. Tube Voltage Limit [kV]

  The programmed value should match the nominal value of the tube connected or in case of older tubes the upper kV limit should be set to the max. application kV.
  Once an adaptation is completed the new limit value is displayed as ADAPTED TO [kV].
- Perform the following program settings temporarily for each tube connected to one of the assigned RGDVs = Free cassette
  Select menu AGenT:
  Program / RGDV Set A + B / RGDV 1 ... 8 / Data Set A

Programming	Temporarily	Original tube
Enable handswitch	YES	Verify the customized entries in 2Z-2.x
Syncmaster present	NO	
Exposure switch type	Double step	
Exposure series / Tomo	YES	
Mounted radiographic	NONE	

8.3.2.3. Procedure

- RESET the generator.
- It is recommended that the high voltage be monitored during adaptation.
  Connect the scope:
  Channel1: kV AV HT at EZ130 X3 (1V/div), scale: 20kV/V
  Trigger external: CTRL_X_C/ at backpanel EZ X74, negative slope
  Time base: 2ms/div
- Select the RGDV = Free cassette for the tube to be adapted.
- Select menu AGenT:
  Adjustment / Tube Adaptation
- Select the tube and focus to be adapted, start with small focus!

NOTE

To avoid any malfunction make sure that READY is displayed on the desk before transmitting data by clicking on “Apply” with the left mouse button.
READY state disappears, ADAP is displayed on the desk.
Wait until the generator turns back to the READY state.

- Start the adaptation process by pushing the handswitch in PREP and EXP position and keep it depressed in the EXP position.
  The generator switches about 125 exposures for each focus. The radiation sign at the desk indicates exposures but there is no beep at the end of each exposure.
  The actual kV parameters are displayed during adaptation.
  The generator carries out the adaptation automatically. The procedure for one focus is completed when the desk indication changes from ADAP to TEST. At the end of the adaptation process the following message appears on the PC screen: “Before continueing the generator must be reset”.

- Reset the generator.
- Run the adaptation for each focus (small and large) and tube.

NOTE

As there is no tube type with a physical third (middle) focus yet, the third focus cannot be adapted. VARIOFOCUS values are calculated by adapted small and large focus. APR programs using VARIOFOCUS can only be selected until small and large focus are both adapted.

- Bring back the RGDV(s) program settings to the original status according to table “RGDV programming” 2Z-2.x at the end of this chapter.

8.3.3. Final tube adjustment work

1. BuckyDiagnost TH with CAN interface, DigitalDiagnost, Thoravision:
   - Switch OFF the generator.
   - Re-connect signal bus connector EZX23.
   - Re-connect CAN connectors EZX42-1 and EZX43-1.
   - Switch ON the generator.

2. All other systems:
   - Reset the generator.

8.3.4. Problems during adaptation - Symptoms and solutions

Symptom:
If the tube is already at a high temperature level (but still indicating green or green-yellow for 100% power) it might happen that the load indication changes straight to red and that the adaptation is on hold.

Solution:
Keep the handswitch pushed. Once the temperature is down, adaptation continues automatically.

NOTE

If one of the supervised temperature levels exceeds a specified level it inhibits the 100% power level. This event is always logged as warning message 00BV in the error log index.

Symptom:
An error message flashes for just a very short moment and is instantly covered by "Adap" again on the desk. The adaptation procedure might be on hold.

Solutions (1 - 3):
All keys of the control desk including the RESET labeled button are inactive during adaptation. Let go of the PREP switch. This status change on the signal bus is similar to the "RESET" key function.

- 1 - :Wait until the generator displays ready again and keep on going.
  If the same symptom re-occurs perform a warmstart of the generator, check the error log index and try to solve the problem.
- 2 - :If the generator does not display READY at least after 20 seconds, perform a warmstart of the generator. Check the error log index and try to solve the problem.
- 3 - :Check whether all function unit LEDs are OFF or if one of them is ON indicating a FATAL error condition. Perform a warmstart of the generator, check the error log index any try to solve the problem.

Symptom:
Adaptation does not start (all conditions ok and present) after at least 30 seconds or adaptation is on hold in the middle of the process for at least 30 seconds.

Solution:
Let go of the PREP switch. If the generator does not display READY at least after 20 seconds, perform a warmstart of the generator.
Check the error log index and try to solve the problem.

Symptom:
A constant READY appears for more than 2 seconds while PREP and EXP are activated, adaptation does not continue.

Solution: Let go of the PREP switch. Continue adaptation if READY is back in standby.

NOTE

Typical problems during adaptation are kV related.
Either there are arcing entries 02WG and 02WH or kV actual value problems 02HG and 02HH.
In the first case carry out the conditioning procedure, in the latter case the duty cycle factor might have to be aligned, see chapter 6. ADJUSTMENTS. It is possible to vary the factor for duty cycle with a non-adapted tube. For details call Helpdesk X-ray Hamburg.

8.4. Dose rate control

8.4.1. Amplimat sensitivity

- Select menu:
  Program / Dose Rate Control / Sensitivity

- Depending on the HW programming of jumper EZ150:W4, program the sensitivity accordingly:

  high = × 4 = EZ150:W4 in position 1
  ===> All screen/film combinations with a system speed > 200.

  low = × 1 = EZ150:W4 in position 3
  ===> At least one screen/film combination with a system speed ≤ 200.

8.4.2. Screen/film combinations

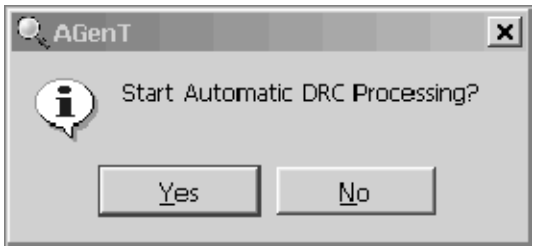
Five screen/film combinations can be programmed for each of the 5 measuring chambers:

- Select menu:
  Program / Dose Rate Control / Amplimat / Chamber 1 ... 5 / Data Set 1 ... 5

  The number of the chamber corresponds to the specified unit number of the dose measuring unit.

The choice between automatic and manual DRC processing is possible when an authorized hardware key is inserted in the PC.

Automatic is selected as default and must be used for the initial programming.
Data sets of adjacent rooms can be copied but have to be aligned afterwards.



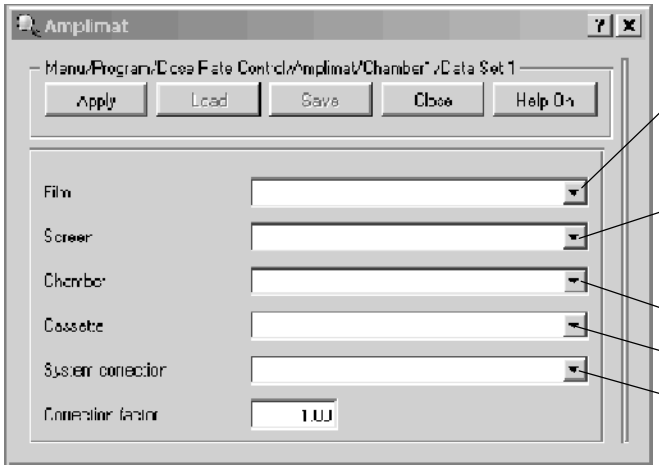
Access manual DRC processing by pushing the <N> key or click with the left mouse button on “No”.
The manual mode is suitable for:

- Copying complete program settings to other measuring chambers.
- Setting the basic density.
- Changing the desk-displayed names of the programmed screen/film combinations.
- Creating backups of the DRC programmings.

8.4.2.1. Automatic DRC processing

- Select the desired data from the files offered for the following programming steps.

  The files are part of the installation software.
  - Select the programming field with the cursor and enter **<RETURN>**.
  - Enter the desired file from the list offered.
  - Select the desired data as required.



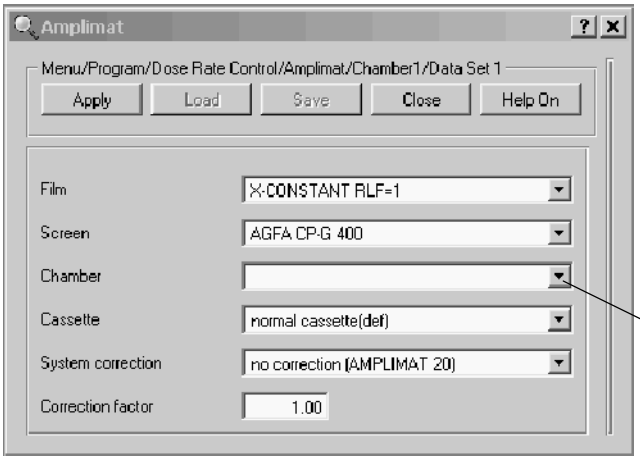
Film types according to description of the manufacturer.
General classification of the film according to color, sensitivity S and RLF compensation.
Screen types according to description of the manufacturer.
- Screen types according to luminous matter.
- Imaging plates.

Different types of measuring chambers.
Different types of cassettes.
Select no correction / (AMPLIMAT 20)
Correction factor for switch-OFF dose.

Based on the combination of the components entered, the processor calculates the switch-OFF dose, kV correction and RLF compensation. The name for the screen/film combination, e.g. ”B400”, is taken from the “screen” default data set.

Dose rate control setting Optimus for computed radiography (PCR or other imaging plates)

The following example is for a 400 speed system, determined by the selection of the AGFA CP-G400 speed type.



The installed chamber type

NOTE

Data such as film, screen data selected are not directly stored in the generator.
It is recommended that they be entered in the table ”Data sets of chambers” 2Z-4 at the end of this section.

- Reset the generator.

Color and sensitivity class of the screen/film combination are displayed on the desk, e.g.: “B400”.
Other screen/film combinations (data set 1 ... 5) for the chamber can be selected by the ± buttons.

8.4.2.2. Manual DRC processing

The current data set of the screen/film combination is displayed.

* Abbreviation:	Abbreviation for the screen/film combination. Example: B400 = blue, speed class 400.
Dose Request Chamber:	Sensitivity of the measuring chamber type in [µGy/V].
* Dose of FSC:	Switch-OFF dose of the screen/film combination in [µGy]. Linear ratio with respect to the film density.
kV70-Char. U_0 ... 9:	Checkpoints for kV-dependent density correction.
kV70-Char. Drel_0 ... 9:	Relative correction value for the dose.
RLF t_0 ... 9:	Checkpoints for time-dependent density correction. (RLF = **R**eciprocity **L**aw **F**ailure).
RLF Drel_0 ... 9:	Relative correction value for the dose.

* = Only these fields are allowed to be changed according to the system requirements.
All other fields must not be changed.

- If required, change the data and the abbreviation name.
  Usually no value except the basic density ”Dose of FSC” must be changed (see next page).
- Transmit the data set with by clicking on “Apply” with the left mouse button.
- Reset the generator.

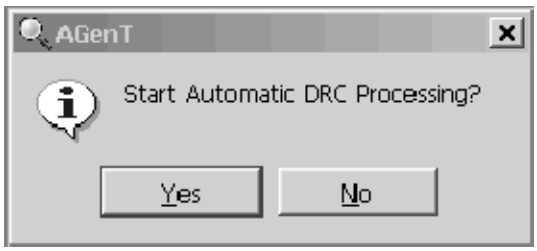
The SAVE and LOAD button of AGenT permit straightforward copying of the measuring chamber program settings.

8.4.2.3. Density correction for AEC technique (option)

Basic density per screen/film combination:

A hardware key is required at the PC for direct access to the switch-OFF dose.

- Make a test exposure for each screen/film combination.
  To do so, set the density correction = 0.
- Determine the density of the test exposures.
- Select menu:
  Program / Dose Rate Control / Amplimat / Chamber 1 ... 5 / Data Set 1 ... 5.



- Select manual DRC programming by pushing the <N> key or by clicking on “No” with the left mouse button.
- Correct the switch-OFF dose = “Dose of FSC” according to the formula below:

$$\text{New switch-OFF dose} = \frac{\text{Desired density}}{\text{Measured density}} \times \text{Old switch-OFF dose}$$

- Transmit the data set by clicking on “Apply” with the left mouse button.
- Repeat the procedure for each screen/film combination at each chamber.
- Reset the generator.

The switch-OFF dose can be set on the PC even without a hardware key.
To do so, call up the automatic DRC programming, repeat all the selections and change the correction factor for the switch-OFF dose accordingly. Each time this programming is called up all the selections must be repeated.

8.4.3. Faulty exposure detection

Faulty exposure detection is switched ON as a default for AEC and TDC. If a too low dose is measured in the initial phase of an exposure, the exposure is aborted to protect the patient.

- Time of control measurement: 10% of backup time, min. 250ms at TDC
- Dose minimum: 4% of set density voltage at AEC, 4 ... 10% at TDC
- Backup time AEC: Calculated time from 9.5 times mAs of the respective 2-factor technique, max. 4s
- Backup time TDC: Exposure time set 0.3 ... 6s

This additional precaution can be switched OFF for both techniques individually in the menu:
Program / Dose Rate Control / Image, Fault & CONT / Fault Exposure Detection/CONT / AEC or TDC

For details see section “FAULT FINDING”, chapter “OPTIMUS AEC switch-OFF philosophy”.

This monitoring does not take effect in the following cases, irrespective of the program setting:

- When screen/film combinations with high-speed are used in AEC technique.
- When the exposure time in TDC technique is shorter than 1s.

8.5. Application limits

8.5.1. X-mode limits

- Select menu:
  Program / Application limits / X-Mode

Limit values can be defined for all available techniques. Some values look as if they are out of limit which they are indeed, but there are additional basic limit values programmed in the generator firmware. These are exposure technique dependent.

Example: ”Falling load” technique

X-ray mode:	AEC falling load kV
Min. time limit [ms]:	[1.00]
Max. time limit [ms]:	[60000.00]
Min. current time product limit [mAs]:	[0.001]
Max. current time product limit [mAs]:	[580.000]

Min. time limit [ms]: Is always 1ms for all non-AEC (automatic exposure control) techniques. Exposures with AEC might be switched shorter than 1ms.

Max. time limit [ms]: Basic limits are technique dependent and cannot be changed or increased:

AEC falling load	kV	4000ms
AEC fixed current	kV-mA	4000ms
TDC (tomo density control)		6000ms
	kV-mA-ms	16000ms
Free techniques	kV-mAs	16000ms
	kV-mAs-ms	16000ms

Min. current time product limit [mAs]: The smallest mAs-product is 0.5mAs. AEC exposures with less than 0.5mAs are possible.

Max. current time product limit [mAs]: The default mAs-product is 580mAs for all AEC-techniques. 850mAs is the absolute limit the generator terminates.

NOTE

Local limits have to be taken into consideration.

8.5.2. Thoravision limits

The kV-dependent mAs limits can be accessed via the menu:
Program / Applications limits / Thoravision

They are activated only in conjunction with an online Thoravision unit.
A change may only be made if instructed to do so by the service center.

Reference files on floppy disk: – ref_limx.tdl X-ray limits

Reference files on system disk Thoravision: – TH_LI128.tdl
– TH_LI64.tdl
– TH_LI32.tdl = ref_limt.tdl

8.6. Human interface

NOTE

The Optimus generator of this system might has been delivered without APR option.
Before spending time trying to load APR check:

AGenT
>> Fault find
>> Power ON Results
>> Options
>> APR disabled: [No]
APR disabled: [Yes] = No APR possible

If APR is possible order
MGR 0011 (change of an existing configuration)
MGR 2181 APR
with the generator serial number.

A maximum of up to 1024 APRs can be stored in the generator.

On a single RGDV button either up to 80 APRs can be programmed directly (10 pages of 8 each) or up to 400 APRs via menus.

The initial data sets are called ### APR name ### and they all have the same exposure parameters.

They can be directly assigned or via menu and submenu levels to registration devices RGDV 1 ... 8.

In case TEST APR is displayed after selection of a registration device, at least this particular registration device has not been assigned to any APR.

The modification of the APR data takes place via the APR Manager which is contained in the Customer Services Zeppelin Toolbox.

8.6.1. Language

- Assign the desired language.
  Select menu:
  P*rogram / Human Interface / Language / Select Language*

A language menu appears:

- English
- German
- French
- Spanish

- Select the desired language.
- Reset the generator.

A table lists which characters can be displayed on the control desk and how they can be indicated/entered at the service PC, e.g. for APR names, see drawing 2Z-3 “List of characters”.

Certain characters can be generated at the PC only via the decimal code. To do so, push the **<ALT>** key on the PC and enter the numerical code.

8.7. Option: Tomo density control TDC

For this exposure technique the APRs must have the following programming:

- Dose measurement field: ON (at least 1 field must be set to ON)
- Preferred technique: automatic
- AEC technique: TDC
- No AEC technique: kV-mAs-ms technique (RUQT) or kV-mA-ms (RUIT)
- Exposure data U: = anatomical kV
- Exposure data Q/I: = anatomical mAs/mA product based on the screen/film combination used
- Exposure time t: = anatomical exposure time

The mAs product is used to calculate the start current, indicated under “Exposure data I”.
In the APR files supplied all the APRs for tomography applications are programmed to TDC. If there is no TDC option installed, the manual technique is selected as the preferred technique automatically.

TDC is not restricted to tomography applications only so it can be preferred for all exposures where exposure time is the determining factor.

The respective mAs product is generally based on a 400-type screen/film combination and must be adapted to the combinations actually used.
E. g.: If a 200-type combination is used, the mAs product must be doubled.

8.8. Option: Area dose calculator

This option operates in conjunction with a unit and a collimator which are CAN-controlled and supply information about SID, collimation and added filters only.

See section 6: ADJUSTMENTS
chapter 1.x: Checking / Correction

8.9. Acceptance test

- Execute the acceptance test.
  See section 7: ACCEPTANCE
- Observe all applicable national regulations.

For U.S.A applications check the H.H.S. requirements!

After completition of setting-to-work, the system must be tested for H.H.S. compliance according the P.M.S.I. comprehensive compliance testing workbook: Numeric code 4535 800 2035x.

8.10. Interlock facility for APR modification

- Select menu:
  Program / Human Interface / APR Data Modification

  It is possible to prevent a customer from being able to store APR modifications as default setting via the control desk.

  Default: YES

8.11. Backup of all configuration data

CAUTION

Connection between service PC and generator must be established.
For the backup of data the service PC must be operated on mains. It must not be operated with batteries.
The screensaver must be deactivated.

A hardware security device (parallel port key or smart card, PMS security) is required for the PC.

To save the configuration data use the a floppy disk.

- Save the complete SW programming of the generator on the floppy disk by using the menu:
  Acceptance / Backup

NOTE

Pay attention to the rules of "PC and generator settings to avoid problems during up/downloading of CU complete files" described in chapter 7.1 of this section.

A disk space of 700 kByte is required.
It takes about 8 minutes to save the data to the disk.

The default backup name:
CUBACKUP.TDL
can be changed into any other file name.

The path (harddisk) is automatically taken into account.

It is also possible to type:
A:\"filename" <RETURN>
to load the backup files directly to the floppy disk.

9. Labels

- Check the labeling according to the respective generator type.

See drawing 2Z-10 “Labeling”.

All lables become visible by swiveling out the label bracket simply by hand and without any tool. The bracket is located at the top left corner of the front side of the cabinet, visibly marked by an ”i” (for information) and text ”Certified Component Labels Here”. If the label bracket is swiveled 90 degrees to the right the following labels appear at its bottom side:

- X-ray control:
  - type designation
  - serial No.
  - name and address of manufacturer
  - DHHS certification statement (if necessary)
  - date of manufacture
- X-ray H.V. generator:
  - type designation
  - serial No.
  - name and address of manufacturer
  - DHHS certification statement (if necessary)
  - date of manufacture
- Technical data label with UL / CSA classification (if necessary)

10. Final installation work

- Install the side panels of the generator cabinet.
- Take care that all cables inside the wall junction box are routed in **closed** loops without any kinks.
  Push the generator cabinet against the wall.

WARNING

Block the two front wheels of the cabinet with the locking screws to guarantee that unauthorized persons cannot accidentally touch parts of the generator which might be dangerous.

- If necessary, level the cabinet with the locking screws.
- Install the front cover of the generator.

4512-983-05591_010

RGDV programming

2Z-2.0

- Name : -								
Data Set A : Desk :	RGDV1	RGDV2	RGDV3	RGDV4	RGDV5	RGDV6	RGDV7	RGDV8
- Room :								
- Tube :								
- Release circuit number :								
- Enable handswitch at generator desk :								
- Syncmaster present :								
- Exposure switch type :								
- Bucky format density correction :								
- Cone density correction :								
- Dose measurement input :								
- Dose measurement sensor :								
- Exposure series/Tomo movement (No break after exposure end):								
- Release delay :								
- Mounted radiographical controller :								
- Release circuit adaptation unit :								
- Mounted tomo extension :								
- Medium II format kV correction (dose equiv. steps) :								
- Medium II format density correction (6% steps) :								
- Medium II format mAs correction (6% steps) :								
- Small II format kV correction (dose equiv. steps) :								
- Small II format density correction (6% steps) :								
- Small II format mAs correction (6% steps) :								
Data Set B :								
- Used for tomo :								
- Used for fluoroscopy :								
- CT add on :								
- Disable time override :								
- Tube power factor :								
- kV steps :								
- mAs steps :								
- mA steps :								
- time steps :								
- Density steps :								
- Density correction (6% steps) :								
- Underexposure display :								
- Tube overload protection :								

Bucky / Scopo 1WB / Decade Bucky 1 (WBX11) :		**Bucky / Tomo 1WA : Decade Bucky 1/2**	**WAX11**	**WAX12**	**Bucky / Tomo 1WA \ Tomo time [s] :**			
Bucky RGDV :	RGDV1 [ ] RGDV2 [ ] RGDV3 [ ] RGDV4 [ ] RGDV5 [ ] RGDV6 [ ] RGDV7 [ ] RGDV8 [ ]	Tomo mode switch			Tomo time 1 :		Tomo time 5 :	
		Bucky RGDV - switch related			Tomo time 2 :		Tomo time 6 :	
		Bucky RGDV			Tomo time 3 :		Tomo time 7 :	
		Bucky RGDV			Tomo time 4 :		Tomo time 8 :	
		Tomo RGDV - switch related			Time setting for input at WA X21:1 8			
For WBX11 : 9 --10 (ready) und 1--2 (format size correction contact)		*Tomo mode switch : X11:3 SL_XG_TO / Bucky RGDV : X11:1 Format + :10 Bucky ready / Tomo RGDV : X11:1 Format + :5 Tomo ready switch related X11:3 --> Bucky - Tomo remote switchover RGDVs*						

4512-983-05611_2Z-2_2_a010

- *Bucky Diagnost TH with Bucky-Controller* - *D76 : Exposure Scopo / BV-DSI*	*Name :*	Bucky	Tomo	Bucky wall stand	Free cassette	D 76 Scopo	D 76 BV - DSI		
Data Set A :	Desk :	RGDV1	RGDV2	RGDV3	RGDV4	RGDV5	RGDV6	RGDV7	RGDV8
- Room :		1	1	1	1	1	1		
- Tube :		1	1	1	1	2	2		
- Release circuit number :		do not care	do not care	do not care	do not care	1	2		
- Enable handswitch at generator desk :		yes	yes	yes	yes	no	no		
- Syncmaster present :		yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes		
- Exposure switch type :		double step	double step	double step	double step	double step	double step		
- Bucky format density correction :		0	0	0	0	0	0		
- Cone density correction :		0	0	0	0	0	0		
- Dose measurement input :		EZ X21	none / [EZ X21]	EZ X31	none	EZ X22	EZ X41		
- Dose measurement sensor :		Bucky amplimat	Bucky amplimat	Bucky amplimat	(Bucky amplimat)	Scopo amplimat	photo sensor / amplimat input		
- Exposure series/Tomo movement :		no	no	no	no	yes	yes		
- Release delay :		enable	enable	enable	enable	enable	enable		
- Mounted radiographical controller :		Bucky contr. 1 / DigitalDiagnost	Bucky contr. 1 / DigitalDiagnost	Bucky contr. 1 / DigitalDiagnost	Bucky contr. 1 / DigitalDiagnost	none	none		
- Release circuit adaptation unit :		none	none	none	none	1WB	1WB		
- Mounted tomo extension :		none	none	none	none	none	none		
- Medium II format kV correction (dose equiv. steps) :		0	0	0	0	0	0 [1)]		
- Medium II format density correction (6% steps) :		0	0	0	0	0	0 [1)]		
- Medium II format mAs correction (6% steps) :		0	0	0	0	0	0 [1)]		
- Small II format kV correction (dose equiv. steps) :		0	0	0	0	0	0 [1)]		
- Small II format density correction (6% steps) :		0	0	0	0	0	0 [1)]		
- Small II format mAs correction (6% steps) :		0	0	0	0	0	0 [1)]		
Data Set B :									
- Used for tomo :		no	yes	no	no	no	no		
- Used for fluoroscopy :		no	no	no	no	yes	yes		
- CT add on :		no	no	no	no	no	no		
- Disable time override :		no	no	no	no	no	no		
- Tube power factor :		100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %		
- kV steps :		Dose equiv. [1)]	Dose equiv. [1)]	Dose equiv. [1)]	Dose equiv. [1)]	Dose equiv. [1)]	Dose equiv. [1)]		
- mAs steps :		25 % [1)]	25 % [1)]	25 % [1)]	25 % [1)]	25 % [1)]	25 % [1)]		
- mA steps :		25 % [1)]	25 % [1)]	25 % [1)]	25 % [1)]	25 % [1)]	25 % [1)]		
- time steps :		25 % [1)]	25 % [1)]	25 % [1)]	25 % [1)]	25 % [1)]	25 % [1)]		
- Density steps :		12 % [1)]	12 % [1)]	12 % [1)]	12 %	12 % [1)]	12 %		
- Density correction (6% steps) :		0	0	0	0	0	0		
- Underexposure display :		yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes		
- Tube overload protection :		on	on	on	on	on	on		

Bucky / Scopo 1WB / Decade Bucky 1 (WBX11) :		~~**Bucky / Tomo 1WA : Decade Bucky 1/2**~~	~~**WAX11**~~	~~**WAX12**~~	~~**Bucky / Tomo 1WA \ Tomo time [s] :**~~			
Bucky RGDV :	RGDV1 [ ] RGDV2 [ ] RGDV3 [ ] RGDV4 [ ] **RGDV5 [x] RGDV6 [x]** RGDV7 [ ] RGDV8 [ ]	Tomo mode switch	----	----	Tomo time 1 :	----	Tomo time 5:	----
		Bucky RGDV - switch related	----	----	Tomo time 2 :	----	Tomo time 6 :	----
		Bucky RGDV	----	----	Tomo time 3 :	----	Tomo time 7 :	----
		Bucky RGDV	----	----	Tomo time 4 :	----	Tomo time 8 :	----
		Tomo RGDV - switch related	----	----	Time setting for input at WA X21:1 8			
For WBX11 : 9 --10 (ready) und 1--2 (format size correction contact)		*Tomo mode switch : X11:3 SL_XG_TO / Bucky RGDV : X11:1 Format + :10 Bucky ready / Tomo RGDV : X11:1 Format + :5 Tomo ready switch related X11:3 --> Bucky - Tomo remote switchover RGDVs*						

1) = has to be adjustet on site

[ ] = TDC

(a/01.0)

RGDV programming: example 2

2Z-2.2

4512-983-05631_2Z-2_4_a010

HDH : *without / [with tomo time input]* ***Name :***	Bucky	Tomo	Bucky wall stand	Free cassette	Free cassette USA			
Data Set A : Desk :	RGDV1	RGDV2	RGDV3	RGDV4	RGDV4	RGDV6	RGDV7	RGDV8
- Room :	1	1	1	1	1			
- Tube :	1	1	1	1	1			
- Release circuit number :	1	1	3	(4)	4			
- Enable handswitch at generator desk :	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes			
- Syncmaster present :	yes	yes	yes	no	yes			
- Exposure switch type :	double step	double step	double step	double step	double step			
- Bucky format density correction :	0	0	0	0	0			
- Cone density correction :	0	0	0	0	0			
- Dose measurement input :	EZ X21	none / [EZ X21]	EZ X31	none	none			
- Dose measurement sensor :	Bucky amplimat	Bucky amplimat	Bucky amplimat	(Bucky amplimat)	(Bucky amplimat)			
- Exposure series / Tomo movement :	no	yes	no	no	no			
- Release delay :	enable	enable	enable	enable	enable			
- Mounted radiographical controller :	none	none	none	none	none			
- Release circuit adaptation unit :	1WA	1WA	1WA	none	1WA			
- Mounted tomo extension :	none	none (1WA)	none	none	none			
- Medium II format kV correction (dose equiv. steps) :	0	0	0	0	0			
- Medium II format density correction (6% steps) :	0	0	0	0	0			
- Medium II format mAs correction (6% steps) :	0	0	0	0	0			
- Small II format kV correction (dose equiv. steps) :	0	0	0	0	0			
- Small II format density correction (6% steps) :	0	0	0	0	0			
- Small II format mAs correction (6% steps) :	0	0	0	0	0			
Data Set B :								
- Used for tomo :	no	no (yes)	no	no	no			
- Used for fluoroscopy :	no	no	no	no	no			
- CT add on :	no	no	no	no	no			
- Disable time override :	no	no	no	no	no			
- Tube power factor :	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %			
- kV steps :	Dose equiv. 1)	Dose equiv. 1)	Dose equiv. 1)	Dose equiv. 1)	Dose equiv. 1)			
- mAs steps :	25 % 1)	25 % 1)	25 % 1)	25 % 1)	25 % 1)			
- mA steps :	25 % 1)	25 % 1)	25 % 1)	25 % 1)	25 % 1)			
- time steps :	25 % 1)	25 % 1)	25 % 1)	25 % 1)	25 % 1)			
- Density steps :	12 % 1)	12 % 1)	12 % 1)	12 %	12 %			
- Density correction (6% steps) :	0	0	0	0	0			
- Underexposure display :	yes	no	yes	yes	yes			
- Tube overload protection :	on	on	on	on	on			

~~**Bucky / Scopo 1WB / Decade Bucky 1 (WBX11) :**~~		**Bucky / Tomo 1WA : Decade Bucky 1/2**	**WAX11**	**WAX12**	**Bucky / Tomo 1WA \ Tomo time [s] :**			
Bucky RGDV :	RGDV1 [ ] RGDV2 [ ] RGDV3 [ ] RGDV4 [ ] RGDV5 [ ] RGDV6 [ ] RGDV7 [ ] RGDV8 [ ]	Tomo mode switch	dis(en)able	disable	Tomo time 1 :	0,8	Tomo time 5 :	0,1
		Bucky RGDV - switch related	RGDV 1	none	Tomo time 2 :	3,2	Tomo time 6 :	0,1
		Bucky RGDV	RGDV 3	none	Tomo time 3 :	0,8	Tomo time 7 :	0,1
		Bucky RGDV	none	none	Tomo time 4 :	3,2	Tomo time 8 :	0,1
		Tomo RGDV - switch related	RGDV 2	none	Time setting for input at WA X21:1 8			
For WBX11 : 9 --10 (ready) und 1--2 (format size correction contact)		*Tomo mode switch : X11:3 SL_XG_TO / Bucky RGDV : X11:1 Format + :10 Bucky ready / Tomo RGDV : X11:1 Format + :5 Tomo ready switch related X11:3 --> Bucky - Tomo remote switchover RGDVs*						

1) = has to be adjustet on site

[ ] = TDC

RGDV programming: example 4

BuckyDIAGNOST with Bucky-Controller TH / TH2 / DigitalDiagnost ***Name :***	Bucky	Tomo	Bucky wall stand	Free cassette				
Data Set A : Desk :	RGDV1	RGDV2	RGDV3	RGDV4	RGDV5	RGDV6	RGDV7	RGDV8
- Room :	1	1	1	1				
- Tube :	1	1	1	1				
- Release circuit number :	do not care	do not care	do not care	do not care				
- Enable handswitch at generator desk :	yes	yes	yes	yes				
- Syncmaster present :	yes	yes	yes	yes				
- Exposure switch type :	double step	double step	double step	double step				
- Bucky format density correction :	0	0	0	0				
- Cone density correction :	0	0	0	0				
- Dose measurement input :	EZ X21	none / [EZ X21]	EZ X31	none				
- Dose measurement sensor :	Bucky amplimat	Bucky amplimat	Bucky amplimat	(Bucky amplimat)				
- Exposure series / Tomo movement :	no	no	no	no				
- Release delay :	enable	enable	enable	enable				
- Mounted radiographical controller :	Bucky contr. 1 / DigitalDiagnost	Bucky contr. 1 / DigitalDiagnost	Bucky contr. 1 / DigitalDiagnost	Bucky contr. 1 / DigitalDiagnost				
- Release circuit adaptation unit :	none	none	none	none				
- Mounted tomo extension :	none	none	none	none				
- Medium II format kV correction (dose equiv. steps) :	0	0	0	0				
- Medium II format density correction (6% steps) :	0	0	0	0				
- Medium II format mAs correction (6% steps) :	0	0	0	0				
- Small II format kV correction (dose equiv. steps) :	0	0	0	0				
- Small II format density correction (6% steps) :	0	0	0	0				
- Small II format mAs correction (6% steps) :	0	0	0	0				
Data Set B :								
- Used for tomo :	no	yes	no	no				
- Used for fluoroscopy :	no	no	no	no				
- CT add on :	no	no	no	no				
- Disable time override :	no	no	no	no				
- Tube power factor :	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %				
- kV steps :	Dose equiv. 1)	Dose equiv. 1)	Dose equiv. 1)	Dose equiv. 1)				
- mAs steps :	25 % 1)	25 % 1)	25 % 1)	25 % 1)				
- mA steps :	25 % 1)	25 % 1)	25 % 1)	25 % 1)				
- time steps :	25 % 1)	25 % 1)	25 % 1)	25 % 1)				
- Density steps :	12 % 1)	12 % 1)	12 % 1)	12 %				
- Density correction (6% steps) :	0	0	0	0				
- Underexposure display :	yes	yes	yes	yes				
- Tube overload protection :	on	on	on	on				

~~Bucky / Scopo 1WB / Decade Bucky 1 (WBX11) :~~		~~Bucky / Tomo 1WA : Decade Bucky 1/2~~	~~WAX11~~	~~WAX12~~	~~Bucky / Tomo time~~			
Bucky RGDV :	RGDV1 [ ] RGDV2 [ ] RGDV3 [ ] RGDV4 [ ] RGDV5 [ ] RGDV6 [ ] RGDV7 [ ] RGDV8 [ ]	Tomo mode switch	----	----	Tomo time 1 :	----	Tomo time 5:	----
		Bucky RGDV - switch related	----	----	Tomo time 2 :	----	Tomo time 6 :	----
		Bucky RGDV	----	----	Tomo time 3 :	----	Tomo time 7 :	----
		Bucky RGDV	----	----	Tomo time 4 :	----	Tomo time 8 :	----
		Tomo RGDV - switch related	----	----	Time setting for input at WA X21:1 8			
For WBX11 : 9 - -10 (ready) und 1- -2 (format size correction contact)		*Tomo mode switch : X11:3 SL_XG_TO / Bucky RGDV : X11:1 Format + :10 Bucky ready / Tomo RGDV : X11:1 Format + :5 Tomo ready switch related X11:3 - -> Bucky - Tomo remote switchover RGDVs*						

1) = has to be adjustet on site

[ ] = TDC

RGDV programming: example 5

BuckyDIAGNOST TS	***Name :***	Bucky	Tomo	Bucky wall stand	Free cassette				
Data Set A :	Desk :	RGDV1	RGDV2	RGDV3	RGDV4	RGDV5	RGDV6	RGDV7	RGDV8
- Room :		1	1	1	1				
- Tube :		1	1	1	1				
- Release circuit number :		1	1	2	(1)				
- Enable handswitch at generator desk :		yes	yes	yes	yes				
- Syncmaster present :		yes	yes	yes	no				
- Exposure switch type :		double step	double step	double step	double step				
- Bucky format density correction :		0	0	0	0				
- Cone density correction :		0	0	0	0				
- Dose measurement input :		EZ X21	none / [EZX21]	EZ X31	none				
- Dose measurement sensor :		Bucky amplimat	Bucky amplimat	Bucky amplimat	Bucky amplimat				
- Exposure series / Tomo movement :		no	yes	no	no				
- Release delay :		enable	enable	enable	enable				
- Mounted radiographical controller :		none	none	none	none				
- Release circuit adaptation unit :		1WA	1WA	1WA	none				
- Mounted tomo extension :		none	1WA	none	none				
- Medium II format kV correction (dose equiv. steps) :		0	0	0	0				
- Medium II format density correction (6% steps) :		0	0	0	0				
- Medium II format mAs correction (6% steps) :		0	0	0	0				
- Small II format kV correction (dose equiv. steps) :		0	0	0	0				
- Small II format density correction (6% steps) :		0	0	0	0				
- Small II format mAs correction (6% steps) :		0	0	0	0				
Data Set B :									
- Used for tomo :		no	yes	no	no				
- Used for fluoroscopy :		no	no	no	no				
- CT add on :		no	no	no	no				
- Disable time override :		no	no	no	no				
- Tube power factor :		100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %				
- kV steps :		Dose equiv. 1)	Dose equiv. 1)	Dose equiv. 1)	Dose eqiv. 1)				
- mAs steps :		25 % 1)	25 % 1)	25 % 1)	25 % 1)				
- mA steps :		25 % 1)	25 % 1)	25 % 1)	25 % 1)				
- time steps :		25 % 1)	25 % 1)	25 % 1)	25 % 1)				
- Density steps :		12 % 1)	12 % 1)	12 % 1)	12 %				
- Density correction (6% steps) :		0	0	0	0				
- Underexposure display :		yes	no	yes	yes				
- Tube overload protection :		on	on	on	on				

~~**Bucky / Scopo 1WB / Decade Bucky 1 (WBX11) :**~~		**Bucky / Tomo 1WA : Decade Bucky 1/2**	**WAX11**	**WAX12**	**~~Bucky / Tomo time~~**			
Bucky RGDV :	RGDV1 [ ] RGDV2 [ ] RGDV3 [ ] RGDV4 [ ] ~~RGDV5 [ ] RGDV6 [ ] RGDV7 [ ] RGDV8 [ ]~~	Tomo mode switch	enable	----	Tomo time 1 :	----	Tomo time 5:	----
		Bucky RGDV - switch related	RGDV1	----	Tomo time 2 :	----	Tomo time 6 :	----
		Bucky RGDV	none	----	Tomo time 3 :	----	Tomo time 7 :	----
		Bucky RGDV	none	----	Tomo time 4 :	----	Tomo time 8 :	----
		Tomo RGDV - switch related	RGDV2	----	Time setting for input at WA X21:1 8			
For WBX11 : 9 --10 (ready) und 1--2 (format size correction contact)		*Tomo mode switch : X11:3 SL_XG_TO / Bucky RGDV : X11:1 Format + :10 Bucky ready / Tomo RGDV : X11:1 Format + :5 Tomo ready switch related X11:3 --> Bucky - Tomo remote switchover RGDVs*						

1) = has to be adjustet on site

[ ] = TDC

RGDV programming: example 6

4512-983-05671_2Z-2_8_010

RGDV programming: example 8

2Z-2.8

BuckyDIAGNOST TH any version with Bucky-Controller Generotor equipped with / without decade adapt. unit WA Aux. for MCS (only) = RGDV4 combined with free cassette ***Name :***	Bucky	Tomo	Bucky wall stand	Free cassette	MCS			
Data Set A : Desk :	RGDV1	RGDV2	RGDV3	RGDV4	RGDV4	RGDV6	RGDV7	RGDV8
- Room :	1	1	1	1	1			
- Tube :	1	1	1	1	1			
- Release circuit number :	1	1	1	1	1			
- Enable handswitch at generator desk :	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes			
- Syncmaster present :	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes			
- Exposure switch type :	double step	double step	double step	double step	double step			
- Bucky format density correction :	0	0	0	0	0			
- Cone density correction :	0	0	0	0	0			
- Dose measurement input :	EZ X21	none / [EZ X21]	EZ X31	none	EZ X22			
- Dose measurement sensor :	Bucky amplimat	Bucky amplimat	Bucky amplimat	(Bucky amplimat)	Bucky amplimat			
- Exposure series / Tomo movement :	no	no	no	no	no			
- Release delay :	enable	enable	enable	enable	enable			
- Mounted radiographical controller :	Bucky contr. 1 / DigitalDiagnost	Bucky contr. 1 / DigitalDiagnost	Bucky contr. 1 / DigitalDiagnost	Bucky contr. 1 / DigitalDiagnost	Bucky contr. 1 / DigitalDiagnost			
- Release circuit adaptation unit :	none	none	none	none	none			
- Mounted tomo extension :	none	none	none	none	none			
- Medium II format kV correction (dose equiv. steps) :	0	0	0	0	0			
- Medium II format density correction (6% steps) :	0	0	0	0	0			
- Medium II format mAs correction (6% steps) :	0	0	0	0	0			
- Small II format kV correction (dose equiv. steps) :	0	0	0	0	0			
- Small II format density correction (6% steps) :	0	0	0	0	0			
- Small II format mAs correction (6% steps) :	0	0	0	0	0			
Data Set B :								
- Used for tomo :	no	yes	no	no	no			
- Used for fluoroscopy :	no	no	no	no	no			
- CT add on :	no	no	no	no	no			
- Disable time override :	no	no	no	no	no			
- Tube power factor :	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %			
- kV steps :	Dose equiv. 1)	Dose equiv. 1)	Dose equiv. 1)	Dose equiv. 1)	Dose equiv. 1)			
- mAs steps :	25 % 1)	25 % 1)	25 % 1)	25 % 1)	25 % 1)			
- mA steps :	25 % 1)	25 % 1)	25 % 1)	25 % 1)	25 % 1)			
- time steps :	25 % 1)	25 % 1)	25 % 1)	25 % 1)	25 % 1)			
- Density steps :	12 % 1)	12 % 1)	12 % 1)	12 %	12 % 1)			
- Density correction (6% steps) :	0	0	0	0	0			
- Underexposure display :	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes			
- Tube overload protection :	on	on	on	on	on			

~~**Bucky / Scopo 1WB / Decade Bucky 1 (WBX11) :**~~		~~**Bucky / Tomo 1WA : Decade Bucky 1/2**~~	~~**WAX11**~~	~~**WAX12**~~	~~**Bucky / Tomo time**~~			
Bucky RGDV :	RGDV1 [ ] RGDV2 [ ] RGDV3 [ ] RGDV4 [ ] RGDV5 [ ] RGDV6 [ ] RGDV7 [ ] RGDV8 [ ]	Tomo mode switch	----	----	Tomo time 1 :	----	Tomo time 5:	----
		Bucky RGDV - switch related	----	----	Tomo time 2 :	----	Tomo time 6 :	----
		Bucky RGDV	----	----	Tomo time 3 :	----	Tomo time 7 :	----
		Bucky RGDV	----	----	Tomo time 4 :	----	Tomo time 8 :	----
		Tomo RGDV - switch related	----	----	Time setting for input at WA X21:1 8			
For WBX11 : 9 --10 (ready) und 1--2 (format size correction contact)		*Tomo mode switch : X11:3 SL_XG_TO / Bucky RGDV : X11:1 Format + :10 Bucky ready / Tomo RGDV : X11:1 Format + :5 Tomo ready switch related X11:3 --> Bucky - Tomo remote switchover RGDVs*						

1) = has to be adjustet on site

[ ] = TDC

BuckyDIAGNOST TH any version ***Name :*** ***Generotor equipped with / without decade adapt. unit WA*** ***Aux. for MCS (only) = any of RGDV5 ... 8***	Bucky	Tomo	Bucky wall stand	Free cassette				MCS
Data Set A : Desk :	RGDV1	RGDV2	RGDV3	RGDV4	RGDV5	RGDV6	RGDV7	RGDV8
- Room :	1	1	1	1				1
- Tube :	1	1	1	1				1
- Release circuit number :	1	1	1	1				1
- Enable handswitch at generator desk :	yes	yes	yes	yes				yes
- Syncmaster present :	yes	yes	yes	yes				no
- Exposure switch type :	double step	double step	double step	double step				double step
- Bucky format density correction :	0	0	0	0				0
- Cone density correction :	0	0	0	0				0
- Dose measurement input :	EZ X21	none / [EZ X21]	EZ X31	none				EZ X22
- Dose measurement sensor :	Bucky amplimat	Bucky amplimat	Bucky amplimat	(Bucky amplimat)				Bucky amplimat
- Exposure series / Tomo movement :	no	no	no	no				no
- Release delay :	enable	enable	enable	enable				enable
- Mounted radiographical controller :	Bucky contr. 1 / DigitalDiagnost	Bucky contr. 1 / DigitalDiagnost	Bucky contr. 1 / DigitalDiagnost	Bucky contr. 1 / DigitalDiagnost				none
- Release circuit adaptation unit :	none	none	none	none				none
- Mounted tomo extension :	none	none	none	none				none
- Medium II format kV correction (dose equiv. steps) :	0	0	0	0				0
- Medium II format density correction (6% steps) :	0	0	0	0				0
- Medium II format mAs correction (6% steps) :	0	0	0	0				0
- Small II format kV correction (dose equiv. steps) :	0	0	0	0				0
- Small II format density correction (6% steps) :	0	0	0	0				0
- Small II format mAs correction (6% steps) :	0	0	0	0				0
Data Set B :								
- Used for tomo :	no	yes	no	no				no
- Used for fluoroscopy :	no	no	no	no				no
- CT add on :	no	no	no	no				no
- Disable time override :	no	no	no	no				no
- Tube power factor :	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %				100 %
- kV steps :	Dose equiv. 1)	Dose equiv. 1)	Dose equiv. 1)	Dose equiv. 1)				Dose equiv. 1)
- mAs steps :	25 % 1)	25 % 1)	25 % 1)	25 % 1)				25 % 1)
- mA steps :	25 % 1)	25 % 1)	25 % 1)	25 % 1)				25 % 1)
- time steps :	25 % 1)	25 % 1)	25 % 1)	25 % 1)				25 % 1)
- Density steps :	12 % 1)	12 % 1)	12 % 1)	12 %				12 % 1)
- Density correction (6% steps) :	0	0	0	0				0
- Underexposure display :	yes	yes	yes	yes				yes
- Tube overload protection :	on	on	on	on				on

~~Bucky / Scopo 1WB / Decade Bucky 1 (WBX11) :~~		~~Bucky / Tomo 1WA : Decade Bucky 1/2~~	~~WAX11~~	~~WAX12~~	~~Bucky / Tomo time~~			
Bucky RGDV :	RGDV1 [ ] RGDV2 [ ] RGDV3 [ ] RGDV4 [ ] ~~RGDV5 [ ] RGDV6 [ ] RGDV7 [ ]~~ RGDV8 [ ]	Tomo mode switch	----	----	Tomo time 1 :	----	Tomo time 5:	----
		Bucky RGDV - switch related	----	----	Tomo time 2 :	----	Tomo time 6 :	----
		Bucky RGDV	----	----	Tomo time 3 :	----	Tomo time 7 :	----
		Bucky RGDV	----	----	Tomo time 4 :	----	Tomo time 8 :	----
		Tomo RGDV - switch related	----	----	Time setting for input at WA X21:1 8			
For WBX11 : 9 --10 (ready) und 1--2 (format size correction contact)		*Tomo mode switch : X11:3 SL_XG_TO / Bucky RGDV : X11:1 Format + :10 Bucky ready / Tomo RGDV : X11:1 Format + :5 Tomo ready switch related X11:3 --> Bucky - Tomo remote switchover RGDVs*						

1) = has to be adjustet on site

[ ] = TDC

RGDV programming: example 9

2Z-2.9

(01.0)

4512 983 05681

(01.0)

RGDV programming: example 10

2Z-2.10

BuckyDIAGNOST TH any version ***Name :*** ***Generotor equipped with / without decade adapt. unit WA*** ***Aux. for TraumaDiagnost (only) = any of RGDV5 ... 8*** ***Aux. RGDV1 ... 4 must not be used with a Bucky TH stystem via CAN***	Bucky	Tomo	Bucky wall stand	Free cassette				Trauma
Data Set A : Desk :	RGDV1	RGDV2	RGDV3	RGDV4	RGDV5	RGDV6	RGDV7	RGDV8
- Room :	1	1	1	1				1
- Tube :	1	1	1	1				2
- Release circuit number :	1	1	1	1				1
- Enable handswitch at generator desk :	yes	yes	yes	yes				yes
- Syncmaster present :	yes	yes	yes	yes				no
- Exposure switch type :	double step	double step	double step	double step				double step
- Bucky format density correction :	0	0	0	0				0
- Cone density correction :	0	0	0	0				0
- Dose measurement input :	EZ X21	none / [EZ X21]	EZ X31	none				EZ X22
- Dose measurement sensor :	Bucky amplimat	Bucky amplimat	Bucky amplimat	(Bucky amplimat)				Scopo amplimat
- Exposure series / Tomo movement :	no	no	no	no				no
- Release delay :	enable	enable	enable	enable				enable
- Mounted radiographical controller :	Bucky contr. 1 / DigitalDiagnost	Bucky contr. 1 / DigitalDiagnost	Bucky contr. 1 / DigitalDiagnost	Bucky contr. 1 / DigitalDiagnost				none
- Release circuit adaptation unit :	none	none	none	none				none
- Mounted tomo extension :	none	none	none	none				none
- Medium II format kV correction (dose equiv. steps) :	0	0	0	0				0
- Medium II format density correction (6% steps) :	0	0	0	0				0
- Medium II format mAs correction (6% steps) :	0	0	0	0				0
- Small II format kV correction (dose equiv. steps) :	0	0	0	0				0
- Small II format density correction (6% steps) :	0	0	0	0				0
- Small II format mAs correction (6% steps) :	0	0	0	0				0
Data Set B :								
- Used for tomo :	no	yes	no	no				no
- Used for fluoroscopy :	no	no	no	no				yes
- CT add on :	no	no	no	no				no
- Disable time override :	no	no	no	no				no
- Tube power factor :	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %				100 %
- kV steps :	Dose equiv. 1)	Dose equiv. 1)	Dose equiv. 1)	Dose equiv. 1)				Dose equiv. 1)
- mAs steps :	25 % 1)	25 % 1)	25 % 1)	25 % 1)				25 % 1)
- mA steps :	25 % 1)	25 % 1)	25 % 1)	25 % 1)				25 % 1)
- time steps :	25 % 1)	25 % 1)	25 % 1)	25 % 1)				25 % 1)
- Density steps :	12 % 1)	12 % 1)	12 % 1)	12 %				12 % 1)
- Density correction (6% steps) :	0	0	0	0				0
- Underexposure display :	yes	yes	yes	yes				yes
- Tube overload protection :	on	on	on	on				on

~~Bucky / Scopo 1WB / Decade Bucky 1 (WBX11) :~~		~~Bucky / Tomo 1WA : Decade Bucky 1/2~~	~~WAX11~~	~~WAX12~~	~~Bucky / Tomo time~~			
Bucky RGDV :	RGDV1 [ ] RGDV2 [ ] RGDV3 [ ] RGDV4 [ ] RGDV5 [ ] RGDV6 [ ] RGDV7 [ ] RGDV8 [ ]	Tomo mode switch	----	----	Tomo time 1 :	----	Tomo time 5:	----
		Bucky RGDV - switch related	----	----	Tomo time 2 :	----	Tomo time 6 :	----
		Bucky RGDV	----	----	Tomo time 3 :	----	Tomo time 7 :	----
		Bucky RGDV	----	----	Tomo time 4 :	----	Tomo time 8 :	----
		Tomo RGDV - switch related	----	----	Time setting for input at WA X21:1 8			
For WBX11 : 9 --10 (ready) und 1--2 (format size correction contact)		*Tomo mode switch : X11:3 SL_XG_TO / Bucky RGDV : X11:1 Format + :10 Bucky ready / Tomo RGDV : X11:1 Format + :5 Tomo ready switch related X11:3 --> Bucky - Tomo remote switchover RGDVs*						

1) = has to be adjustet on site

[ ] = TDC

Character display on the control desk				Possible PC display (code 850)	Input at the PC
English	German	French	Spanish		
!	!	!	!	!	
#	#	£	£	#	
$	$	$	$	$	
%	%	%	%	%	
&	&	&	&	&	
’	’	’	’	’	
(	(	(	(	(	
)	)	)	)	)	
*	*	*	*	*	
+	+	+	+	+	
,	,	,	,	,	
-	-	-	-	-	
.	.	.	.	.	
/	/	/	/	/	
0	0	0	0	0	
1	1	1	1	1	
2	2	2	2	2	
3	3	3	3	3	
4	4	4	4	4	
5	5	5	5	5	
6	6	6	6	6	
7	7	7	7	7	
8	8	8	8	8	
9	9	9	9	9	
:	:	:	:	:	
;	;	;	;	;	
<	<	<	<	<	
=	=	=	=	=	
>	>	>	>	>	
?	?	?	?	?	
@	§	à	§	@	
A	A	A	A	A	
B	B	B	B	B	
C	C	C	C	C	
D	D	D	D	D	
E	E	E	E	E	
F	F	F	F	F	
G	G	G	G	G	
H	H	H	H	H	
I	I	I	I	I	
J	J	J	J	J	
K	K	K	K	K	
L	L	L	L	L	
M	M	M	M	M	
N	N	N	N	N	
O	O	O	O	O	
P	P	P	P	P	
Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	

Character display on the control desk				Possible PC display (code 850)	Input at the PC
English	German	French	Spanish		
R	R	R	R	R	
S	S	S	S	S	
T	T	T	T	T	
U	U	U	U	U	
V	V	V	V	V	
W	W	W	W	W	
X	X	X	X	X	
Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	
Z	Z	Z	Z	Z	
[	Ä	.	¡	[	
\	Ö	ç	Ñ	\	
]	Ü	§	¿	]	
^	^	^	^	^	
_	_	_	_	_	
’	’	’	’	’	
a	a	a	a	a	
b	b	b	b	b	
c	c	c	c	c	
d	d	d	d	d	
e	e	e	e	e	
f	f	f	f	f	
g	g	g	g	g	
h	h	h	h	h	
i	i	i	i	i	
j	j	j	j	j	
k	k	k	k	k	
l	l	l	l	l	
m	m	m	m	m	
n	n	n	n	n	
o	o	o	o	o	
p	p	p	p	p	
q	q	q	q	q	
r	r	r	r	r	
s	s	s	s	s	
t	t	t	t	t	
u	u	u	u	u	
v	v	v	v	v	
w	w	w	w	w	
x	x	x	x	x	
y	y	y	y	y	
z	z	z	z	z	
{	ä	é	▪	{	Alt +123
¦	ö	ù	ñ	¦	Alt +124
}	ü	é	Ç	}	Alt +125
~	ß	-	~	~	Alt +126
				Δ	Alt +127
◢	◢	◢	◢	á	Alt +160
■	■	■	■	í	Alt +161
⊢	⊢	⊢	⊢	ó	Alt +162

Character display on the control desk				Possible PC display (code 850)	Input at the PC
English	German	French	Spanish		
£	£	£	£	ú	Alt +163
▪	▪	▪	▪	ñ	Alt +164
§	§	§	§	º	Alt +167
ⅢⅢ	ⅢⅢ	ⅢⅢ	ⅢⅢ	¿	Alt +168
‖	‖	‖	‖	®	Alt +169
≣	≣	≣	≣	¬	Alt +170
≡	≡	≡	≡	½	Alt +171
					Alt +172
					Alt +173
					Alt +174
					Alt +175
°	°	°	°	▒	Alt +176
±	±	±	±	▒	Alt +177
²	²	²	²	▉	Alt +178
À	À	À	À	└	Alt +192
Á	Á	Á	Á	⊥	Alt +193
Â	Â	Â	Â	┬	Alt +194
Ã	Ã	Ã	Ã	├	Alt +195
Ä	Ä	Ä	Ä	─	Alt +196
Å	Å	Å	Å	┼	Alt +197
Æ	Æ	Æ	Æ	ã	Alt +198
Ç	Ç	Ç	Ç	Ã	Alt +199
È	È	È	È	╚	Alt +200
É	É	É	É	╔	Alt +201
Ê	Ê	Ê	Ê	╩	Alt +202
Ë	Ë	Ë	Ë	╦	Alt +203
Ì	Ì	Ì	Ì	╠	Alt +204
Í	Í	Í	Í	═	Alt +205
Î	Î	Î	Î	╬	Alt +206
Ï	Ï	Ï	Ï	¤	Alt +207
				ð	Alt +208
Ñ	Ñ	Ñ	Ñ	Ð	Alt +209
Ò	Ò	Ò	Ò	Ê	Alt +210
Ó	Ó	Ó	Ó	Ë	Alt +211
Ô	Ô	Ô	Ô	È	Alt +212
Õ	Õ	Õ	Õ	ı	Alt +213
Ö	Ö	Ö	Ö	í	Alt +214
				î	Alt +215
Ø	Ø	Ø	Ø	ï	Alt +216
Ù	Ù	Ù	Ù	┘	Alt +217
Ú	Ú	Ú	Ú	┌	Alt +218
Û	Û	Û	Û	▌	Alt +219
Ü	Ü	Ü	Ü	▄	Alt +220
Ý	Ý	Ý	Ý	¦	Alt +221
				ì	Alt +222
ß	ß	ß	ß	▀	Alt +223
à	à	à	à	Ó	Alt +224
á	á	á	á	β	Alt +225
â	â	â	â	Ô	Alt +226

Character display on the control desk				Possible PC display (code 850)	Input at the PC
English	German	French	Spanish		
ã	ã	ã	ã	Ò	Alt +227
ä	ä	ä	ä	õ	Alt +228
å	å	å	å	Õ	Alt +229
æ	æ	æ	æ	µ	Alt +230
ç	ç	ç	ç	Þ	Alt +231
è	è	è	è	þ	Alt +232
é	é	é	é	Ú	Alt +233
ê	ê	ê	ê	Û	Alt +234
ë	ë	ë	ë	Ù	Alt +235
ì	ì	ì	ì	ý	Alt +236
í	í	í	í	Ý	Alt +237
î	î	î	î	▪	Alt +238
ï	ï	ï	ï	’	Alt +239
				▪	Alt +240
ñ	ñ	ñ	ñ	±	Alt +241
ò	ò	ò	ò	=	Alt +242
ó	ó	ó	ó	¾	Alt +243
ô	ô	ô	ô	¶	Alt +244
õ	õ	õ	õ	§	Alt +245
ö	ö	ö	ö	÷	Alt +246
				¸	Alt +247
ø	ø	ø	ø	°	Alt +248
ù	ù	ù	ù	¨	Alt +249
ú	ú	ú	ú	·	Alt +250
û	û	û	û	¦	Alt +251
ü	ü	ü	ü	³	Alt +252
ý	ý	ý	ý	²	Alt +253
				▪	Alt +254
					Alt +255

List of characters

		Chamber 1	Chamber 2	Chamber 3	Chamber 4	Chamber 5
Data Set 1	Film:	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Screen:	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Chamber:	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Cassette:	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Sys.corr.:	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Corr. factor:	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Data Set 2	Film:	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Screen:	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Chamber:	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Cassette:	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Sys.corr.:	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Corr. factor:	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Data Set 3	Film:	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Screen:	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Chamber:	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Cassette:	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Sys.corr.:	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Corr. factor:	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Data Set 4	Film:	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Screen:	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Chamber:	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Cassette:	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Sys.corr.:	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Corr. factor:	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Data Set 5	Film:	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Screen:	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Chamber:	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Cassette:	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Sys.corr.:	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Corr. factor:	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

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4512-983-05771_2Z-4_970

Data sets of chambers

Device interface 1

RGDV key 1 :	
RGDV key 2 :	
RGDV	
APR 1	APR 2 ....
APR 3	APR 4 ....
APR 5	APR 6 ....

RGDV key 1 :	
RGDV key 2 :	
RGDV	
APR 1	APR 2 ....
APR 3	APR 4 ....
APR 5	APR 6 ....

RGDV key 1 :	
RGDV key 2 :	
RGDV	
APR 1	APR 2 ....
APR 3	APR 4 ....
APR 5	APR 6 ....

RGDV key 1 :	
RGDV key 2 :	
RGDV	
APR 1	APR 2 ....
APR 3	APR 4 ....
APR 5	APR 6 ....

Device interface 2

RGDV	
APR 1	APR 2 ....
APR 3	APR 4 ....
APR 5	APR 6 ....
APR 7	APR 8 ....

RGDV	
APR 1	APR 2 ....
APR 3	APR 4 ....
APR 5	APR 6 ....
APR 7	APR 8 ....

RGDV	
APR 1	APR 2 ....
APR 3	APR 4 ....
APR 5	APR 6 ....
APR 7	APR 8 ....

RGDV	
APR 1	APR 2 ....
APR 3	APR 4 ....
APR 5	APR 6 ....
APR 7	APR 8 ....

Device interface 3

RGDV key 1 :	
RGDV key 2 :	
RGDV	
APR 1	APR 2 ....
APR 3	APR 4 ....
APR 5	APR 6 ....
APR 7	APR 8 ....

RGDV key 1 :	
RGDV key 2 :	
RGDV	
APR 1	APR 2 ....
APR 3	APR 4 ....
APR 5	APR 6 ....
APR 7	APR 8 ....

RGDV key 1 :	
RGDV key 2 :	
RGDV	
APR 1	APR 2 ....
APR 3	APR 4 ....
APR 5	APR 6 ....
APR 7	APR 8 ....

RGDV key 1 :	
RGDV key 2 :	
RGDV	
APR 1	APR 2 ....
APR 3	APR 4 ....
APR 5	APR 6 ....
APR 7	APR 8 ....

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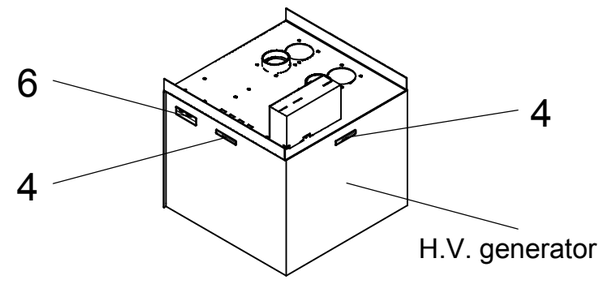
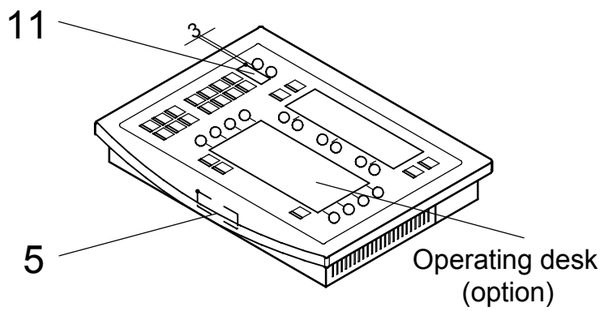
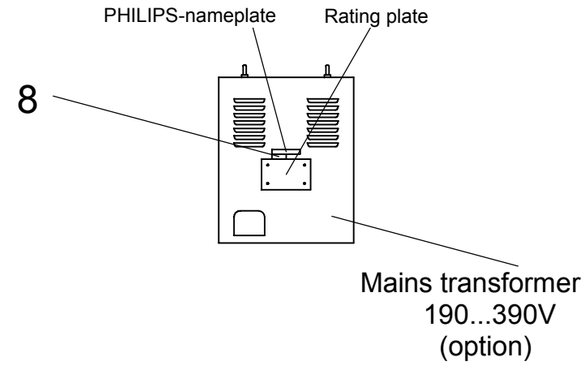
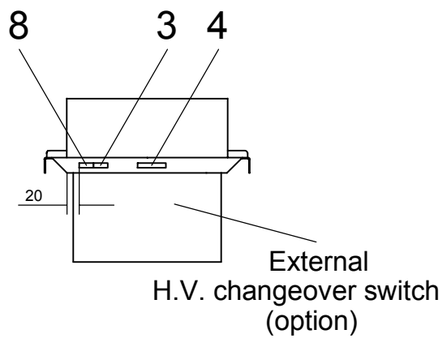
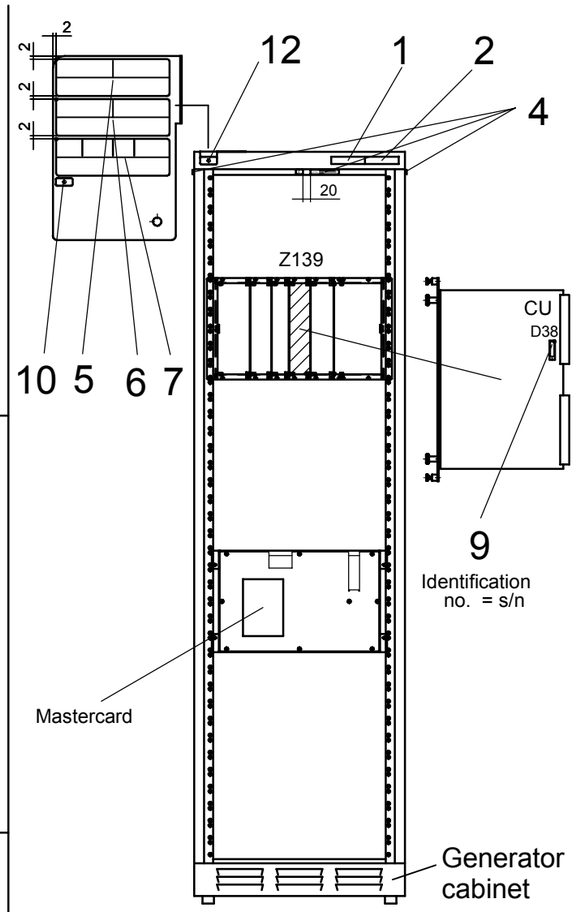
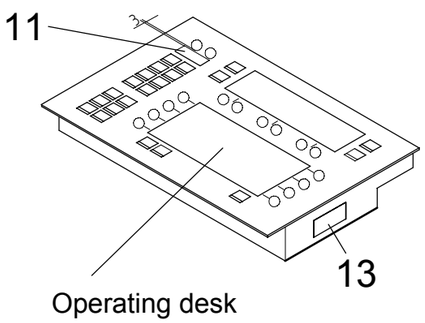












1 OPTIMUS 50

1 OPTIMUS 65

1 OPTIMUS 80

2 PHILIPS
MADE IN GERMANY

3
Philips Medical Systems
DMC GmbH
Röntgenstrasse 24
D-22335 Hamburg / Germany

4 CAUTION
HAZARD FOR LIVE AND /OR MOVING PARTS.
ATTENTION WHEN SERVICING ENERGIZED EQUIPMENT.
OBSERVE THE SERVICE-MANUAL.

7 50 kW

50 kW	3~50/60Hz 400V 480V		145A 120A

- X-RAY EQUIPMENT -
CLASSIFIED BY UNDERWRITERS LABORATORIES INC.©
WITH RESPECT TO ELECTRICAL FIRE,
SHOCK AND MECHANICAL HAZARDS ONLY. 641B
UL CSA

7 65 kW

65kW	3~50/60Hz 400V 480V		190A 160A

- X-RAY EQUIPMENT -
CLASSIFIED BY UNDERWRITERS LABORATORIES INC.©
WITH RESPECT TO ELECTRICAL FIRE,
SHOCK AND MECHANICAL HAZARDS ONLY. 641B
UL CSA

7 80 kW

80kW	3~50/60Hz 400V 480V		230A 190A

- X-RAY EQUIPMENT -
CLASSIFIED BY UNDERWRITERS LABORATORIES INC.©
WITH RESPECT TO ELECTRICAL FIRE,
SHOCK AND MECHANICAL HAZARDS ONLY. 641B
UL CSA

5

- X-RAY CONTROL - type 9890 000 0200x s/n xx xxxx OPTIMUS 50/65/80	Philips Medical Systems DMC GmbH Röntgenstr. 24 D-22335 Hamburg / Germany

CERTIFICATION This product complies with the Performance Standard under the Radiation Control for Health and Safety Act of 1968, applicable at date of manufacture.
Manufactured: MONAT, JAHR

6

- X-RAY HV GENERATOR - type 9890 000 xxxxx s/n xx xxxx OPTIMUS	Philips Medical Systems DMC GmbH Röntgenstr. 24 D-22335 Hamburg / Germany

CERTIFICATION This product complies with the Performance Standard under the Radiation Control for Health and Safety Act of 1968, applicable at date of manufacture.
Manufactured: MONAT, JAHR

13

- X-RAY CONTROL - type 9890 000 xxxxx s/n xx xxxx OPTIMUS	Philips Medical Systems DMC GmbH Röntgenstr. 24 D-22335 Hamburg / Germany

CERTIFICATION This product complies with the Performance Standard under the Radiation Control for Health and Safety Act of 1968, applicable at date of manufacture.
Manufactured: MONAT, JAHR

8
type Produktname
s/n Fabr. Nr.
code Code Nr.

9 SN.

10 CE 0123

11 WARNING:
THIS X-RAY UNIT MAY BE DANGEROUS TO PATIENT AND OPERATOR UNLESS SAFE EXPOSURE FACTORS AND OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS ARE OBSERVED.

12 Certified Component Labels Here

14

	3~50/60 Hz 400V 11A 480V 9A		

15 4512 104 7073.

Labelling

4512 983 05831 (a/02.0)

FAULT FINDING

Contents

TEXT

DRAWINGS

1. Tools

- Service engineer mechanical tool kit
- mAs meter
- Multimeter
- Digital oscilloscope with 2-beam memory
- Service PC according to Zeppelin standard, Win 2000 compatible.
- Service software ”AGenT” version 3.1.2 or higher
- Recommended PLCC extraction tool (AMP 822154-1) 2422 487 89772

2. General remarks

WARNING

After the generator has been switched OFF, hazardous voltages are still applied to the D.C. intermediate circuits of the converter, the rotor control and the mA control.
These voltages are usually discharged within 2 minutes to values which are no longer dangerous.
For that reason always wait for a minimum of 2 minutes before starting any electrical work after the generator has been switched OFF.

NOTE

Permanently interested in quality improvement of PMS products we depend on getting information from the field.
Therefore please send us the current generator logfile information:

Please download the generator errorlog logfile in zipped format as described in chapter 4.4 “Saving data on disk and restoring data”.

The filename must express the generator release and generator serial number.
E. g. “36040215.tdl” for rel. “3.6” and serial number “040215”.

Send this file containing the serial number of the generator and customer data attached to an E-Mail to:

Carsten Mais
Service Innovation Generators
PMS DMC Hamburg

E-Mail: Carsten.Mais@philips.com

3. Strategy

There are three categories of errors:

1. The generator cannot be switched ON at all or only for a short time.
   See ⇒ 5. ”Initialization phase of the generator”
   ⇒ 6.1. ”Switch ON not possible”

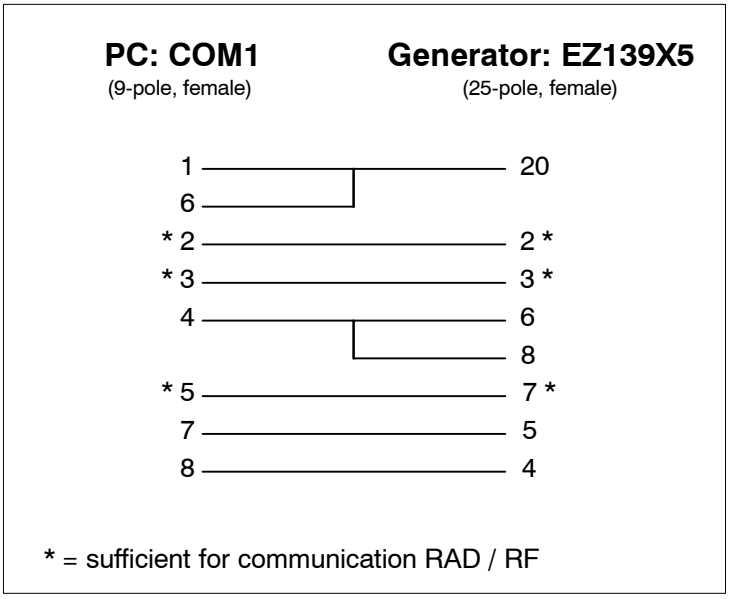
2. The generator can be switched ON but no error numbers are displayed on the operating desk.
   For fault finding use the service PC.
   See ⇒ 4.1. ”Connecting the service PC”
   ⇒ 5. ”Initialization phase of the generator”
   ⇒ 7. ”Error numbers”

3. Error messages are displayed on the desk.
   For fault finding use the service PC.
   See ⇒ 4.1. “Connecting the service PC”
   ⇒ 7. “Error numbers“

4. Service PC

4.1. Connection

- Switch the generator ON.
- Provide the service PC with the hardware key and switch it ON.
  The hardware key provides access to special program settings and to menu ***"Faultfind".***
  Standard programming is possible without a hardware key.
- Connect the PC to X5 on EZ139 CENTRAL UNIT CU via a serial data cable:
  (A 5m long data cable can be ordered via 12NC: 4512 130 56931)



4.2. Operation

PMSSec reader is not installed

1. Unzip AGenT xxx (_AgenT.exe) and click on the Agent batch file ”AgenT.bat” (at C:\Program Files\AGenT).

2. The AgenT main menu appears on the screen.
   Not all menu items of AgenT are available now (for instance, ”Faultfind”).

PMSSec reader is installed (PMSSec 2.307 or higher)

1. Unzip AGenT xxx (_AGenT.exe) and click on the AGent batch file ”AGenT.bat” (at C:\Program Files\AGenT).

2. The following message appears on the screen of the PMSSec reader: ”Do you wish to start PMSSec reader?”.

3. Click on ”Yes” and the password entry window appears on the screen of the PMSSec reader.

4. Enter the password for the PMSSec reader and click on ”ok”. The AGenT main menu appears on the screen. Now all menu items of AgenT are available.

5. In case the PMSSec reader is interrupted with the ”ESC” button after the window ”Do you wish to start PMSSec Reader?” has appeared, the AGenT main menu appears on the screen.
   In this case not all menu items of AgenT are available (for instance, ”Faultfind”).

For installation of generator firmware and newest service tools see ”REPLACEMENT” chapter ”Exchange of firmware ...”.

- Call the program with ***<AGenT>***.
- Enter your password.

  The following menu line appears:

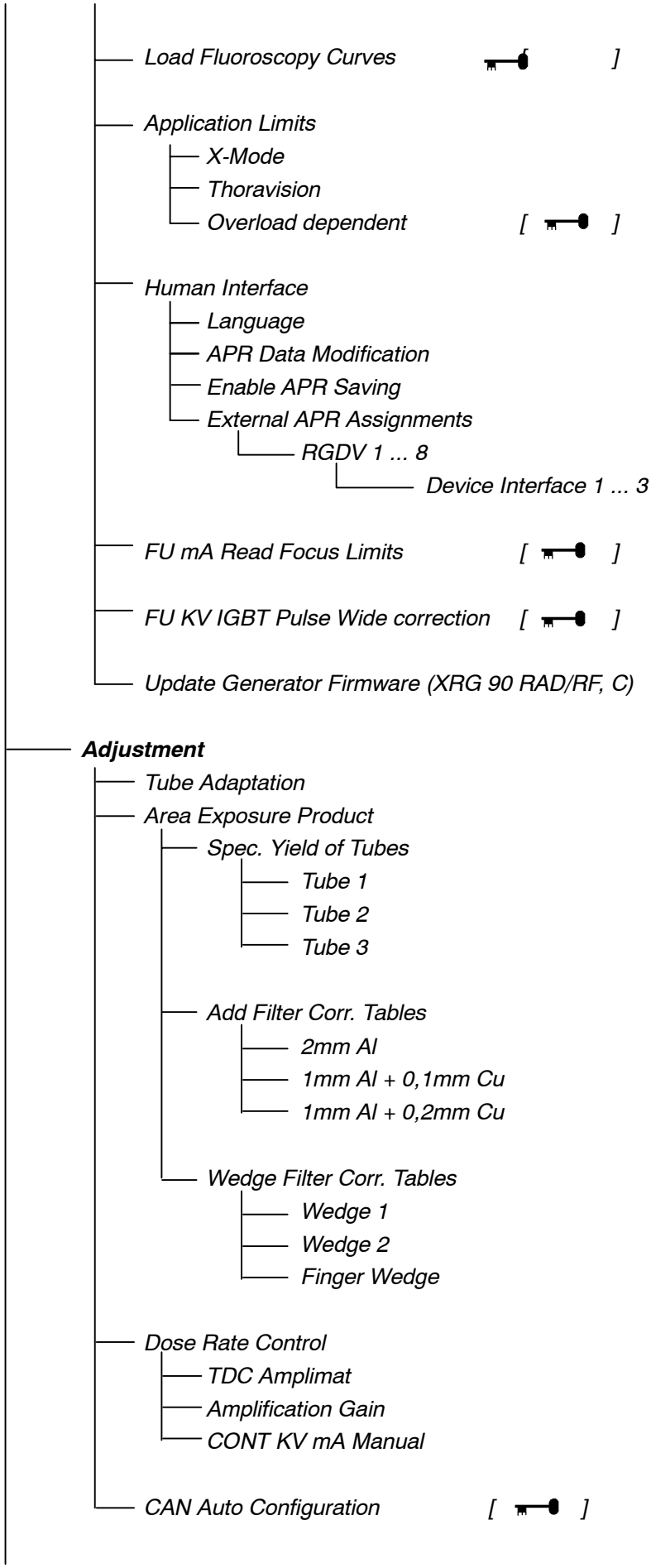
File Program Adjustment Acceptance Fault Find Monitoring Options Help

Current data files for online help, tube types, APR programming etc. are available in the PHILIPS-Intranet.
Use path: ***http://technet.best.ms.philips.com/*** and pull down menu as shown below.

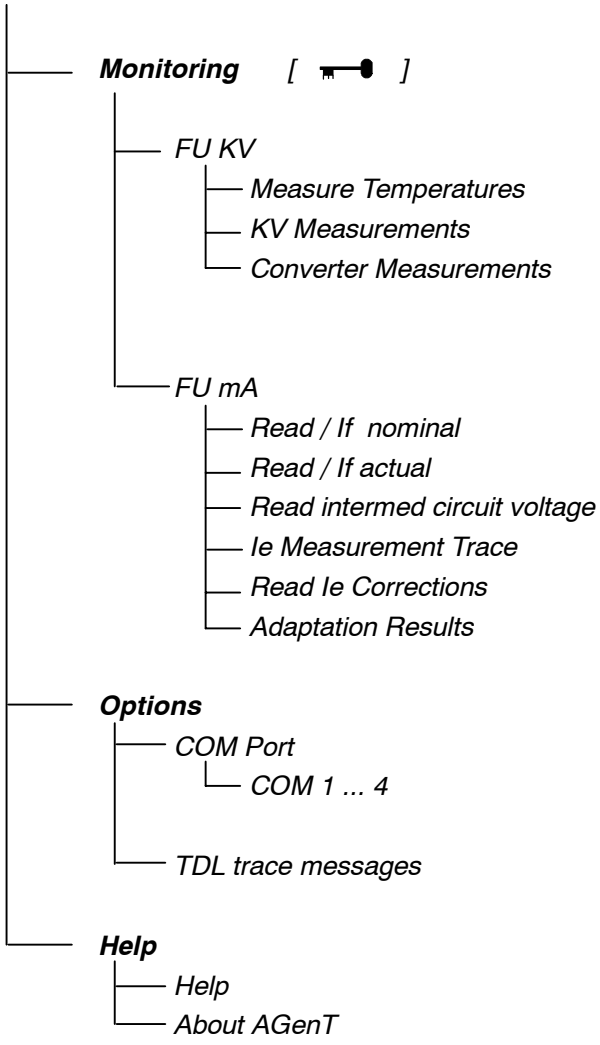
5. Menu “OPTIMUS” structure

OPTIMUS (release 3.6)

- ***File***
  - *Customer Data*
  - *Reconnect*
  - *Check Backup File (XRG90)* [🔑] = A hardware key is required
  - *Open TDL File*
  - *Exit*
- ***Program***
  - *Mains Data / Date & Time*
  - *Tubes*
    - *Tube 1 ... 3*
      - *Tube Data Set*
    - *Tube Speed Selection*
      - *Tube 1 ... 3*
    - *Tube Limits*
    - *Capacitance / Operating Modes*
      - *Capacitance Tube Connection*
      - *Tube Operating Modes*
    - *Disable Tube*
  - *RGDV set A + B*
    - *RGDV 1 ... 8*
      - *Data Set A*
      - *Data Set B*
  - *RGDV Interface assignment Bucky / Tomo*
    - *Bucky / Tomo 1Wa*
    - *Bucky / Tomo 2Wa*
    - *Bucky / Scopo 1WB*
  - *Dose Rate Control*
    - *Amplimat*
      - *Chamber 1 ... 5*
        - *Data Set 1 ... 5*
  - *Sensitivity*
  - *Image, Fault & CONT*
    - *Image Intensifier*
    - *Fault EXposure Detection / CONT*
      - *AEC*
      - *TDC*
      - *CONT*



- ***Acceptance***
  - *Backup* [🔑]
  - *Restore* [🔑]
  - *Inspect*
    - *Tube 1 ... 3*
      - *Type and Statistic of Tube 1 ... 3*
- ***Fault Find*** [🔑]
  - *Power on results*
    - *Options*
    - *Internal CAN Configuration*
    - *SW / HW Versions*
  - *Error Log*
  - *X-ray Log*
    - *Tube Temperature Supervision Logging*
      - *TTS Temperature Log*
      - *TTS Load Log*
      - *TTS Error Log*
    - *Dose Rate Control Logging*
      - *Read Actual Status*
      - *Non Automatic Technique Calculation*
      - *AEC Calculation*
      - *AEC Trace*
      - *TDC Calculation*
      - *TDC Trace*
      - *CONT Calculation Start Value*
      - *CONT Calculation Curve*
      - *Cont Trace*
  - *CU Trace*
  - *FU KV*
    - *Read Configuration*
    - *Read Trace*
    - *Test Watchdog*
    - *Test DAC – ADC*
    - *Test Converter*
    - *Switch Error Handling*
  - *FU mA*
    - *Read Actual Status*
    - *Read Status Trace*
    - *Test Watchdog*



5.1. Saving data on disk and restoring data

All configuration data and logging tables are stored in battery-buffered CMOS areas of the CU board.

Therefore, these data have to be saved on disk as a backup.

In case data get lost they can easily be restored in the CMOS areas after the error source has been eliminated.

5.1.1. PC and generator settings to avoid problems

Optimus RAD release 3.x CMOS data are up/downloaded in one string without handshake.

Any kind of interruption can cause the loading process to fail.

Problems occur mainly during the download to the PC.

A download file which is not complete cannot be used as a safety backup file.

NOTE

Connection between service PC and generator must be established. For the update of data the service PC must be operated on mains. It must not be operated with batteries.
The screensaver must be deactivated.

5.1.2. Preparation of the generator

Preparation of generators without a CAN interface:

- Switch ON the generator.
  The loading process can be started once relay ENK1 has been energized.

Preparation of generators which are connected via a CAN interface:

- BuckyDiagnost TH and TH2
- DigitalDiagnost
- Thoravision

- Switch OFF the generator.
- Disconnect the following plugs:

System	Connector		
	EZX23 signal bus	EZX42 or EZX42-1 system CAN	EZX43 or EZX43-1 system CAN
BuckyDiagnost TH / TH2	X		X
DigitalDiagnost	X	X	X
Thoravision	X	X	X

- Switch ON the generator.

NOTE

The download procedure must not be started before relay ENK1 has been energized at least 2 minutes after the generator has been switched ON.

5.1.3. Saving of data

CAUTION

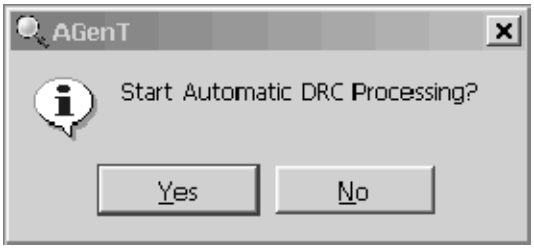
Connection between service PC and generator must be established.
For the backup of data the service PC must be operated on mains. It must not be operated with batteries.
The screensaver must be deactivated.

- Select menu:
  Acceptance / Backup
- Store the data on a floppy disk:

Default file name:	cubackup.tdl
Recommended file name:	S/N of the generator, e.g. cu012105.tdl
File size:	about 500–700kB
Transfer time:	about 8min.

- Recommendation:

  Additionally save the program settings for the film/screen combinations via the menu:
  Program / Dose Rate Control / Amplimat / Chamber 1 ... 5 / Data Set 1 ... 5 (manual processing)



- Select manual processing by pushing the <N> key or by clicking on “No” with the left mouse button.
- Store the program setting on floppy disk by clicking on <Save> with the left mouse button.

Recommended file name: drc ##.tdl ## = chamber and data set number.

5.1.4. Restoring of data

CAUTION

Connection between service PC and generator must be established.
For the restoring of data the service PC must be operated on mains. It must not be operated with batteries.
The screensaver must be deactivated.

- Select menu:
  Acceptance/ Restore
- Restore the data from floppy disk.
  Transfer time about 15min. ... 50min.
- Reset the generator.
- Program date and time.

Most of the program settings and logging tables can also be stored via the SAVE-button of AGenT.

Some program settings can be restored via the LOAD-button.

- For service use, only keep the latest version of the backup.
- Never use a complete backup for a different generator, only if the hardware, firmware and option configuration are identical.
- If backups are used from other generators it is very important to carry out the adjustment of the “factor for duty cycle” as described in section 6 “ADJUSTMENTS”, chapter 2.5.
- APR backups can also be loaded into other generators but take care about the release. Use APR manager to translate APR files into the required release format.
  Load APR backups only in generators of the same or a lower power class because specific kV and mA reductions are also transferred.

6. Initialization phase of the generator

6.1. Start-up sequence

Switch ON of the generator.

|
V

Pulling-up of ENK2.

|
V

Selftest of ...

| ... control desk C ---> all display elements are switched ON for a short moment

| ... central unit EZ139

| ... kV control EZ130 ---> voltage E is measured in the D.C.. intermediate circuit

| ... mA control EZ119

| ... basic interface EZ150

| ... rotor control EY

| ... universal I/O EWA/B 102

|

| *Indicating device: The red status LED of the associated printed-circuit board or assembly is illuminated.*

|
V

After successful selftest the status LEDs blink.

|
V

The central unit establishes connection to each functional unit via the CAN bus.

|

| *Indicating device: The red status LED of the associated printed-circuit board or assembly grows dark.*

|
V

ENK1 is switched ON.

|
V

The generator is internally ready.

|
V

The external ready circuits are checked ---> unit ready, door contact closed, thermal contact of the tube closed, tube not overloaded

|
V

The green READY lamp in the operating desk is illuminated. ===> **The generator is in the READY state.**

6.2. Program status displayed on the operating panel

PHILIPS OPTIMUS

- No tube data loaded yet.
- No RGDVs programmed yet.
- No communication between desk and CU.
- Possible error entries:
  00B3, 00B6, 00BA ... F, 00B0, 00BT, 00BX, 00CJ, 00L1, 00PE, 00XB, 00XL, 03FD

70kV	32.0mAs	Test

- Tube data loaded.
- Selected focus not adapted.

70kV	32.0mAs	Adap

- Status after calling up the adaptation mode.

40kV	00.0mAs	Adap

- Start phase of adaptation mode.
  After the READY signal appears the adaptation can be started up with the release switch.
- Possible error entries after adaptation:
  00BU, 00BV, 00X6

70kV	320mAs	100ms

- Selected focus is adapted.
- AEC / TDC technique:
  For the selected RGDV no measuring unit has been assigned yet.

70kV	0 ◢	def1

- For the selected RGDV no film/screen combination has been programmed yet.

Test APR		

- No APR data have yet been loaded onto the selected RGDV.

81kV	0 ◢	B100
skull axial		crâne axial
Schädel ax.		cráneo axial

- Ready status.
  An APR with AEC technique has been selected.

7. Switch-ON problems

7.1. Switch-ON not possible

See drawings: Z1-2.1 / 2.2 / 2.3

Z2-2

H1 on PCB EN100 is **not** illuminated

Error sources:
- ENF1 was released.
  For fault finding look in the error buffer.
- ENF1 is not switched ON.
- Mains voltage, especially phase L3, is not present.
- ENF2 was released.
  Check: Low-voltage supply
  Filament circuit
  Tube extension
  Rotor control
  External current consumers
- ENF2 is not switched ON.
- PCB EN100 or its connections are not okay.

H1 on PCB EN100 is illuminated

Error sources:
- The EMERGENCY OFF circuit is open.
- The operating desk is not connected.

7.2. No start up

Error sources:
- EN100 V1 is defective.
  The generator receives a continuous reset via signal: reset sw/.
  All red LEDs of the generator are illuminated.
  Also see Z1-2.1.
  Test: Remove link EZX44:14 --- EZX44:6.
- No boot PROM present: EZ139 D3 (see 5Z-1).
- Flash PROMs EZ139 D4/D5 not correctly loaded.

8. Error numbers

8.1. Error classification

Errors:

- Errors are indicated by four digits.

- The first two digits indicate the **F**unctional **U**nit FU reporting the error.

  Example:
  00xx = CU-functional unit is concerned
  02xx = kV-functional unit is concerned
  03xx = mA-functional unit is concerned

- The last two digits indicate the error symptom.

Displayed errors (Errors and Fatal errors) :

- These errors are indicated on the display of the operating desk for the customer.
  Not all fatal errors come up on desk, use PC.

- The customer must call the service.
  The customer can inform the service about the respective error number and the service can order the spare parts needed at an early stage of the maintenance procedure.

Not displayed errors (WARNINGs) :

- These errors are not relevant for the customer.

- In case an error of this category occurs frequently within a certain period of time, a displayed error can be generated.

8.2. Error list

Sources of error codes indicated in the first two digits decimally (hexadecimally):

Error code dec (hex)	FU (Function Unit)	Description
00xx	CU	central unit EZ139
01xx	FU_DRC	- dose rate control, control physically located on CU EZ139 - parts of basic interface FU_CIE EZ150 also involved (Amplimat) - FU_DRC also handles fluoro kV control EZ130
02xx	FU_kV	kV control EZ130
03xx	FU_mA_a	- 1st mA control EZ119 - handles 2 filaments
07xx	FU_CIE	central interface extension EZ150 basic interface
08xx	FU_HI_a	human interface 1: C300
10xx (0Axx)	FU_RC_a	1st rotor control high speed EY100
13xx (0Dxx)	FU_ADAP_a	adapter decade cable for four aux. units RAD WA/1WA or WA/1WA102
14xx (0Exx)	FU_ADAP_b	adapter decade cable for four aux. units RAD 2WA or 2WA102
15xx (0Fxx)	FU_ADAP_c	adapter decade cable for four aux. units R/F WB/1WB or WB/1WB102

Error classes: **F**atal error, **E**rror, **WARNING**

Error code	Error class	Error text	FU
00B0	ERROR	CPU: Error in application data service interface	CU
00B1	WARNING	CPU: IIM was not expected by gen_order_list	CU
00B2	WARNING	CPU: HI order is not expected – NO Member in display_tab	CU
00B3	ERROR	NVRAM: Data language selector is invalid	CU
00B4	WARNING	CPU: Message invalid in ADopmes	CU
00B5	WARNING	CPU: Inputparameter out of range in ADsynta	CU
00B6	ERROR	NVRAM: FU adap data for DI are invalid	CU
00B7	ERROR	CPU: Message cannot be sent	CU
00B8	ERROR	NVRAM: Tomo mode switch cannot be enabled	CU
00BA	WARNING	NVRAM: Data of RGDV are invalid	CU
00BB	WARNING	NVRAM: Basedata of RGU are invalid	CU
00BC	WARNING	NVRAM: Statedata of RGU are invalid	CU
00BD	WARNING	NVRAM: Data of APR are invalid	CU
00BE	WARNING	NVRAM: Data of active RGU are invalid	CU
00BF	WARNING	NVRAM: Data of RGKeys are invalid	CU
00BG	ERROR	APR: No more lowest level menus available	CU
00BH	ERROR	APR: Display position collision	CU
00BI	ERROR	APR: Menu / APR mismatch in same level	CU
00BJ	ERROR	APR: Menu name not found	CU
00BK	ERROR	APR: APR is assigned to a different RGDV	CU
00BL	ERROR	APR: Menu name already exists	CU
00BM	ERROR	APR: Max. display position reached	CU
00BN	ERROR	APR: APR not found in this menu	CU
00BO	WARNING	NVRAM: Data of menu tree are invalid	CU
00BQ	ERROR	CPU: APR cannot be modified	CU
00BR	ERROR	CPU: APR is not assigned to an RGDV	CU
00BS	ERROR	APR: The RGDV of the APR is not ready for operation	CU
00BT	WARNING	NVRAM: Data of APR characteristics are invalid	CU
00BU	WARNING	Adaptation paused due to missing load	CU
00BV	WARNING	CPU: TTS status message during adaptation	CU

Error code	Error class	Error text	FU
00BW	ERROR	APR: APR not accepted by general calculation	CU
00BX	WARNING	NVRAM: Variofocus allowed invalid	CU
00BY	WARNING	RGDV order without active RGDV	CU
00CB	WARNING	CONF: Received IIM #1#2H unknown	CU
00CC	WARNING	CAN: Frame-repeat-counter overflow (IIM #1#2H)	CU
00CD	WARNING	CAN: FU #1H not addressable	CU
00CE	WARNING	CAN: rx-signal conflict (FU #1H)	CU
00CF	WARNING	CAN: No RTR from FU #1H	CU
00CG	WARNING	CPU: Domain tx response, Mailbox type wrong	CU
00CH	WARNING	CPU: Invalid tbdor-Parameter FU_type	CU
00CI	NOT USED	CAN: No FU acknowledges	CU
00CJ	WARNING	CAN auto configuration successfull (#1H)	CU
00CK	WARNING	CAN auto configuration without success (#1H)	CU
00CL	WARNING	CAN: FU #1H not addressable	CU
00CM	WARNING	CAN: FU #1H sent event and did not answer RTR	CU
00CP	WARNING	CAN: Max FU count exceeded	CU
00CQ	NOT USED	SYSCAN: Radiography system is not responding	CU
00CR	WARNING	SYSCAN: Guarded connection failed	CU
00CX	WARNING	CAN: Last-only-repeat-counter overflow (IIM #1#2H)	CU
00CY	WARNING	CAN: Abort of rx of IIM #1#2H (unexp frame)	CU
00CZ	WARNING	CAN: Unexpected frame received after IIM #1#2H	CU
00DA	WARNING ERROR	No CPU-Access to CAN-chip	CU
00DB	NOT USED	CAN-chip reset not acknowledged	CU
00DC	NOT USED	CAN-chip reset release not acknowledged	CU
00DD	WARNING	CAN-chip DPRAM check failed	CU
00DE	WARNING ERROR	Unexpected CAN-chip int-pointer	CU
00DF	NOT USED	CAN-chip state undefined	CU
00DG	WARNING	CAN-chip error-active after passive #1H	CU
00DH	WARNING	CAN-chip state error-passive #1H	CU
00DI	ERROR	CAN-chip state bus OFF #1H	CU
00DJ	NOT USED	CAN-chip state DPRAM-error	CU
00DK	NOT USED	CAN-chip state DPRAM-error & passive	CU

Error code	Error class	Error text	FU
00DL	NOT USED	Unexpected CAN-chip interrupt	CU
00DM	WARNING	CAN frame error (code #1H)	CU
00E0	ERROR	iRMX exception #2#1H occurred	CU
00G0	WARNING ERROR	Variable in case statement has undefined value	CU
00G1	ERROR	Condition_code <> OK after CALL to send	CU
00G2	WARNING	Condition_code <> OK after CALL to init	CU
00I1	NOT USED	CPU index to I/O-table is wrong	CU
00I2	WARNING	No interrupt reason on sig-bus	CU
00I3	WARNING	No interrupt reason on XS-bus	CU
00I4	ERROR	One FU has a WD-error, scantime_TV is not programmed correctly See: XRGSCOPE --> OPTIMUS --> Program --> Dose rate control --> CONT: scantime_TV = 20.00ms	CU
00L1	ERROR	GC: Checksum error	CU
00L2	ERROR	GC: Data access error	CU
00L3	ERROR	GC: Limit data error	CU
00L4	WARNING ERROR	GC: Limits inconsistent	CU
00L5	ERROR	GC: Calculation error	CU
00L6	ERROR	GC: Function not implemented	CU
00M0	ERROR	Unable to initialise FU(s) #1H, #2H, #3H, #4H, #5H, #6H	CU
00M1	ERROR	Configuration key is missing or defective	CU
00M2	NOT USED	Unable to initialise the FU mA	CU
00M3	ERROR	No response at all from FU(s) #1H, #2H, #3H, #4H, #5H, #6H	CU
00PA	WARNING	CPU: IIM/MSC number unknown	CU
00PB	WARNING	CPU: Technique mode unknown	CU
00PC	WARNING	CPU: Value limit overflow	CU
00PD	ERROR	PC comm: Unknown TDL proc ID	CU
00PE	WARNING	NVRAM: DRC NV checksum error	CU
00PF	WARNING	CPU: Equal kV-sets from CU come twice	CU
00PG	WARNING	CPU: kV sequence does not increase	CU
00PH	WARNING	CPU: EDL is not possible, min_mA limit	CU
00PI	WARNING	CPU: DCALC Dr_curve has only one element	CU
00PJ	WARNING	CPU: DCALC Dr_curve has strange values	CU

Error code	Error class	Error text	FU
00PK	WARNING	CPU: Equal kV–sets from CU with equal mA	CU
00PL	WARNING	CPU: Dose digits disturbance	CU
00S*	SERVICE	PCcomm: Service access trace	CU
00S?	WARNING ERROR	PCcomm: Unexpected error	CU
00S0	ERROR	PCcomm: Tube programming error	CU
00SA	ERROR	PCcomm: Not enough space at destination segment	CU
00SB	NOT USED	PCcomm: Base out of range	CU
00SC	ERROR	PCcomm: Value too large	CU
00SD	ERROR	PCcomm: Terminator not found	CU
00SE	ERROR	PCcomm: Error in description	CU
00SF	ERROR	PCcomm: Item type unknown	CU
00SG	ERROR	PCcomm: Internal type unknown	CU
00SH	ERROR	PCcomm: Value negative	CU
00SI	NOT USED	PCcomm: Not enough space at destination buffer	CU
00SJ	ERROR	PCcomm: Syntax wrong	CU
00SK	ERROR	PCcomm: String too long	CU
00SL	WARNING	PCcomm: String truncated	CU
00SM	WARNING	PCcomm: TDL segment overflow	CU
00SN	ERROR	PCcomm: FU Reference Table full	CU
00SO	ERROR	PCcomm: Node ID unknown	CU
00SP	ERROR	PCcomm: FU Code unknown	CU
00SQ	ERROR	PCcomm: Syntax error in node ID	CU
00SR	WARNING	PCcomm: No node ID found	CU
00SS	ERROR	PCcomm: Request not performed	CU
00ST	ERROR	PCcomm: RMX error	CU
00SU	WARNING	PCcomm: Enumeration element not found	CU
00SV	ERROR	PCcomm: Mail corrupted	CU
00SW	ERROR	PCcomm: Procedure ID unknown	CU
00SX	ERROR	PCcomm: FU mA incompatible	CU
00SY	ERROR	PCcomm: FU Off request failed	CU
00SZ	ERROR	PCcomm: Wrong response	CU
00T?	ERROR	TTS: Unexpected error	CU
00TA	ERROR	TTS: Received message unknown	CU

Error code	Error class	Error text	FU
00TB	ERROR	TTS: Tube supervision error from FU kV. Thermal switch of tube housing okay?	CU
00TC	ERROR	TTS: Internal TTS error	CU
00TD	ERROR	TTS: Tube number unknown	CU
00TE	ERROR	TTS: NVRAM checksum error	CU
00TF	ERROR	TTS: NVRAM unavailable	CU
00TG	ERROR	TTS: Tube overheated	CU
00TH	WARNING	TTS: Load data supply inconsistent	CU
00X0	ERROR	CPU wrong timer ID	CU
00X1	ERROR	CPU wrong timer mode	CU
00X2	ERROR	CPU wrong message type	CU
00X3	WARNING	CPU DWORD does not fit into BYTE3	CU
00X4	WARNING ERROR	Timeout of X-ray backup timer	CU
00X5	WARNING	Timeout of X-ray rotation timer	CU
00X6	WARNING	Timeout setting FUs, response missing	CU
00X7	WARNING	CPU curve token is NO_TOKEN	CU
00XA	NOT USED	NVRAM switch table invalid	CU
00XB	WARNING	NVRAM tube data rotation invalid	CU
00XC	WARNING	NVRAM watch dog invalid	CU
00XD	WARNING	NVRAM configuration table invalid	CU
00XE	WARNING	NVRAM test data invalid	CU
00XF	WARNING	NVRAM RoCo data invalid	CU
00XG	NOT USED	CPU received IIM is unknown	CU
00XH	NOT USED	CPU received FU-type is unknown	CU
00XI	ERROR	Init with FU-RoCo not OK	CU
00XJ	WARNING ERROR	Exposure time too short	CU
00XK	WARNING	CPU FUmA refuses set data	CU
00XL	WARNING	NVRAM tube yield table invalid	CU
00XM	WARNING	NVRAM add filter corr table invalid	CU
00XN	WARNING	NVRAM wedge filter corr table invalid	CU
00XO	ERROR	Exposure time too long	CU
00XP	WARNING	Exposure time too long	CU
00XQ	WARNING	NVRAM tube statistic data invalid	CU

Error code	Error class	Error text	FU
00XR	WARNING	NVRAM gsta data invalid	CU
00XS	WARNING	Tube no. in CU and FUkV different	CU
00XT	WARNING	Rotation in CU and FURoCo FUCIE different	CU
00XU	ERROR	Transition endless loop	CU
00XV	WARNING	NVRAM HW test flags invalid	CU
00XW	ERROR	EN_X active in startup	CU
00XX	ERROR	RD_PR_X stays active after prep	CU
02AB	WARNING	Procedure called with wrong parameter	FU_kV
02AC	ERROR	Wrong index for table access	FU_kV
02AD	ERROR	Wrong do case entry	FU_kV
02AE	WARNING	Unknown IIM received	FU_kV
02AF	WARNING	IIM parameter out of range	FU_kV
02CA	WARNING	Error in CASE selector	FU_kV
02CB	WARNING	A CAN message with wrong IIM-no (no recipient defined) received	FU_kV
02CC	WARNING	Multiple receiption of the same CAN frame (transmitter ill)	FU_kV
02CE	WARNING	Unexpected signal value in CAN rx task	FU_kV
02CF	WARNING	CAN bus timeout while domain transmission	FU_kV
02CG	WARNING	Token of CAN response mailbox is not a mailbox token	FU_kV
02CX	WARNING	Multiple rx of the same CAN last/only frame (transmitter ill)	FU_kV
02CY	WARNING	Aborted CAN domain receive (because of timeout or wrong signal)	FU_kV
02CZ	WARNING	Unexpected CAN domain frame received (outside IIM-reception)	FU_kV
02DA	WARNING	No CPU access to the CAN controller	FU_kV
02DB	WARNING	Reset or release of the CAN controller was not acknowledged	FU_kV
02DD	WARNING	Check of the DPRAM of the CAN controller failed	FU_kV
02DE	WARNING	Unexpected interrupt pointer in the CAN controller	FU_kV
02DF	WARNING	CAN controller state undefined	FU_kV
02DG	WARNING	CAN controller state ERROR ACTIVE after ERROR PASSIVE	FU_kV
02DH	WARNING	CAN controller state ERROR PASSIVE	FU_kV
02DI	WARNING	CAN controller state BUS OFF	FU_kV
02DJ	WARNING	CAN controller state DPRAM ERROR	FU_kV
02DK	WARNING	CAN controller state DPRAM ERROR and ERROR PASSIVE	FU_kV
02EA	ERROR	Interrupt 0: Divide by zero	FU_kV
02EB	ERROR	Interrupt 1: Single step	FU_kV

Error code	Error class	Error text	FU
02EC	ERROR	Interrupt 2: NMI	FU_kV
02ED	ERROR	Interrupt 3: Breakpoint	FU_kV
02EE	ERROR	Interrupt 4: Overflow exception	FU_kV
02EF	ERROR	Interrupt 5: Array bounds exception	FU_kV
02EG	ERROR	Interrupt 6: Unused opcode	FU_kV
02EH	ERROR	Interrupt 7: ESC opcode	FU_kV
02EI	ERROR	CAN connection to CU lost	FU_kV
02GA	WARNING	Interpolation not possible	FU_kV
02HA	WARNING	kV nominal value out of range: ± (4% + 1kV); 3 detections within 30ms	FU_kV
02HB	ERROR	kV nominal value out of range: 0kV > U > 170kV	FU_kV
02HC	WARNING	Z nominal value out of range: ±1% ±0.2; 3 detections within 30ms; duty cycle range 3% ... 30%	FU_kV
02HD	ERROR	Z nominal value out of range: 0% > Z > 50%	FU_kV
02HE	WARNING	kV value during standby too large: > 3kV for > 400ms after PREP	FU_kV
02HF	ERROR	kV value during standby too large: > 4kV for > 400ms after PREP	FU_kV
02HG	WARNING	kV actual value out of range: ±(4% + 1kV); 2 detections within 20ms	FU_kV
02HH	ERROR	kV actual value out of range: 20kV > U > 170kV; 3 detections within 30ms	FU_kV
02HI	WARNING	E value during standby out of range: 470V > E > 780V; 3 detections within 30ms	FU_kV
02HJ	ERROR	E value during standby out of range: 450V > E > 800V; 3 detections within 30ms	FU_kV
02HK	WARNING	E value during high tension out of range: 400V > E > 780V; 3 detections within 30ms	FU_kV
02HL	ERROR	E value during high tension out of range: 350V > E > 800V; 3 detections within 30ms	FU_kV
02HM	WARNING	Converter 1 temperature out of range: 0°C > T > 85°C; 3 detections within 30ms	FU_kV
02HN	ERROR	Converter 1 temperature out of range: 0°C > T > 90°C; 3 detections within 30ms	FU_kV
02HO	WARNING	Converter 2 temperature out of range: 0°C > T > 85°C; 3 detections within 30ms	FU_kV
02HP	ERROR	Converter 2 temperature out of range: 0°C > T > 90°C; 3 detections within 30ms	FU_kV

Error code	Error class	Error text	FU
02HQ	WARNING	High tension tank temperature out of range: 0°C > T > 80°C; 3 detections within 30ms	FU_kV
02HR	ERROR	High tension tank temperature out of range: 0°C > T > 85°C; 3 detections within 30ms	FU_kV
02HS	WARNING	Divider test cathode out of range: 45.5kV > U > 50.5kV; 3 detections within 30ms	FU_kV
02HT	ERROR	Divider test cathode out of range: 43kV ≥ U > 53kV; 3 detections within 30ms	FU_kV
02HU	WARNING	Divider test anode out of range: 45.5kV > U > 50.5kV; 3 detections within 30ms	FU_kV
02HV	ERROR	Divider test anode out of range: 43kV ≥ U > 53kV; 3 detections within 30ms	FU_kV
02HW	WARNING	kV asymmetrical: ±15%; 2 detections within 20ms	FU_kV
02HX	ERROR	kV asymmetrical: ±15%; 3 detections within 30ms	FU_kV
02MA	ERROR	State request not accepted because of grid mode	FU_kV
02MB	ERROR	State request not accepted because of error state	FU_kV
02MC	WARNING	State requested by CU unknown	FU_kV
02OA	ERROR	RMX error: Timeout	FU_kV
02OB	ERROR	RMX error: Memory	FU_kV
02OC	ERROR	RMX error: Busy	FU_kV
02OE	ERROR	RMX error: Limit	FU_kV
02OF	ERROR	RMX error: Context	FU_kV
02OG	ERROR	RMX error: Exist	FU_kV
02OH	ERROR	RMX error: State	FU_kV
02OI	ERROR	RMX error: Not configured	FU_kV
02OJ	ERROR	RMX error: Interrupt saturation	FU_kV
02OK	ERROR	RMX error: Interrupt overflow	FU_kV
02OL	ERROR	RMX error: Transmission	FU_kV
02OM	ERROR	RMX error: Divide by zero	FU_kV
02ON	ERROR	RMX error: Overflow	FU_kV
02OO	ERROR	RMX error: Type	FU_kV
02OP	ERROR	RMX error: Parameter	FU_kV
02OQ	ERROR	RMX error: Bad call	FU_kV
02OR	ERROR	RMX error: Array bound	FU_kV
02OS	ERROR	RMX error: NDP error	FU_kV

Error code	Error class	Error text	FU
02OT	ERROR	RMX error: Illegal opcode	FU_kV
02OU	ERROR	RMX error: Emulator trap	FU_kV
02OV	ERROR	RMX error: Interrupt table limit	FU_kV
02OW	ERROR	RMX error: CPU xfer data limit	FU_kV
02OX	ERROR	RMX error: Wrap around	FU_kV
02OY	ERROR	RMX error: Check exception	FU_kV
02OZ	ERROR	RMX error: Unknown	FU_kV
02RA	WARNING	Grid mode changeover requested during prep	FU_kV
02RB	WARNING	Tube switch requested during preparation	FU_kV
02RC	WARNING	Requested P out of range	FU_kV
02SA	WARNING	Not enough space at the destination	FU_kV
02SB	WARNING	Base out of range	FU_kV
02SC	WARNING	PC comm.: Value too large	FU_kV
02SD	WARNING	Terminator not found	FU_kV
02SE	WARNING	PC comm.: Error in description	FU_kV
02SF	WARNING	PC comm.: Item type unknown	FU_kV
02SG	WARNING	PC comm.: Internal type unknown	FU_kV
02SH	WARNING	PC comm.: Value negative	FU_kV
02SI	WARNING	PC comm.: No space at dest. buffer	FU_kV
02SJ	WARNING	PC comm.: Syntax wrong	FU_kV
02SK	WARNING	PC comm.: String too long	FU_kV
02SL	WARNING	PC comm.: String truncated	FU_kV
02SO	WARNING	PC comm.: Unknown table ID received	FU_kV
02SP	WARNING	PC comm.: Access level to low	FU_kV
02SQ	WARNING	PC comm.: Unknown action requested	FU_kV
02SR	WARNING	PC comm.: Routing or message corrupt	FU_kV
02SS	WARNING	Source buffer to small for incoming message	FU_kV
02ST	WARNING	CAN buffer to small for outgoing message	FU_kV
02SU	WARNING	PC comm.: Access level is N/A	FU_kV
02UA	ERROR	HW configuration identifier wrong	FU_kV
02UB	WARNING	Set Up request received during preparation	FU_kV
02WA	WARNING	Wrong tube selected	FU_kV
02WB	ERROR	Wrong tube selected	FU_kV

Error code	Error class	Error text	FU
02WC	WARNING	EN X C signal faulty	FU_kV
02WD	ERROR	EN X C signal faulty	FU_kV
02WE	WARNING	Wrong grid mode selected	FU_kV
02WF	ERROR	Wrong grid mode selected	FU_kV
02WG	WARNING	Tube arcing detected	FU_kV
02WH	ERROR	Tube arcing detected	FU_kV
02WI	WARNING	kV over voltage detected	FU_kV
02WJ	ERROR	kV over voltage detected	FU_kV
02WK	WARNING	Measuring not stable	FU_kV
02WL	ERROR	Tube supervision error	FU_kV
02WM	ERROR	Tube supervision error	FU_kV
03AA	WARNING	Internal parameter error	FU_mA_a
03AB	WARNING	Wrong parameter from CU	FU_mA_a
03AC	WARNING	Ie-regulation active on two filaments; only in case of VARIOFOCUS	FU_mA_a
03AI	WARNING	Wrong IIM received	FU_mA_a
03BA	WARNING	Coordinates not monotonous	FU_mA_a
03BB	WARNING	No measurement values for adap. found	FU_mA_a
03CA	WARNING	Error in CASE selector	FU_mA_a
03CB	WARNING	A CAN message with wrong IIM-no (no recipient defined) received	FU_mA_a
03CC	WARNING	Multiple receiption of the same CAN frame (transmitter ill)	FU_mA_a
03CE	WARNING	Unexpected signal value in CAN rx task	FU_mA_a
03CF	WARNING	CAN bus timeout while domain transmission	FU_mA_a
03CG	WARNING	Token of CAN response mailbox is not a mailbox token	FU_mA_a
03CX	WARNING	Multiple rx of the same CAN last/only frame (transmitter ill)	FU_mA_a
03CY	WARNING	Aborted CAN domain receive (because of timeout or wrong signal)	FU_mA_a
03CZ	WARNING	Unexpected CAN domain frame received (outside IIM-reception)	FU_mA_a
03DA	WARNING	No CPU access to the CAN controller	FU_mA_a
03DB	WARNING	Reset or release of the CAN controller was not acknowledged	FU_mA_a
03DD	WARNING	Check of the DPRAM of the CAN controller failed	FU_mA_a
03DE	WARNING	Unexpected interrupt pointer in the CAN controller	FU_mA_a
03DF	WARNING	CAN controller state undefined	FU_mA_a
03DG	WARNING	CAN controller state ERROR ACTIVE after ERROR PASSIVE	FU_mA_a
03DH	WARNING	CAN controller state ERROR PASSIVE	FU_mA_a

Error code	Error class	Error text	FU
03DI	WARNING	CAN controller state BUS OFF	FU_mA_a
03DJ	WARNING	CAN controller state DPRAM ERROR	FU_mA_a
03DK	WARNING	CAN controller state DPRAM ERROR and ERROR PASSIVE	FU_mA_a
03EA	ERROR	CPU interrupt 0	FU_mA_a
03EB	ERROR	CPU interrupt 1	FU_mA_a
03ED	ERROR	CPU interrupt 3	FU_mA_a
03EE	ERROR	CPU interrupt 4	FU_mA_a
03EF	ERROR	CPU interrupt 5	FU_mA_a
03EG	ERROR	CPU interrupt 6	FU_mA_a
03EH	ERROR	CPU interrupt 7	FU_mA_a
03EI	ERROR	CAN is unable to send an error to CU	FU_mA_a
03FA	WARNING	NVRAM: Invalid checksum	FU_mA_a
03FB	WARNING	NVRAM: Standby filament not found	FU_mA_a
03FC	ERROR	No NVRAM plugged in	FU_mA_a
03FD	WARNING	NVRAM empty; battery?	FU_mA_a
03GA	ERROR	Limit error	FU_mA_a
03GB	WARNING	Real math. error: Real underflow	FU_mA_a
03GC	WARNING	Real math. error: Real overflow	FU_mA_a
03GD	WARNING	Real math. error: Dword overflow	FU_mA_a
03GE	WARNING	Real math. error: Integer overflow	FU_mA_a
03GF	WARNING	Real math. error: Word overflow	FU_mA_a
03GG	WARNING	Singular matrix	FU_mA_a
03HA	ERROR	Unknown hardware	FU_mA_a
03HB	WARNING ERROR	Intermediate circuit voltage < 200V	FU_mA_a
03HF	WARNING	Undefined analog input channel	FU_mA_a
03HG	WARNING	If-actual out of tolerance	FU_mA_a
03HH	ERROR	If setpoint to large	FU_mA_a
03HI	ERROR	If-actual out of tolerance	FU_mA_a
03HJ	ERROR	If-actual out of tolerance	FU_mA_a
03HK	WARNING	If-nominal out of tolerance	FU_mA_a
03HL	ERROR	If-nominal out of tolerance	FU_mA_a
03HM	ERROR	If-nominal out of tolerance	FU_mA_a
03HN	ERROR	No retrigger received from CU	FU_mA_a

Error code	Error class	Error text	FU
03IA	WARNING	Adaptation cannot be completed	FU_mA_a
03IC	WARNING	No Ie-adaptation measurement values	FU_mA_a
03ID	WARNING	Ie-adaptation values not evaluable	FU_mA_a
03KA	WARNING	Condi.-X-Ray mode without mAs parameter	FU_mA_a
03MA	WARNING	Undefined status	FU_mA_a
03MB	WARNING	Status change not allowed	FU_mA_a
03MC	WARNING	FU init data not expected	FU_mA_a
03OA	ERROR	RMX exception: E$TIME	FU_mA_a
03OB	ERROR	RMX exception: E$MEM	FU_mA_a
03OC	ERROR	RMX exception: E$BUSY	FU_mA_a
03OD	ERROR	RMX exception: E$LIMIT	FU_mA_a
03OE	ERROR	RMX exception: E$CONTEXT	FU_mA_a
03OF	ERROR	RMX exception: E$EXIST	FU_mA_a
03OG	ERROR	RMX exception: E$STATE	FU_mA_a
03OH	ERROR	RMX exception: ENOTCONFIGURED	FU_mA_a
03OI	ERROR	RMX exception: E$INTERRUPT$SATURATION	FU_mA_a
03OJ	ERROR	RMX exception: E$INTERRUPT$OVERFLOW	FU_mA_a
03OK	ERROR	RMX exception: E$TRANSMISSION	FU_mA_a
03OL	ERROR	RMX exception: E$ZERO$DIVIDE	FU_mA_a
03OM	ERROR	RMX exception: E$OVERFLOW	FU_mA_a
03ON	ERROR	RMX exception: E$TYPE	FU_mA_a
03OO	ERROR	RMX exception: E$PARAM	FU_mA_a
03OP	ERROR	RMX exception: EBADCALL	FU_mA_a
03OQ	ERROR	RMX exception: E$ARRAY$BOUND	FU_mA_a
03OR	ERROR	RMX exception: ENDPERROR	FU_mA_a
03OS	ERROR	RMX exception: E$ILLEGAL$OPCODE	FU_mA_a
03OT	ERROR	RMX exception: E$EMULATOR$TRAP	FU_mA_a
03OU	ERROR	RMX exception: E$INTERRUPT$TABLE$LIMIT	FU_mA_a
03OV	ERROR	RMX exception: E$CPUXFER$DATA$LIMIT	FU_mA_a
03OW	ERROR	RMX exception: ESEGWRAP$AROUND	FU_mA_a
03OX	ERROR	RMX exception: E$CHECK$EXCEPTION	FU_mA_a
03OY	ERROR	Unknown RMX exception	FU_mA_a
03PA	ERROR	Ie zero measured	FU_mA_a

Error code	Error class	Error text	FU
03PB	WARNING	Ie out of tolerance: ±10% (Ie > 5mA, exp. time ≤ 44ms) or ±3% (Ie > 5mA, exp. time > 44ms)	FU_mA_a
03PC	ERROR	Ie out of tolerance: ±30% (Ie > 5mA, exp. time > 44ms)	FU_mA_a
03PD	WARNING	Setpoint for Ie-regulation incorrect	FU_mA_a
03PE	ERROR	Emergency OFF! Grid not closed!	FU_mA_a
03PF	ERROR	No kV discharged due to missing Ie	FU_mA_a
03SC	WARNING	PC comm.: Value too large	FU_mA_a
03SE	WARNING	PC comm.: Error in description	FU_mA_a
03SF	WARNING	PC comm.: Item type unknown	FU_mA_a
03SG	WARNING	PC comm.: Internal type unknown	FU_mA_a
03SH	WARNING	PC comm.: Value negative	FU_mA_a
03SI	WARNING	PC comm.: No space at dest. buffer	FU_mA_a
03SJ	WARNING	PC comm.: Syntax wrong	FU_mA_a
03SK	WARNING	PC comm.: String too long	FU_mA_a
03SL	WARNING	PC comm.: String truncated	FU_mA_a
03SO	WARNING	PC comm.: Unknown table ID received	FU_mA_a
03SP	WARNING	PC comm.: Access level to low	FU_mA_a
03SQ	WARNING	PC comm.: Unknown action requested	FU_mA_a
03SR	WARNING	PC comm.: Routing or message corrupt	FU_mA_a
03SU	WARNING	PC comm.: Access level is N/A	FU_mA_a
07CA	ERROR	CAN: Case-selector error	FU_CIE
07CB	WARNING	CAN: Invalid CAN ID %u	FU_CIE
07CC	ERROR	CAN: Frame rep. overflow IIM%u	FU_CIE
07CD	ERROR	CAN: No RTR from CU	FU_CIE
07CE	ERROR	CAN: rx signal conflict IIM%u	FU_CIE
07CF	ERROR	CAN: tx timeout	FU_CIE
07CI	WARNING	CAN: IMPOSSIBLE ERROR	FU_CIE
07CP	WARNING	CAN: CPU: PXerr %d %s(%d)	FU_CIE
07CR	WARNING	CAN: CPU: Message request fail	FU_CIE
07CS	WARNING	CAN: CPU: Message send error	FU_CIE
07CY	ERROR	CAN: rx abort IIM%u	FU_CIE
07CZ	WARNING	CAN: Unexpected frame (IIM%u)	FU_CIE
07DA	ERROR	CAN: Chip access error	FU_CIE

Error code	Error class	Error text	FU
07DB	ERROR	CAN: Chip reset error	FU_CIE
07DC	ERROR	CAN: Chip reset release error	FU_CIE
07DE	WARNING	CAN: Illegal interrupt pointer	FU_CIE
07DF	ERROR	CAN: Chip state undefined	FU_CIE
07DG	WARNING	CAN: Chip err act. after pass.	FU_CIE
07DH	WARNING	CAN: Chip state error passive	FU_CIE
07DI	WARNING	CAN: Chip state bus OFF	FU_CIE
07DJ	ERROR	CAN: Chip DPRAM error	FU_CIE
07DK	WARNING	CAN: Chip DPRAM error & passive	FU_CIE
07DL	WARNING	CAN: Unexpected interrupt	FU_CIE
07LA	WARNING	CV received IIM unknown	FU_CIE
07LB	WARNING	RC stator number out of range	FU_CIE
07LC	WARNING	RC stator not available	FU_CIE
07LD	ERROR	RC stator 1 readback failed	FU_CIE
07LE	ERROR	RC stator 2 readback failed	FU_CIE
07LF	ERROR	RC stator 3 readback failed	FU_CIE
07LG	WARNING	RC speed value out of range	FU_CIE
07LH	ERROR	RC speed set timeout	FU_CIE
07LI	WARNING	RC maximal stator load exceeded	FU_CIE
07LJ	ERROR	RC maximal rotation time exceeded	FU_CIE
07LK	WARNING	AM amplimat chamber number out of range	FU_CIE
07LL	WARNING	AM amplimat field number out of range	FU_CIE
07LM	WARNING	AM amplimat delay value out of range	FU_CIE
08CA	ERROR	CAN: Case-selector error	FU_HI_a
08CB	WARNING	CAN: Invalid CAN ID %u	FU_HI_a
08CC	ERROR	CAN: Frame rep. overflow IIM%u	FU_HI_a
08CD	ERROR	CAN: No RTR from CU	FU_HI_a
08CE	ERROR	CAN: rx signal conflict IIM%u	FU_HI_a
08CF	ERROR	CAN: tx timeout	FU_HI_a
08CI	WARNING	CAN: IMPOSSIBLE ERROR	FU_HI_a
08CP	WARNING	CAN: CPU: PXerr %d %s(%d)	FU_HI_a
08CR	WARNING	CAN: CPU: message request fail	FU_HI_a
08CS	WARNING	CAN: CPU: message send error	FU_HI_a

Error code	Error class	Error text	FU
08CY	ERROR	CAN: rx abort IIM%u	FU_HI_a
08CZ	WARNING	CAN: Unexpected frame (IIM%u)	FU_HI_a
08DA	ERROR	CAN: Chip access error	FU_HI_a
08DB	ERROR	CAN: Chip reset error	FU_HI_a
08DC	ERROR	CAN: Chip reset release error	FU_HI_a
08DE	WARNING	CAN: Illegal interrupt pointer	FU_HI_a
08DF	ERROR	CAN: Chip state undefined	FU_HI_a
08DG	WARNING	CAN: Chip err act. after pass.	FU_HI_a
08DH	WARNING	CAN: Chip state error passive	FU_HI_a
08DI	WARNING	CAN: Chip state bus OFF	FU_HI_a
08DJ	ERROR	CAN: Chip DPRAM error	FU_HI_a
08DK	WARNING	CAN: Chip DPRAM error & passive	FU_HI_a
08DL	WARNING	CAN: Unexpected interrupt	FU_HI_a
08HA	ERROR	No message receive displaytask	FU_HI_a
08HB	ERROR	No message release displaytask	FU_HI_a
08HC	ERROR	APR not found	FU_HI_a
08HD	ERROR	Offset in menu structure out of range	FU_HI_a
08HF	ERROR	No message request for test task	FU_HI_a
08HG	ERROR	No message send for test task	FU_HI_a
08HH	ERROR	APR buffer full	FU_HI_a
08HI	ERROR	No message send for test task	FU_HI_a
08HJ	ERROR	No send message to CU from ODD	FU_HI_a
08HK	ERROR	Data error in CAN message	FU_HI_a
08HL	ERROR	No message send for service task	FU_HI_a
08IE	ERROR	Wrong setup IIM	FU_HI_a
08SA	ERROR	No request domtxtask when scanning	FU_HI_a
08SB	ERROR	No request domtxtask when testing	FU_HI_a
08SC	ERROR	No send message to task2_sc	FU_HI_a
10CA	ERROR	CAN: Case-selector error	FU_RC_a
10CB	WARNING	CAN: Invalid CAN ID %u	FU_RC_a
10CC	ERROR	CAN: Frame rep. overflow IIM%u	FU_RC_a
10CD	ERROR	CAN: No RTR from CU	FU_RC_a
10CE	ERROR	CAN: rx signal conflict IIM%u	FU_RC_a

Error code	Error class	Error text	FU
10CF	ERROR	CAN: tx timeout	FU_RC_a
10CI	WARNING	CAN: IMPOSSIBLE ERROR	FU_RC_a
10CP	WARNING	CAN: CPU: PXerr %d %s(%d)	FU_RC_a
10CR	WARNING	CAN: CPU: Message request fail	FU_RC_a
10CS	WARNING	CAN: CPU: Message send error	FU_RC_a
10CY	ERROR	CAN: rx abort IIM%u	FU_RC_a
10CZ	WARNING	CAN: Unexpected frame (IIM%u)	FU_RC_a
10DA	ERROR	CAN: Chip access error	FU_RC_a
10DB	ERROR	CAN: Chip reset error	FU_RC_a
10DC	ERROR	CAN: Chip reset release error	FU_RC_a
10DE	WARNING	CAN: Illegal interrupt pointer	FU_RC_a
10DF	ERROR	CAN: Chip state undefined	FU_RC_a
10DG	WARNING	CAN: Chip err act. after pass.	FU_RC_a
10DH	WARNING	CAN: Chip state error passive	FU_RC_a
10DI	WARNING	CAN: Chip state bus OFF	FU_RC_a
10DJ	ERROR	CAN: Chip DPRAM error	FU_RC_a
10DK	WARNING	CAN: Chip DPRAM error & passive	FU_RC_a
10DL	WARNING	CAN: Unexpected interrupt	FU_RC_a
10FB	ERROR	Short circuit detected	FU_RC_a
10FT	WARNING	Overcurrent detected	FU_RC_a
10IF	WARNING	Initialization failed	FU_RC_a
10LA	WARNING	Acceleration count limit exceeded	FU_RC_a
10LH	ERROR	Phase current %u mA (>%u)	FU_RC_a
10LL	ERROR	Phase current %u mA (<%u)	FU_RC_a
10LO	WARNING ERROR	Intermediate voltage %u V (>%u)	FU_RC_a
10LT	ERROR	Temperature limit exceeded	FU_RC_a
10LU	WARNING ERROR	Intermediate voltage %u V (<%u)	FU_RC_a
10LZ	ERROR	Temperature sensor failure	FU_RC_a
10OE	WARNING	CPU: PXROS error %d	FU_RC_a
10OF	WARNING	CPU: PXROS error %d %s(%d)	FU_RC_a
10RC	ERROR	Rotation check failed	FU_RC_a
10RI	ERROR	Invalid rotation request : %u	FU_RC_a

Error code	Error class	Error text	FU
10RT	ERROR	Rotation request timeout	FU_RC_a
10TD	ERROR	Invalid data for tube %u	FU_RC_a
10TE	ERROR	Stator %u hardware error	FU_RC_a
10TF	ERROR	Stator %u switching failed	FU_RC_a
10TI	ERROR	Invalid stator request : %u	FU_RC_a
10TR	ERROR	Stator change with rotating anode	FU_RC_a
10UI	WARNING	Unknown message from CU: IIM %u	FU_RC_a
10UM	WARNING	Unexpected message from CU: IIM %u	FU_RC_a
10WT	WARNING	CPU: Watchdog timeout	FU_RC_a
10XX	WARNING	IMPOSSIBLE ERROR	FU_RC_a
13CA	ERROR	CAN: Case-selector error	FU_AD_a
13CB	WARNING	CAN: Invalid CAN ID %u	FU_AD_a
13CC	ERROR	CAN: Frame rep. overflow IIM%u	FU_AD_a
13CD	ERROR	CAN: No RTR from CU	FU_AD_a
13CE	ERROR	CAN: rx signal conflict IIM%u	FU_AD_a
13CF	ERROR	CAN: tx timeout	FU_AD_a
13CI	WARNING	CAN: IMPOSSIBLE ERROR	FU_AD_a
13CP	WARNING	CAN: CPU: PXerr %d %s(%d)	FU_AD_a
13CR	WARNING	CAN: CPU: Message request fail	FU_AD_a
13CS	WARNING	CAN: CPU: Message send error	FU_AD_a
13CY	ERROR	CAN: rx abort IIM%u	FU_AD_a
13CZ	WARNING	CAN: Unexpected frame (IIM%u)	FU_AD_a
13DA	ERROR	CAN: Chip access error	FU_AD_a
13DB	ERROR	CAN: Chip reset error	FU_AD_a
13DC	ERROR	CAN: Chip reset release error	FU_AD_a
13DE	WARNING	CAN: Illegal interrupt pointer	FU_AD_a
13DF	ERROR	CAN: Chip state undefined	FU_AD_a
13DG	WARNING	CAN: Chip err act. after pass.	FU_AD_a
13DH	WARNING	CAN: Chip state error passive	FU_AD_a
13DI	WARNING	CAN: Chip state bus OFF	FU_AD_a
13DJ	ERROR	CAN: Chip DPRAM error	FU_AD_a
13DK	WARNING	CAN: Chip DPRAM error & passive	FU_AD_a
13DL	WARNING	CAN: Unexpected interrupt	FU_AD_a

Error code	Error class	Error text	FU
13LA	WARNING	CV received IIM unknown	FU_AD_a
13LB	WARNING	IO wrong bidirectional lines output value	FU_AD_a
13LC	WARNING	TR TOMO value for K5 – K12 out of range	FU_AD_a
13LD	WARNING	TR RGDV value out of range	FU_AD_a
13LE	ERROR	TR RGDV readback failed	FU_AD_a
13LF	WARNING	TR wrong sync contact value	FU_AD_a
13LG	WARNING	TR wrong handswitch enable value	FU_AD_a
13LH	ERROR	PR S1/S2 switch active during startup	FU_AD_a
14CA	ERROR	CAN: Case–selector error	FU_AD_b
14CB	WARNING	CAN: Invalid CAN ID %u	FU_AD_b
14CC	ERROR	CAN: Frame rep. overflow IIM%u	FU_AD_b
14CD	ERROR	CAN: No RTR from CU	FU_AD_b
14CE	ERROR	CAN: rx signal conflict IIM%u	FU_AD_b
14CF	ERROR	CAN: tx timeout	FU_AD_b
14CI	WARNING	CAN: IMPOSSIBLE ERROR	FU_AD_b
14CP	WARNING	CAN: CPU: PXerr %d %s(%d)	FU_AD_b
14CR	WARNING	CAN: CPU: Message request fail	FU_AD_b
14CS	WARNING	CAN: CPU: Message send error	FU_AD_b
14CY	ERROR	CAN: rx abort IIM%u	FU_AD_b
14CZ	WARNING	CAN: Unexpected frame (IIM%u)	FU_AD_b
14DA	ERROR	CAN: Chip access error	FU_AD_b
14DB	ERROR	CAN: Chip reset error	FU_AD_b
14DC	ERROR	CAN: Chip reset release error	FU_AD_b
14DE	WARNING	CAN: Illegal interrupt pointer	FU_AD_b
14DF	ERROR	CAN: Chip state undefined	FU_AD_b
14DG	WARNING	CAN: Chip err act. after pass.	FU_AD_b
14DH	WARNING	CAN: Chip state error passive	FU_AD_b
14DI	WARNING	CAN: Chip state bus OFF	FU_AD_b
14DJ	ERROR	CAN: Chip DPRAM error	FU_AD_b
14DK	WARNING	CAN: Chip DPRAM error & passive	FU_AD_b
14DL	WARNING	CAN: Unexpected interrupt	FU_AD_b
14LA	WARNING	CV received IIM unknown	FU_AD_b
14LB	WARNING	IO wrong bidirectional lines output value	FU_AD_b

Error code	Error class	Error text	FU
14LC	WARNING	TR TOMO value for K5 – K12 out of range	FU_AD_b
14LD	WARNING	TR RGDV value out of range	FU_AD_b
14LE	ERROR	TR RGDV readback failed	FU_AD_b
14LF	WARNING	TR wrong sync contact value	FU_AD_b
14LG	WARNING	TR wrong handswitch enable value	FU_AD_b
14LH	ERROR	PR S1/S2 switch active during startup	FU_AD_b
15CA	ERROR	CAN: Case-selector error	FU_AD_c
15CB	WARNING	CAN: Invalid CAN ID %u	FU_AD_c
15CC	ERROR	CAN: Frame rep. overflow IIM%u	FU_AD_c
15CD	ERROR	CAN: No RTR from CU	FU_AD_c
15CE	ERROR	CAN: rx signal conflict IIM%u	FU_AD_c
15CF	ERROR	CAN: tx timeout	FU_AD_c
15CI	WARNING	CAN: IMPOSSIBLE ERROR	FU_AD_c
15CP	WARNING	CAN: CPU: PXerr %d %s(%d)	FU_AD_c
15CR	WARNING	CAN: CPU: Message request fail	FU_AD_c
15CS	WARNING	CAN: CPU: Message send error	FU_AD_c
15CY	ERROR	CAN: rx abort IIM%u	FU_AD_c
15CZ	WARNING	CAN: Unexpected frame (IIM%u)	FU_AD_c
15DA	ERROR	CAN: Chip access error	FU_AD_c
15DB	ERROR	CAN: Chip reset error	FU_AD_c
15DC	ERROR	CAN: Chip reset release error	FU_AD_c
15DE	WARNING	CAN: Illegal interrupt pointer	FU_AD_c
15DF	ERROR	CAN: Chip state undefined	FU_AD_c
15DG	WARNING	CAN: Chip err act. after pass.	FU_AD_c
15DH	WARNING	CAN: Chip state error passive	FU_AD_c
15DI	WARNING	CAN: Chip state bus OFF	FU_AD_c
15DJ	ERROR	CAN: Chip DPRAM error	FU_AD_c
15DK	WARNING	CAN: Chip DPRAM error & passive	FU_AD_c
15DL	WARNING	CAN: Unexpected interrupt	FU_AD_c
15LA	WARNING	CV received IIM unknown	FU_AD_c
15LB	WARNING	IO wrong bidirectional lines output value	FU_AD_c
15LC	WARNING	TR TOMO value for K5 – K12 out of range	FU_AD_c
15LD	WARNING	TR RGDV value out of range	FU_AD_c
15LE	ERROR	TR RGDV readback failed	FU_AD_c
15LF	WARNING	TR wrong sync contact value	FU_AD_c

Error code	Error class	Error text	FU
15LG	WARNING	TR wrong handswitch enable value	FU_AD_c
15LH	ERROR	PR S1/S2 switch active during startup	FU_AD_c
16CA	ERROR	CAN: Case-selector error	FU_AD_d
16CB	WARNING	CAN: Invalid CAN ID %u	FU_AD_d
16CC	ERROR	CAN: Frame rep. overflow IIM%u	FU_AD_d
16CD	ERROR	CAN: No RTR from CU	FU_AD_d
16CE	ERROR	CAN: rx signal conflict IIM%u	FU_AD_d
16CF	ERROR	CAN: tx timeout	FU_AD_d
16CI	WARNING	CAN: IMPOSSIBLE ERROR	FU_AD_d
16CP	WARNING	CAN: CPU: PXerr %d %s(%d)	FU_AD_d
16CR	WARNING	CAN: CPU: Message request fail	FU_AD_d
16CS	WARNING	CAN: CPU: Message send error	FU_AD_d
16CY	ERROR	CAN: rx abort IIM%u	FU_AD_d
16CZ	WARNING	CAN: Unexpected frame (IIM%u)	FU_AD_d
16DA	ERROR	CAN: Chip access error	FU_AD_d
16DB	ERROR	CAN: Chip reset error	FU_AD_d
16DC	ERROR	CAN: Chip reset release error	FU_AD_d
16DE	WARNING	CAN: Illegal interrupt pointer	FU_AD_d
16DF	ERROR	CAN: Chip state undefined	FU_AD_d
16DG	WARNING	CAN: Chip err actin after passive	FU_AD_d
16DH	WARNING	CAN: Chip state error passive	FU_AD_d
16DI	WARNING	CAN: Chip state bus OFF	FU_AD_d
16DJ	ERROR	CAN: Chip DPRAM error	FU_AD_d
16DK	WARNING	CAN: Chip DPRAM error & passive	FU_AD_d
16DL	WARNING	CAN: Unexpected interrupt	FU_AD_d
16LA	WARNING	CV received IIM unknown	FU_AD_d
16LB	WARNING	IO wrong bidirectional lines output value	FU_AD_d
16LC	WARNING	TR TOMO value for K5 – K12 out of range	FU_AD_d
16LD	WARNING	TR RGDV value out of range	FU_AD_d
16LE	ERROR	TR RGDV readback failed	FU_AD_d
16LF	WARNING	TR wrong sync contact value	FU_AD_d
16LG	WARNING	TR wrong handswitch enable value	FU_AD_d
16LH	ERROR	PR S1/S2 switch active during startup	FU_AD_d

8.3. Elimination of error numbers

00PL:
The message 00PL (error of the AEC signal) may be a ”warning” or an “error”. It depends on the disturbance of the AEC signal.
The AEC signal can be measured at pin EZ150 X4 (signal) to EZ150 X3 (see also Z1 ” Basic interface ”).

When using measuring chambers there are three possibilities to get the error “00PL”:

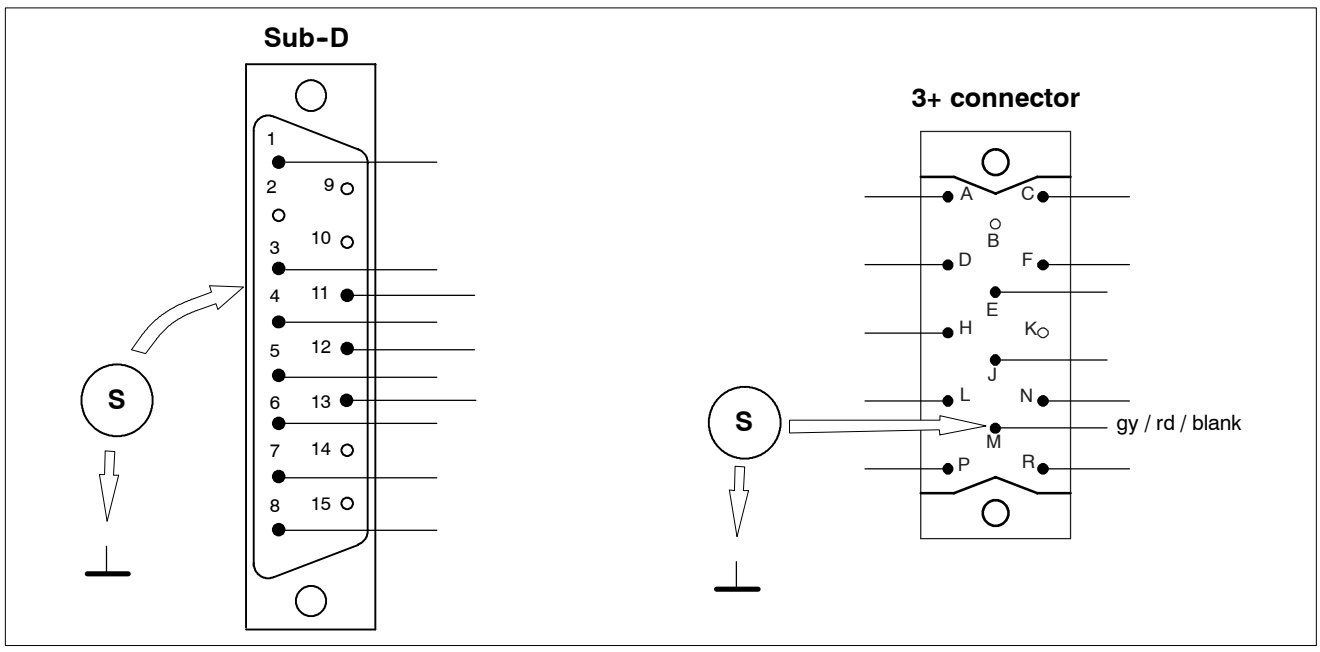
1. The shielding of the measuring chamber has a connection to system ground at the measuring chamber or interconnection.
2. In the cable to the measuring chamber is a missing ground connection.
   (This mistake is not possible with the ACL chamber type No. 9890 000 016xx).
3. The measuring chamber is defective.

Localization and elimination of the error source:

Re 1.)

- Remove the connector of the measuring chamber at the generator side.
- Measure connection:
  - **shielding** (Sub–D connector, 15 pins) to **system ground**
    or
  - pin **M** (3+ connector, 14 pins) to system ground ===> **The connection must not be present!**

- Measure connection:
  - **shielding** (Sub–D connector, 15 pins) to **chamber shielding**
    or
  - pin **M** (3+ connector, 14 pins) to chamber shielding ===> **The connection must be present!**

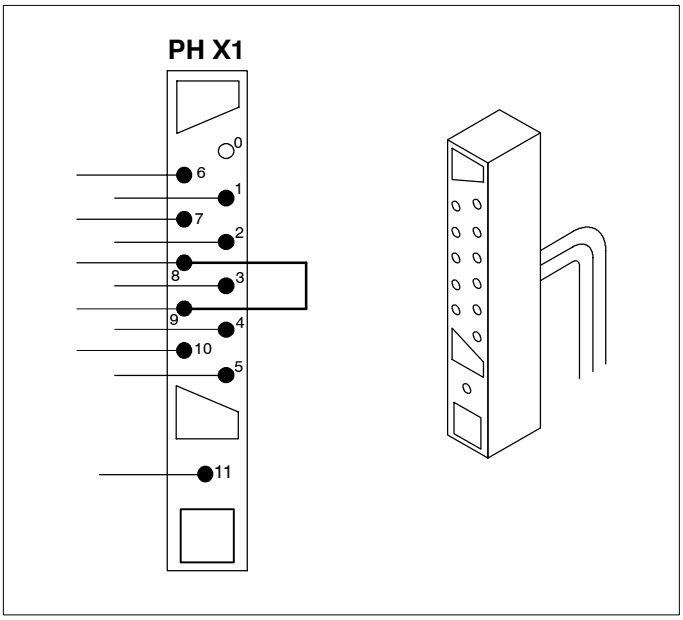


Re 2.)

The connector of the measuring chamber at the generator side has been removed.

- Measure the connection between pin **8** and pin **13** (Sub-D connector).
  The connection must be present!

- If the connection is not present, insert a link between pins **8** and **9** at the chamber connector at the chamber end as shown in the figure.
  In this case the system is most probably operated with an old hybrid measuring chamber 9803 509 xxxxx instead of an ACL measuring chamber 9890 000 016xx. In hybrid measuring chambers the connection between pin **8** <-> **9** is missing.



In case a 3+ connector is used, the connection pin **N** <-> **J** is most probably missing because this connection is not present in hybrid measuring chambers.

To increase interference protection establish the above mentioned connection at the chamber connector of the chamber cable pin **8** <-> **9** in addition to the connection in the adapter for the AMPLIMAT cable (see Z1 “Basic interface”).

Re 3.):

Use a test chamber and compare the function.

9. Power supply

WARNING

During fault finding within the power supply unit be very careful the unit is still connected to the mains.

Switch-ON not possible:

- ENF1 not switched ON (visual check)
- ENF1 released
  - check for damage before reactivating ENF1/2 (visual check, any smell?)
- ENF2 not switched ON (visual check)
- ENF2 released by low-voltage supply, filament circuit, tube extension, external components supply
  - check for damage before reactivating ENF1/2 (visual check, any smell?)
- ON circuit EN100 defective

Phase supervision:

1. Without mains adaptation transformer

   - Phase L1 is missing: Mains contactors ENK2 and ENK1 cannot be activated.
   - Phase L2 is missing: The generator can be switched ON but does not go into the READY state. The filament-circuit supply is missing. There is an error message from function unit kV.
   - Phase L3 is missing: ON circuit without supply voltage.

   - Fault tracing:
     Check leads and fuses up to the mains supply.

2. With mains adaptation transformer

   - In case at least one phase at the primary end is missing, the generator cannot be switched ON. If there is a problem concerning the leads at the secondary end, refer to section 1 “INTRODUCTION AND TECHNICAL DATA”.

After switch-ON or attempted switch-ON:

The generator cannot be brought into the READY state (e.g. no desk display).

- Check the low-voltage supply.
- Check for released ENF1:
  Ground fault / short-circuit of one / several phase(s).
  Check ENK2 and, if necessary, the contacts of ENK1.
  Check the leads and the mains adaptation transformer.
  Check visually whether the contacts of ENK2 or ENK1 have dropped out.
- Check for missed voltage of intermediate circuit:
  The damping resistors are unsoldered which was caused by overcurrent during switch ON.
  Cause: Short-circuit in the converter, defective charging capacitors, mains-filter capacitors or rectifiers.
  Unsoldering happens about 45s after switch ON.

The damping resistors are unsoldered because the converter was active and ENK1 was not switched ON although activated by the software.
Probably termination of exposure.

This procedure can only happen once because the generator cannot go into STANDBY mode when intermediate circuit voltage E is missing.

In case intermediate circuit voltage E is present, ENK1 is activated by the software of the kV-control and remains activated for the complete time the unit is in operation.

In case of high impedance or the tolerance of the symmetry resistors of the intermediate circuit capacitor battery is too large, capacitors may be destroyed by overvoltage. In case ENK1 has already been activated, ENF1 probably releases.

ENF3 is released by the rotor control units.

The release of ENF2 switches the generator OFF because the supply voltage for the ON circuit and, consequently, the supply voltage of contactors ENK2 and ENK1 is interrupted.

A converter test kit OPTIMUS is available to determine possible problems with the converter, the HV transformer or the tube.
Order No.: 4512 104 9168x

10. Functional description of function unit mA

Tube data must be loaded as a data set from floppy disk via PC and central unit CU into function unit mA.

The procedures described below cannot be carried out before the complete data set for the tube housing assembly is present in central unit CU.

Before the tube adaptation can be started, tube conditioning must be implemented as described in section 2, chapter 8.3.1.

Before adaptation is started, the mA offset value of the mA measuring circuit has to be determined.

This offset value consists of two components:

1. A current of 4mA is impressed upon the mA measuring circuit which is used for continuous calibration (during STANDBY about once per minute).
2. Additionally the kV measuring circuit delivers an offset current depending on the kV.

To measure this total value an exposure is released with 40kV and 500mA filament current. The emission current measured is the correction value for all standard exposures (4mA, measuring circuit current depending on the kV).

As opposed to the standby filament current value of the predecessor versions of generators, the standby filament current value of the Optimus generator is not fixed.

It is determined for each focus individually. A 40kV exposure is released with the focus to be measured while all other foci are switched OFF.

The filament current changes until an emission current of 100μA is obtained.

The associated filament current value is the individual standby filament current (1% to be substracted so that the fluoroscopic current of any of the other foci is not affected).

The following adaptation program takes place fully automatically.

Based on 120 single exposures for each focus a data field is created in the CMOS of function unit mA. The adjustments for all other exposures are interpolated from this data field during operation.

During the adaptation procedure all limit values such as maximum filament current, maximum kV, maximum tube load, maximum output, current of the generator etc. are taken into account.

Boost adaptation

Boost time determination: Positive boosting

With the predecessor versions of generators, a calculated boost current was added to the exposure filament current for a fixed time of 400ms.

With Optimus generators the boost current is always fixed but with a variable time.

The amount of the boost current is the sum of the maximum filament current (of the respective filament) plus 2000mA.

To determine the time values an exposure must be started at a kV stage from which on the filament current does not have to be increased anymore to obtain the max. kV dependent emission current.

As soon as the 100% kV value is reached, the filament current jumps from the STANDBY value to the maximum filament current plus 2000mA. The emission current is measured every 2ms until the maximum tube current or the maximum possible tube current is reached.

In case this procedure takes too long (warming up of the tube), the measurement is continued with a second exposure after a sufficient period of time has passed.

The measurement starts again at the value obtained last.

Boost time determination: Negative boosting

An innovation of the Optimus generator is the determination of the negative boosting (blanking of the filament current).

The measurement is started at the same kV stage as for the positive boost time but with maximum filament current.

As soon as the 100% kV value is reached, the maximum filament current of the filament jumps down to 500mA.

Every 2ms the emission current is measured until a value of 100µA is obtained.

The values for the blanking times are required for techniques such as, for instance, cine.

A filament current value of 500mA must not be exceeded for otherwise the output to supply a gridswitch box (which might be present) is too low.

The following procedure takes place after the generator has been switched ON:

Function unit mA initializes itself and afterwards establishes connection with central unit CU via CAN.

For 3s every focus is boosted with the respective specified maximum filament current. Then blanking of the filament current (500mA) takes place for a variable period of time (derived from negative boost adaptation) to bring the filament current to the STANDBY value (large focus first followed by a smaller one).

The change of the filament current value upon a change of the focus which was the usual routine for the predecessor versions of the Optimus generator does no longer take place. All STANDBY values remain constant.

During operation the following procedure takes place after the release of PREPARATION:

The filament current rises from the individual STANDBY filament current to the boost current.

The switch-ON time of the boost current depends on the difference between STANDBY and the exposure (single boost) or intermediate filament (double boost) current.

Double boost

- The intermediate filament current is a calculated value. It is calculated in such a way that the filament current and thus the filament temperature is brought to exposure level when the boost current is switched ON for another 50ms by the exposure command.
- During exposure the filament current regulates as required.
- At the end of exposure the filament current is reduced to the minimum value of 500mA (negative boosting) for a calculated time to bring it from the exposure to the STANDBY value.
- In case PREPARATION is released, negative boosting takes place until heating can go on with the STANDBY filament current.

11. CAN bus

All the intelligent assemblies and PCBs communicate via the CAN bus. There they are connected in parallel to the two lines CAN_L (low) and CAN_H (high).

The data are serially transmitted in the form of so-called frames.

Levels in quiescent status against chassis:

CAN_L: 2.5V

CAN_H: 2.5V

Levels during data transmission against chassis:

CAN_L: 0.50 ... 2.25V
CAN_H: 2.75 ... 4.50V
} Both levels are opposite. The difference must be > 1.5V!

Test points generator CAN		Test points system CAN	
CAN_L:	EZX71	S_CAN_L:	EZX42:2
CAN_H:	EZX72	S_CAN_H:	EZX42:7
Chassis:	EZX5	Chassis:	EZX42:3

Reference: Z1-5.1, Z2-5.1/5.2

Symptoms of errors:

- The generator is inoperable.
- The red LEDs of one or more of the assemblies or PCBs flash.
- Parameter settings at the control desk are accepted and displayed with a considerable delay.
- In the error memory are several entries which code begins with 00C (apart from 00CJ) or the error description contains a reference to signal conflicts.

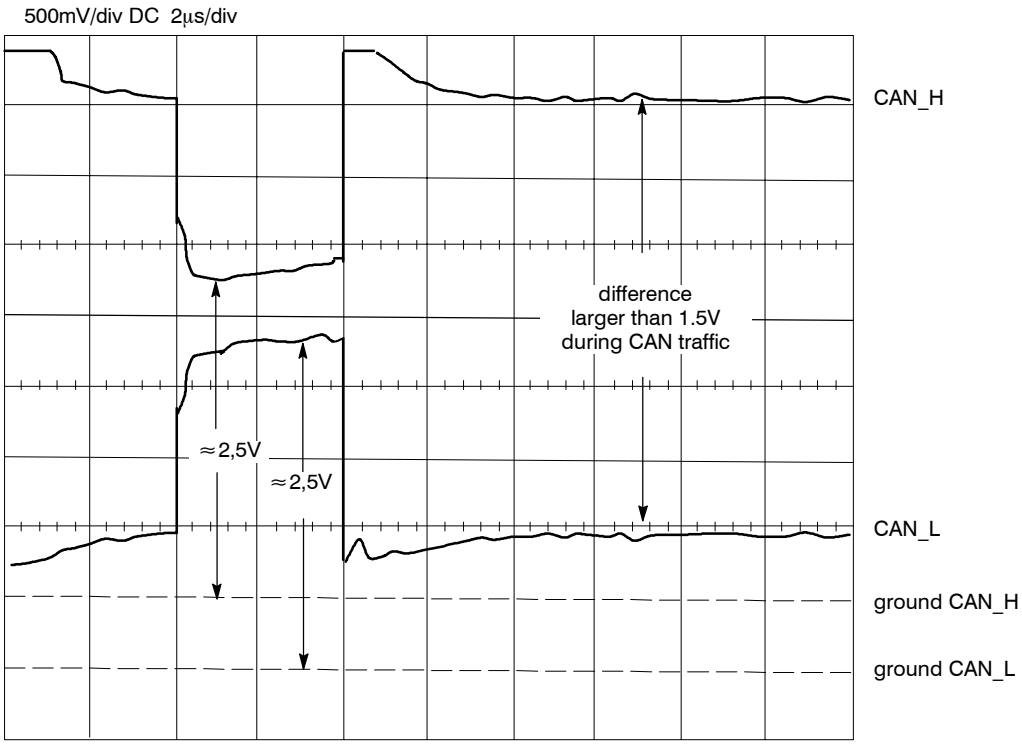
Error localization:

1. Entries in the error memory clearly indicate that the assembly and PCB are not communicating properly or not at all.
2. Control measurement of CAN levels with an oscilloscope during data transmission and in the quiescent status: Data transmission is triggered by pressing any desk button.
   If the levels are outside the tolerance or are not symmetrical, the CAN driver of an assembly or PCB is faulty. Because all the users are connected to the bus in parallel, the troublemaker can only be found by disconnecting one user after another.

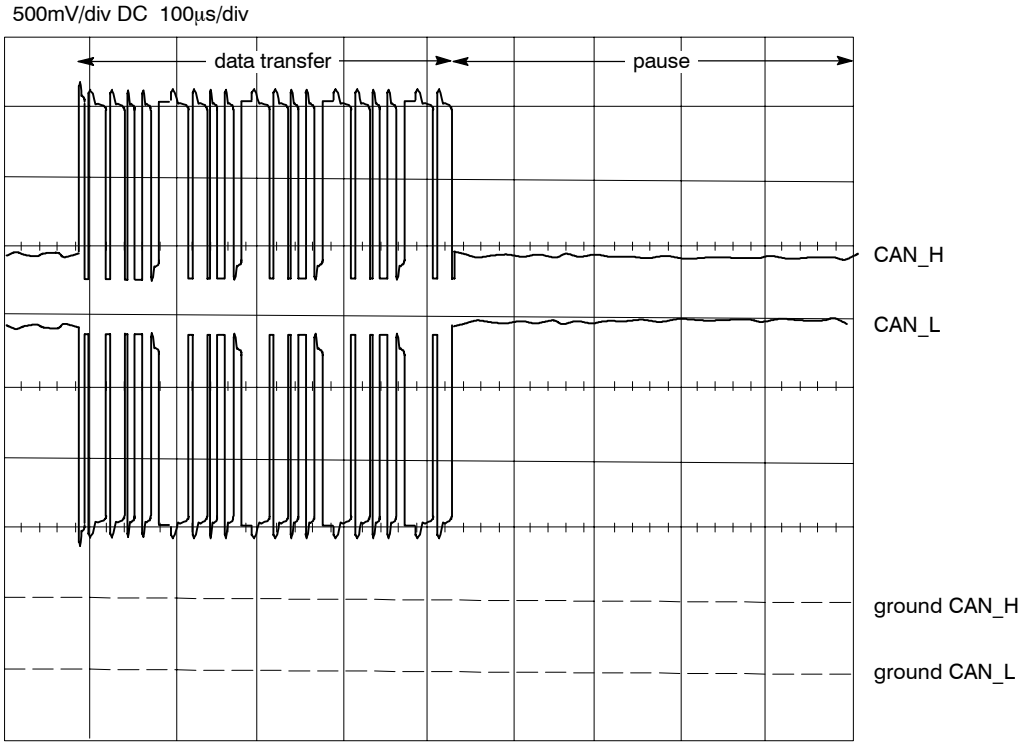
CAUTION

Disconnection must only take place with the generator switched OFF.

CAN levels with a high temporal resolution:
(Diagram 1)



CAN levels with low temporal resolution:
(Diagram 2)



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12. Incorrect exposure indicator

General causes:

An incorrect exposure is indicated on the control desk if an exposure cannot be terminated according to the parameters set. Frequent causes of underexposure are the following:

1. The operator lets go of the release switch prematurely.
2. The measuring chamber is incorrectly programmed, not connected or faulty.

   Check the following:
   - RGDV programming
   - Programming of Amplimat sensitivity
   - Programming of EZ150 basic interface (gain, 15V/40V-supply)
   - Programming of screen/film combination (data set 1 ... 5)

3. The APR selected does not match the technique used or the screen/film combination.

   Check the following:
   - APR programming

The standard APRs supplied have parameters which generally match a 400-type screen/film combination. If the standard APRs are used, the exposure parameters have to be changed according to the speed of the screen/film combination actually used.
This also applies if an automatic technique is programmed as the preferred technique. In automatic techniques the mAs and ms-parameters are used for fault exposure detection.

Faulty exposure detection AEC / TDC:

To protect patients there are three monitoring systems for automatic techniques:

1. Maximum mAs product: Can be set by AGenT
2. Maximum exposure time or backup time: Can be set by AGenT
3. Fault exposure detection: The fault exposure detection can be switched ON or OFF via AGenT. Irrespective of this fault exposure detection does not perform if levels fall below certain limits.

AEC / AECF limits:

- Maximum mAs product: 580mAs (default)
- Maximum exposure time: 4s (cannot be changed)
- Backup time AEC: Exposure time based on 9.5 times the mAs of the respective manual technique (kV-mAs). 4s after overriding
- Backup time AECF: 9.5 times the exposure time of the respective manual technique (kV-mAs)
- Fault exposure detection: ≤ 4% dose at 10% backup time

Fault exposure detection is ignored under the following circumstances:

- Backup time: ≤ 100ms (≤ 10ms at 10%)
- Switch OFF voltage (dose): ≤ 610mV (≤ 24.4mV at 4%)

If there is a fault an exposure is aborted after about 10% of backup time. If the fault exposure detection fails to respond in the event of a fault, shutdown takes place after reaching backup time, max. exposure time or max. mAs product.

TDC limits:

- Maximum mAs product: 580mAs (default)
- Exposure time: 0.3 ... 6s
- Fault exposure detection: ≤ 10 ... 4% dose for 9.5 times the sample time

$$\text{dose minimum} = \frac{9.5 \times \text{sample time}}{\text{exposure time (corr.)}} \times 40\% \text{ nominal dose}$$

- Backup time: Exposure time
- Sample time: 25 ... 60ms = 1% exposure time (corr.); min. 25ms
- Sample steps: 12 ... 100

Fault exposure detection is ignored under the following circumstances:

- Exposure time: < 1s

In the event of a fault the exposure is aborted after about 11 times sample time. If the fault exposure detection fails to respond in the event of a fault, shutdown takes place after reaching the backup time or the max. mAs product.

The switch OFF voltage should be at least 1.2V to guarantee good TDC regulation. Program the higher gain factor on EZ150 BASIC INTERFACE (≥ 4512 108 05964), if necessary.

Programming possibilities:

- Select menu:
  Program / Application limits / X-Mode

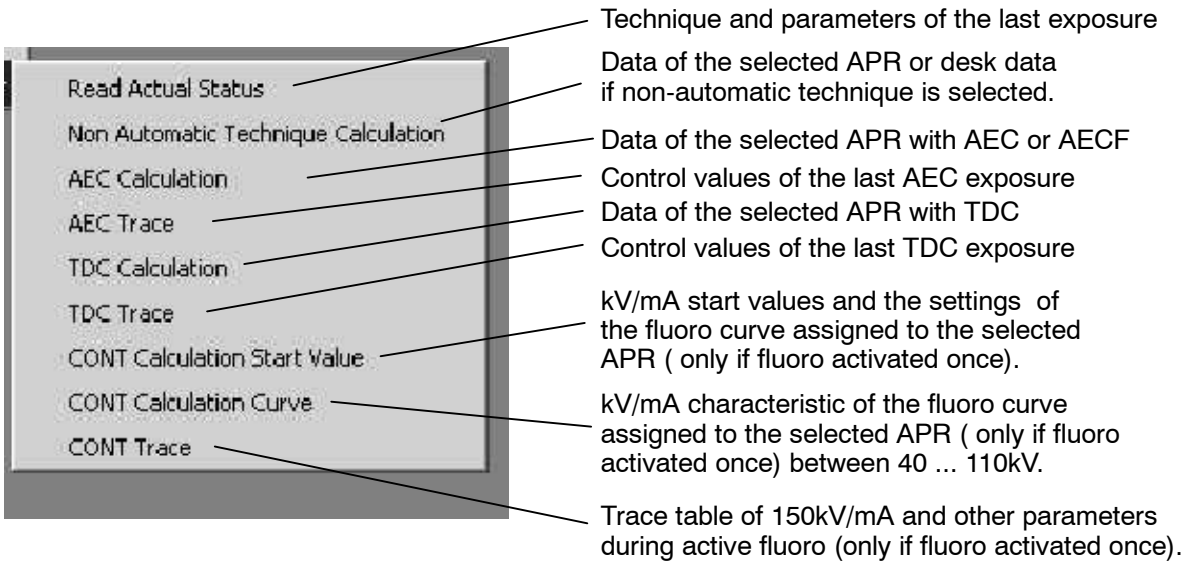
  X-ray Mode: AEC ... TDC
  Max. Current Time Product Limit: 580mAs

- Select menu:
  Program / Dose Rate Control / Image, Fault & CONT / Fault Exposure Detection/CONT / AEC ... TDC

  ON – OFF

Aids for fault finding:

- Select menu:
  Fault Find / X-ray log / Dose Rate Control Logging / ...



Adjustment possibilities:

- Select menu:
  Adjustment / Dose Rate Control / TDC Amplimat

  P gain factor (def. 50):
  i gain factor (def. 8):
  d gain factor (def. 5):
  } Do not change any value here without order from DMC Hamburg!

  min. sample time (def. 40) [ms]: 25 ... 65

13. Mnemonic and routing list

Explanation:

MNEMONIC
explanation
signal chain (–direct connection = connection via relay contact) all possible units mentioned
signal value / range / signal source
measuring point (in ( ) at PCB front panel)
trigger point [preferred]
remarks
part of supply

AC_0V_XG
AC mains supply 0 V X–ray generator
ENX1101/2–EZX13:2–EZ102X1:DBZ4–EZ119X1:DBZ24 Optimus RAD
ENX3201–EZX13:2–EZ102X1:DBZ4–EZ119X1:DBZ24 Optimus R/F
neutral N of mains supply for EZ102 + EZ119

AC_230V_L1
AC mains supply 230VAC phase 1
ENF2:L1–ENF2:T1–ENK2:2–ENK2:1–EZX13:1–EZX102X1:DBZ2
AC mains supply for low voltage power supply EZ102

AC_230V_L2
mains supply 230V AC phase 2
ENF2:L2–ENF2:T2–ENK2:4–ENK2:3–EZX13:3–EZ119X1:DBZ26
AC mains supply for function unit mA_control EZ119

AV_HT_AN
high tension actual value anode side
0V ... +3.75V = 0 ... 75kV 1V = 20kV
measuring point EZ130 (X4)
[CRTL_X_C/ at EZX74]

AV_HT_CA
high tension actual value cathode side
0V ... +3.75V = 0 ... 75kV 1V = 20kV
measuring point EZ130 (X5)
cathode value also positive!
[CRTL_X_C/ at EZX74]

AV_HT
high tension actual value
0 ... +7.5V = 0 ... 150kV 1V = 20kV
measuring point EZ130 (X3)
[CRTL_X_C/ at EZX74]

CAN_H
generator CAN high active
-EZ119X2:C3-EZ130X2:C3-EZ139X2:C3-EZ150X2:C3-EZX44:10-EZX45:10-EZX46:10
-C300X1:10-EZX51:3-EZX151:3-EZX52:7-EZX72
-EWAX51:10-EWAX52:10-EWA100X2:C3-EWBX51:10-EWBX52:10-EWB100X2:C3
+2.5VDC standby, +3.2VDC during communication
EZX72
for communication of generator function units only
part of: XRG bus

CAN_L
generator CAN low active
-EZ119X2:A3-EZ130X2:A3-EZ139X2:A3-EZ150X2:A3-EZX44:2-EZX45:2-EZX46:2
-C300X1:2-EZX51:2-EZX151:2-EZX52:2-EZX71-EWAX51:2-EWAX52:2-EWA100X2:A3-EWBX51:2
-EWBX52:2-EWB100X2:A3
+2.5VDC standby, +1.5VDC during communication
EZX71
for communication of generator function units only
part of: XRG bus

CM_EX_SW_1
common for exposure switch of release decade 1
EWA100X1:C5-EWAX1:10
EWB100X1:C5-EWBX1:10
+26V non-active
exposure request

CM_EX_SW_2
common for exposure switch of release decade 2
EWA100X1:C7-EWAX2:10
EWB100X1:C7-EWBX2:10
+26V non-active
exposure request

CM_EX_SW_3
common for exposure switch of release decade 3
EWA100X1:C9-EWAX3:10
EWB100X1:C9-EWBX3:10
+26V non-active
exposure request

CM_EX_SW_4
common for exposure switch of release decade 4
EWA100X1:C11-EWAX4:10
EWB100X1:C11-EWBX4:10
+26V non-active
exposure request

CM_SW
common for radiation indication
EZ150X1:C29-EZX1:6-EWGX1:6-EWGX2:6-EWGX3:6
partner of SW_UN_EX, potential free contact

CM_TH
common for thermal sensor of tube housing
NTC temperature measurement in tube housing (not yet available)
EZ130X1:C12-EZX3:7-EWGX7:7-EWGX8:7-EWGX9:7 backpanel 4512 108 05983
EZ130X1:C12-EZX3:4-EWGX7:4-EWGX8:4-EWGX9:4 backpanels 4512 108 05984 + 4512 108 09361/2
partner of TH_OL

CM_TH_SW
common for tube housing temperature switch
EZ130X1:C11-EZX3:4-EWGX7:4-EWGX8:4-EWGX9:4 backpanel 4512 108 05983
EZ130X1:C11-EZX3:7-EWGX7:7-EWGX8:7-EWGX9:7 backpanels 4512 108 05984 + 4512 108 09361/2
partner of TH_OL_SW/

COM_EX_CD
common for exposure end signal and other warning signals
EWB102X1:A12-EWBX22:6
partner of EX_CD + SW_XG_RD_1 + SW_PR_FL_1 + SW_WN_FL_1 + SW_UN_EX_1

CTRL_X/
control X–ray request command, system level or with decade adaptation units WA/WB
EZ139X1:A4-EZX23:4-EZX45:5-EWAX51:5-EWAX52:5-EWA100X2:C25-EWBX51:5-EWBX52:5
-EWB100X2:C25
0V active, +15V inactive
EZX85
part of: signal bus

CTRL_X_C/
control X–ray request command, internal generator signal
EZ119X2:C6-EZ130X2:C6-EZ139X2:C6-EZ150X2:C6-EZX52:8
0V active, +5V inactive
EZX74 as preferred trigger signal for kV measurement
final high tension on command if all conditions ready
part of: XRG bus, CAN/XS bus

CU_CT1_1
cooling unit contact 1_1
EZ150X1:A22-EZX2:6-EWGX4:6=EGWX5:6=EWGX6:6

CU_CT1_2
cooling unit contact 1_2
EZ150X1:C22-EZX2:7-EWGX4:7=EWGX5:7=EWGX6:7

CU_U
stator current U
high speed rotor control units 4512 104 71421/461
EY100 X15
9.3A/V

CU_V
stator current V
high speed rotor control units 4512 104 71421/461
EY100 X16
9.3A/V

CU_W
stator current W
high speed rotor control units 4512 104 71421/461
EY100 X17
9.3A/V

CV1 EN/
CV2 EN/
converter 1/2 enable
converter 1: EZ130X1:A9-EZX24:22-EQ100X1:22
converter 2: EZ130X1:A30-EZX34:22-E2Q100X1:22
not used, no function

CV1_GND
converter power part 1 ground
EZ130X1:AC8-EZX24:8/21-EQ100X1:8/21
in combination with: CV2_ID/ signal release 2 generators
in combination with: CV2_IDA/ and CV2_IDB/ release 3 generators

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CV1_GND_OL
converter power part 1 ground overload (generator basic version ≥ 4512 104 70203/70602)
EZ130X1:A7-EZX24:20-EQ100X1:20
not used, no function

CV1_ID/
converter power part 1 identification
EQ100X1:19-EZX24:19-EZ130X1:A6
open +5V, converter connected 0V
in combination with: CV1_GND signal
release 2 generators only

CV1_IDA/
converter power part 1 identification A
EQ100X1:19-EZX24:19-EZ130X1:A6
open +5V, converter connected +24mV
in combination with: CV1_GND signal
release 3 generators only

CV1_IDB/
converter power part 1 identification B
EQ100X1:21-EZX24:21-EZ130X1:C9
open +5V, converter connected +24mV
in combination with: CV1_GND signal
release 3 generators only

CV2_IDA/
converter power part 2 identification A
E2Q100X1:19-EZX34:19-EZ130X1:A27
open +5V, converter connected +24mV
in combination with: CV2_GND signal
release 3 generators only

CV2_IDB/
converter power part 2 identification B
E2Q100X1:21-EZX34:21-EZ130X1:C30
open +5V, converter connected +24mV
in combination with: CV2_GND signal
release 3 generators only

CV1_OL/
converter power part 1 overload
EQ100X1:7-EZX24:7-EZ130X1:C7
not used, no function

CV1_TM
converter power part 1 temperature
EQ100X1:6-EZX24:6-EZ130X1:C6
4.4V ... 1.5V = 20 ... 100 degrees C
in combination with: CV1_GND signal

CV2_GND
converter power part 2 ground
EZ130X1:AC29-EZX34:8/21-E2Q100X1:8/21
in combination with: CV2_ID/ signal release 2 generators
in combination with: CV2_IDA/ and CV2_IDB/ release 3 generators

---

CV2_GND_OL
converter power part 2 ground overload (generator basic version ≥ 4512 104 70203/70602)
EZ130X1:A28-EZX34:20-E2Q100X1:20
not used, no function

CV2_ID/
converter power part 2 identification
E2Q100X1:19-EZX34:19-EZ130X1:A27
open +5V, converter connected 0V
in combination with: CV2_GND signal
release 2 generators only

CV2_OL
converter power part 2 overload
E2Q100X1:7-EZX34:7-EZ130X1:C28
not used, no function

CV2_TM
converter power part 2 temperature
EZ130X1:C27-E2Q100X1:6-EZX34:6
4.4V...1.5V = 20...100 °C
in combination with: CV2_GND signal

DR_BV_0V
dose rate (signal) reference of image intensifier
EZX61:3-EZ139X2:C18 backpanel 4512 108 05983/4 only
negative potential of II unit, 0V +/-50mV against generator ground
differential signal with DR_BV_SG
not used, no function for generators release 2

DR_BV_NG
dose rate (signal) reference of image intensifier
EZX61:6-EZ139X2:C18 backpanel 4512 108 09361/2 only
negative potential of II unit, 0V +/-50mV against generator ground
differential signal with DR_BV_SG
part of: dose rate control

DR_BV_SG
dose rate signal of image intensifier
EZX61:8-EZ139X2:A18 backpanel 4512 108 05983/4 only
EZX61:4-EZ139X2:A18 backpanel 4512 108 09361/2 only
positive potential, 0 ... 10V
differential signal with DR_BV_NG
no function for generators release 2
part of: dose rate control

DR_FL_LO_1
dose rate fluoro lock-in 1
EWBX12:7-EWB100X1:A21

DR_FQ_NG
dose rate signal (pulses) negative
not used, no function

DR_FQ_PO
dose rate signal (pulses) positive
not used, no function

DR_LM
dose rate limiter
EWBX12:1-EWB100X1:A20
low_active if tubelift D76 / EZD on short SID (if tubelift option present)

DR_TV_NG
dose rate of TV chain signal negative, fluoro control
(II/TV_adapter_PCB_X3:1-X2:8)-EZX61:8-EZ139X2:C19 backpanel 4512 108 09361/2
+/-12V minus polarity
dual voltage differential signal
typically +6V in standby coming from TV chain
+V for more dose, -V for less dose, 0V stable image
part of: dose rate control

DR_TV_NT
dose rate of TV chain signal negative, fluoro control
EZX61:4-EZ139X2:C19 backpanel 4512 108 05983/4
not used, no function

DR_TV_PO
dose rate of TV chain signal positive, fluoro control
(II/TV_adapter_PCB_X3:3-X2:7)-EZX61:7-EZ139X2:A19 backpanel 4512 108 09361/2
-/+12V positive polarity
dual voltage differential signal
typically -6V in standby coming from TV chain
-V for more dose, +V for less dose, 0V stable image
part of: dose rate control

DR_TV_PT
dose rate of TV chain signal positive, fluoro control
EZX61:9-EZ139X2:A19 backpanel 4512 108 05983/4
not used, no function

DS_BV_NG
dose (signal ramp) reference of image intensifier
(II/TV_adapter_PCB_X1:P –X2:3)-EZX61:3-EZ139X2:C17 backpanel 4512 108 09361/2
negative potential of II unit, 0V +/-50mV against generator ground
differential signal with DS_BV_SG
part of: dose rate control

DS_BV_0V
dose (signal ramp) reference of image intensifier
EZX61:2-EZ139X2C17 backpanel 4512 108 05983/4
not used, no function

DS_BV_SG
dose signal ramp of image intensifier signal
EZX61:7-EZ139X2:A17 backpanel 4512 108 05983/4
(II/TV_adapter_PCB_X1:R-X2:2)-EZX61:2-EZ139X2:A17 backpanel 4512 108 09361/2
0 ... 10V, polarity positive
differential signal with DS_BV_NG release 3 generators only
release 2 generators: not used, no function
part of: dose rate control

DS_MC_0V
dose (signal ramp) reference of selected measuring chamber
EZ150X2:C16-EZ139X2:C16
negative potential of selected measuring chamber, 0V +/-50mV against generator ground
differential signal with DS_MC_SG

DS_MC_SG
dose signal ramp of selected measuring chamber
EZ150X2:A16-EZ139X2:A16
0 ... +12V
[EZ150 X4 against X5 ground]
differential signal with DS_MC_0V

E_NG_CV1
E value converter DC supply negative
converter 1 (frontal 50/65/80kW): EQ100X1:5-EZX24:5-EZ130X1:C5
0 ... -12V = 0 ... -375V if converter is stand-alone (EQ100 X1 not connected)
if in normal operation: E_PO + E_NG >> 445VDC = 10V measuring input EZ130 X1:A5 - X1:C5

E_NG_CV2
E value converter DC supply negative
converter 2 (rear 65/80kW): E2Q100X1:5-EZX34:5-EZ130X1:C26
no input to EZ130 release 2 generators
release 3 generators only with 2 converters
0 ... -12V = 0 ... -375V if converter is stand-alone (E2Q100 X1 not connected)
if in normal operation: E_PO + E_NG >> 445VDC = 10V measuring input EZ130 X1:A26 - X1:C26

E_PO_CV1
E value converter DC supply positive
converter 1: EQ100X1:18-EZX24:18-EZ130X1:A5
0 ... +12V = 0 ... +375V if converter is stand-alone (EQ100 X1 not connected)
if in normal operation: E_PO + E_NG >> 445VDC = 10V measuring input EZ130 X1:A5 - X1:C5

E_PO_CV2
E value converter DC supply positive
converter 2: E2Q100X1:18-EZX34:18-EZ130X1:A26
no input to EZ130 version 4512 108 08661..4 release 2 generators
release 3 generators only with 2 converters EZ130 version 4512 108 09102 ... 4
0 ... +12V = 0 ... +375V if converter is stand-alone (E2Q100 X1 not connected)
if in normal operation: E_PO + E_NG >> 445VDC = 10V measuring input EZ130 X1:A26 - X1:C26

EN_X/
enable X-ray, system level
preparation or fluoro request, only valid in combination with CAN message (RAD-R/F)
or hardware requests (Optimus C)
EZ139X1:C2-EZX10:1/3-EZX23:15-EZX45:11-EZX46:11-C300X1:11-EWAX51:11-EWAX52:11
-EWA100X2:C26-EWBX51:11-EWBX52:11-EWB100X2:C26
measuring point: EZX82, EZ139X9
part of: signal bus
0V/+15V low active

EX_CD
exposure end signal
contact to drive e.g. an external buzzer
partner of COM_EX_CD

EN_X_C/
enable X–ray, internal generator signal
preparation or fluoro request if confirmed by CAN message (RAD-R/F)
or hardware requests (Optimus C)
EZ119X2:C7-EZ130X1:C7-EZ130X2:C7-EZ139X2:C7-EZ150X2:C7-EZX52:9-EZX76
0V/+5V low active
measuring point EZX76
driven by CU if EN_X/ active (low)
part of: XS/XRG bus

EX_ON
exposure on
EWA100X2:A9-EWAX14:7
EWB100X2:A9-EWBX14:7
potential free optocoupler driven signal
in combination with IT_0V
supply: max 26V 10mA
part of: EXON old world

FD_C_CH1
central field measuring chamber 1
EZ150X1:C4-EZX21:12
+15V, Ri of EZ150 = 220Ω

FD_C_CH2
central field measuring chamber 2
EZ150X1:A4-EZX22:12
+15V, Ri of EZ150 = 220Ω

FD_C_CH3
central field measuring chamber 3
EZ150X1:C10-EZX31:12
+15V, Ri of EZ150 = 220Ω

FD_C_CH4
central field measuring chamber 4
EZ150X1:A10-EZX32:12
+15V, Ri of EZ150 = 220Ω

FD_C_CH5
central field measuring chamber 5
EZ150X1:C16-EZX41:12
+15V, Ri of EZ150 = 220Ω

FD_L_CH1
left field measuring chamber 1
EZ150X1:C3-EZX21:11
+15V, Ri of EZ150 = 220Ω

FD_L_CH2
left field measuring chamber 2
EZ150X1:A3-EZX22:11
+15V, Ri of EZ150 = 220Ω

FD_L_CH3
left field measuring chamber 3
EZ150X1:C9-EZX31:11
+15V, Ri of EZ150 = 220Ω

FD_L_CH4
left field measuring chamber 4
EZ150X1:A9-EZX32:11
+15V, Ri of EZ150 = 220Ω

FD_L_CH5
left field measuring chamber 5
EZ150X1:C15-EZX41:11
+15V, Ri of EZ150 = 220Ω

FD_R_CH1
right field measuring chamber 1
EZ150X1:C5-EZX21:3
+15V, Ri of EZ150 = 220Ω

FD_R_CH2
right field measuring chamber 2
EZ150X1:A5-EZX22:3
+15V, Ri of EZ150 = 220Ω

FD_R_CH3
right field measuring chamber 3
EZ150X1:C11-EZX31:3
+15V, Ri of EZ150 = 220Ω

FD_R_CH4
right field measuring chamber 4
EZ150X1:A11-EZX32:3
+15V, Ri of EZ150 = 220Ω
FD_R_CH5
right field measuring chamber 5
EZ150X1:C17-EZX41:3
+15V, Ri of EZ150 = 220Ω

FI_TF1_1
filament transformer 1 line 1
EZ119X1:DBZ4-EZX12:1-EG106X15:1
square pulses 100 ... 20kHz, amplitude ~ 300V

FI_TF1_2
filament transformer 1 line 2
EZ119X1:DBZ6-EZX12:2-EG106X15:2
square pulses 100 ... 20kHz, amplitude ~ 300V

FI_TF2_1
filament transformer 2 line 1
EZ119X1:DBZ8-EZX12:4-EG106X15:4
square pulses 100 ... 20kHz, amplitude ~ 300V

FI_TF2_2
filament transformer 2 line 2
EZ119X1:DBZ10-EZX12:5-EG106X15:5
square pulses 100 ... 20kHz, amplitude ~ 300V

GND
ground
-EZ102X1:DBZ6-EZ119X1:DBZ26-EZ102X2:DBZ8/10/12/14/16/18/20/26/30-EZ119X2:AC4/5/13/15/16/32
-EZ130X2:C16:AC4/5/13/15/32-EZ139X2:AC4/5/13/15/32-EZ150X2:AC4/5/13/15/32-EZX21:13
-EZX22:13-EZX31:13-EZX32:13-EZX41:13-EZX12:3/6-EZX51:11/12/13/14/15-EZX151:X11/12/13/14/15
-EZX44:1/7-EZX46:8/13-EZX1:9-EZX2:10-EZX3:10-EZX5-EZX6-EZX7:3-EZX8:3-EZX17:2-EZX18:2
-EZX19:2-EZX20:2
-EWGX11:4-EWGX12:4-EWGX1:9-EWGX2:9-EWGX3:9-EWGX4:10-EWGX5:10
-EWGX6:10-EWGX7:10-EWGX8:10-EWGX9:10
-EWAX41:2-EWAX42:2-EWAX51:15-EWAX52:15
-EWAX1:7-EWAX2:7-EWAX3:7-EWAX4:7-EWAX11:2-EWAX11:4-EWAX11:6-EWAX11:9-EWAX12:2
-EWAX12:4-EWAX12:6-EWAX12:9-EWAX13:9-EWAX14:9-EWAX21:10-EWAX23:10-EWAX24:1
-EWAX24:10
-WA102X1AC2-WA102X2:AC15/28
-EWBX41:2-EWBX42:2-EWBX51:15-EWBX52:15-EWBX1:7-EWBX2:7-EWBX3:7-EWB4:7
-EWBX11:2-EWBX11:9-EWBX12:10-EWBX13:4-EWBX13:6-EWBX21:6-EWBX22:10-EWBX23:10
-EWBX24:1-EWBX24:10
-WB102X1AC2-WB102X2:AC15/28
-EYAX1:15/16/17-EYAX2:1-EY100X1:11/12/13/14/15-EY100X13-EY100X41
-C200X1:2-C200X2:17/18/19/20-X100X1:17/18/19/20-C100X10-C100X2:6/7/8/9/10-C300X4:6/7/8/9/10
-C300X2:1/5
-EZX87- (cannot be used as signal ground at Duo Diagnost, only Optimus RAD-R/F)

GND_15V
ground (+15V) for desk hand switch
C300X3:1/2/6

HT_AN
high tension anode side actual value
EG100X14:2-EZX35:2-EZ130X1:C17
0 ... +10V = 0 ... +100 kV measured at 10kOhm (20kΩ measuring circuit parallel to 20kΩ kV_control)

HT_AN_GND
high tension anode side ground
EG100X14:10-EZX35:10-EZ130X1:A17
0V

HT_CA
high tension cathode side actual value
EG100X14:1-EZX35:1-EZ130X1:C16
0 ... -10V = 0 ... -100kV measured at 10kOhm (20kΩ measuring circuit parallel to 20kΩ kV_control)

HT_CA_GND
high tension cathode side ground
EG100X14:9-EZX35:9-EZ130X1:A16
0V

I1_1
partner of I1_1/ optocoupler signal IGBT1 power part 1
EQ100 = 4512 108 05882 release 2
EQ100 ≥ 4512 108 08621 * release 2
EQ100 ≥ 4512 108 09341 * release 3
EZ130X1:A1-EZX24:14-EQ100X1:14
measuring point: EQ100 R25 end to X1 * EQ100 X6
value: on = 3.7V off = 1.2V against ground * = X10

I1_1/
partner of I1_1 optocoupler signal IGBT1 power part 1
EQ100 = 4512 108 05882 release 2
EQ100 ≥ 4512 108 08621 * release 2
EQ100 ≥ 4512 108 09341 * release 3
EZ130X1:C1-EZX24:1-EQ100X1:1

I1_2
partner of I1_2/ optocoupler signal IGBT2 power part 1
EQ100 = 4512 108 05882 release 2
EQ100 ≥ 4512 108 08621 * release 2
EQ100 ≥ 4512 108 09341 * release 3
EZ130X1:A2-EZX24:15-EQ100X1:15

I1_2/
partner of I1_2 optocoupler signal IGBT2 power part 1
EQ100 = 4512 108 05882 release 2
EQ100 ≥ 4512 108 08621 * release 2
EQ100 ≥ 4512 108 09341 * release 3
EZ130X1:C2-EZX24:2-EQ100X1:2
measuring point: EQ100 R27 end to X1 * EQ100 X7
value: ON = 3.7V OFF = 1.2V against ground * = X10

I1_3
partner of I1_3/ optocoupler signal IGBT3 power part 1
EQ100 = 4512 108 05882 release 2
EQ100 ≥ 4512 108 08621 * release 2
EQ100 ≥ 4512 108 09341 * release 3
EZ130X1:A3-EZX24:16-EQ100X1:16

I1_3/
partner of I1_3 optocoupler signal IGBT3 power part 1
EQ100 = 4512 108 05882 release 2
EQ100 ≥ 4512 108 08621 * release 2
EQ100 ≥ 4512 108 09341 * release 3
EZ130X1:C3-EZX24:3-EQ100X1:3
measuring point: EQ100 R29 end to X1 * EQ100 X8
value: ON = 3.7V OFF = 1.2V against ground * = X10

I1_4
partner of I1_4/ optocoupler signal IGBT4 power part 1
EQ100 = 4512 108 05882 release 2
EQ100 ≥ 4512 108 08621 * release 2
EQ100 ≥ 4512 108 09341 * release 3
EZ130X1:A4-EZX24:17-EQ100X1:17

I1_4/
partner of I1_4 optocoupler signal IGBT4 power part 1
EQ100 = 4512 108 05882 release 2
EQ100 ≥ 4512 108 08621 * release 2
EQ100 ≥ 4512 108 09341 * release 3
EZ130X1:C4-EZX24:4-EQ100X1:4
measuring point: EQ100 R31 end to X1 * EQ100 X9
value: ON = 3.7V OFF = 1.2V against ground * = X10

I2_1
partner of I2_1/ optocoupler signal IGBT1 power part 2
EQ100 = 4512 108 05882 release 2
EQ100 ≥ 4512 108 08621 * release 2
EQ100 ≥ 4512 108 09341 * release 3
EZ130X1:A22-EZX34:14-E2Q100X1:14

I2_1/
partner of I2_1 optocoupler signal IGBT1 power part 2
EQ100 = 4512 108 05882 release 2
EQ100 ≥ 4512 108 08621 * release 2
EQ100 ≥ 4512 108 09341 * release 3
EZ130X1:C22-EZX34:1-E2Q100X1:1
measuring point: EQ100 R25 end to X1 * E2Q100 X6
value: ON = 3.7V OFF = 1.2V against ground * = X10

I2_2
partner of I2_2/ optocoupler signal IGBT2 power part 2
EQ100 = 4512 108 05882 release 2
EQ100 ≥ 4512 108 08621 * release 2
EQ100 ≥ 4512 108 09341 * release 3
EZ130X1:A23-EZX34:15-E2Q100X1:15

I2_2/
partner of I2_2 optocoupler signal IGBT2 power part 2
EQ100 = 4512 108 05882 release 2
EQ100 ≥ 4512 108 08621 * release 2
EQ100 ≥ 4512 108 09341 * release 3
EZ130X1:C23-EZX34:2-E2Q100X1:2
measuring point: EQ100 R27 end to X1 * E2Q100 X7
value: ON = 3.7V OFF = 1.2V against ground * = X10

I2_3
partner of I2_3/ optocoupler signal IGBT3 power part 2
EQ100 = 4512 108 05882 release 2
EQ100 ≥ 4512 108 08621 * release 2
EQ100 ≥ 4512 108 09341 * release 3
EZ130X1:A24-EZX34:16-E2Q100X1:16

I2_3/
partner of I2_3 optocoupler signal IGBT3 power part 2
EQ100 = 4512 108 05882 release 2
EQ100 ≥ 4512 108 08621 * release 2
EQ100 ≥ 4512 108 09341 * release 3
EZ130X1:C24-EZX34:3-E2Q100X1:3
measuring point: EQ100 R29 end to X1 * E2Q100 X8
value: ON = 3.7V OFF = 1.2V against ground * = X10

I2_4
partner of I2_4/ optocoupler signal IGBT4 power part 2
EQ100 = 4512 108 05882 release 2
EQ100 ≥ 4512 108 08621 * release 2
EQ100 ≥ 4512 108 09341 * release 3
EZ130X1:A25-EZX34:17-E2Q100X1:17

I2_4/
partner of I2_4 optocoupler signal IGBT4 power part 2
EQ100 = 4512 108 05882 release 2
EQ100 ≥ 4512 108 08621 * release 2
EQ100 ≥ 4512 108 09341 * release 3
EZ130X1:C25-EZX34:4-E2Q100X1:4
measuring point: EQ100 R31 end to X1 * E2Q100 X9
value: ON = 3.7V OFF = 1.2V against ground * = X10

IT_0V
emitter 0V exposure on signal
EWA100X2:C9-EWAX14:9
EWB100X2:C9-EWBX14:9
potential free optocoupler driven signal
in combination with EX_ON
part of: EXON old world

Iu
stator current phase U of Low Speed Rotor Control
measuring point EYAX22
10A/V

Iw
stator current phase W of Low Speed Rotor Control
measuring point EYAX21
10A/V

MN_EM_OF
mains power emergency off
EZX4:1-EZX47:6-EN100X1:6

MN_ON
mains on
C300X1:6-EZX46:6-EZX47:2-EN100X1:2-EZX44:14 Optimus RAD – R/F
CB100X10:3-EZX46:6-EZX47:2-EN100X1:2-EZX44:14 Optimus C

NG_15V
-15V supply Vee
EZ102X2:DBZ24-EZ119X2:AC12-EZ130X2:AC12-EZ139X2:AC12-EZ150X2:AC12-EZX21:6-EZX22:6
-EZX31:6-EZX32:6-EZX41:6-EZX35:15-EZX51:8-EZX151:8-EG100X14:15
-14.5V ... -15.5V

NR_PR_X/
not ready preparing for X–ray
EZ139X1:A3–EZX23:3–EZX45:4–EZX46:4–C300X1:4–EWAX51:4–EWAX52:4–EWA100X2:A24–EWBX51:4
–EWBX52:4–EWB100X2:A24
driven by CU and/or system controller
measuring point: EZX83
part of: signal bus
0V/+15V high active

PO_0V
signal bus ground GNDS
EZ139X1:AC1–EZX23:1/14–EZX44:15–EZX45:15–EWAX51:15–EWAX52:15–EWBX51:15–EWBX52:15
part of: signal bus, supply via X44 Optimus RAD+R/F, from Cockpit at Duo Diagnost systems

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PO_12V
+12 V supply
EN100X1:1–EZX47:1–EZX46:7–C300X1:7

PO_15V
+15V supply Vdd
EZ102X2:DBZ22–EZ119X2:AC11–EZ130X2:AC11–EZ139X2:AC11
–EZ150X2:AC11–EZX2:8/9–EZX35:7–EZX44:12/13–EZX46:5
–EZX51:7–EG100X14:7–C300X1:5
–EZX21/22/31/32/41:5 backpanel 4512 108 05983 only
–EZX151:7 backpanels 4512 108 05984 + 4512 108 09361/2 only
+14.5V ... +15.5V

PO_15/40V
+15V or +40V supply for measuring chamber
EZ150X1:A20–EZX21/22/31/32/41:5EZ150 version ≥ 4512 108 05964
EZX21/22/31/32/41:5 via (15/40V Sub–D/3+ adapter) EZX21/22/31/32/41:L EZ150 version 4512 108 05963

PO_26V
+26V supply
EZ102X2:DBZ28–EZ119X2:AC14–EZ130X2:AC14–EZ139X2:AC14–EZ150X2:AC14–EZX1:5–EZX2:3
–EZX3:9–EZX11:1–EWGX11:1–EWGX12:1–EZX17:1–EZX18:1–EQ100X2:1–E2Q100X2:1

PO_26V_1
+26V supply options
EZ102X2:DBZ32–EZX19:1–EZX20:1–
–EWAX1:4–EWAX2:4–EWAX3:4–EWAX4:4–EWAX41:1–EWAX42:1–EWAX23:9–EWAX24:5
–EWA100X2:AC14–EWBX1:4–EWBW2:4–EWBX3:4–EWBX4:4–EWBX41:1–EWAX42:1–EWBX21:9
–EWBX22:9– EWBX23:9–EWBX24:5–EWB100X2:AC14
–EZX8:1 backpanels 4512 108 05984 + 4512 108 09361/2

PO_26V_RE
+26V reverse supply
EWAW11-EWAW12-EWAX1/2/3/4:4-EWAX42:1
if generator and system release voltages do not match
normal condition: PO_26V_RE = +26V of generator against ground
(jumper WA W11 + W13 closed, W12 open)
special condition: PO_26V_RE = 0V against -24V, supply from stand
(jumper WA W11 + W13 open, W12 closed)

PO_26V_SW
+26V supply switched, for cooling fan low voltage power supply
EZ102X1:D32-EZX7:1-EM1 backpanels 4512 108 05984 + 4512 108 09361/2

PO_40V
+15V or + 40V supply for measuring chamber
EZ150X1:A20-EZX21/22/31/32/41:5 EZ150 version ≥ 4512 108 05964
EZX21/22/31/32/41:5 via (15/40V Sub-D/3+ adapter) EZX21/22/31/32/41:L EZ150 version 4512 108 05963

PO_400V
+400V supply measuring chamber
EZ150X1:AC1-EZX21/22/31/32/41:1
+400V, Ri of EZ150 = 100kOhms

PO_5V
+5V supply Vcc
EZ102X2:DBZ2/4/6-EZ119X2:AC1/2-EZ130X2:AC1/2-EZ139X2:AC1/2-EZ150X2:AC1/2-EZX46:9-C300X1:9
-EZX51:4/5/6-EZX151:4/5/6
+4.74V ... +5.25V

PO_V
signal bus supply
EZX23:13/25-EZX44:5-EZX45:7-EZ139X1:AC6
(V15S = -EWAX51:7-EWAX52:7-EWA100X2:AC27-EWBX51:7-EWBX52:7-EWB100X2:AC27)
+15V Vsgn, supply via X44 Optimus RAD+R/F, from Cockpit at DuoDiagnost systems
part of: signal bus

POWERFAIL/
power fail signal of low voltage power supply, initiates warm-boot if supply voltage phase L1 drops below 196VAC
EZ102X1:D30-EZ139X1:A10

PW_ON_NG
relay power on negative, energizes ENK1 if generator ready
EZ130X1:A15-EZX47:9-EN100X1:9
partner of PW_ON_PO
0V/+15V (pulled up by relay coil EN100 K2), low active

PW_ON_PO
supply relay power on positive,
EZ130X1:C15-EZX47:4-EN100X1:4
partner of PW_ON_NG
+15V

RC_ON/
rotor control on, low speed rotor control only

EZ150X1:A25-EZX51:1	backpanel	4512 108 05983
EZ150X1:A25-EZX51:1-EZX151:1	backpanels	4512 108 05984 + 4512 108 09361/2

measuring point EYAX28

RC_RD/
rotor control ready, low speed rotor control only

EYAX1:9-EXZ51:9-EZ150X1:C25	backpanel	4512 108 05983
EYAX1:9-EXZ51:9-EZX151:9-EZ150X1:C25	backpanels	4512 108 05984 + 4512 108 09361/2

measuring point EYAX25

RC_ST_2/
rotor control stator 2

EZ150X1:A26-EZX16:1-EWGX14:1	low speed rotor control
EY100X3:1-EWGX14:1	high speed rotor control

RC_ST_3/
rotor control stator 3

EZ150X1:C26-EZX16:2-EWGX14:2-EWGX15:1	low speed rotor control
EY100X3:2-EWGX14:2-EWGX15:1	high speed rotor control

RD_MN_ON
ready mains power on

C100X2:50-C300X4:50-C300X1:14-EZX46:14-EZX47:7-EN100X1:7	Optimus RAD – R/F
CB100X10:4- EZX46:14-EZX47:7-EN100X1:7	Optimus C

RD_PR_X
NR_PR_X/
ReaDy preparing for X-ray or Not Ready preparing for X–ray
EZ139X1:A3-EZX23:3-EZX45:4-EZX46:4-C300X1:4- -EWAX51:4-EWAX52:4-EWA100X2:A24
driven by CU or other system components
measuring point: EZX83
part of: signal bus
0V/+15V high active signal

REL_CH1
release (reset integrator) chamber 1
EZ150X1:C6-EZX21:4
0V/+15V, typically +13V, high active

REL_CH2
release (reset integrator) chamber 2
EZ150X1:A6-EZX22:4
0V/+15V, typically +13V, high active

REL_CH3
release (reset integrator) chamber 3
EZ150X1:C12-EZX31:4
0V/+15V, typically +13V, high active

REL_CH4
release (reset integrator) chamber 4
EZ150X1:A12-EZX32:4
0V/+15V, typically +13V, high active

REL_CH5
release (reset integrator) chamber 5
also used as EXON signal for DSI
EZ150X1:C18-EZX41:4
0V/+15V, typically +13V, high active

RESET_1
external reset
resets incorrect, exposure indication, 5min fluoro buzzer, errors
EWBX22:7-EWB100X1:C23
0V/+26V low active

RESET_C/
internal RESET command for function units
EZ119X2:A6- EZ130X2:A6-EZ139X2:A6-EZ150X2:A6-EZX52:3-EZX45:3-EZX46:3-C300X1:3
-EZX51:10-EZX73-EWAX51:3-EWAX52:3-EWA100X1:A6-EWBX51:3-EWBX52:3-EWB100X1:A6-
-EZX151:10 backpanels 4512 108 05984 + 4512 108 09361/2
0V/+5V
measuring point EZX73
driven by CU, active (low) if: EZ139 S1 activated, RESET_SW/ ON signal bus active,
threatening power supply drop in, watchdog alarm, switch ON or warm-start,
resets FU's
part of: XS/XRG bus

RESET_SW/
signal bus reset, generator reset with turn-ON or push of turn-ON button as warm-start
EZX23:2-EZX44:6-EZ139X1:A2
0V/+15V low active
time constant ≥ 200ms
resets CU only
measuring point: EZX81
part of: signal bus

RF_0V_CH1
0V reference value measuring chamber 1
EZX21:8-EZ150X1:C8
differential signal with SIGN_CH1

RF_0V_CH2
0V reference value measuring chamber 2
EZX22:8-EZ150X1:A8
differential signal with SIGN_CH2

RF_0V_CH3
0V reference value measuring chamber 3
EZX31:8-EZ150X1:C14
differential signal with SIGN_CH3

RF_0V_CH4
0V reference value measuring chamber 4
EZX32:8-EZ150X1:A14
differential signal with SIGN_CH4

RF_0V_CH5
0V reference value measuring chamber 5
EZX41:8-EZ150X1:C20
differential signal with SIGN_CH5

RG_DV_1
registration device 1 selected
EWA100X1:C4-EWAX1:5
EWB100X1:C4-EWBX1:5

RG_DV_2
registration device 2 selected
EWA100X1:A7-EWAX2:5
EWB100X1:A7-EWBX2:5

RG_DV_3
registration device 3 selected
EWA100X1:A9-EWAX3:5
EWB100X1:A9-EWBX3:5

RG_DV_4
registration device 4 selected
EWA100X1:A11-EWAX4:5
EWB100X1:A11-EWBX4:5

RG_DV_SL_1
registration device selection 1
cassette / camera switchover signal
EWBX21:1-EWB100X1:C18
0V/+26V low active
partner of RG_DV_SL_2, only one of these should be low active at a time

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RG_DV_SL_2
registration device selection 2
camera / cassette switchover signal
EWBX21:2-EWB100X1:A19
0V/+26V low active
partner of RG_DV_SL_1, only one of these should be low active at a time

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RM_DR_0V
room door contact 0V
EZ150X1:C28-EZX1:10-EWGX1:10-EWGX2:10-EWGX3:10
release 2 generators only, not used release 3 RAD-R/F and Optimus C
partner of RM_DR_CT signal release 2 RAD generators only
0V/+26V low active, detects room door contact signal short circuit at release 2 RAD generators during turn-ON

RM_DR_CT
room door contact
EZ150X1:A28-EZX1:8-EWGX1:8=EWGX2:8=EWGX3:8 backpanels 4512 108 05983/4
EZ150X1:A28-EZX45:8-EWBX51:8-EWBX52:8-EWBX22:8-EZX1:8-EWGX1:8=EWGX2:8=EWGX3:8
backpanels 4512 108 09361/2
partner of RM_DR_0V signal release 2 RAD generators only
0V/+26V low active = door closed

RQ_M1_X/
request mode 1 (fluoro)
Optimus C only, not used
EZX23:9-EZ139X1:C4

RQ_M2_X/
request mode 2 (exposure)
Optimus C only, not used
EZX23:22-EZ139X1:C5

RQ_M3_X/
request mode 3
Optimus C only, not used
EZX23:10-EZ139X1:C7

RQ_SN_X/
request synchronization of X-ray, exposure request signal
EZX23:16-EZX45:12-EZX46:12-C300X1:12-EZ139X1:C3-EWAX51:12-EWAX52:12-EWA100X2:A25
-EWBX51:12-EWBX52:12-EWB100X2:A25
measuring point: EZX84
0V/+15V
part of: signal bus

RQ_XG_EX
request X–ray generator for exposure
EWAX1:1- EWAX1:2- EWAX1:3- EWAX1:4-EWA100X1:A3
EWBX1:1- EWBX1:2- EWBX1:3- EWBX1:4-EWB100X1:A3
0V/+26V low active, high if waiting for sync contact
partner of XG_RD_EX for grid sync (20-21)

RQ_XG_FL
request X–ray generator for fluoroscopy
EWAX1:6-EWAX2:6-EWAX3:6-EWAX4:6-EWA100X1:A5 not possible with WA
EWBX1:6-EWBX2:6-EWBX3:6-EWBX4:6-EWB100X1:A5
0V/+26V low active

RQ_XG_PR_1
request X–ray generator for preparation
EWAX1:3-EWA100X1:A4
EWBX1:3-EWB100X1:A4
0V/+26V low active

RQ_XG_PR_2
request X–ray generator for preparation
EWAX2:3-EWA100X1:C6
EWBX2:3-EWB100X1:C6
0V/+26V low active

RQ_XG_PR_3
request X–ray generator for preparation
EWAX3:3-EWA100X1:C8
EWBX3:3-EWB100X1:C8
0V/+26V low active

RQ_XG_PR_4
request X–ray generator for preparation
EWAX4:3-EWA100X1:C10
EWBX4:3-EWB100X1:C10
0V/+26V low active

RX_CAN_1
system CAN 1 optional
EZX44:3-EZ139X1:C15

RX_CAN_2
system CAN 2 optional
EZX43:1-EZX44:11

S_CAN_GND
system CAN bus ground
EZ139X1:C17-EZX42:3/6-EZX43:3/6-EZX44:9
-(EZX44:9- EZX44:1- to GND via function programming plug 4512 130 54441 Optimus RAD only)
part of: system CAN

S_CAN_L
system CAN low active
EZ139X1:C16-EZX42:2-EZX43:2
+2.5VDC standby, +1.5VDC during communication
part of: system CAN

S_CAN_H
system CAN high active
EZ139X1:A16-EZX42:7-EZX43:7
+2.5VDC standby, +3.2VDC during communication
part of: system CAN

S_CAN_PO
system CAN supply
EZX44:4-EZX42:9-EZX43:9-EZ139X1:A17
-(EZX44:12-EZX44:9 supply via function programming plug 4512 130 54441 Optimus RAD only)
typically +12V, Vcan
part of: system CAN

SI_PH/
single phase identifier
EN100X1:5-EZX47:5-EZ130X1:C14

SI_PH_ID
single phase identifier
EN100X1:5-EZX47:5-EZ130X1:C14

SIGN_CH1
dose signal of measuring chamber 1
EZX21:7-EZ150X1:C7
0 ... 12V (24V out of range possible)
differential signal with RF_0V_CH1

SIGN_CH2
dose signal of measuring chamber 2
EZX22:7-EZ150X1:A7
0 ... 12V (24V out of range possible)
differential signal with RF_0V_CH2

SIGN_CH3
dose signal of measuring chamber 3
EZX31:7-EZ150X1:C13
0 ... 12V (24V out of range possible)
differential signal with RF_0V_CH3

SIGN_CH4
dose signal of measuring chamber 4
EZX32:7-EZ150X1:A13
0 ... 12V (24V out of range possible)
differential signal with RF_0V_CH4

SIGN_CH5
dose signal of measuring chamber 5
EZX41:7-EZ150X1:C19
0 ... 12V (24V out of range possible)
differential signal with RF_0V_CH5

SL_CO_1
select correction 1
external patients size correction, slim patient
EWA100X1:A32-EWAX24:8
EWB100X1:A32-EWBX24:8
0V/+26V low active for selection or when selected from generator desk

SL_CO_2
select correction 2
external patients size correction, stout patient
EWA100X1:C32-EWAX24:9
EWB100X1:C32-EWBX24:9
0V/+26V low active for selection or when selected from generator desk

SL_PG_1
select external APRT program 1
EWA100X1:A28-EWAX23:1
EWB100X1:A28-EWBX23:1
0V/+26V low active for selection or when selected from generator desk

SL_PG_2
select external APRT program 2
EWA100X1:C28-EWAX23:2
EWB100X1:C28-EWBX23:2
0V/+26V low active for selection or when selected from generator desk

SL_PG_3
select external APRT program 3
EWA100X1:A29-EWAX23:3
EWB100X1:A29-EWBX23:3
0V/+26V low active for selection or when selected from generator desk

SL_PG_4
select external APRT program 4
EWA100X1:C29–EWAX23:4
EWB100X1:C29–EWBX23:4
0V/+26V low active for selection or when selected from generator desk

SL_PG_5
select external APRT program 5
EWA100X1:A30–EWAX23:5
EWB100X1:A30–EWBX23:5
0V/+26V low active for selection or when selected from generator desk

SL_PG_6
select external APRT program 6
EWA100X1:C30–EWAX23:6
EWB100X1:C30–EWBX23:6
0V/+26V low active for selection or when selected from generator desk

SL_PG_7
select external APRT program 7
EWA100X1:A31–EWAX23:7
EWB100X1:A31–EWBX23:7
0V/+26V low active for selection or when selected from generator desk

SL_PG_8
select external APRT program 8
EWA100X1:C31–EWAX23:8
EWB100X1:C31–EWBX23:8
0V/+26V low active for selection or when selected from generator desk

SL_TO_TM_1
select tomo time 1
tomo time input from stand
EWAX21:1–EWA100X1:A24
0V/+26V low active

SL_TO_TM_2
select tomo time 2
tomo time input from stand
EWAX21:2–EWA100X1:C24
0V/+26V low active

SL_TO_TM_3
select tomo time 3
tomo time input from stand
EWAX21:3–EWA100X1:A25
0V/+26V low active

SL_TO_TM_4
select tomo time 4
tomo time input from stand
EWAX21:4–EWA100X1:C25
0V/+26V low active

SL_TO_TM_5
select tomo time 5
tomo time input from stand
EWAX21:5–EWA100X1:A26
0V/+26V low active

SL_TO_TM_6
select tomo time 6
tomo time input from stand
EWAX21:6–EWA100X1:C26
0V/+26V low active

SL_TO_TM_7
select tomo time 7
tomo time input from stand
EWAX21:7–EWA100X1:A27
0V/+26V low active

SL_TO_TM_8
select tomo time 8
tomo time input from stand
EWAX21:8–EWA100X1:C27
0V/+26V low active

SL_XG_TO
select X–ray generator for tomography
EWAX11:3–EWAX12:3–EWA100X1:C18
0V/+26V, low active

STOP_X_C/
stop X–ray command, X–ray OFF from function units mA and dose rate control (on–board of CU)
EZ119X2:A7–EZ130X2:A7– EZ139X2:A7–EZ150X2:A7–EZX52:4
0V/5V
measuring point EZX75
inactivates CTRL_X_C/
EXOF exposure OFF command
part of: XS/XRG bus

STU
stator phase U
EYAX2:2-EX1101 low speed rotor control single tube

EYAX2:2-EWGK11:1-EWGK12:1=EWGK11:2=EWGK12:2	low speed two tubes
EY100X46:2-EX1101	high speed rotor control vers. 4512 104 33791/2 or 71401..6 single tube
EY100X46:2-EWGK11:1-EWGK12:1=EWGK11:2=EWGK12:2	high speed rotor control vers. 4512 104 33791/2 or 71401..6 two tubes
EY100X51-EX1101	high speed rotor control vers. 4512 104 71421/61 single tube
EY100X51--EWGK11:1-EWGK12:1=EWGK11:2=EWGK12:2	high speed rotor control vers. 4512 104 71421/61 two tubes

STV
stator phase V = common

EYAX2:3-EX1102	low speed rotor control single tube
EYAX2:3-EWGK11:3-EWGK12:3=EWGK11:4=EWGK12:4	low speed two tubes
EY100X47:1-EX1102	high speed rotor control vers. 4512 104 33791/2 or 71401..6 single tube
EY100X47:1-EWGK11:3-EWGK12:3=EWGK11:4=EWGK12:4	high speed rotor control vers. 4512 104 33791/2 or 71401..6 two tubes
EY100X52-EX1102	high speed rotor control vers. 4512 104 71421/61 single tube
EY100X52--EWGK11:3-EWGK12:3=EWGK11:4=EWGK12:4	high speed rotor control vers. 4512 104 71421/61 two tubes

STW
stator phase W

EYAX2:4-EX1103	low speed rotor control single tube
EYAX2:4-EWGK11:5-EWGK12:5=EWGK11:6=EWGK12:6	low speed two tubes
EY100X47:2-EX1103	high speed rotor control vers: 4512 104 33791/2 or 71401..6 single tube
EY100X47:2-EWGK11:5-EWGK12:5=EWGK11:6=EWGK12:6	high speed rotor control vers. 4512 104 33791/2 or 71401..6 two tubes
EY100X53-EX1103	high speed rotor control vers. 4512 104 71421/61 single tube
EY100X53--EWGK11:5-EWGK12:5=EWGK11:6=EWGK12:6	high speed rotor control vers. 4512 104 71421/61 two tubes

SW_BU_1
switch bucky 1 ready (WA + WB)
EWAX11:10-EWA100X1:C19
EWBX11:10-EWB100X1:C19
part of: bucky ready contact
0V/+26V low active

SW_BU_2
switch bucky 2 ready (WA only)
EWAX12:10-EWA100X1:A21
part of: bucky ready contact
0V/+26V low active

SW_OF_FD_1
switch OFF field 1
format size correction < 14cm or if cone in use serial changer chamber
EWBX13:5-EWB100X1:C21
0V/+26V low active

SW_ON_FD_3
switch ON field 3
format size correction > 24x24cm serial changer chamber
EWBX13:7-EWB100X1:A22
0V/+26V low active

SW_PR_FL_1
switch preparation or fluoro 1
contact to drive an external prep or fluoro indication lamp
EWBX22:2-EWB100X1:C13
partner of COM_EX_CD

SW_SF_CF_1
switch side field to central field bucky measuring chamber (WA + WB)
EWAX11:1-EWA100X1:A18
EWBX11:1-EWB100X1:A18
cassettes < 23cm
0V/+26V low active

SW_SF_CF_2
switch side field to central field bucky measuring chamber 2 (WA only)
EWAX12:1-EWA100X1:A20
cassettes < 23cm
0V/+26V low active

SW_TO_1
switch tomography 1 ready
EWAX11:5-EWA100X1:A19
part of: tomo ready contact
0V/+26V low active

SW_TO_2
switch tomography 2 ready
EWAX12:5-EWA100X1:C20
part of: tomo ready contact
0V/+26V low active

SW_UN_EX
radiation indication
EZ150X1:A29-EZX1:4-EWGX1:4
partner of CM_SW, potential free contact

SW_UN_EX_1
radiation indication
(EWGX1:4)=EWGX2:4
partner of CM_SW, potential free contact

SW_UN_EX_1
switch radiation indication 1
contact to drive an external X-ray indication lamp
EWBX22:4-EWB100X1:C14
partner of COM_EX_CD

SW_UN_EX_2
radiation indication
(EWGX1:4)=EWGX3:4
partner of CM_SW, potential free contact

SW_XG_RD_1
switch generator ready 1
contact to drive an external ready indication lamp
EWBX22:1-EWB100X1:A13
partner of COM_EX_CD

SW_WN_FL_1
switch warning fluoro 1
contact to drive an external fluoro warning indication lamp (> 5 minutes)
EWBX22:3-EWB100X1:A14
partner of COM_EX_CD

TB_2/
tube 2 selected
EZ130X1:A13-EZX11:2-EWGX11:2
0V/15V, low active

TB_2_RT
tube 2 return signal, tube selection check
EWGX11:3-EZX11:3-EZ130X1:A10
0V/5V, low active

TB_3/
tube 3 selected
EZ130X1:C13-EZX11:5-EWGX11:5-EWGX12:2
0V/15V, low active

TB_3_RT
tube 3 return signal, tube selection check
E2WGX11:3-E1WGX12:3-E1WGX11:6-EZX11:6-EZ130X1:C10
0V/5V, low active

TB_CU_FR_NG
tube current frequency negative
EG100X14:14-EZX35:14-EZ119X1:BZ32
-14V against ground, frequency: 1 kHz = 2mA, 0 ... 1500mA 500kHz/A
differential signal with TB_CU_FR_PO

TB_CU_FR_PO
tube current frequency positive
EG100X16:6-EZX35:6-EZ119X1:BZ30
-14V against ground, frequency: 1 kHz = 2mA, 0 ... 1500mA 500kHz/A
differential signal with TB_CU_FR_NG

TH_OL
tube housing overload
NTC temperature measurement in tube housing (not yet available)
EZ130X1:A12-EZX3:6-EWGX7:6-EWGX8:6-EWGX9:6
backpanel 4512 108 05983
EZ130X1:A12-EZX3:3-EWGX7:3-EWGX8:3-EWGX9:3
backpanels 4512 108 05984 + 4512 108 09361/2
4.4V ... 1.5V = 20 ... 100 degrees C
partner of CM_TH

TH_OL_SW/
tube housing overload switch
EZ130X1:A11-EZX3:3-EWGX7:3-EWGX8:3-EWGX9:3
backpanel 4512 108 05983
EZ130X1:A11-EZX3:6-EWGX7:6-EWGX8:6-EWGX9:6
backpanels 4512 108 05984 + 4512 108 09361/2
0V ... 1.7V = short circuit, 1.7V ... 3.3V = closed, >3.3V open
partner of CM_TH_SW

TOMO_PG
tomo mode programmed
EWA100X1:A17-EWAX22:9
common line for tomo trajectory selection TO_PG_1 ... 8 to stand, potential free

---

TO_PG_1
tomo program 1
EWA100X1:A13-EWAX22:1
tomo trajectory selection, potential free contact with TOMO_PG

TO_PG_2
tomo program 2
EWA100X1:C13-EWAX22:2
tomo trajectory selection, potential free contact with TOMO_PG

TO_PG_3
tomo program 3
EWA100X1:A14-EWAX22:3
tomo trajectory selection, potential free contact with TOMO_PG

TO_PG_4
tomo program 4
EWA100X1:C14-EWAX22:4
tomo trajectory selection, potential free contact with TOMO_PG

TO_PG_5
tomo program 5
EWA100X1:A15-EWAX22:5
tomo trajectory selection, potential free contact with TOMO_PG

TO_PG_6
tomo program 6
EWA100X1:C15-EWAX22:6
tomo trajectory selection, potential free contact with TOMO_PG

TO_PG_7
tomo program 7
EWA100X1:A16-EWAX22:7
tomo trajectory selection, potential free contact with TOMO_PG

TO_PG_8
tomo program 8
EWA100X1:C16-EWAX22:8
tomo trajectory selection, potential free contact with TOMO_PG

TO_PG_SL
tomo program selected
EWA100X1:C17-EWAX22:10
tomo APR selected = closed, overriding = open, potential free contact with TOMO_PG

TP_HT_GND
temperature high tension tank ground
EZ130X1:A19-EZX35:12-EG100X14:4
partner of TP_HT_SG

TP_HT_SG
temperature signal high tension tank
NTC in high tension tank oil
EG100X14:12-EZX35:4-EZ130X1:C19
4.4V ... 1.5V = 20 ... 100°C
+25 _C(12kW) ... +100 _C(950W)
partner of TP_HT_GND

V15C
(S_CAN_PO) backpanel 4512 108 05983 only
system CAN supply
EZX42:9-EZX43:9-EZX44:4-EZ139X1:A17
Vcan
part of: system CAN

V15S
signal bus supply backpanel 4512 108 05983 only
EZX23:13/25-EZX44:5-EZX45:7-EZ130X1:AC6-EWAX51:7-EWAX52:7-EWA100X2:AC27
+15V Vsgn
part of: signal bus

VO_CR_IF_0
density voltage correction II format dependent 10”
EWBX13:3-EWB100X1:C22
0V/+26V low active

VO_CR_IF_1
density voltage correction II format dependent 5” / 6”
EWBX13:9-EWB100X1:A23

X_ACT/
X–ray active signal bus
EZ139X1:A5-EZX23:5-EZX45:6-EWAX51:6-EWAX52:6-EWA100X2:C24-EWBX51:6-EWBX52:6
-EWB100X2:C24
driven by CU if X_ACT_S/ was sent from FU-kV or during fluoro, old: EXON signal
measuring point: EZX86
part of: signal bus
0V/+15V

X_ACT_S/
X–ray active signal
kV > 75% nominal value driven by FU-kV or fluoroscopy high tension on driven by CU
EZ119X2:A8-EZ130X2:A8-EZ139X2:A8-EZ150X2:A8-EZX52:5-EZX77
0V/+5V
measuring point EZX77
part of: XS/XRG bus, controls X_ACT/ status

XG_RD_EX_1
X–ray generator ready for exposure request
grid / sync release signal
EWA100X1:C3-EWAX1:2
EWAB100X1:C3-EWBX1:2
0V/+26V low active
partner of RQ_XG_EX for grid sync (20-21)

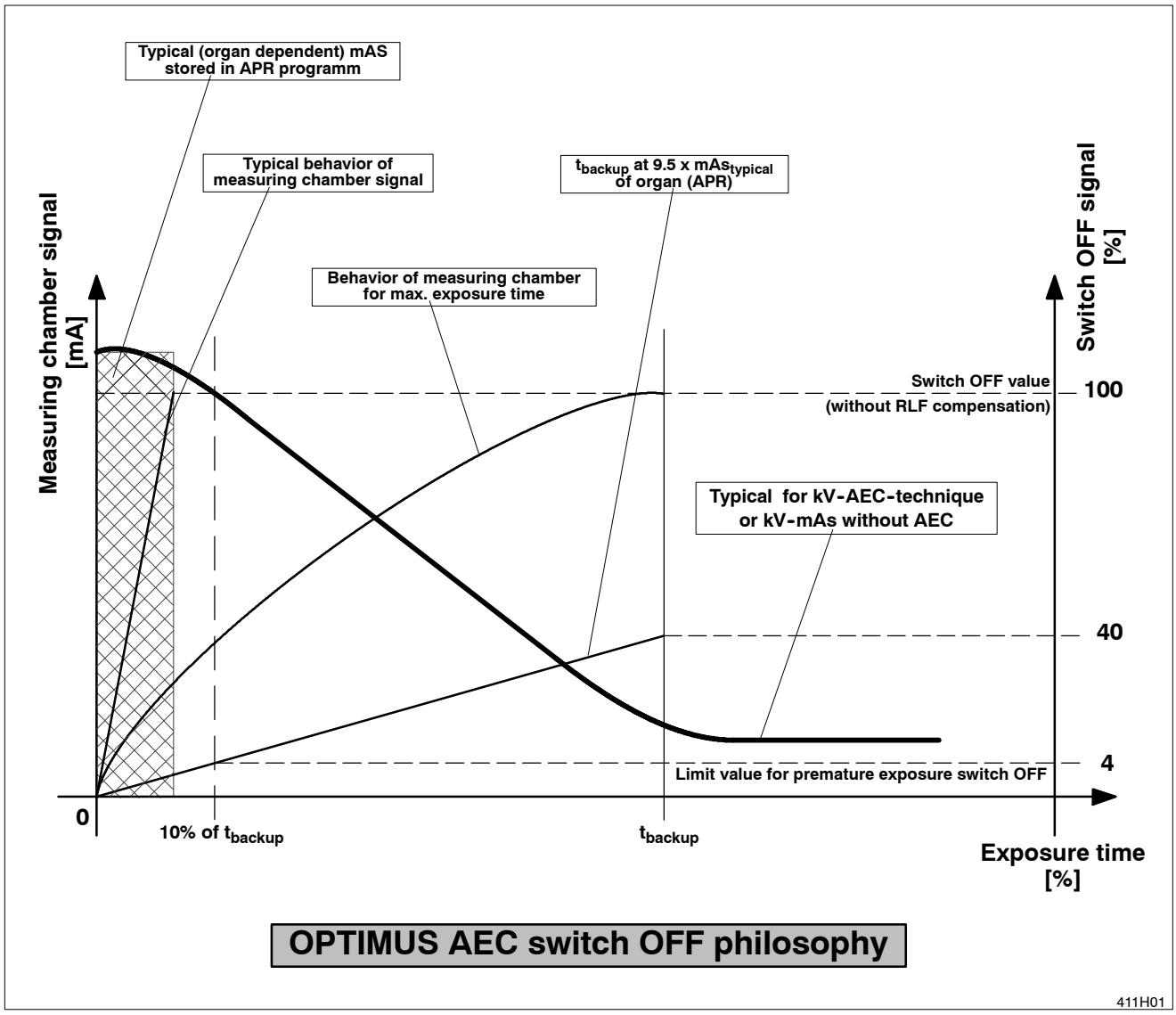
XG_RD_EX_2
X–ray generator ready for exposure request
grid / sync release signal
EWA100X1:A6-EWAX2:2
EWB100X1:A6-EWBX2:2
0V/+26V low active
partner of RQ_XG_EX for grid sync (20-21)

XG_RD_EX_3
X–ray generator ready for exposure request
grid / sync release signal
EWA100X1:A8–EWAX3:2
EWB100X1:A8–EWBX3:2
0V/+26V low active
partner of RQ_XG_EX for grid sync (20–21)

XG_RD_EX_4
X–ray generator ready for exposure request
grid / sync release signal
EWA100X1:A10–EWAX4:2
EWB100X1:A10–EWBX4:2
0V/+26V low active
partner of RQ_XG_EX for grid sync (20–21)

14. Optimus AEC switch-OFF philosophy

For explanation the following figure:



Every APR using the AEC technique as the preferred technique must have mAs, mA-s or mAs-s parameters in the background. These should almost match the typical organ–related dose to the selected film/screen combination.
A film which got at least 40% of the desired density can be used for diagnosis.

When the AEC exposure starts, two supervision procedures are active to guarantee that no unnecessary dose is produced (or simply a proper AEC exposure is obtained):

1. The organ-dependent background mAs value is multiplied with 9.5. If the exposure is not finished at 9.5 x mAs_{backup} the generator stops. One must expect that a technical problem occurred or that the application selection did not match the patient size if the exposure exceeds 9.5 times the typical mAs value. This exposure is not cut OFF by supervision 2.
2. With the 9.5 x mAs_{backup} a kV and filament load dependent backup time is calculated by DRC (dose rate control). At 10% of this time value DRC checks if at least 4% of the desired dose has been detected by the measuring chamber.
   If the 4% limit does not increase, the exposure switches OFF. The minimum of 40% density cannot be obtained during the remaining backup time.

This 4% dose detection is automatically OFF, if the film/screen combination is too sensitive (> 400 speed systems). The 4% value is too small to be reliable for a measurement.

With overriding the supervision switches OFF.

How to test the limits of 600mAs or 4000ms in AEC technique

The 4% detection has to be bypassed and the background mAs value must be high enough to reach 600mAs. The 4% detection can be switched OFF by modifying the value dose of FSC [µGy]:

- Type in a value of 1 (which is equal to a 1000 speed system) in the dose of FSC data field of any of the programmed film/screen combinations.
- Now select any APR and increase the background mAs value to 100mAs.
- Close the collimator or cover the chamber with lead.

The AEC exposure stops at a value which is always below 600mAs, a typical limit is 588mAs.

With the modified parameters the 4000ms test can be carried out:

- Select the modified APR on the control desk and go to <SELECT APR> and <CHANGE APR> with the PC.
- Reduce the Ie max factor to 5% and transmit the APR screen.
- Select the APR button again, the modified data are active now.
- Select the small focal spot.
- Switch an AEC exposure. It should last 4000ms.
- Change all modifications back to normal.

The supervision can be switched ON or OFF, programming path:

AGenT / Program / Dose Rate Control / Image, Fault & CONT / Fault Exposure Detection/CONT

– AEC or TDC – ON/OFF

(explanation see documentation).

Precalculation tables of the exposure which is actually displayed on the control desk can be seen on the PC under:

AGenT / Fault Find / X-ray Log / Dose Rate Cntrol Logging / etc.

15. AEC faulty exposure detection strategy

The major function of a faulty exposure detection is to prevent unnecessary radiation for the patient in case of a malfunction of the installation or a mistake when handling the X-ray equipment.

AEC faulty exposure detection = ON

The factors determining whether the 4% dose value at 10% of the APR backup time are checked are

- the 10% backup time value > 10ms
- the expected 4% density voltage value > 20mV

In case of APR100 the check could be performed because the density voltage values are high enough.

The density voltage at 10% of the backup time would be too small to be measured for APR800, therefore the exposure continues up to the 9.5 x APR mAs value. The exposure finally terminates at 570mAs if the APR mAs value is ≥ 60mAs.

With APR100* the exposure terminates at 10% of the max backup time, which is 4000ms for all AEC exposures after overriding of any APR parameters. (The 600mAs limit does not switch OFF the exposure, 1500mA emission current is not available).

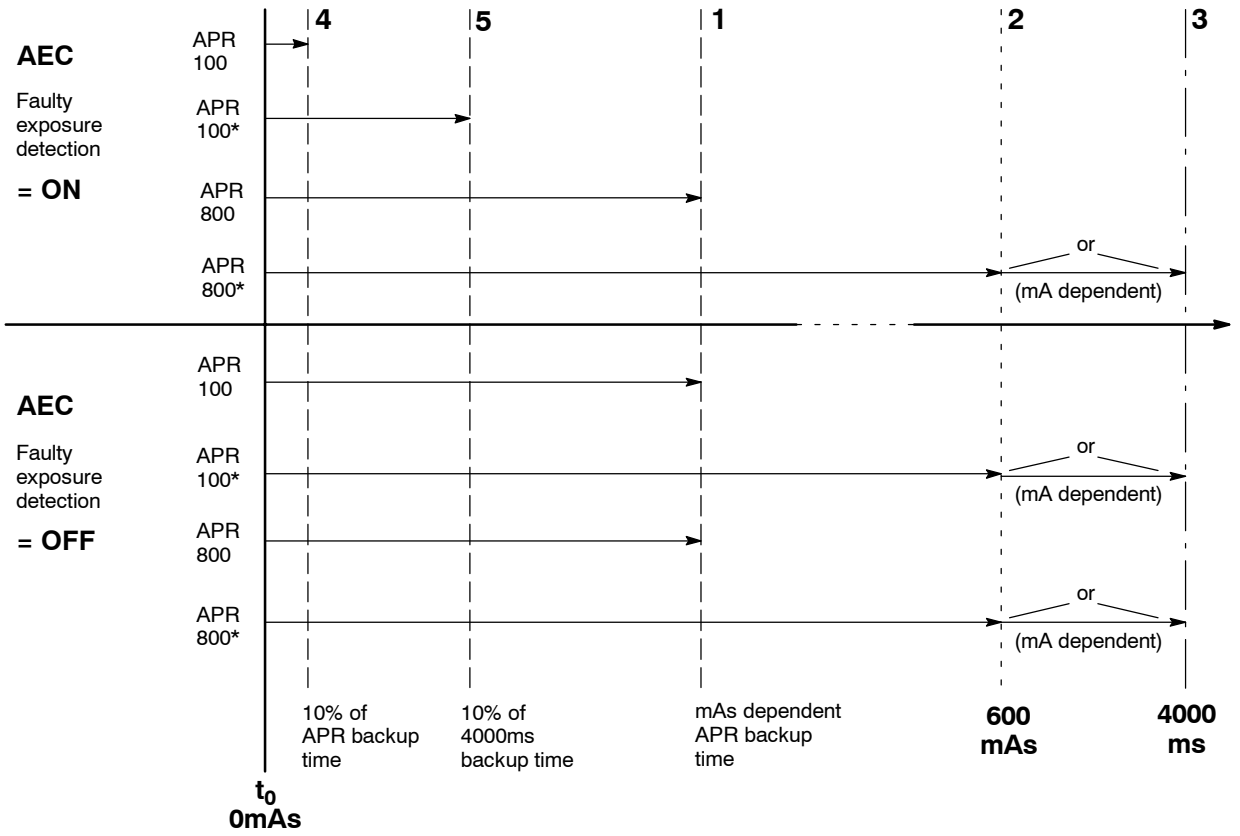
With APR800* the exposure terminates either at 600mAs or 4000ms, depending on which of the limits is reached first.

AEC faulty exposure detection = OFF

APR100 and APR800 exposures have the same termination point at 9.5 x APR mAs. The exposure finally terminates at 570mAs, if the APR mAs value is ≥ 60mAs.

APR100* and APR800* exposures terminate either at 600mAs or at 4000ms, depending on which of the limits is reached first.

For explanations see figure and list of terms on following two pages.



AEC faulty exposure detection strategy

413H01

List of terms

AEC = Automatic Exposure Control

APR100 = APR program with a less sensible film/screen combination of 100 speed, original parameters as programmed.

APR100* = The same as APR100, but parameter(s) modified on the control desk (overriding).

APR800 = APR program with a very sensible film/screen combination of 800 speed, original parameters as programmed.

APR800* = The same as APR800, but parameter(s) modified on the control desk (overriding).

600mAs = Programmed mAs limit for AEC exposures (can be changed, must comply with the local regulations).

4000ms = Max. time limit of AEC exposures (cannot be changed).

1 = point of the mAs dependent APR backup time, which is calculated from the 9.5 x (typical) organ mAs value of the APR
2 = max. mAs limit for AEC exposures (can be changed)
3 = max. exposure time limit of 4000ms (cannot be changed)
4 = 10% (of the APR backup) time point
5 = 10% backup time point of the max exposure time limit (4000ms) = always 400ms

To explain the difference in switching the faulty exposure detection **ON** or **OFF**, a very sensible (800 speed system) and a less sensible (100 speed system) film/screen combination has been chosen.

16. Printed-circuit boards

Low-voltage power supply: EZ102

Also see Z1-2.3 ”Low-voltage power supply”.

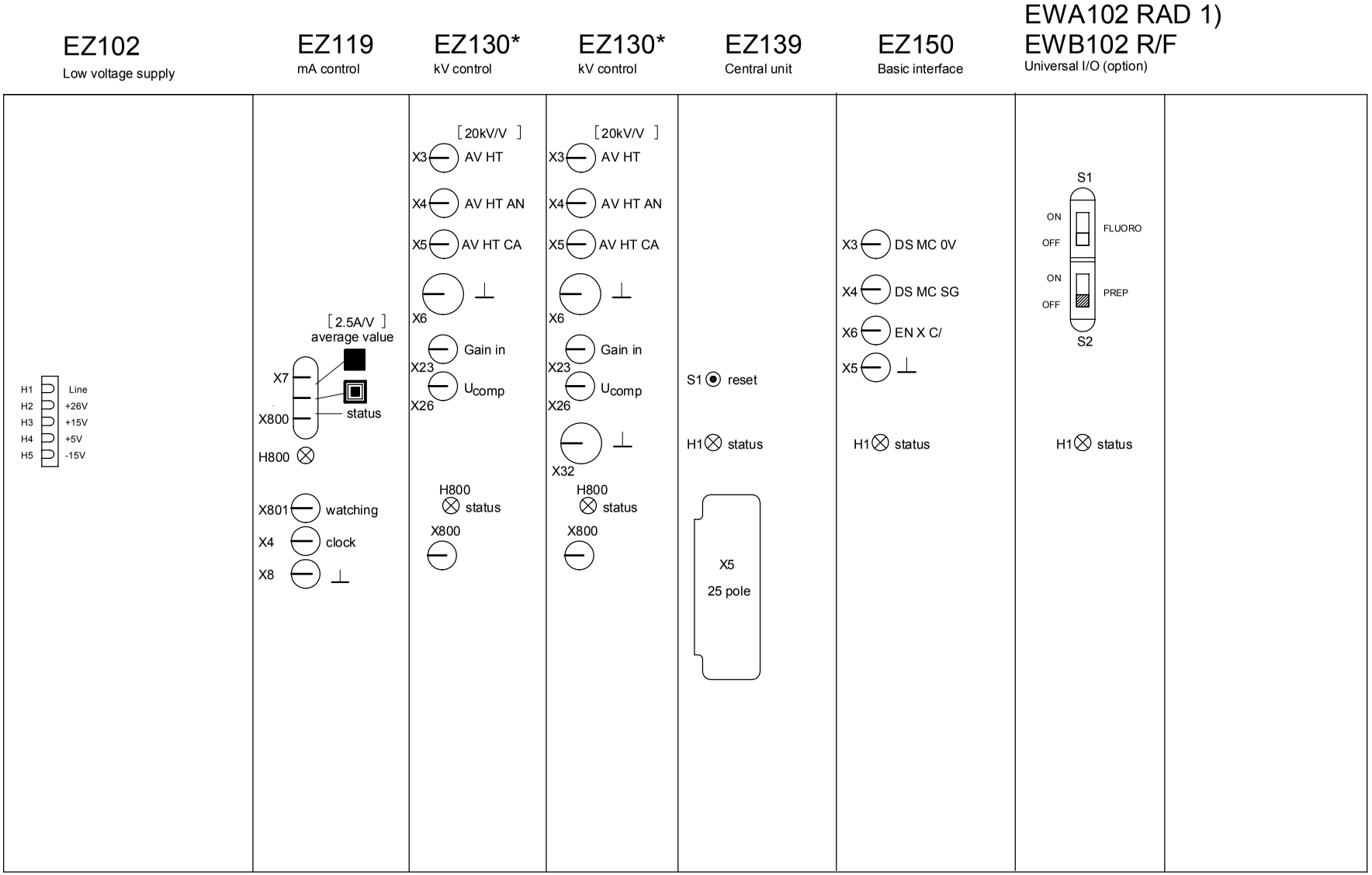
LEDs H2 to H5 indicate whether the supply voltages are present.

The low-voltage power supplies of PCB EZ102 are short circuit proof. Therefore it is most likely that in case one of the LEDs grows dark one of the external consumers and not the PCB itself is the cause of the error.

It is recommended that one after the other all consumers be disconnected from the respective power supply until the LED is illuminated again.

The last consumer that was removed has probably caused the short-circuit.

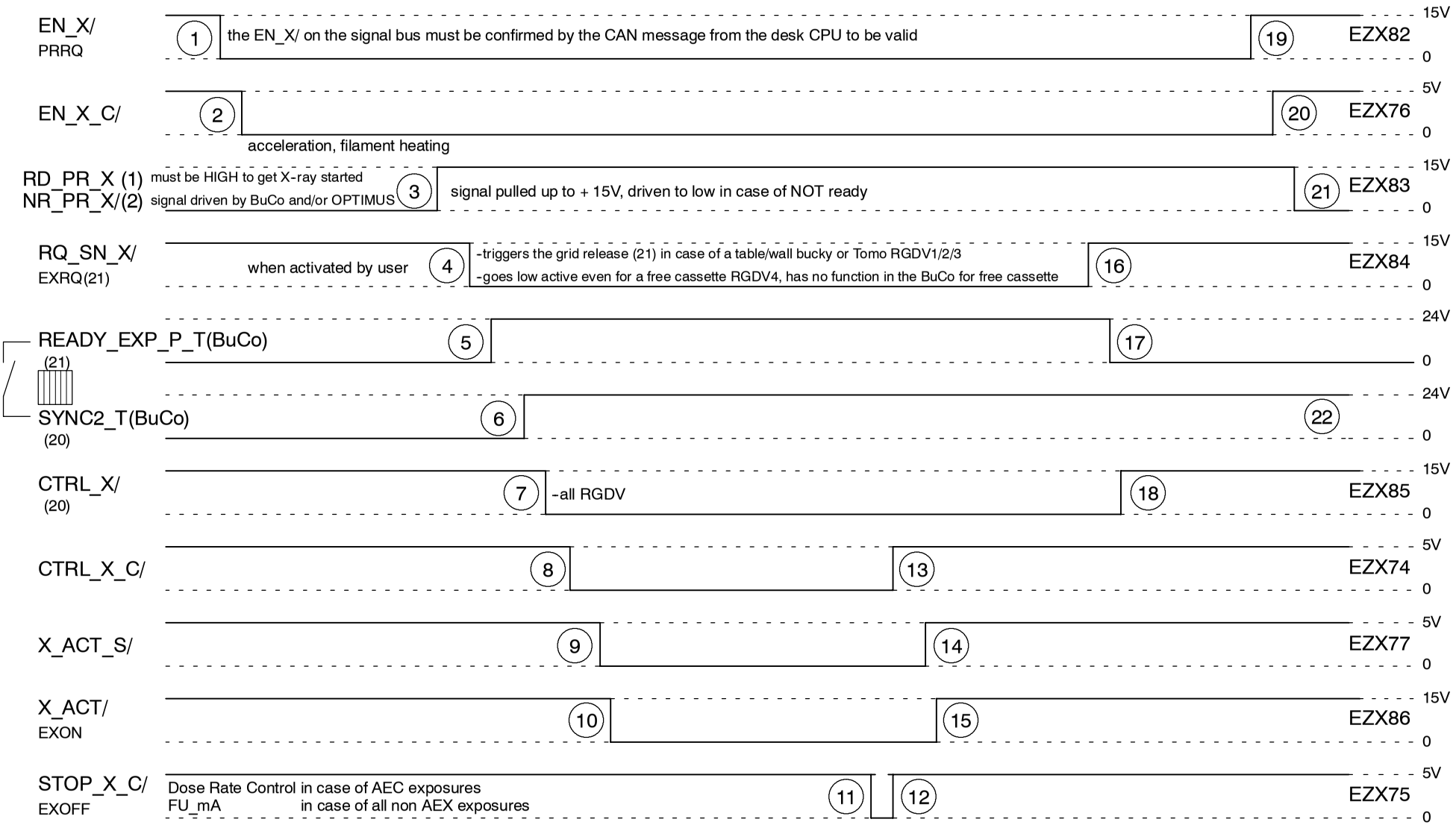
Central rack, service aid



1) Can be interchanged, function depands on the backpanel routing 1WA/ 2WA/ WB

* EZ130 dependent on SW Rel.-level

Signals during an exposure released from the desk handswitch with Bucky Controller (signal bus EZX23)



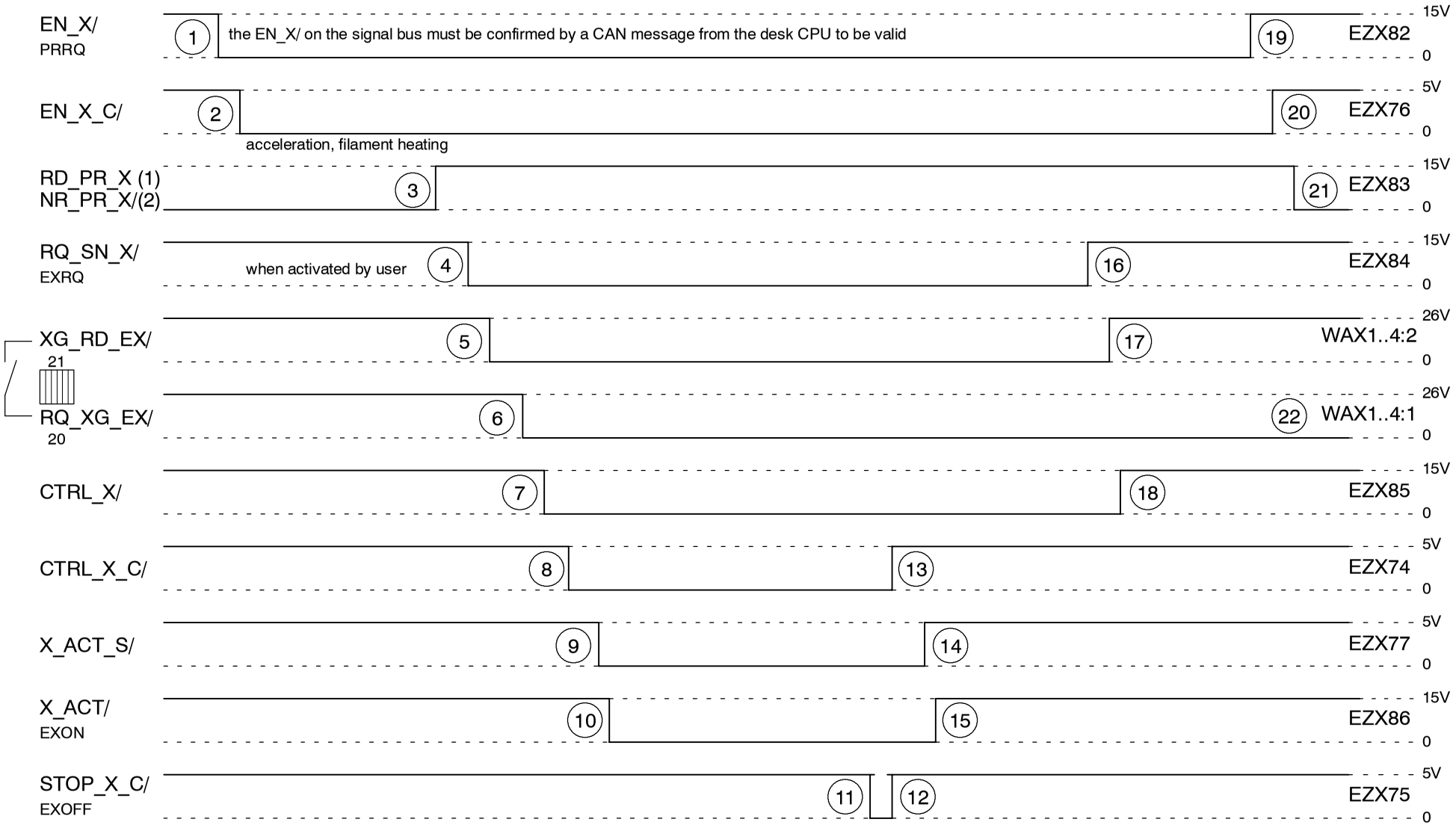
(98.0)

(1)(2)with backpanel 4512 108 05983 and CU 4512 108 0902x
(2) with backpanel 4512 108 05984 and CU 4512 108 0902x
(2) with backpanel 4512 108 0936x and CU 4512 108 0902x

measuring points EZX8x only
backpanel > = 4512 108 05984
and 4512 108 0936x

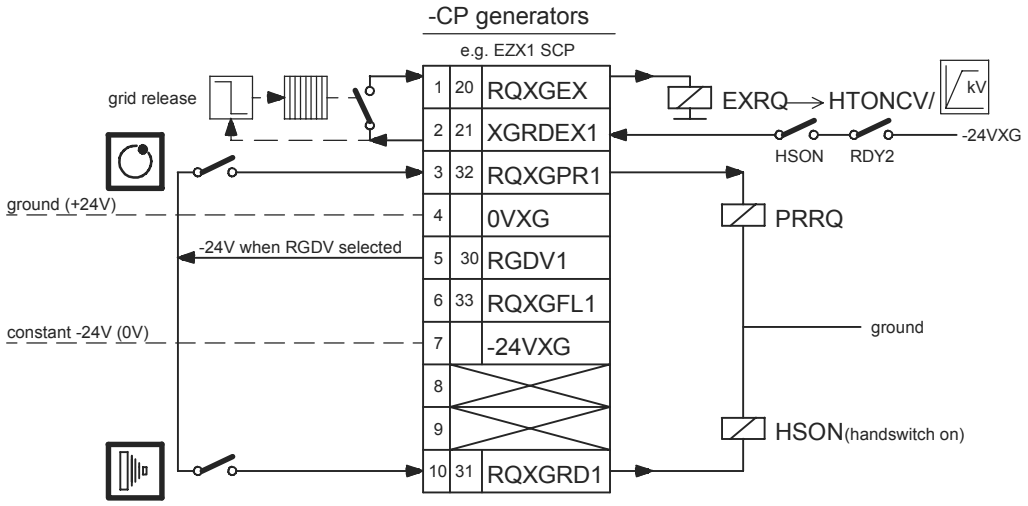
(98.0)

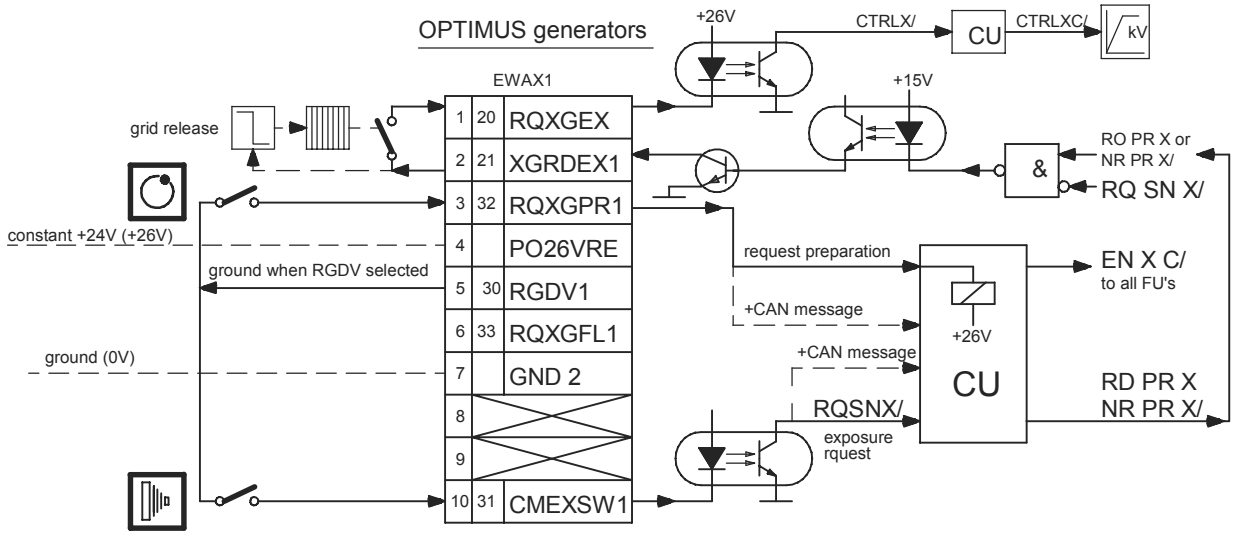
Signals during an exposure released from the desk handswitch (with adapter for 4 aux. units WA/WB)



(1) with backpanel 4512 108 05983 and CU 4512 108 0582x
(2) with backpanel 4512 108 05984 and CU 4512 108 0902x
(2) with backpanel 4512 108 0936x and CU 4512 108 0902x

measuring points EZX8x only
backpanel > = 4512 108 05984
and 4512 108 0936x





A3/A4 97-09-08 Schr.

Comparison release decades -CP generators<- ->OPTIMUS

Commands given via release decades
not desk handswitch

REPLACEMENT

Contents

TEXT

1. Traceable items

Trace items are:

1. Generator cabinet
2. H.V. tank
3. Operating desk

They are labeled as follows:

- type number
- serial number (s/n)
- manufacturer
- HHS certification
- code number

} combined label

With new traceable items for replacement a separate label is delivered.
This must be attached to the label bracket on the top left corner of the generator cabinet.
See drawing 2Z-10 “Labelling”.

The new type number, code number and serial number must be entered on the master card for the generator.

Please, send a copy of the corrected master card as FAX to:

Philips Medical Systems
DMC Hamburg, Germany
Department: GEN-OPERATION
FAX No.: +49 40 5078 1247

1.1. Generator cabinet

The generator cabinet as a traceable item is labeled by a 6-digit serial number:

Example:

s/n **01 1234**

Meaning:

01 = year of manufacture, e.g. 20**01**
1234 = consecutive number

1.2. H.V. tank

H.V. tanks have a 7-digit serial number which has the following meaning:

Example:

s/n **01 04 123**

Meaning:

01	=	year of manufacture, e.g. 20**01**
04	=	power class, e.g. 65/80kW, 2 tubes
123	=	consecutive number

Power classes:

01	=	50kW, 1 tube
02	=	50kW, 2 tubes
03	=	65/80kW, 1 tube
04	=	65/80kW, 2 tubes

CAUTION

An exchange of a H.V. tank requires a new alignment of "Function Unit kV".
For alignment work refer to chapter 4 in this section.

1.3. Operating desk

The operating desk is labeled by a 8-digit serial number:

Example:

s/n **01 02 1234**

Meaning:

01	=	year of manufacture, e.g. 20**01**
02	=	internal number of subcontractor
1234	=	consecutive number

2. Printed-circuit boards

PCB	HW programming	SW programming via AGenT	Tube adaptation	Remarks
EZ backpanel	• see Z2-5.1/.2/.3			To attend to: X4 emergency OFF X10 EN_X/ X42 system CAN termination X44 function programming plug X45 generator CAN termination X52 shall not be present
EZ102 low voltage supply				
EZ119 mA control	• exchange PROM or insert new PROM • set battery jumper to ON • see 5Z-1	• load tube data set(s)	all tubes	Bucky TH, Digital Diagnost, Thoravision systems: • Set RGDV according to adaptation. See section 2, chapter 8.3.2.
EZ130 kV control	• exchange PROM or insert new PROM • see 5Z-1			• Carry out alignment of ”Function Unit kV”.
EZ139 CU	• exchange BOOT PROM or insert new PROM • see 5Z-1	• set date and time • restore CU complete or start programming from beginning		• Carry out alignment of ”Function Unit kV” if no CU complete files are present.
EZ150 basic interface	• see 5Z-1	• check AMPLIMAT sensitivity according to jumper W4		• Set jumpers W2 + W3 according to required chamber supply. • Set jumper W4 according to programmed AMPLIMAT sensitivity.
EN100 power ON circuit				
EG100 measuring circuit				Exchange is not allowed. Requires alignment which is not possible in the field. • Exchange the whole tank.

PCB	HW programming	SW programming via AGenT	Tube adaptation	Remarks
EWA 1WA / 2WA bucky–tomo backpanel EWB R/F adapter backpanel	• Address W1...W3 • Supply + ground W11...W13 • see Z1–15.1			
WA102 universal I/O	• see 5Z–2			Can be used in: WA / 1WA / 2WA
EY100 rotor control high speed	• exchange PROM or insert new PROM • see 5Z–2			
EYA100 rotor control low speed				
C300 desk CPU	• exchange PROM or insert new PROM • see 5Z–2			

3. Exchange of firmware or update to release 3.6

NC: 9890 000 0251x Firmware OPTIMUS rel. 3.6
4512 114 2083x Central Unit

The CU firmware is no longer available as an EPROM (EZ139 D4/D5).

It must be loaded from the PC into the respective flash PROMs.

For loading firmware release 3.6 the following firmware levels must be present in the generator:

- CU-Boot : ≥ 4512 113 2073x
- FU-kV : ≥ 4512 113 2013x OPTIMUS RAD
- FU-kV : ≥ 4512 113 2621x OPTIMUS R/F
- FU-mA : ≥ 4512 113 2022x
- FU-CIE : ≥ 4512 113 2032x
- FU-HI : ≥ 4512 113 2053x
- FU-Adap : ≥ 4512 113 2062x
- FU-RoCo : ≥ 4512 113 2234x

CAUTION

Before changing the release, save all configuration data of the generator!
Refer to chapter 3.2.1 “Backup of all configuration data”

3.1. PC and generator settings to avoid problems during uploading of CU complete files

Optimus R/F release 3.x CMOS data are uploaded in one string without handshake.

Any kind of interruption can cause the loading process to fail.

Problems occur mainly during the download to the PC.

A download file which is not complete cannot be used as a safety backup file.

NOTE

Connection between service PC and generator must be established. For the update of data the service PC must be operated on mains. It must not be operated with batteries.
The screensaver must be deactivated.

3.1.1. Preparation of the service PC to guarantee a safe loading process

Start AGenT always from WINDOWS 2000.

- Switch OFF the screensaver.
- Close all other programs.
- Do not insert any CD in the drive.

PMSSec reader is not installed

1. Unzip AGenT xxx (_AgenT.exe) and click on the Agent batch file ”AgenT.bat” (at C:\Program Files\AGenT).

2. The AgenT main menu appears on the screen.
   Not all menu items of AgenT are available now (for instance, ”Faultfind”).

PMSSec reader is installed (PMSSec 2.307 or higher)

1. Unzip AGenT xxx (_AGenT.exe) and click on the AGent batch file ”AGenT.bat” (at C:\Program Files\AGenT).

2. The following message appears on the screen of the PMSSec reader: ”Do you wish to start PMSSec reader?”.

3. Click on ”Yes” and the password entry window appears on the screen of the PMSSec reader.

4. Enter the password for the PMSSec reader and click on ”ok”. The AGenT main menu appears on the screen.
   Now all menu items of AgenT are available.

5. In case the PMSSec reader is interrupted with the ”ESC” button after the window ”Do you wish to start PMSSec Reader?” has appeared, the AGenT main menu appears on the screen.
   In this case not all menu items of AgenT are available (for instance, ”Faultfind”).

Any kind of power management of the PC hardware (BIOS) as well as the windows power management should be switched OFF.
If the PC is connected to mains power some of these might be automatically OFF.

3.1.2. Preparation of the generator

Preparation of generators without a CAN interface:

- Switch OFF the generator.

Preparation of generators which are connected via a CAN interface:

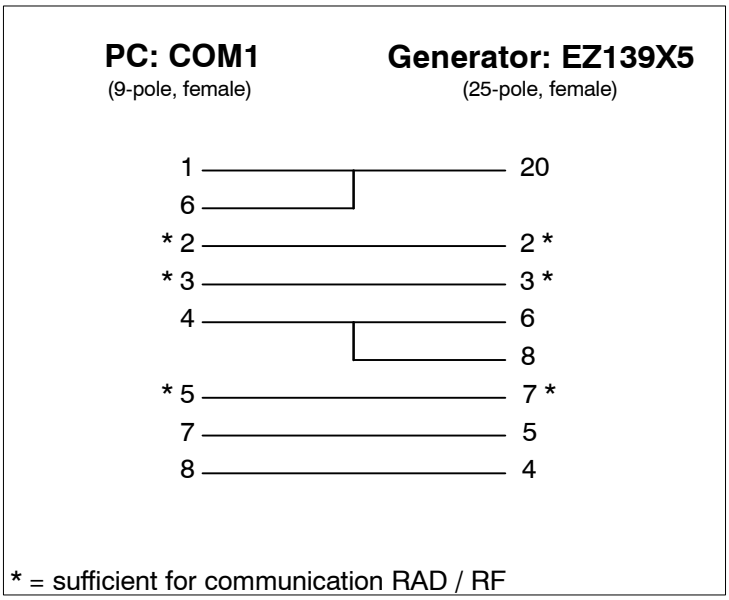
- BuckyDiagnost TH and TH2
- DigitalDiagnost
- Thoravision
- EasyDiagnost with bucky unit

- Switch OFF the generator.
- Disconnect the following plugs:

System	Connector		
	EZX23 signal bus	EZX42 or EZX42-1 system CAN	EZX43 or EZX43-1 system CAN
BuckyDiagnost TH / TH2	X		X
DigitalDiagnost	X	X	X
Thoravision	X	X	X
EasyDiagnost with Bucky unit	X	X	X

3.2. Backup / Installation procedure

- Provide the service PC with the hardware key and switch it ON.
  The hardware key provides access to special program settings and to menu ***"Faultfind".***
  Standard programming is possible without a hardware key.
- Connect the PC to X5 on EZ139 CENTRAL UNIT CU via a serial data cable:
  (A 5m long data cable can be ordered via 12NC: 4512 130 56931)



1. Use the Customer Services Zeppelin Toolbox.
2. Double click the selfextracting file **"_AGenT.exe"**.
   The extraction program copies automatically all files into the default subfolder *c:\Program Files\AGenT*.
3. Create a shortcut on the desktop.
   Click the right mouse button desktop, select new, shortcut.
   Browse to *c:\Program Files\AGenT\agent.exe.*
   Press OK button.
4. Change the icon.
   Select the new created shortcut, right mouse button.
   Select properties, select change icon.
   Browse to c:\Program Files\AGenT\ and select the icon file **AGenT.ico**.
   Select the icon and finish the action with the OK button.

General information:

-	Button **<F1>**	**<help>**	Call help / cancel help.
-		**<apply>**	Store screen contents / data set in the generator ==> transmit to generator.
-		**<save>**	Store data screen on disk.
-		**<load>**	Load data set from disk. The desired path can be selected.
-	Button	**<ESC>**	Commands one step back. Can be used repeatedly.
-	Fields with	↓	Select the possible range of values by pushing **<RETURN>**. The data are specified by the generator as fixed values.
-	Fields with	**[...]**	Input of data via the keyboard.

Error numbers which appear at the beginning of the programming procedure must be erased from the screen with the **<RETURN>** key.

Current data files for online help, tube types, APR programming etc. are available in the PHILIPS-Intranet. Use path ***http://technet.best.ms.philips.com/*** and pull down menu as shown below.

3.2.1. Backup of all configuration data

CAUTION

Connection between service PC and generator must be established.
For the backup of data the service PC must be operated on mains. It must not be operated with batteries.
The screensaver must be deactivated.

- Switch ON the generator.

To save the configuration data use the a floppy disk.

- Save the complete SW programming of the generator on the floppy disk by using the menu:
  Acceptance / Backup

  A disk space of 700 kByte is required.
  It takes about 8 minutes to save the data to the disk.

  The default backup name:
  CUBACKUP.TDL
  can be changed into any other file name.

  The path (harddisk) is automatically taken into account.

  It is also possible to type:
  A:\"filename" <RETURN>
  to load the backup files directly to the floppy disk.

3.2.2. Loading the new firmware into the generator

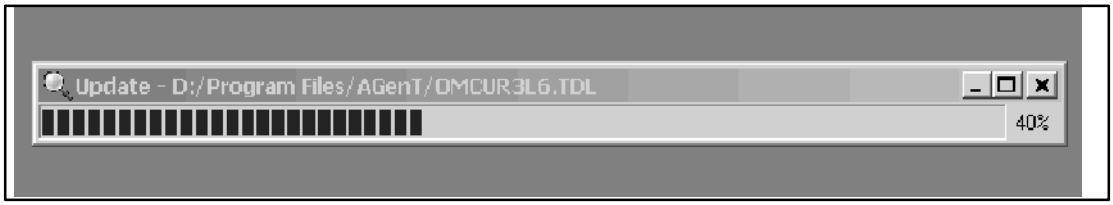
NOTE

Connection between service PC and generator must be established. For the update of data the service PC must be operated on mains. It must not be operated with batteries.
The screensaver must be deactivated.

- Switch the generator ON.
- Select menu:
  AGenT/Program/Update Generator Firmware (XRG 90 RAD/RF,C)
- Select the respective update file (OMCUR3Lx.TDL) and click on ”Open” with the left mouse button.

The RESET can be performed within the next forty seconds, either on PCB EZ 139 S1
or on the ON button of the control module.

During the update process a progress bar is displayed on the screen which indicates how much of the update is completed.



Depending on the type of PC data transmission takes 15 ... 30 minutes.

During this process all red LEDs of the function units are blinking.

CAUTION

When the data transmission to the generator is completed, the message to wait for two minutes appears on the screen.

This process must under no circumstances be disturbed! At the end of this sensible procedure “Flash loaded ok” appears on the screen. Only now the AGenT program can be terminated.

- Reset the generator.

4. Replacement of parts of function unit kV

In case one of the following assemblies:

- PCB kV-control 3 / 4 (EZ130)
- Converter (EQ)
- H.V. tank (EG)
- PCB Central unit (EZ139)

of function unit kV has been exchanged, the alignment of the function unit kVmust be repeated.

4.1. General information

The actual value of the set kV must be attained at least after 2ms. During the kV rise phase there must be neither kV break-in nor a kV overshoot.

The factor duty cycle is based on an adapted tube and determines at local mains voltage and mains resistance conditions:

- the kV rise phase
- the kV behavior during the exposure in falling load technique.

The factor duty cycle is stored in the memory of PCB CU EZ139. If the CU has to be replaced the CU complete backup can be reloaded (with the actual factor) to the NVRAM memory or the factor duty cycle must be re-aligned. Refer to figure 1:

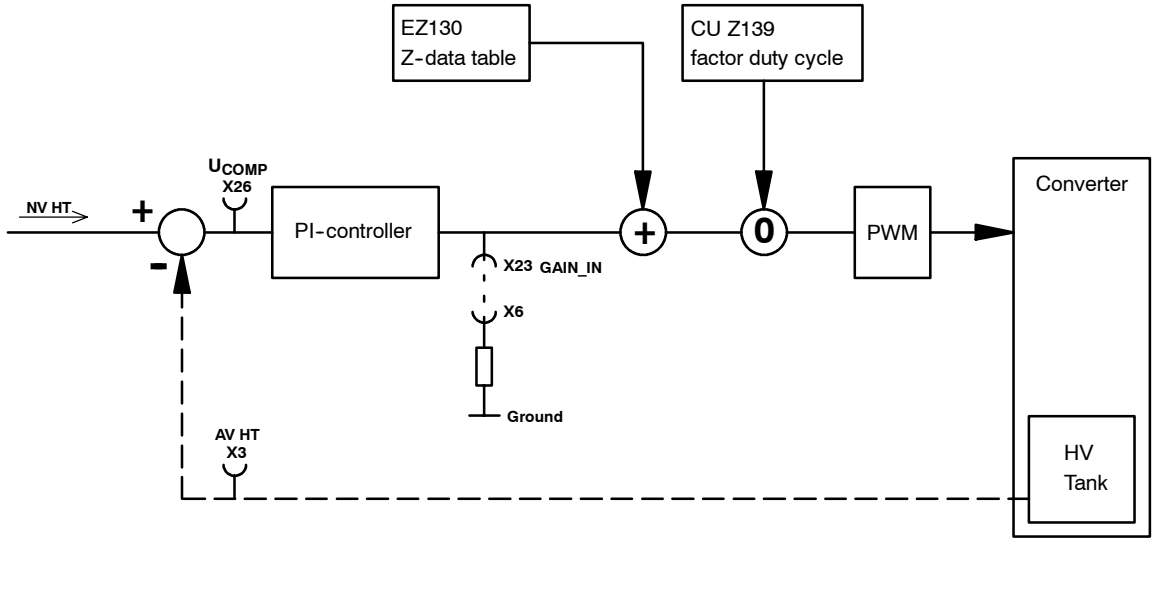


Figure 1 395H00

During alignment this factor duty cycle must be entered via AGenT. The influence of this factor as a correction value for the Z-data table is monitored as the U_{COMP} signal since the PI-controller is deactivated by the grounded *GAIN_IN* signal.

4.2. Connecting and setting the scope

For connections see figure 2:

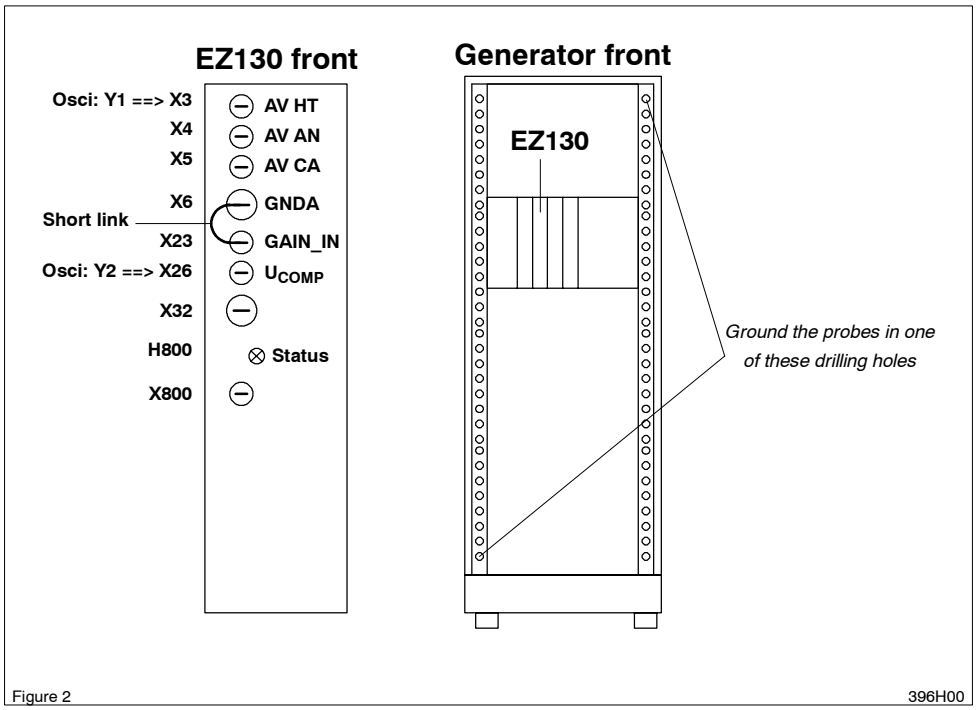


Figure 2 396H00

Channel 1 = EZ130 X3 ---> *AV HT* ---> 20kV/V ---> 1V/div --> Zero-line at bottom of screen
Probe GND = one of the drilling holes at the front cabinet chassis

Channel 2 = EZ130 X26 ---> U_{COMP} ---> 1V/div ---> Zero-line 2 div from bottom of screen
Probe GND = one of the drilling holes at the front cabinet chassis

Trigger = external (preferred) ---> *CTRL_X_C/* ---> backpanel EZX74 / negative slope
or = internal channel 1 ---> *AV HT* ---> EZ130 X3 / positive slope at +3V
Probe GND = one of the drilling holes at the front cabinet chassis

Time base = 5 or 10ms/div ---> trigger delay -1div

NOTE

A digital scope should not have any other ground connection than the ground of the 3 probes at the drilling holes at the front generator chassis.
A mains-driven scope must be isolated from earth potential, otherwise it might display artefacts.

4.3. Deactivating the kV controller

- Connect EZ130 X23 *GAIN_IN* and X6 *GNDA* with a short link (use a short wire).

CAUTION

This alignment requires exposures with high kV.
Be sure the tube has been warmed up before.

4.4. Setting of exposure data

a) Set 141kV in case

- of 65/80kW generators
- the tube limit (of at least one tube) is 150kV, perform this adjustment at the tube which has the highest kV limit programmed.

b) Set 125kV in case

- of 50kW generators

  and
- of 65/80kW generators if the programmed application limit of the tube limit is 125kV.

NOTE

Any tube arcing during this adjustment requires the execution of the tube conditioning next as described in section 2 "INSTALLATION".
Disconnect the short link between X23 and X6.
Start over this adjustment from chapter 2.3 onwards if the tube conditioning was successful.

- Set kV and mA values according to the programmed tube limits:

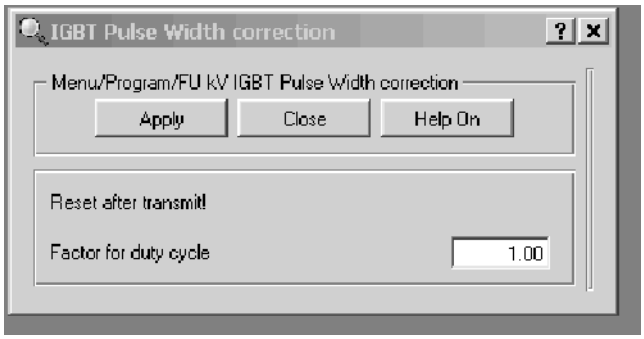
  a) 141kV: 200mA at kV_4 (65/80kW)

  b) 125kV: 100mA at kV_3 (50kW)
  200mA at kV_4 (65/80kW)

- Set the exposure time: 40ms

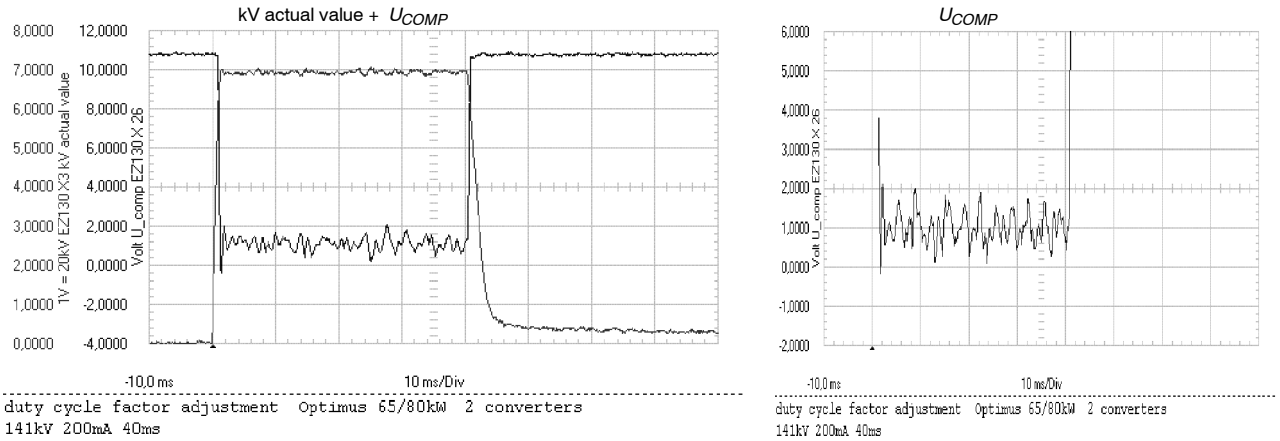
4.5. Adjustment of the factor for duty cycle

- Adjust the factor duty cycle via service software AGenT by measuring U_{COMP} with the scope.
- Connect the service PC and start AGenT:
  Select menu:
  Program/ FU KV IGBT Pulse Width correction
- Set the starting value factor duty cycle to **1.00**:



- If the U_{COMP} value does not match the requirements type in another factor duty cycle value, transfer the factor by clicking on “Apply” with the left mouse button and push the active RGDV button to get the new value validated.
- Switch an exposure.
  The values are measured in the stationary condition. The transient behavior at the beginning of the exposure is not taken into account.

Result: In standby the U_{COMP} value is at about +11V, during exposure the mean value U_{COMP} must be as given in table 1 or 2, refer to figure 4:



Oscillogram of a perfect alignment for 141kV

U_{COMP} for 141kV

Figure 4 401H00

a) 141kV setting (65/80kW only)

- Read the mean value of U_{COMP} for 141kV (see scope figure 4 or 5), correct the factor duty cycle till U_{COMP} meets the required reference of +1V.

kV setpoint	mA setpoint	PCB type	U_{COMP}	Tolerance	kV peak of *AV HT*	Factor duty cycle	Date
141kV	200mA	PCB kV_control 4:	+1V	±0.5V	138kV		

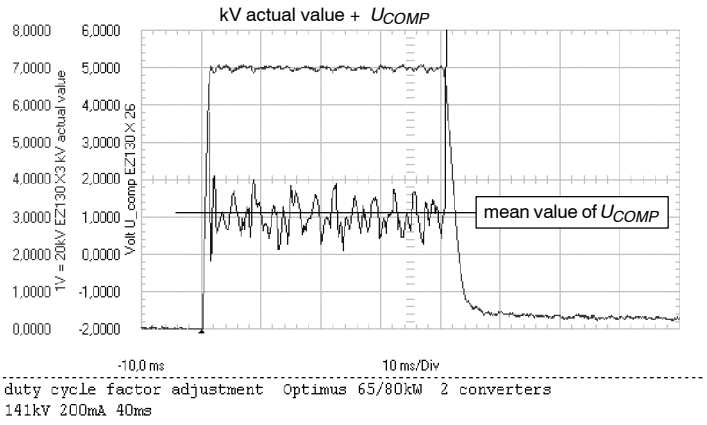
Table 1: Factor duty cycle, settings 141kV (150kV limit)

Example how to correct the factor duty cycle:

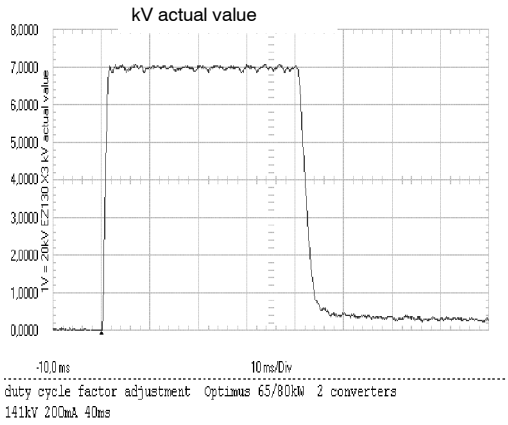
PCB kV_control 4:

- If the mean value of U_{COMP} is: > +1.5V **increase** the factor duty cycle in steps of 0.01
  < +0.5V **decrease** the factor duty cycle in steps of 0.01

- Check also the kV peak value *AV HT* (not the overshoot), it must be **138kV** for **141kV** setpoint. (see scope figure 5)
- Remove short link EZ130 X23 *GAIN_IN*.
- Record the findings in table1.



Optimus 80kW with 141kV, U_{COMP} = +1V



AV HT with overshoot

Figure 5 402H00

b) 125kV setting (50/65/80kW)

- Read the mean value of U_{COMP} for 125kV (in principle figure 4 or 5).
- Correct the factor duty cycle till U_{COMP} meets the required reference of 0V.

kV setpoint	mA setpoint	PCB type	U_{COMP}	Tolerance	kV peak of *AV HT*	Factor duty cycle	Date
125kV	100mA	PCB kV_control 3:	+0V	+1V / -0,5V	125kV		
125kV	200mA	PCB kV_control 4:	+0V	±0.5V	125kV		

Table 2: Factor duty cycle, 125kV limit

Example how to correct the factor duty cycle:

PCB kV_control 3:

- If the mean value of U_{COMP} is: > +1V **increase** the factor duty cycle in steps of 0.01
  < -0.5V **decrease** the factor duty cycle in steps of 0.01

PCB kV_control 4:

- If the mean value of U_{COMP} is: > +0.5V **increase** the factor duty cycle in steps of 0.01
  < -0.5V **decrease** the factor duty cycle in steps of 0.01

- Check also the kV peak value *AV HT* (not the overshoot), it must be **125kV** for **125kV** setpoint.
- Remove short link EZ130 X23 *GAIN_IN*.
- Record the findings in table 2.

5. Tube replacement

Any new tube requires a new adjustment procedure consisting of:

1. Tube conditioning
2. Tube adaptation

WARNING

Radiation is released during the adjustment procedure!

The generator must be in the READY state, i.e. the green ring at the desk must be illuminated!

5.1. Tube conditioning

5.1.1. Preconditions / Program settings

- Switch OFF the generator.

Preparation of generators which are connected via a CAN interface:

- BuckyDiagnost TH and TH2
- DigitalDiagnost
- Thoravision

- Disconnect the following plugs:

System	Connector		
	EZX23 signal bus	EZX42 or EZX42-1 system CAN	EZX43 or EZX43-1 system CAN
BuckyDiagnost TH / TH2	X		X
DigitalDiagnost	X	X	X
Thoravision	X	X	X

- Switch ON the generator.

NOTE

The programming procedure must not be started before relays ENK1 has been energized at least 2 minutes after the generator has been switched ON.

- Perform the following programmings temporarily for each tube connected to one of the assigned RGDVs = Free cassette
  Select menu AGenT:
  Program / RGDV set A + B / RGDV 1 ... 8 / Data Set A

Program setting	Temporarily	Original tube
Enable handswitch	YES	Verify the customized entries in 2Z-2.x
Syncmaster present	NO	
Exposure switch type	Double step	
Exposure series / Tomo	YES	
Mounted radiographic	NONE	

- Reset the generator.
- Select the appropriately programmed RGDV = “Free cassette” for the tube to be conditioned.

5.1.2. Procedure

- Select the **large** focus only.

NOTE

The generator must be in the READY *state.*

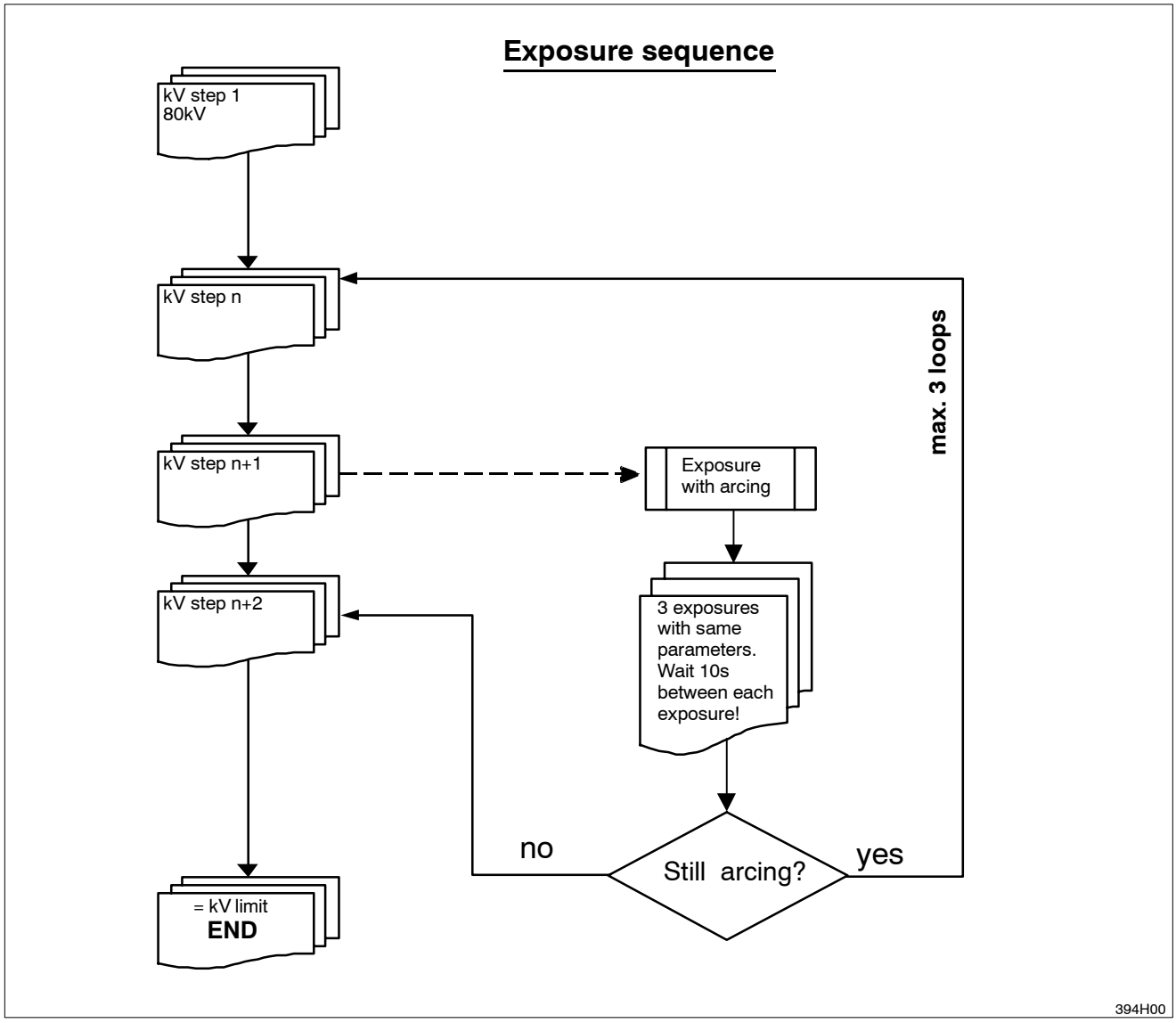
- Run the conditioning procedure for a new or non-adapted tube, refer to the following table “Exposure parameters for conditioning“.
- It is recommended that the high voltage be monitored during conditioning.
  Connect the scope:
  Channel1: kV AV HT at EZ130 X3 (1V/div), scale: 20kV/V
  Trigger external: CTRL_X_C/ at backpanel EZ X74, negative slope
  Time base: 2ms/div
- In case of problems like tube arcing see the following flowchart EXPOSURE SEQUENCE as an example.
  The flowchart applies to the applicable kV range only, e. g.:
  109kV is the max. kV value for normal application, set the next higher kV step = 117kV.

NOTE

Refer to flowchart EXPOSURE SEQUENCE.
If the tube arcs at a certain kV value, switch another three exposures with same parameters and 10s pause between subsequent exposures. In case of success (no arcing anymore) continue with next kV step of the following table.
If the last exposure still arcs go one kV step back and follow the normal procedure. If this routine has been performed three times without improvement: **==> Replace the tube!**

Exposure parameters for conditioning		
kV	**mAs**	**# exposures**
80	0.5	< 1 >
80	5	< 1 >
80	50	< 1 >
10 seconds pause		
80	100	< 1 >
1 minute pause		
90	0.5	< 1 >
90	5	< 1 >
90	50	< 1 >
10 seconds pause		
90	100	< 1 >
1 minute pause		
100	0.5	< 1 >
100	5	< 1 >
100	50	< 1 >
10 seconds pause		
100	100	< 1 >
1 minute pause		
110	0.5	< 1 >
110	5	< 1 >
110	50	< 1 >
10 seconds pause		
110	100	< 1 >
1 minute pause		
120	0.5	< 1 >
120	5	< 1 >
120	50	< 1 >
10 seconds pause		
120	100	< 1 >
1 minute pause		
130	0.5	< 1 >
130	5	< 1 >
130	50	< 1 >
10 seconds pause		
130	100	< 1 >
1 minute pause		

Exposure parameters for conditioning		
kV	**mAs**	**# exposures**
140	0.5	< 1 >
140	5	< 1 >
140	50	< 1 >
10 seconds pause		
140*	100	< 1 >
1 minute pause		
145	0.5	< 1 >
145	5	< 1 >
145	50	< 1 >
10 seconds pause		
145	100	< 1 >
1 minute pause		
148	0.5	< 1 >
148	5	< 1 >
148	50	< 1 >
10 seconds pause		
148	100	< 1 >
1 minute pause		
150	0.5	< 1 >
150	5	< 1 >
150	50	< 1 >
10 seconds pause		
150	100	< 1 >
1 minute pause		



NOTE

If a tube arcs at any kV value which is not required for application the max. kV (e.g.117kV) program this new limit value by AGenT:
Program/ Tubes/ Tube Limits/ MAX. Tube Voltage Limit [kV]/ [117]

As the max. kV value has decreased now, the field ADAPTED TO [kV] displays the max. value after adaptation as well.

- Set RGDV programming to the original status if no adaptation procedure has to be executed.
- Reset the generator.

5.2. Tube adaptation

5.2.1. General information

Tube adaptation is an automatic process which includes:

1. The measurement of the mA offset value that is caused by:
   - the kV measuring circuit
   - the emission current feedback circuit (VCO)

2. The measurement of the individual standby filament current (based on 100μA).

3. The emission current characteristic as f (kV, filament current).

4. The dynamic behavior (positive and negative boost adaptation) where the inertia of the filament with respect to heating up and cooling down is registered.
   For more information refer to section 3: FAULT FINDING.

NOTE

In case of problems check the symptom / solution list at the end of this adjustment chapter. Repeat the adaptation for this particular focus.

5.2.2. Preconditions / Programmings

- Reset the generator.

NOTE

The adaption procedure must not be started before relay ENK1 has been energized at least 2 minutes after the generator has been switched ON.

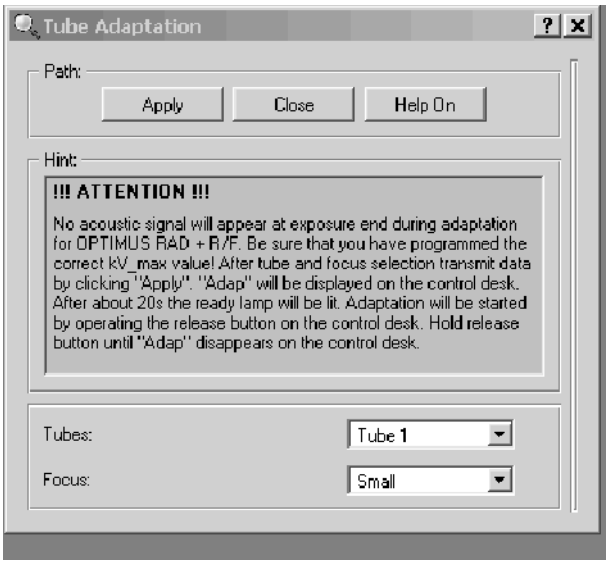
- The tube must be conditioned as described in chapter 5.1.
- Check the upper kV limit.
  Select menu AGenT:
  Program/Tubes/Tube Limits/max. Tube Voltage Limit [kV]

  The programmed value should match the nominal value of the tube connected or in case of older tubes the upper kV limit should be set to the max. application kV.
  Once an adaptation is completed the new limit value is displayed as ADAPTED TO [kV].
- Perform the following programmings temporarily for each tube connected to one of the assigned RGDVs = Free cassette
  Select menu AGenT:
  Program/RGDV set A + B/RGDV 1 ... 8/Data Set A

Programming	Temporarily	Original tube
Enable handswitch	YES	Verify the customized entries in 2Z-2.x
Syncmaster present	NO	
Exposure switch type	Double Step	
Exposure series / Tomo	YES	
Mounted radiographic	NONE	

5.2.3. Procedure

- Reset the generator.
- It is recommended that the high voltage be monitored during adaptation.
  Connect the scope:
  Channel1: kV AV HT at EZ130 X3 (1V/div), scale: 20kV/V
  Trigger external: CTRL_X_C/ at backpanel EZ X74, negative slope
  Time base: 2ms/div
- Select the RGDV = Free cassette for the tube to be adapted.
- Select menu AGenT:
  Adjustment/Tube Adaptation
- Select the tube and focus to be adapted, start with small focus!



NOTE

To avoid any malfunction make sure that READY is displayed on the desk before transmitting data by clicking on “Apply” with the left mouse button.
READY state disappears, ADAP is displayed on the desk.
Wait until the generator turns back to READY state.

- Start the adaptation process by pushing the handswitch in PREP and EXP position and keep it depressed in the EXP position.

  The generator switches about 125 exposures for each focus. The radiation sign at the desk indicates exposures but there is no beep at the end of each exposure.
  The actual kV parameters are displayed during adaptation.

  The generator carries out the adaptation automatically. The procedure for one focus is completed when the desk indication changes from ADAP to TEST. At the end of the adaptation process the following message appears on the PC screen: “Before continueing the generator must be reset”.

- Reset the generator.
- Run the adaptation for each focus (small and large) and tube.

NOTE

As there is no tube type with a physical third (middle) focus yet, the third focus cannot be adapted. VARIOFOCUS values are calculated by adapted small and large focus. APR programs using VARIOFOCUS can only be selected until small and large focus are both adapted.

- Set RGDV(s) program settings to the original status according to table “RGDV programming” 2Z-2.x at the end of this chapter.

5.3. Final tube adjustment work

1. BuckyDiagnost TH with CAN interface, DigitalDiagnost, Thoravision:
   - Switch OFF the generator.
   - Reconnect signal bus connector EZX23.
   - Reconnect CAN connectors EZX42-1 and EZX43-1.
   - Switch ON the generator.

2. All other systems:
   - Reset the generator

5.4. Problems during adaptation - Symptoms and solutions

Symptom:
If the tube is already at a high temperature level (but still indicating green or green-yellow for 100% power) it might happen that the load indication changes straight to red and that the adaptation is on hold.
Solution:
Keep the handswitch pushed. Once the temperature is down, adaptation continues automatically.

NOTE

If one of the supervised temperature levels exceeds a specified level it inhibits the 100% power level. This event is always logged as warning message 00BV in the error log index.

Symptom:
An error message flashes for just a very short moment and is instantly covered by "Adap" again on the desk. The adaptation procedure might be on hold.
Solutions (1 - 3):
All keys of the control desk including the RESET labeled button are inactive during adaptation. Let go of the PREP switch. This status change on the signal bus is similar to the "RESET" key function.

- 1 - :Wait until the generator displays ready again and keep on going.
  If the same symptom re-occurs perform a warmstart of the generator, check the error log index and try to solve the problem.
- 2 - :If the generator does not display READY at least after 20 seconds, perform a warmstart of the generator. Check the error log index and try to solve the problem.
- 3 - :Check whether all function unit LEDs are OFF or if one of them is ON indicating a FATAL error condition. Perform a warmstart of the generator, check the error log index any try to solve the problem.

Symptom:
Adaptation does not start (all conditions ok and present) after at least 30 seconds or adaptation is on hold in the middle of the process for at least 30 seconds.
Solution:
Let go of the PREP switch. If the generator does not display READY at least after 20 seconds, perform a warmstart of the generator.
Check the error log index and try to solve the problem.

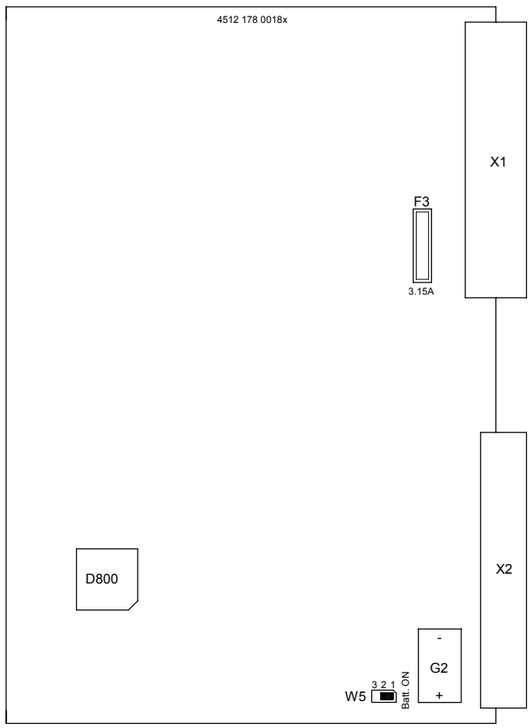
Symptom:
A constant READY appears for more than 2 seconds while PREP and EXP are activated, adaptation does not continue.
Solution: Let go of the PREP switch. Continue adaptation if READY is back in standby.

NOTE

Typical problems during adaptation are kV related.
Either there are arcing entries 02WG and 02WH or kV actual value problems 02HG and 02HH.
In the first case carry out the conditioning procedure, in the latter case the duty cycle factor might have to be aligned, see chapter 6. ADJUSTMENTS. It is possible to vary the factor for duty cycle with a non-adapted tube. For details call Helpdesk X-ray Hamburg.

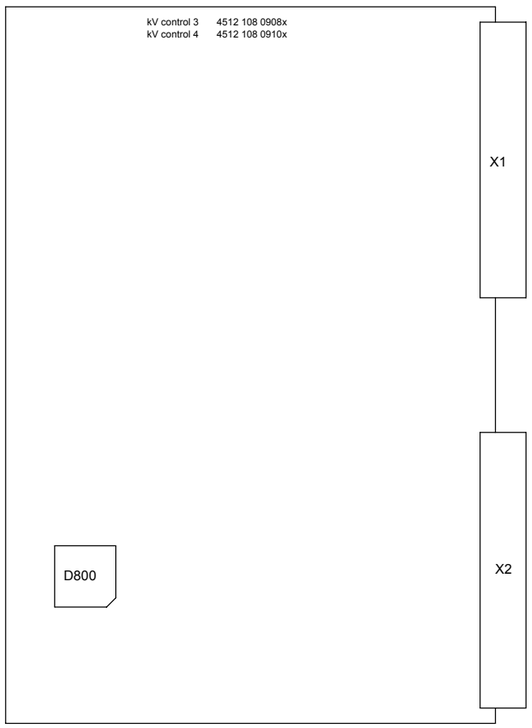
Attention: Do not forget to set the jumper of the battery in the position "Batt. ON":
EZ119: W5
EZ139: W1

EZ 119 mA control



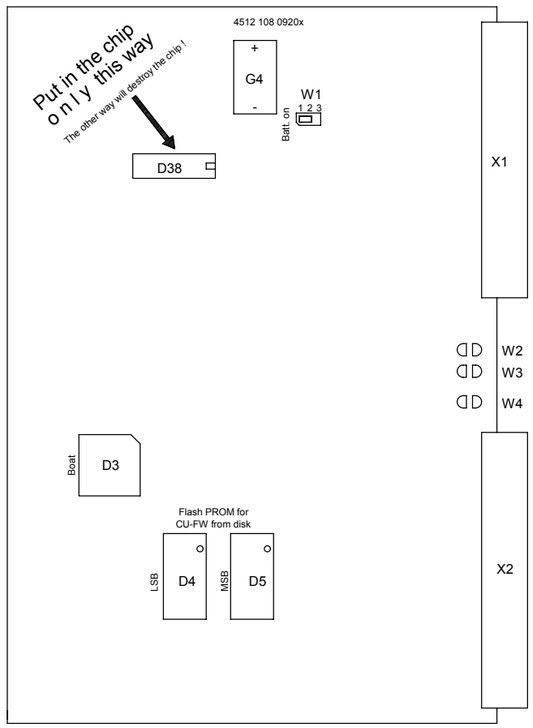
D800 = 4512 113 20221

EZ 130 kV control 3/4



D800 = 4512 113 20132 RAD
D800 = 4512 113 26212 R/F

EZ 139 Central unit

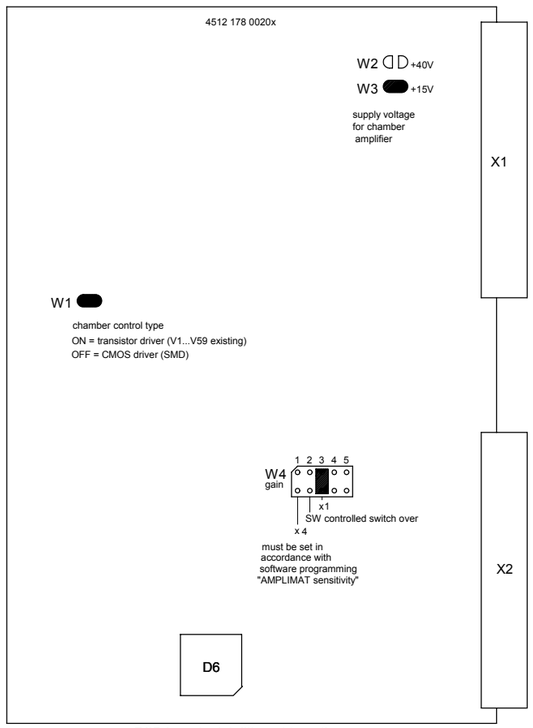


D38 = function key, marked with s/n of the generator

OPTIMUS R/F :
OPTIMUS RAD :

Boot- FW D3 = 4512 113 20731
Cu - FW Rel 3.6 = Cannot be ordered. Use customer services zeppelin tool box CD for flash Prom loading

EZ 150 Basic interface



PCB layout print different from figure.

D6 = 4512 113 20321

---

kV control 3 ≥ 4512 108 09081
kV control 4 ≥ 4512 108 09101

- OPTIMUS R/F
- OPTIMUS C
  D800 = 4512 113 26211
  = 4512 113 26212
- OPTIMUS RAD
  D800 = 4512 113 20131
  = 4512 113 20132

OPTIMUS C :

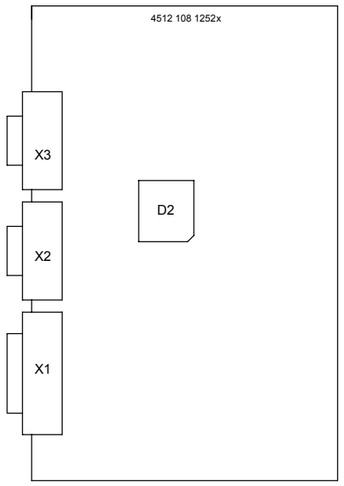
Boot- FW D3 = 4512 113 27001
Cu - FW Rel 1 = Cannot be ordered. Use customer services zeppelin tool box CD for flash Prom loading

A1/A3 04-09-20 Schr.

PCB programming
central rack EZ

Operating desk C 1)

C 300 CPU

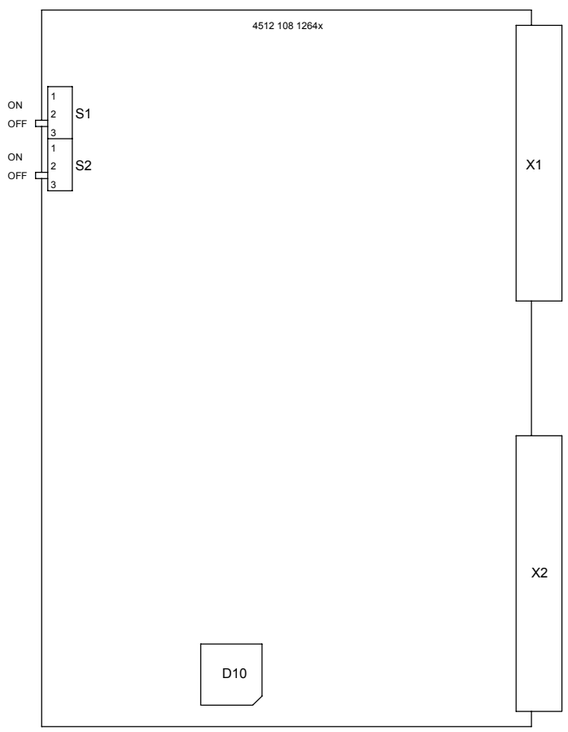


1) not for OPTIMUS C

D2 = 4512 113 20531

Adapter decade cable WA, 1WA, 2WA, 1WB 1)

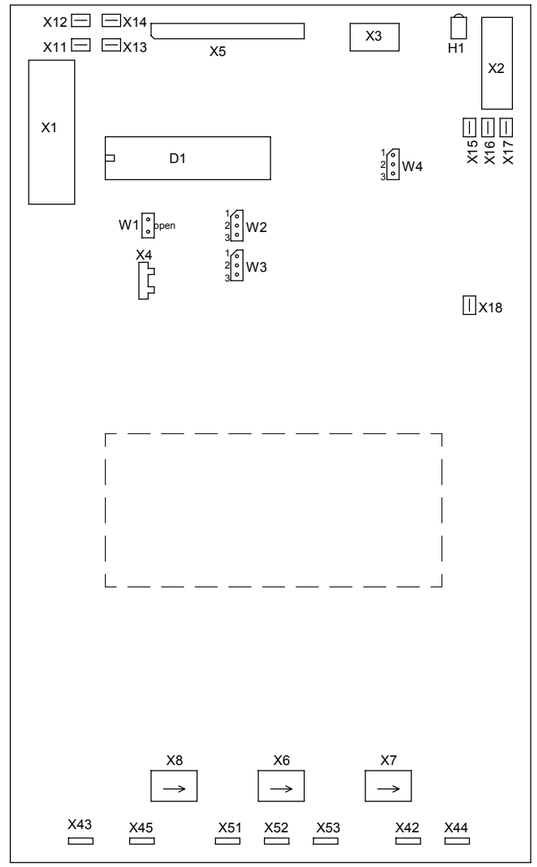
WB/WA 102 Universal I/O interface



D10 = 4512 113 20621

Ro Dual speed rotor control Y 9890 000 02662
Dual speed rotor control OPTIMUS Y 9890 000 0268x

Y 100 Roco HS 4512 108 1284x



Coding	Rotor control 1st	Rotor control 2nd
W2	1 2 3	1 2 3
W3	1 2 3	1 2 3

W4	Application of RoCo HS
1O 2O open 3O	normal
1O 2O 2 - 3 closed 3O	MRC solo

D1 = 4512 113 22341

A1/A3 04-07-27 Schr.

PCB programming
Options

ADJUSTMENTS

Contents

TEXT

1. Area dose calculator (option)

Special tools:
- calibrated dosemeter, e.g. DALI with measuring cell 77334 or PMX3
- 1mm lead plate

The following parameters are relevant for calculation:
- SID (source image distance)
- diaphragm aperture
- added filters
- specific yield of tube
- mAs product
- number of exposures

SID, diaphragm aperture and type of filters are supplied by the diagnostic unit, where they are also adjusted.
In the generator default values are given for the specific yield of a tube and filter correction.
These default values can be found as reference files on floppy disk in order to recreate the original settings if need be.

Reference files:

ref_yiel.tdl	specific yield of tube
ref_2al.tdl	filter 2mm Al
ref_01cu.tdl	filter 1mm Al + 0.1mm Cu
ref_02cu.tdl	filter 1mm Al + 0.2mm Cu

The specific yield curve relates to tungsten anodes and 2.5mm primary filters.
Display on the desk is in: [$cGycm^2$].

1.1. Checking the default adjustment

- Place the lead plate and the measuring cell of the measuring instrument on the table in the central radiation beam. The purpose of the lead plate is to reduce radiation scatter of the table top. Without the plate the test result would be approximately 10% higher using a table top made, for example, of resin bonded paper.

- Perform the following settings:
  - 1m between the focus and the measuring cell (= SMD source measuring distance)
  - free cassette technique
  - kV-mAs-s technique
  - 10mAs
  - 0.1s
  - collimation 10 x 10cm at the height of the measuring cell
  - no filter

- Determine area dose at the following kV settings and compare it with the respective value displayed on the desk:

	50kV	**80kV (81kV)**	**120kV (117kV)**
Displayed product	..... $cGycm^2$	..... $cGycm^2$	..... $cGycm^2$
Measured dose	..... cGy	..... cGy	..... cGy
Measured area (X x Y)	..... cm^2	..... cm^2	..... cm^2
Calculated product	..... $cGycm^2$	..... $cGycm^2$	..... $cGycm^2$
Difference	..... %	..... %	..... %

Example:
- displayed area dose product: $8.8cGycm^2$
- measured dose: $890\mu Gy = 0.089cGy$
- calculated area dose product: measured dose $\times$ exposed area = $0.089cGy \times 100cm^2 = 8.9cGycm^2$
- difference in %: $= \frac{8.9 - 8.8}{8.9} \times 100 = 1.12\%$

- If there are any deviations of over 5% it is recommended that the yield curve be corrected in accordance with the procedure described in 1.2.

1.2. Correction of the specific yield

Prerequisites

Test setup and settings in accordance with section 1.1.:

- 1m between the focus and the measuring cell (= SMD)
- free cassette technique
- kV-mAs-s technique
- 10mAs
- 0.1s
- collimation 10 x 10cm at the height of the measuring cell
- no filter

Principle:

For each kV specified a dose measurement shall be taken under the same conditions. If the distance between the focus and the measuring cell deviates from 1m, all the dose values must be corrected with the square of distance (unit of measurement is [m]). Dividing the dose values by the mAs product set gives the respective current yield.

Procedure:

- Measure dose at each kV checkpoint and use it to calculate specific yield.

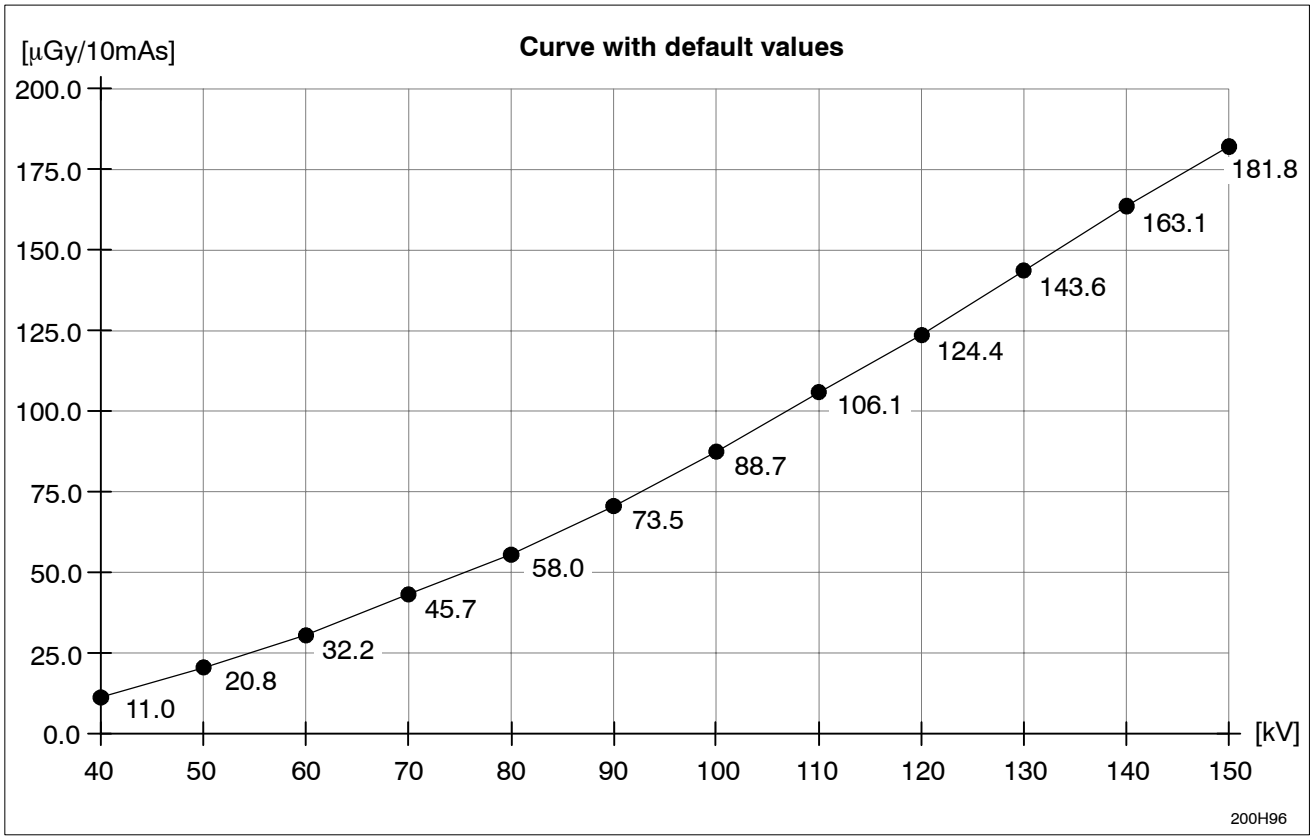
  The values determined must be higher at higher kVs settings and produce a characteristic with a slight curve on the graph. If considerable fluctuations are detected, the measurements must be repeated at the points in question.

  Range: 0.00 ... 400.00µGy/mAs

  The values can only be stored in the generator if they are within the range specified and rise uniformly with kV.

Specific yield

kV checkpoint	40	50	60	70	80	90	100	110	120	130	140	150
Default yield [µGy/10mAs]	**11.0**	**20.8**	**32.2**	**45.7**	**58.0**	**73.5**	**88.7**	**106.1**	**124.4**	**143.6**	**163.1**	**181.8**
Measured dose [µGy]												
Distance^2 factor	If the distance focus – measuring cell (= SMD) differs from 1m correct the dose with the factor: distance^2 factor = (SMD [m] / 1m)^2 = ... (e.g. = 1.44 for a SMD of 1.2m)											
Corrected dose [µGy]												
Specific yield [µGy/10mAs]	Specific yield = corrected dose/10mAs											



- Correct the default values of the specific yield for all the kV checkpoints.
  Select menu:
  Adjustment/Area Exposure Product/Specific Yield of Tubes/Tube 1 ... 3
  with the factor determined and save the value by clicking on “Apply” with the left mouse button.

- Save the specific yield curve on the backup disk by clicking on “Save” with the left mouse button.
  Recommended file name: act_yiel.tdl

1.3. Correction of the filter values

Prerequisite:

Test setup and settings in accordance with section 1.1.

- 1m between the focus and the measuring cell (= SMD)
- free cassette technique
- kV-mAs-s technique
- 10mAs
- 0.1s
- collimation 10 x 10cm at the height of the measuring cell
- no filter

Principle:

At otherwise identical settings the dose is determined for the kV values specified with and without filter. The ratio of dose values with / without filter produces the respective current correction factor.

Procedure:

- Accept measured dose values (not the corrected ones!) for the respective kV checkpoints from yield measurement or measure them again if any changes have been made to the test-setup or settings.

- Move the filter to be checked into the radiation beam.

- Measure dose at each kV checkpoint and enter it in the respective table.

NOTE

The 40kV range is not used in practice so it does not have to be corrected.
If in the lower kV range the considerably reduced dose can no longer be measured or read perfectly, at that point a higher mAs product must be selected.
Then the repeated measurement must be performed without filter.

- Using the ratio between dose with and without filter, determine the respective correction factor.

  The values determined must be higher at higher kVs settings and produce a characteristic with a slight curve on the graph. If considerable fluctuations are detected, the measurements must be repeated at the points in question.

  Range: 0.000 ... 1.000
  The values can only be stored in the generator if they are within the range specified and rise uniformly with kV.

- Perform the procedure for each selectable filter type.

Filter correction - 2mm Al

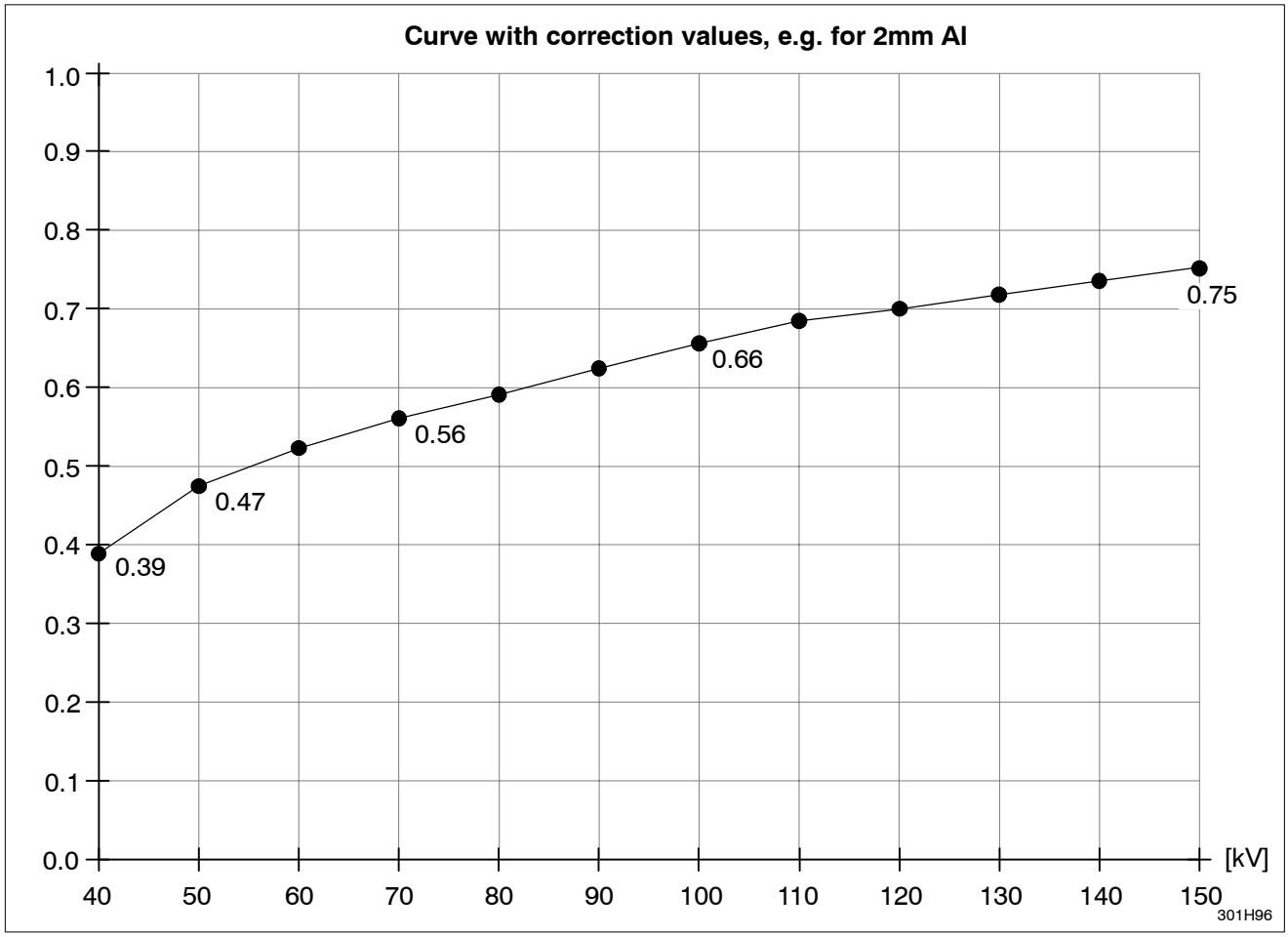
kV-checkpoint [kV]	50	70	100	150
Default factor	**0.47**	**0.56**	**0.66**	**0.75**
Measured dose [µGy] with filter				
Measured dose [µGy] without filter				
New factor	**New factor = dose with filter / dose without filter**			

Filter correction - 1mm Al + 0.1mm Cu

kV-checkpoint [kV]	50	70	100	150
Default factor	**0.25**	**0.37**	**0.50**	**0.65**
Measured dose [µGy] with filter				
Measured dose [µGy] without filter				
New factor	**New factor = dose with filter / dose without filter**			

Filter correction - 1mm Al + 0.2mm Cu

kV-checkpoint [kV]	50	70	100	150
Default factor	**0.123**	**0.230**	**0.370**	**0.53**
Measured dose [µGy] with filter				
Measured dose [µGy] without filter				
New factor	**New factor = dose with filter / dose without filter**			



- Read out the default values of the filter tables for each kV checkpoint, correct with the factor determined and write back into the generator with <Transmit>.

  Select menu:
  Adjustment/ Area Exposure Product/Add Filter Correction Tables/ ...

  ... 2mm AL

  ... 1mm AL + 0.1mm CU

  ... 1mm AL + 0.2mm CU

- Save the specific correction tables by clicking on “Save” with the left mouse button on the backup disk.

  Recommended file names:

  act_2al.tdl filter 2mm Al

  act_01cu.tdl – filter 1mm Al + 0.1mm Cu

  act_02cu.tdl filter 1mm Al + 0.2mm Cu

2. Alignment of function unit kV

2.1. General information

The actual value of the set kV must be attained at least after 2ms. At kV rise phase there must be neither kV break-in nor a kV overshoot.

The factor duty cycle is based on an adapted tube and determines at local mains voltage and mains resistance conditions:

- the kV rise phase

  and

- the kV behavior during the exposure in falling load technique

  as it takes into account the tolerances of the following FRUs (field replaceable units):

1. PCB EZ 130 **

kV_control_3 = 50kW	1 converter	4512 108 0908x
kV_control_4 = 65/80kW	2 converters	4512 108 0910x

2. A complete power converter unit Q **

kV_power PCB(s) Q100	(part of the power converter unit)
IGBT transistors	(part of the power converter unit)

3. Resonance capacitors (part of the power converter unit) **

4. High tension transformer **

An exchange of one of the ** marked parts requires a realignment of the factor duty cycle.

The factor duty cycle is stored in the memory of PCB CU EZ139. If the CU has to be replaced the CU complete backup can be reloaded (with the actual factor) to the NVRAM memory or the factor duty cycle must be re-aligned. Refer to figure 1:

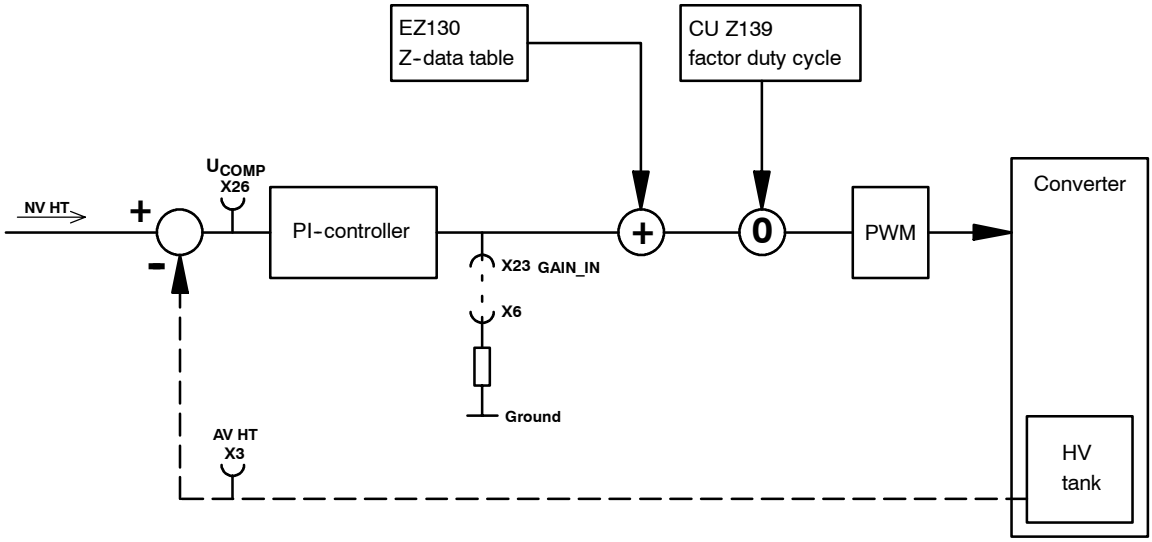


Figure 1 395H00

During alignment this factor duty cycle must be entered via AGenT. The influence of this factor as a correction value for the Z-data table is monitored as the U_{COMP} signal, since the PI-controller is deactivated by the grounded *GAIN_IN* signal.

2.2. Connecting and setting the scope

For connections see figure 2:

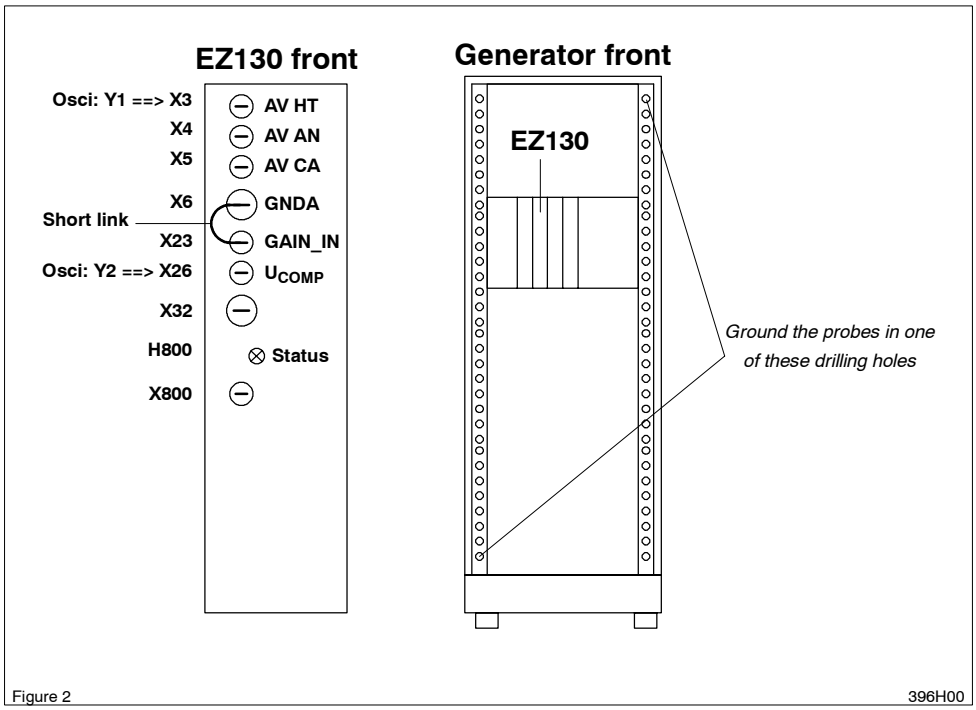


Figure 2 396H00

Channel 1 = EZ130 X3 ---> *AV HT* ---> 20kV/V ---> 1V/div --> Zero-line at bottom of screen
Probe GND = one of the drilling holes at the front cabinet chassis

Channel 2 = EZ130 X26 ---> U_{COMP} ---> 1V/div ---> Zero-line 2 div from bottom of screen
Probe GND = one of the drilling holes at the front cabinet chassis

Trigger = external (preferred) ---> *CTRL_X_C/* ---> backpanel EZX74 / negative slope
or = internal channel 1 ---> *AV HT* ---> EZ130 X3 / positive slope at +3V
Probe GND = one of the drilling holes at the front cabinet chassis

Time base = 5 or 10ms/div ---> trigger delay -1div

NOTE

A digital scope should not have any other ground connection than the ground of the three probes at the drilling holes at the front generator chassis.
A mains-driven scope must be isolated from earth potential, otherwise it might display artefacts.

2.3. Deactivating the kV controller

- Connect EZ130 X23 *GAIN_IN* and X6 *GNDA* with a short link (use a short wire).

CAUTION

This alignment requires exposures with high kV.
Be sure the tube has been warmed up before.

2.4. Setting of exposure data

a) Set 141kV in case

- of 65/80kW generators
- the tube limit (of at least one tube) is 150kV, perform this adjustment at the tube which has the highest kV limit programmed.

b) Set 125kV in case

- of 50kW generators

  and
- of 65/80kW generators if the programmed application limit of the tube limit is 125kV.

NOTE

Any tube arcing during this adjustment requires the execution of the tube conditioning next as described in section 2 "INSTALLATION".
Disconnect the short link between X23 and X6.
Start over this adjustment from chapter 2.3 onwards if the tube conditioning was successful.

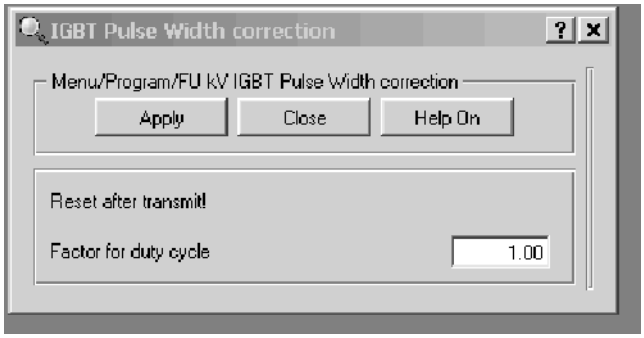
- Set kV and mA values according to the programmed tube limits:

a) 141kV:	200mA	at	kV_4	(65/80kW)
b) 125kV:	100mA	at	kV_3	(50kW)
	200mA	at	kV_4	(65/80kW)

- Set the exposure time: 40ms

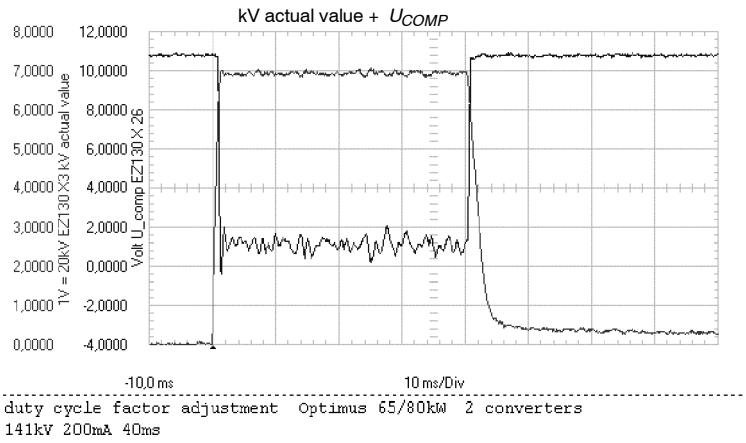
2.5. Adjustment of the factor for duty cycle

- Adjust the factor duty cycle via service software AGenT by measuring U_{COMP} with the scope.
- Connect the service PC and start AGenT:
  Select menu:
  Program/FU KV IGBT Pulse Width correction
- Set the starting value factor duty cycle to **1.00**:

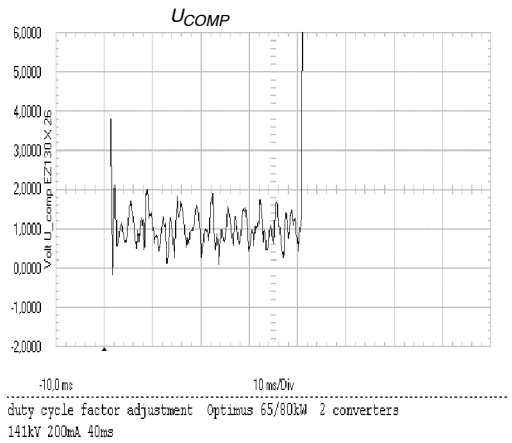


- If the U_{COMP} value does not match the requirements type in another factor duty cycle value.
  Transmit the factor by clicking on “Apply” with the left mouse button and push the active RGDV button to get the new value validated.
- Switch an exposure.
  The values are measured in the stationary condition. The transient behavior at the beginning of the exposure is not taken into account.

Result: In standby the U_{COMP} value is at about +11V, during exposure the mean value U_{COMP} must be as given in table 1 or 2, refer to figure 4:



Oscillogram of a perfect alignment for 141kV



U_{COMP} for 141kV

Figure 4 401H00

a) 141kV setting (65/80kW only)

- Read the mean value of U_{COMP} for 141kV (see scope figure 4 or 5), correct the factor duty cycle till U_{COMP} meets the required reference of +1V.

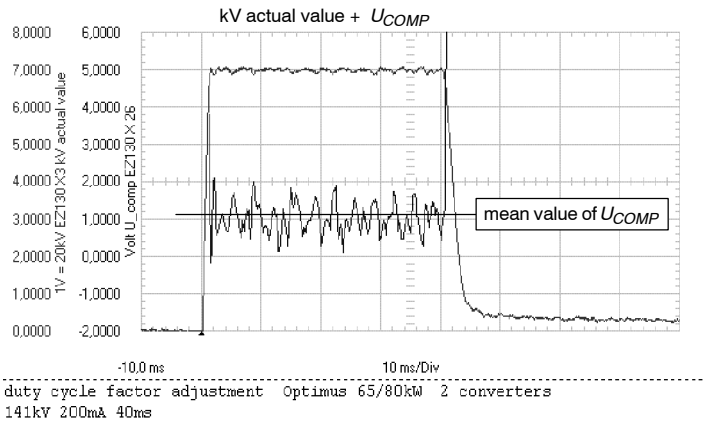
kV setpoint	mA setpoint	PCB type	U_{COMP}	Tolerance	kV peak of *AV HT*	Factor duty cycle	Date
141kV	200mA	PCB kV_control 4:	+1V	±0.5V	138kV		

Table 1: Factor duty cycle, settings 141kV (150kV limit)

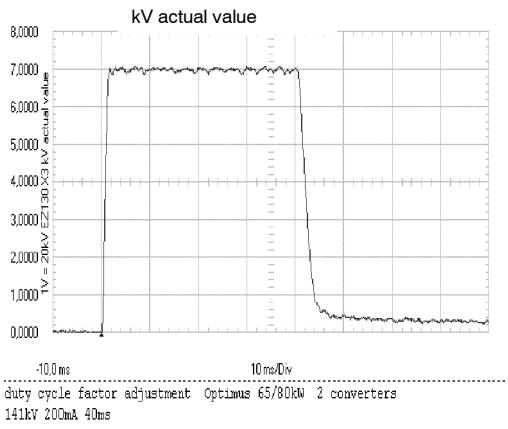
PCB kV_control 4:

- If the mean value of U_{COMP} is: > +1.5V **increase** the factor duty cycle in steps of 0.01
  < +0.5V **decrease** the factor duty cycle in steps of 0.01

- Check also the kV peak value *AV HT* (not the overshoot), it must be **138kV** for **141kV** setpoint. (see scope figure 5)
- Remove short link EZ130 X23 *GAIN_IN*.
- Record the findings in table1.



Optimus 80kW with 141kV, U_{COMP} = +1V



AV HT with overshoot

Figure 5 402H00

b) 125kV setting (50/65/80kW)

- Read the mean value of U_{COMP} for 125kV (in principle figure 4 or 5).
- Correct the factor duty cycle till U_{COMP} meets the required reference of 0V.

kV setpoint	mA setpoint	PCB type	U_{COMP}	Tolerance	kV peak of *AV HT*	Factor Duty Cycle:	Date:
125kV	100mA	PCB kV_control 3:	+0V	+1V / –0,5V	125kV		
125kV	200mA	PCB kV_control 4:	+0V	±0.5V	125kV		

Table 2: Factor duty cycle, 125kV limit

Example how to correct the factor duty cycle:

PCB kV_control 3:

- If the mean value of U_{COMP} is: > +1V **increase** the factor duty cycle in steps of 0.01
  < –0.5V **decrease** the factor duty cycle in steps of 0.01

PCB kV_control 4:

- If the mean value of U_{COMP} is: > +0.5V **increase** the factor duty cycle in steps of 0.01
  < –0.5V **decrease** the factor duty cycle in steps of 0.01

- Check also the kV peak value *AV HT* (not the overshoot), it must be **125kV** for **125kV** setpoint.
- Remove short link EZ130 X23 *GAIN_IN*.
- Record the findings in table 2.

ACCEPTANCE

Contents

TEXT

1. Preface

The national rules for accepting an X-ray system are very different. Therefore in the following an example is given for checking the generator in the USA.

OPTIMUS generators are factory-calibrated and checked for compliance with the parameter readout tolerances as stated in the relevant instructions for use.

Provided that these generators are installed and set to work in accordance with the installation manuals, only the following limited field compliance testing is required.

2. Test equipment

- Keithley voltage divider model No. 35080 with filter packs 32867C, 5C, 9C or equivalent
- Oscilloscope (storage)
- Digital mA, mAs meter

NOTE

Do not start test until generator has been switched ON for at least one hour.Direct (invasive) kVp measurements on OPTIMUS generators with HV divider tanks normally available to the field service organization are not permitted.
Measurements of kV using instruments other than the Keithley instrument may lead to larger measuring tolerances. The causes are to be found in the specific frequency response and transient response of each test instrument.

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3. Setup

- Switch OFF generator and also switch OFF mains.
- Connect the digital mA meter as per instructions in the relevant service manual.
- Set up the Keithley voltage divider complete with the appropriate filter as per Keithley instructions for use No. 3294 OIM.
- Connect the oscilloscope to the Keithley divider.

NOTE

Make sure that the oscilloscope has been calibrated with the aid of the Keithley divider as described in the Keithley instructions for use before starting any testing (par. 3.6. Internal calibration).

- Calculate rejection limits based on the exposure parameter specification limits shown in the table below.

  The specification limits are based on the actual tolerances as listed in the generator instructions for use. These specification limits must be restricted to include the actual measuring instrument error.
  See also section 6, chapter 3.2 of the "COMPREHENSIVE COMPLIANCE TESTING MANUAL", No. 4535 800 2034x. regarding how to calculate rejection limits.

4. Test

- Switch the system ON.
- Measure the mains voltage on ENF1.

  Reference voltage: Mains voltage programmed ±10%

  Actual values: L1 – L2: V

  L1 – L3: V

  L2 – L3: V

- Select the largest focus.
- Release exposures according to the table below and compare the values measured with the reference values.

Technique	Parameter	Reference range	Measured value	Corrected value
3-knob technique	81kV ±5% ±1kV	76 ... 86kV	..... kV	—
	250mA ±5% ±0.5mA	237 ... 263mA	..... mA	..... mA
	100ms ±5% ±0.5ms	94.5 ... 105.5ms	..... ms	—
2-knob technique	125kV ±5% ±1kV	118 ... 132kV	..... kV	—
	80mAs ±3% ±0.5mAs	77.1 ... 82.9mAs	..... mAs	..... mAs

Owing to an offset current in the measuring circuit of the HV generator the measured values for mA / mAs must be adjusted using the following formulas:

$$I_{corrected}\ [mA] = I_{measured}\ [mA] - \frac{U\ [kV]}{R_{calc}\ [M\Omega]} \qquad \text{Offset} \approx 0.2 \ldots 0.75mA$$

$$Q_{corrected}\ [mAs] = Q_{measured}\ [mAs] - \frac{U\ [kV] \times t\ [s]}{R_{calc}\ [M\Omega]} - \underbrace{\frac{4.55\ [nF] \times U\ [kV]}{1000}}_{\text{Cable charge for 20m HV cable}}$$

R_{calc} = calculated measuring circuit resistance.
Typical value: ≈ 200MΩ
Read out R_{calc} via service menu: FU_MA/ FAULT FIND/ **READ I_e CORRECTIONS**
Focus assignment:

Focus 1	=	tube 1	large focus
2	=	tube 1	small focus
3	=	tube 2	large focus
4	=	tube 2	small focus
5	=	tube 3	large focus
6	=	tube 3	small focus

t = exposure time according to desk display

5. Exposure counter

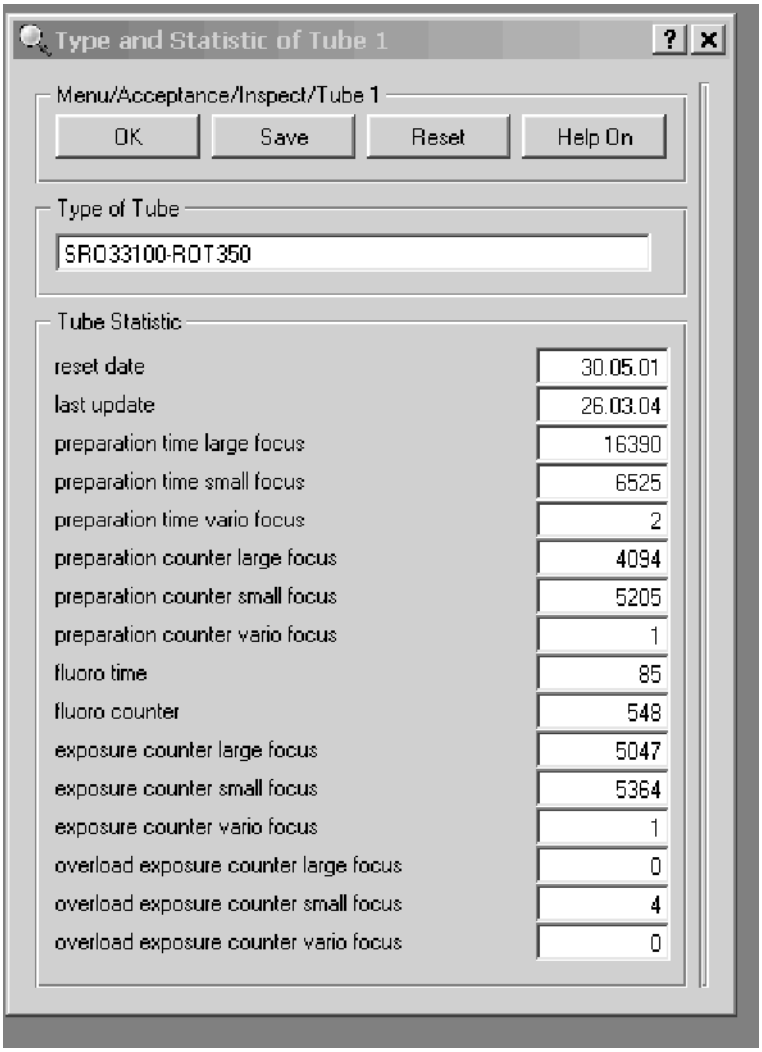
Before handing over the generator to the customer, read the exposure counter.
Use menu:
Acceptance/Inspect/Tube 1 ... 3/Type and statistic of Tube 1 ... 3
Record the figure in the table below.

NOTE

*Tube load statistic variables written on a grey background and marked by a "*****" are visible but do not affect the functions of this generator RAD type. (They are made for generators R/F version).*

Tube load statistic variable	Unit	Tube1	Tube 2	Tube 3
Reset date	dd.mm.yy			
Last update	dd.mm.yy			
Preparation time large focus	s			
Preparation time small focus	s			
Preparation time vario focus	s			
Preparation counter large focus	1			
Preparation counter small focus	1			
Preparation counter vario focus	1			
***** Fluoro time	min			
***** Fluoro counter	1			
Exposure counter large focus	1			
Exposure counter small focus	1			
Exposure counter vario focus	1			
Overload exposures counter large focus	1			
Overload exposures counter small focus	1			
Overload exposures counter vario focus	1			

The tables should be reset whenever the tubes are being replaced.
Use menu:
Acceptance/Inspect/Tube 1 ... 3/Type and statistic of Tube 1 ... 3
Click on "Reset" with the left mouse button.
Record the figure in the table above.



Explanation:

Reset date / **Last update:**
Reset date and date of last update of the tube statistic.

Preparation time:
The sum of all preparation times per focus.

Preparation counter:
Counts the occurrences of transition STANDBY or FLUORO to PREPARATION per focus.

*** Fluoro time:**
The sum of all fluoro times.

*** Fluoro counter:**
Counts the fluoro commands.

Exposure counter:
Counts the exposures per focus (including the overload exposures).

Overload exposures counter:
Counts the exposures at overload conditions of the tube.

Schematic drawings

Basis

Options

Function units CU and DRC
(Z1-5)

Power supply
(Z1-2)

Function unit kV
(Z1-3)

Function unit mA_a
(Z1-4)

Function unit CIE
(Z1-6)

Room decade
Cooling unit
Measuring chamber
1 2 3 4 5
EZ X1 · EZ X2 · EZ X21 · EZ X22 · EZ X31 · EZ X32 · EZ X41

X1 X1 X1

Service PC — X5

EZ139
Central unit CU
Dose rate control DRC

DRC input — EZX61 — X1

X1/X2 X1/X2

EZ102
Low voltage supply

X1 X2

5V
-15V
+15V
26V

EZ130
kV Control

X1 X2 X1 X1

EZ119
mA Control

X1 X1 X1/X2

EZ150
Basic interface

X1/X2

System control
External signal bus — EZX23 — XS bus
System CAN — EZX42 ✳ EZX43 — CAN

Function programming plug
- system control
- desk control

EZX44

XS bus
XRG bus

XS-bus — External XS-bus + internal CAN — EZX45 ✳
XRG-bus
Internal CAN/XS-bus — EZX52
Internal expansion

EZX47 — EN100X1
EZX46

26V 230V~ 26V

EZX6 EZX20 EZX13 EZX17 EZX18 EZX19
Adapter for 4 aux. units (option)

EZX34 EZX24
EZX35 EZX12
EZX3
EZX51

300X1

release switch — 300X3
Patient data organizer (option) — 300X2

C
Operating panel

200X1

E2Q
2nd power unit for P> 65kW

100X1
100X2

EQ
Power unit

100X1
100X2

EG
H.V. generator

X14 X15
X1000
X1000

H.V. cables

EY
Rotor control LS or HS
(low or high speed)

3~400V

(no CAN to low speed)

stator supply
supervision
Tube

EZX47
EZX4:1
EZX4:2
Emergency OFF

F3
100X1
K1
3~400...480V
X1100
X1100

EN
Power supply
F1
F2/K2
F3

Mains
3~ 400...480V
50/60Hz

Surge arrester WN
or
Power distribution unit
(option)

EZX14 — EZX1 5
230V~ reserve
230V~ reserve
3~400V stand
3~400V rotor control LS/HS

Remark:
✳ When not used CAN connections EZX42 and EZX45 must be provided with a termination resistor.

A1/A3 04-08-17 Schr.

OPTIMUS R/F (04.0)

Function unit HI_a

Function unit RC_a

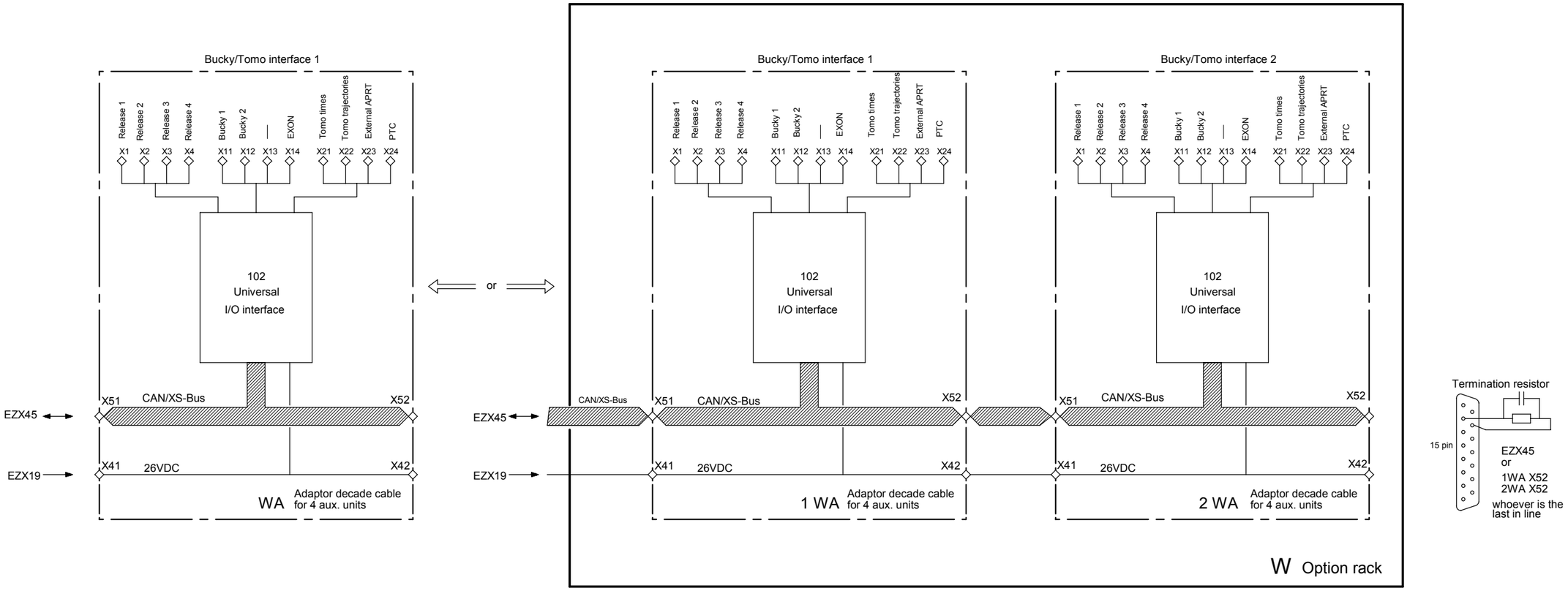
Block diagram Basis

Z1-1.1

Function unit ADAP _a

Function unit ADAP a_

Function unit ADAP b_

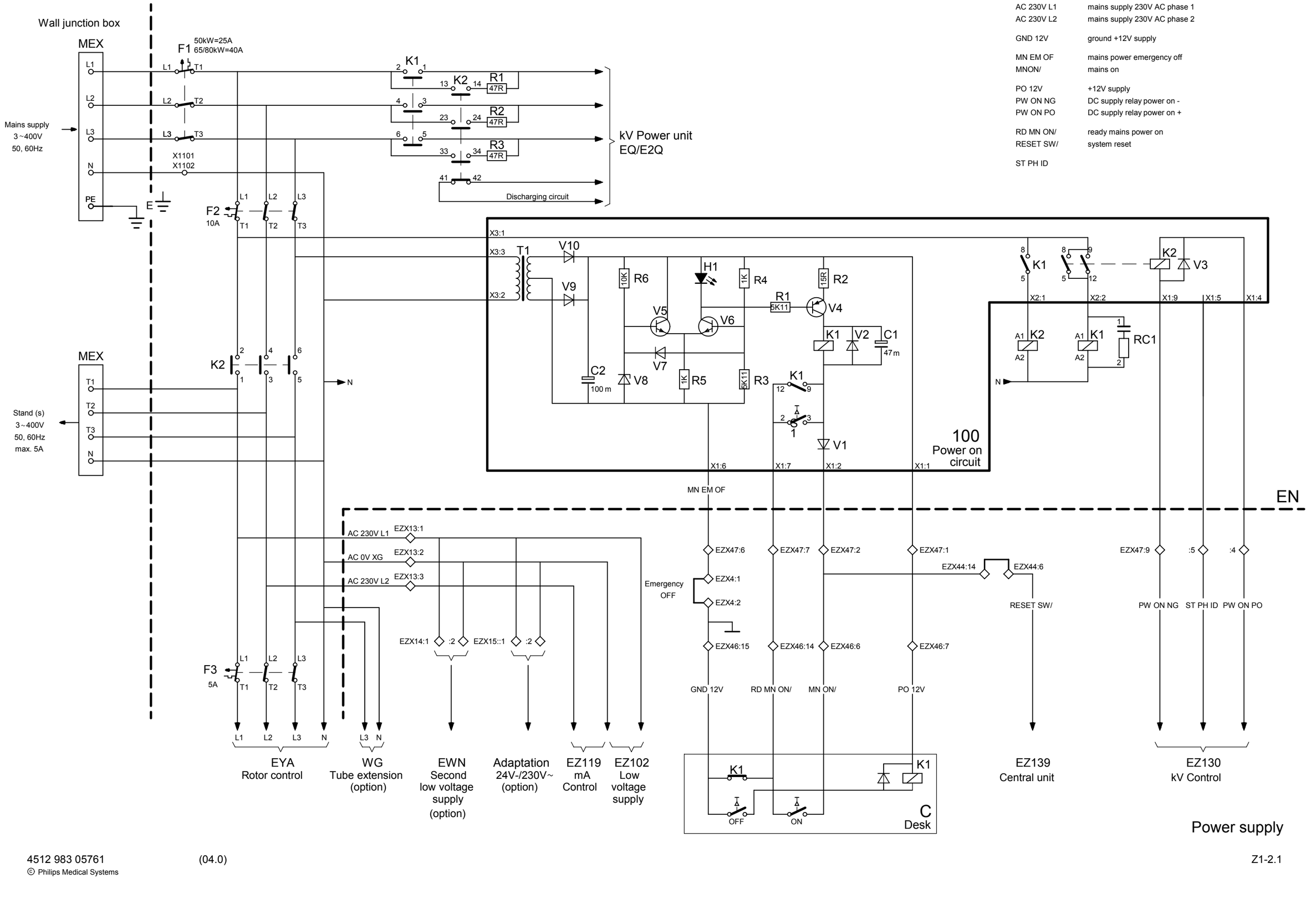


A1/A3 04-08-17 Schr./Kö

Block diagram
Expansions

Mnemonic's

AC 0V XG	mains supply 0V X-ray generator
AC 230V L1	mains supply 230V AC phase 1
AC 230V L2	mains supply 230V AC phase 2
GND 12V	ground +12V supply
MN EM OF	mains power emergency off
MNON/	mains on
PO 12V	+12V supply
PW ON NG	DC supply relay power on -
PW ON PO	DC supply relay power on +
RD MN ON/	ready mains power on
RESET SW/	system reset
ST PH ID	



A2/A3 04-08-17 Schr.

Mnemonic's

AC 0V XG	mains supply 0V X-ray generator
AC 230V L1	mains supply 230V AC phase 1
AC 230V L2	mains supply 230V AC phase 2
GND 12V	ground +12V supply
MN EM OF	mains power emergency off
MNON/	mains on
PO 12V	+12V supply
PW ON NG	DC supply relay power on -
PW ON PO	DC supply relay power on +
RD MN ON/	ready mains power on
RESET SW/	system reset
ST PH ID	

Wall junction box

MEX

F1 50kW=25A 65/80kW=40A

Mains supply 3~400V 50, 60Hz

X1101 X1102

K1 K2 R1 47R R2 47R R3 47R

kV Power unit EQ/E2Q

Discharging circuit

F2 10A

E

MEX

Stand (s) mains supply 230V AC 50, 60Hz max. 5A

K2

N

T1 V10 V9 C2 100 m V8

R6 10K V5 V7 R5 1K

H1 R4 1K V6 R3 6K11

R2 15R R1 6K11 V4

K1 V2 C1 47 m

K1 S1 V1

100 Power on circuit

X3:1 X3:3 X3:2 X1:6 X1:7 X1:2 X1:1

MN EM OF

K1 K2 V3 RC1

X2:1 X2:2 X1:9 X1:5 X1:4

EN

AC 230V L1 EZX13:1

AC 0V XG EZX13:2

AC 230V L2 EZX13:3

F3 5A

EZX14:1 :2 EZX15::1 :2

Emergency OFF

EZX47:6 EZX47:7 EZX47:2 EZX47:1

EZX4:1 EZX4:2

EZX44:14 EZX44:6

RESET SW/

EZX47:9 :5 :4

EZX46:15 EZX46:14 EZX46:6 EZX46:7

PW ON NG ST PH ID PW ON PO

GND 12V RD MN ON/ MN ON/ PO 12V

L1 L2 L3 N L3 N

EYA Rotor control

WG Tube extension (option)

EWN Second low voltage supply (option)

Adaptation 24V-/230V~ (option)

EZ119 mA Control

EZ102 Low voltage supply

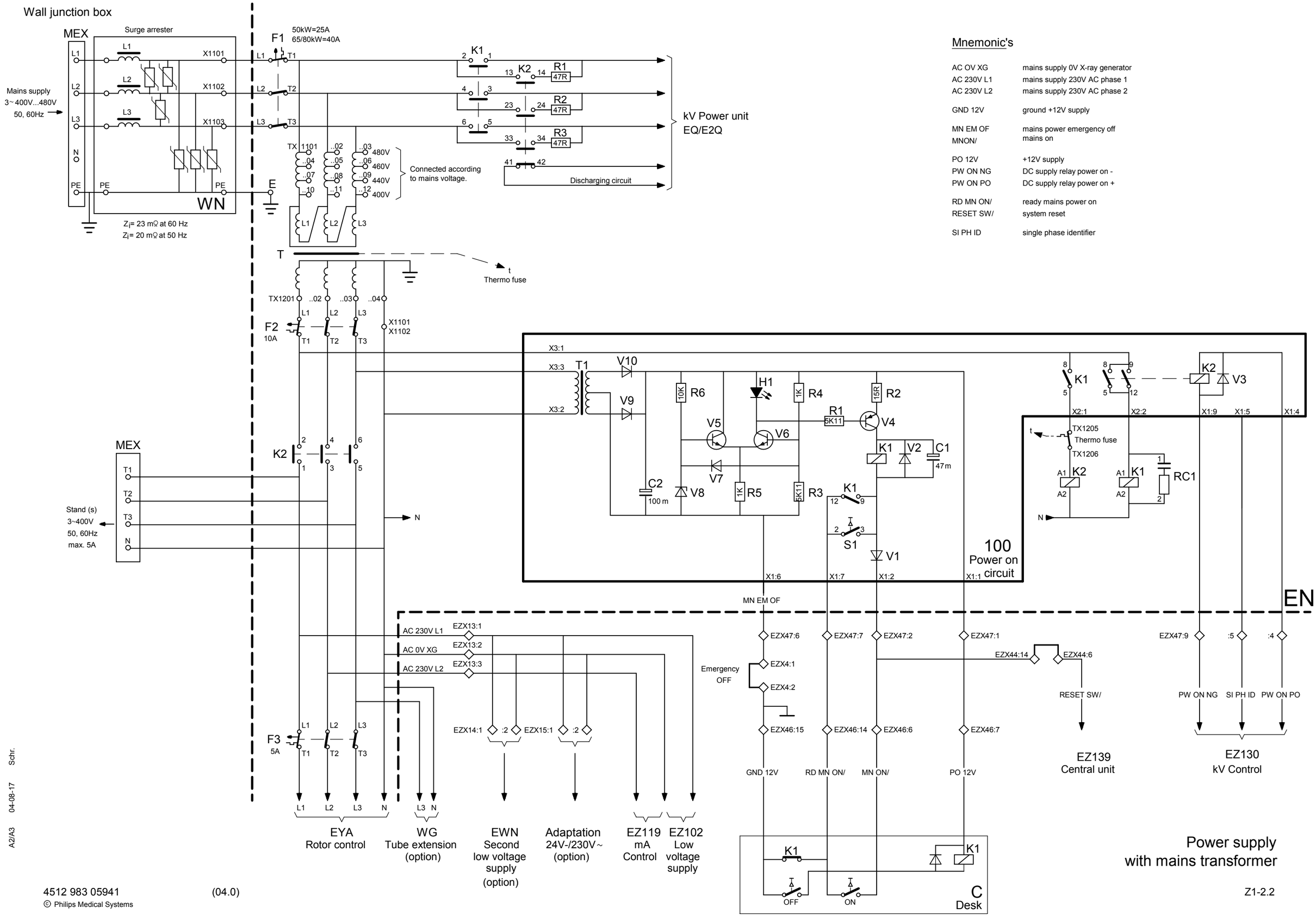
K1 OFF ON K1 C Desk

EZ139 Central unit

EZ130 kV Control

Power supply for digital DIAGNOST

A2/A3 04-08-17 Schr.



Mnemonic's

AC OV XG	mains supply 0V X-ray generator
AC 230V L1	mains supply 230V AC phase 1
AC 230V L2	mains supply 230V AC phase 2
GND 12V	ground +12V supply
MN EM OF	mains power emergency off
MNON/	mains on
PO 12V	+12V supply
PW ON NG	DC supply relay power on -
PW ON PO	DC supply relay power on +
RD MN ON/	ready mains power on
RESET SW/	system reset
SI PH ID	single phase identifier

Power supply
with mains transformer

Z1-2.2

A2/A3 04-08-17 Schr.

4512 983 05941 (04.0)

Wall junction box

MEX

Surge arrester

Mains supply
3~400V...480V
50, 60Hz

L1 L2 L3 N PE

X1101 X1102 X1103

PE PE PE

WN

Z_j= 23 mΩ at 60 Hz
Z_j= 20 mΩ at 50 Hz

E

F1
50kW=25A
65/80kW=40A

L1 T1 L2 T2 L3 T3

K1 K2 R1 47R R2 47R R3 47R

kV Power unit
EQ/E2Q

TX 1101
..02 480V
..03 460V
..04 440V
..05 400V
..06 ..07 ..08 ..09 ..10 ..11 ..12

Connected according to mains voltage.

41 42 Discharging circuit

L1 L2 L3

T

t
Thermo fuse

TX1201 ..02 ..03 ..04

F2
10A

X1101
X1102

MEX

T1 T2 T3 N

Stand (s)
mains supply 230V AC
50, 60Hz
max. 5A

K2

N

X3:1 X3:3 X3:2

T1

V10 V9

R6 10K

H1

R4 1K

R2 15R

R1 5K11

V4

V5 V6

K1 V2 C1 47m

C2 100 m

V7 V8

R5 1K

R3 5K11

K1 12 9

2 3 S1

V1

100
Power on
circuit

X1:6 X1:7 X1:2 X1:1

K1 K2 V3

X2:1 X2:2 X1:9 X1:5 X1:4

t
TX1205
Thermo fuse
TX1206

K2 A1 A2

K1 A1 A2

RC1 1 2

N

MN EM OF

EN

AC 230V L1 EZX13:1
AC 0V XG EZX13:2
AC 230V L2 EZX13:3

EZX47:6 EZX47:7 EZX47:2 EZX47:1

EZX44:14 EZX44:6

Emergency OFF

EZX4:1 EZX4:2

RESET SW/

EZX47:9 :5 :4

PW ON NG SI PH ID PW ON PO

F3
5A

L1 L2 L3

EZX14:1 :2 EZX15:1 :2

EZX46:15 EZX46:14 EZX46:6 EZX46:7

GND 12V RD MN ON/ MN ON/ PO 12V

EZ139
Central unit

EZ130
kV Control

L1 L2 L3 N L3 N

EYA
Rotor control

WG
Tube extension
(option)

EWN
Second
low voltage
supply
(option)

Adaptation
24V-/230V~
(option)

EZ119
mA
Control

EZ102
Low
voltage
supply

K1 K1

OFF ON

C
Desk

Mnemonic's

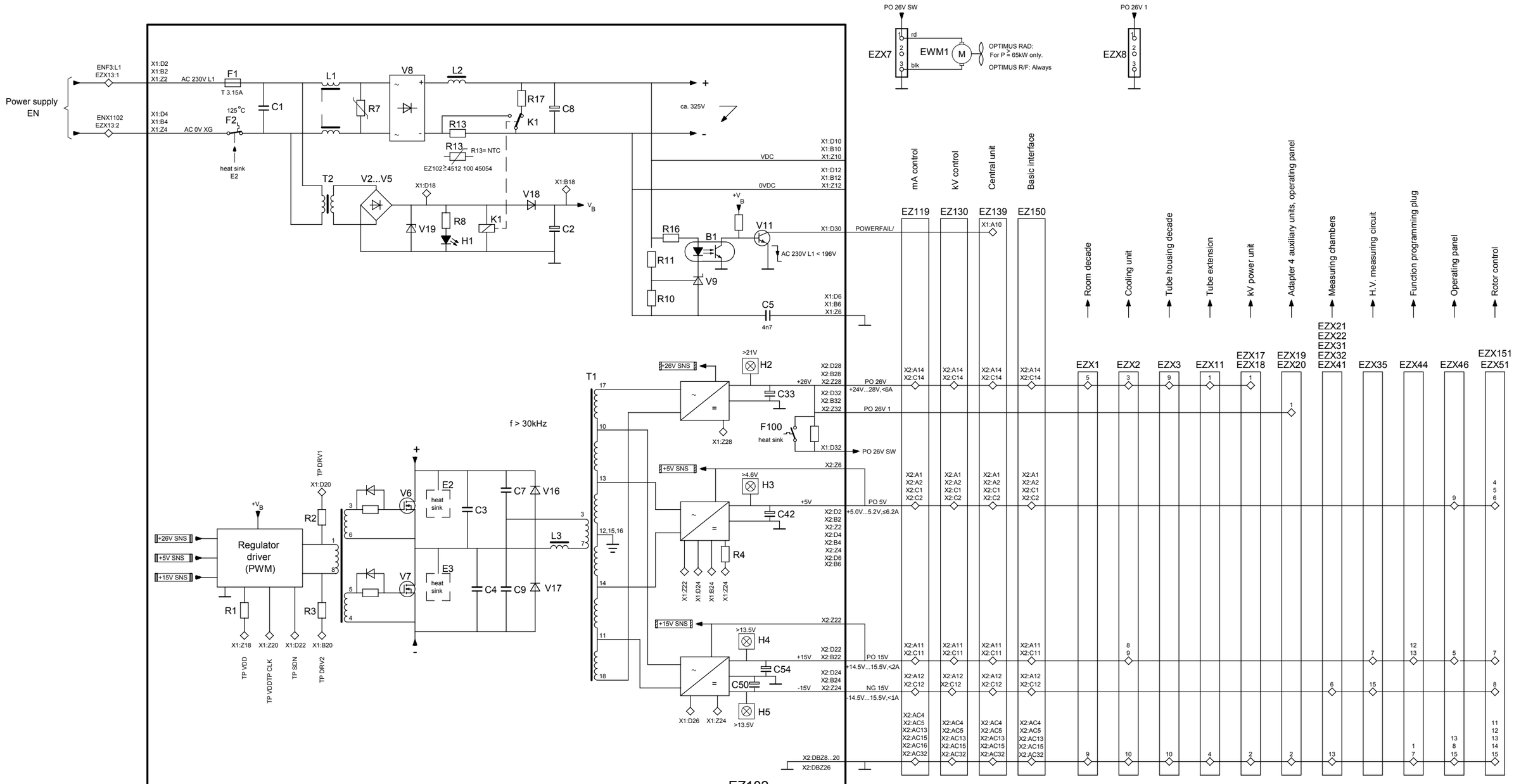
AC OV XG	mains supply 0V X-ray generator
AC 230V L1	mains supply 230V AC phase 1
AC 230V L2	mains supply 230V AC phase 2
GND 12V	ground +12V supply
MN EM OF	mains power emergency off
MNON/	mains on
PO 12V	+12V supply
PW ON NG	DC supply relay power on -
PW ON PO	DC supply relay power on +
RD MN ON/	ready mains power on
RESET SW/	system reset
SI PH ID	single phase identifier

Power supply
with mains transformer
for digital DIAGNOST

Z1-2.2.1

A2/A3 04-08-17 Schr.

4512 983 05961 (04.0)



Attention!

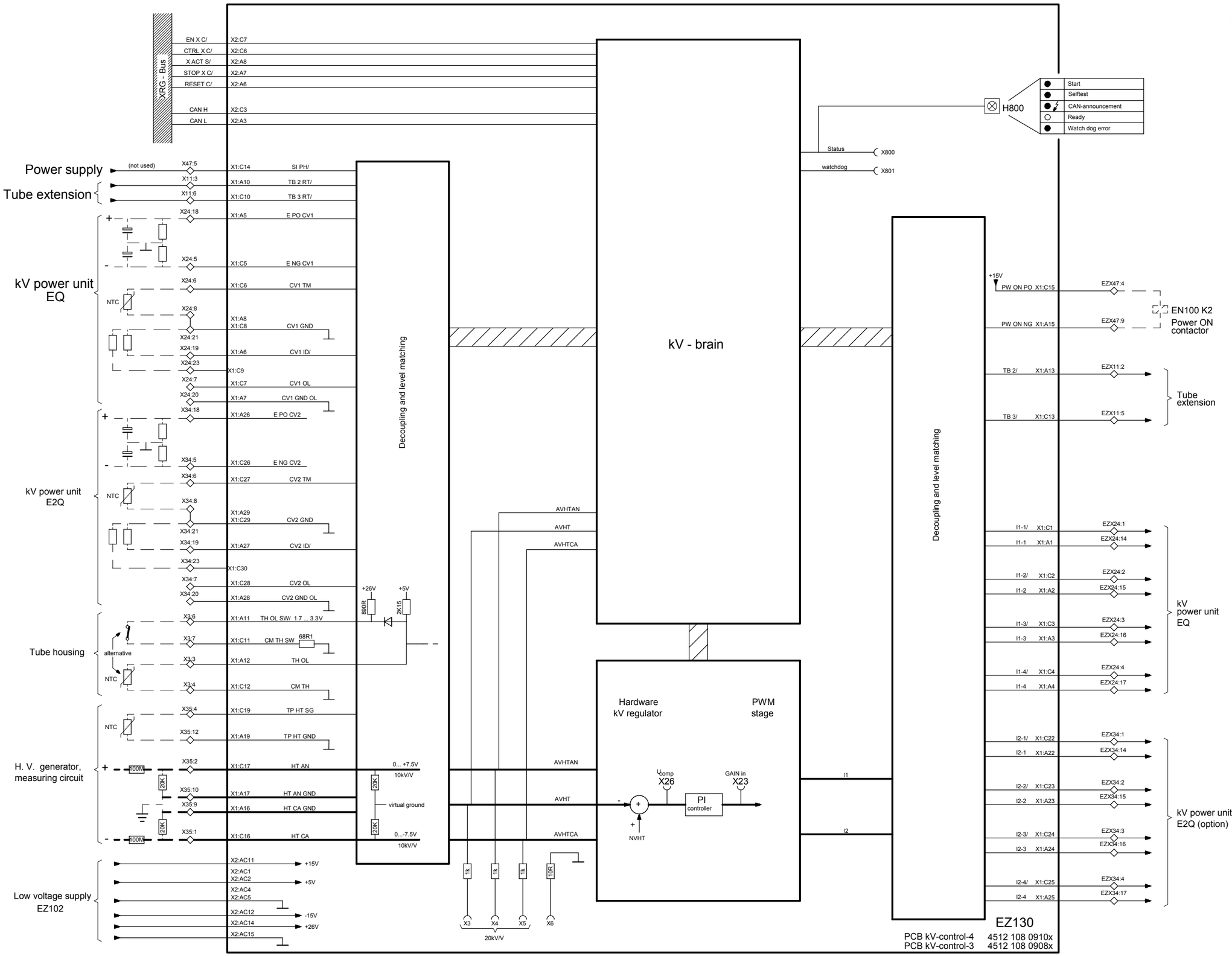
The voltage supplies are short circuit proof.
In case of an error refer to selection "Faultfinding".

Mnemonics

0V DC		TP CLK	test points for internal signals
+5V SNS	5V sense	TP DRV1	
+15V SNS	15V sense	TP DRV2	
+26V SNS	26V sense	TP SDN	
AC OV XG	mains supply 0V X-ray generator	TP VDD	
AC 230V L1	mains supply 230V AC phase 1	VDC	
NG 15V	-15V supply		
PO 5V	+5V supply		
PO 15V	+15V supply		
PO 26V	+26V supply		
PO 26V1	+26V supply optional		
PO 26V SW	+26V supply switched		
POWERFAI L/	power failure reset		

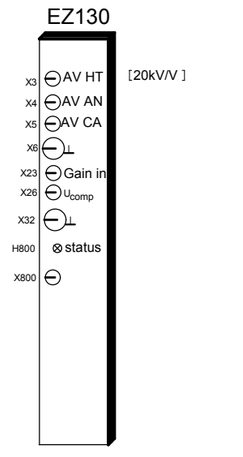
Low voltage power supply

A1/A3 04-08-17 Schr.



Mnemonics

AV HT	high voltage actual value
AV HT AN	high voltage actual value anode side
AV CT CA	high voltage actual value cathode side
CAN H	generator CAN high active
CAN L	generator CAN low active
CM TH	common for thermal sensor
CM TH SW	common for tube housing switch
CTRL X C/	control X-ray commond
CV1 EN	converter power part 1 enable
CV2 EN	" " " 2 "
CV1 GND	converter power part 1 ground
CV2 GND	" " " 2 "
CV1 ID	converter power part 1 identification
CV2 ID	2
CV1 GND OL	converter power part 1 ground overload
CV2 GND OL	" " " 2 " "
CV1 OL	converter power part 1 overload
CV2 OL	" " " 2 "
CV1 TM	converter power part 1 temperature
CV2 TM	" " " 2 "
E NG CV1	E value converter power part 1 DC supply negative
E NG CV2	" " " " " 2 " " "
E PO CV1	E value converter power part 1 DC supply positive
E PO CV2	" " " " " 2 " " "
EN X C/	enable X-ray command
HT AN	high voltage anode side actual value
HT AN GND	high voltage anode side ground
HT CA	high voltage cathode side actual value
HT CA GND	high voltage cathode side ground
I1	power part 1
I2	power part 2
I1-1 I1-1/	IGBT1 power part 1
I1-2 I1-2/	IGBT2 power part 1
I1-3 I1-3/	IGBT3 power part 1
I1-4 I1-4/	IGBT4 power part 1
I2-1 I2-1/	IGBT1 power part 2
I2-2 I2-2/	IGBT2 power part 2
I2-3 I2-3/	IGBT3 power part 2
I2-4 I2-4/	IGBT4 power part 2
PW ON NG	DC supply relay power on _-
PW ON PO	DC supply relay p[ower on +
RESET C/	RESET Fu
SI PH/	single phase identifier
STOP X C/	stop X-ray command
TB 2/ 3/	tube 2 - 3
TB 2 RT/ TB 3 RT/	tube 2 return - 3 return
TH OL SW	tube housing overload switch
TH OL	tube housing overload
TP HT GND	temperature high tension tank ground
TP HT SG	temperature signal high tension tank
X ACT S/	X-ray active signal



Use fuses with ceramic housing only !

EN X C/ X2:C7
CTRL X C/ X2:C6
X ACT S/ X2:A8
STOP X C/ X2:A7
RESET C/ X2:A6
CAN H X2:C3
CAN L X2:A3
X2:A16 CAN IDF 1
X2:C16 CAN IDF 0

mA brain
Kernel
D800 EPROM
D802 RAM
D18 RAM
D22 RAM
D24 RAM

H800
status X800
watchdog X801
clock X4

●	Start
●	Selftest
●	CAN-announcement
○	Ready
●	Watch dog error

W5 G2 3V
D802
D18
D22
D24
Filament 1 ON
Filament 2 ON

GS output EZL1
X1:A18 X1:C18 EZX1001
Grid switch of tube from back panel 4512 108 05984 onwards.

nominal values
regulator/ PWM driver
galvanic decoupling
G20 S20 G21 S21 G22 S22 G23 S23
10k X5 X2:A20
10k X7 X2:C20
X8
supervision
X1:D12 X1:B12 X1:Z12

average filament current [2.5 A/V]

H.V. generator measuring circuit
mA 5R U f
EZX35:6 X1:B30 X1:Z30 TB CU FR PO
EZX35:14 X1:B32 X1:Z32 TB CU FR NG
T5
T6

1) EZ119:

	... 05946	... 05947	≥.. 05948
L4	6,8mH	6,8mH	15mH
C65	-	33nF	100nF

325V DC
0V DC
X1:D2 X1:B2 X1:Z2

Power supply
EZX13:3 AC 230V L2
EZX13:2 AC 0V XG
X1:D26 X1:B26 X1:Z26
X1:D24 X1:B24 X1:Z24
F3 T 3.2A
filter R91 C22 L4[1] C65[1] R89 V36
V32...V35
ca. 325V C20 220 m

C18 220 m C14 220n V20 G20 S20
C15 220n V21 G21 S21
C19 220 m C16 220n V22 G22 S22
C17 220n V23 G23 S23
heat sink
supervision

F I TF1 1 X1:D4 X1:B4 X1:Z4
F I TF1 2 X1:D6 X1:B6 X1:Z6
F I TF2 1 X1:D8 X1:B8 X1:Z8
F I TF2 2 X1:D10 X1:B10 X1:Z10

EZX12:1 EZX12:2 EZX12:3 EZX12:6 EZX12 4 EZX12:5
EG100 X15 H.V. generator

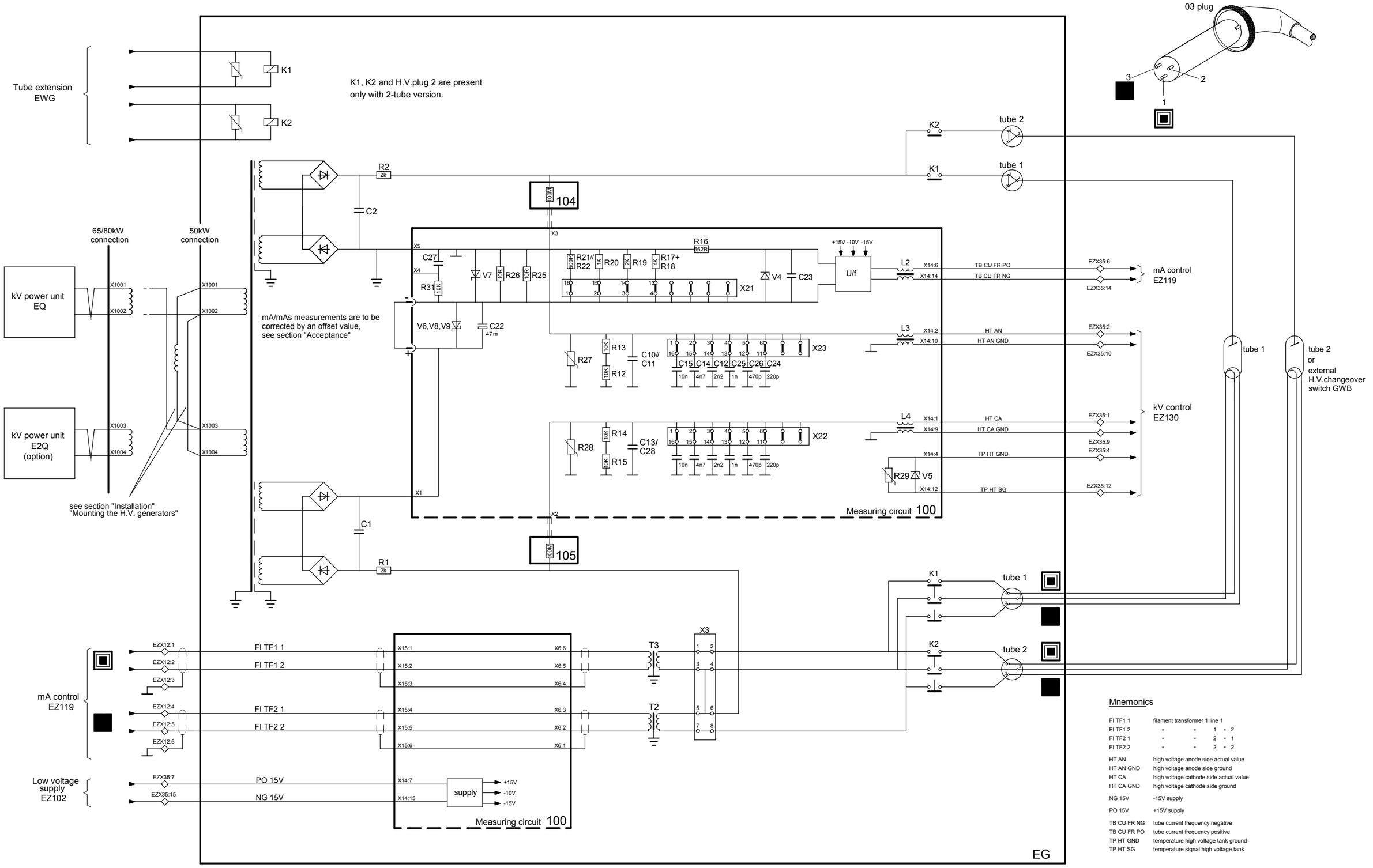
EZ119
4512 108 059xx mA control

EZ119
[2.5A/V] average value
X7 X5 X800 H800 status
X801 X4 X8 watching clock ⊥

Mnemonics

AC 0V XG	mains supply 0V X-ray generator
AC 230V L2	mains supply 230V AC phase 2
CAN H	generator CAN high
CAN L	generator CAN low
CAN IDF 0	
CAN IDF 1	
CTRL X C/	control X-ray command
EN X C/	enable X-ray command
FI TF1 1	filament transformer 1 line 1
FI TF1 2	" " 1 = 2
FI TF2 1	" " 2 = 1
FI TF2 1	" " 2 = 2
RESET C/	system RESET or switch on button RESET
STOP X C/	stop X-ray command
TB CU FR NG	tube current frequency negative
TB CU FR PO	tube current frequency positive
X ACT S/	X-ray active signal

A1/A3 04-08-17 Schr.

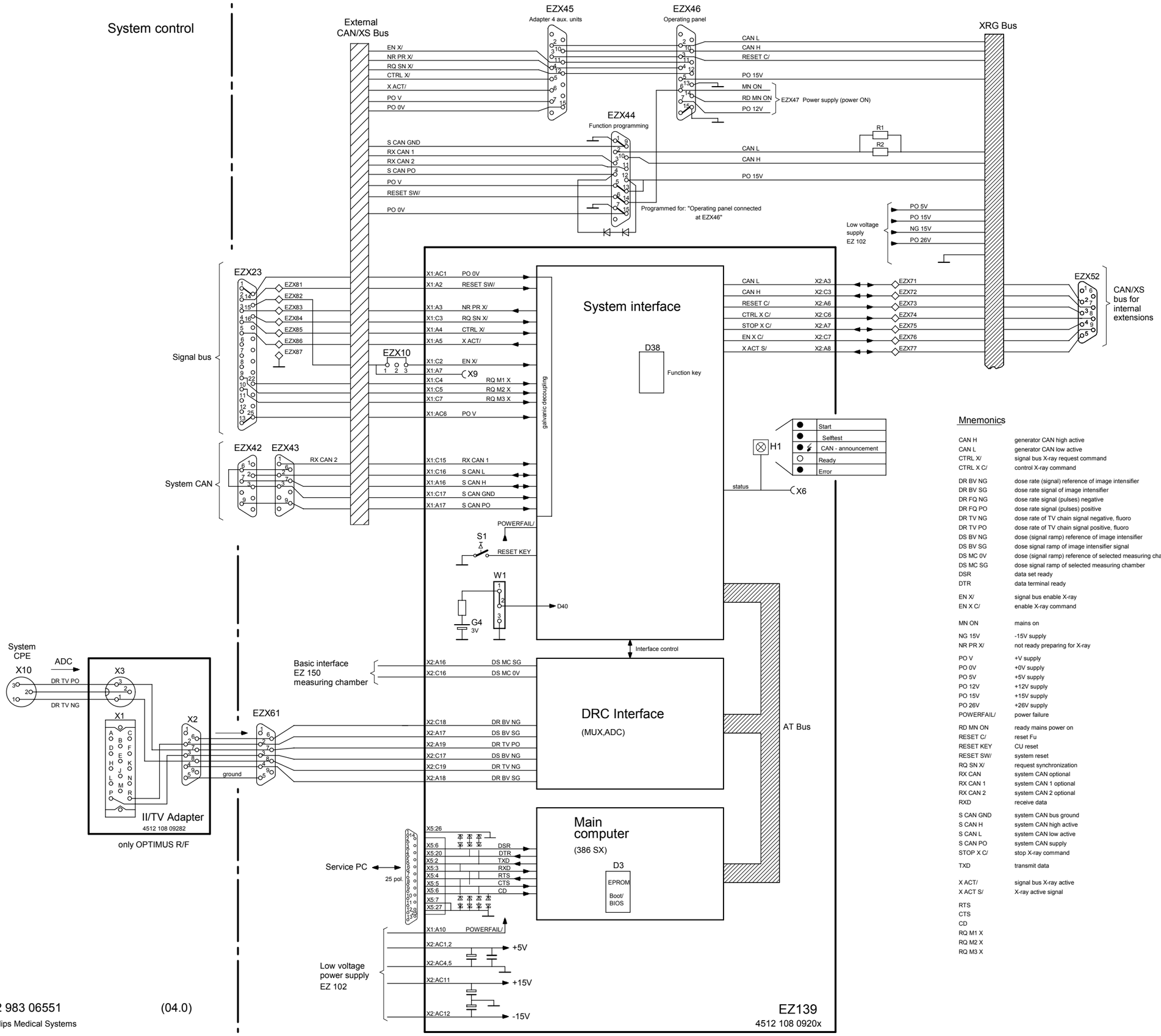


Mnemonics

FI TF1 1	filament transformer 1 line 1
FI TF1 2	" " 1 - 2
FI TF2 1	" " 2 - 1
FI TF2 2	" " 2 - 2
HT AN	high voltage anode side actual value
HT AN GND	high voltage anode side ground
HT CA	high voltage cathode side actual value
HT CA GND	high voltage cathode side ground
NG 15V	-15V supply
PO 15V	+15V supply
TB CU FR NG	tube current frequency negative
TB CU FR PO	tube current frequency positive
TP HT GND	temperature high voltage tank ground
TP HT SG	temperature signal high voltage tank

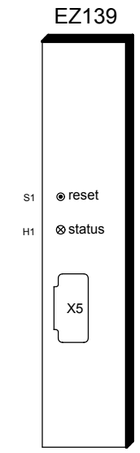
Note:
In case errors were detected in the tank or on the measuring board, exchange the tank as a whole.

H.V. generator



Mnemonics

CAN H	generator CAN high active
CAN L	generator CAN low active
CTRL X/	signal bus X-ray request command
CTRL X C/	control X-ray command
DR BV NG	dose rate (signal) reference of image intensifier
DR BV SG	dose rate signal of image intensifier
DR FQ NG	dose rate signal (pulses) negative
DR FQ PO	dose rate signal (pulses) positive
DR TV NG	dose rate of TV chain signal negative, fluoro
DR TV PO	dose rate of TV chain signal positive, fluoro
DS BV NG	dose (signal ramp) reference of image intensifier
DS BV SG	dose signal ramp of image intensifier signal
DS MC 0V	dose (signal ramp) reference of selected measuring chamber
DS MC SG	dose signal ramp of selected measuring chamber
DSR	data set ready
DTR	data terminal ready
EN X/	signal bus enable X-ray
EN X C/	enable X-ray command
MN ON	mains on
NG 15V	-15V supply
NR PR X/	not ready preparing for X-ray
PO V	+V supply
PO 0V	+0V supply
PO 5V	+5V supply
PO 12V	+12V supply
PO 15V	+15V supply
PO 26V	+26V supply
POWERFAIL/	power failure
RD MN ON	ready mains power on
RESET C/	reset Fu
RESET KEY	CU reset
RESET SW/	system reset
RQ SN X/	request synchronization
RX CAN	system CAN optional
RX CAN 1	system CAN 1 optional
RX CAN 2	system CAN 2 optional
RXD	receive data
S CAN GND	system CAN bus ground
S CAN H	system CAN high active
S CAN L	system CAN low active
S CAN PO	system CAN supply
STOP X C/	stop X-ray command
TXD	transmit data
X ACT/	signal bus X-ray active
X ACT S/	X-ray active signal
RTS	
CTS	
CD	
RQ M1 X	
RQ M2 X	
RQ M3 X	

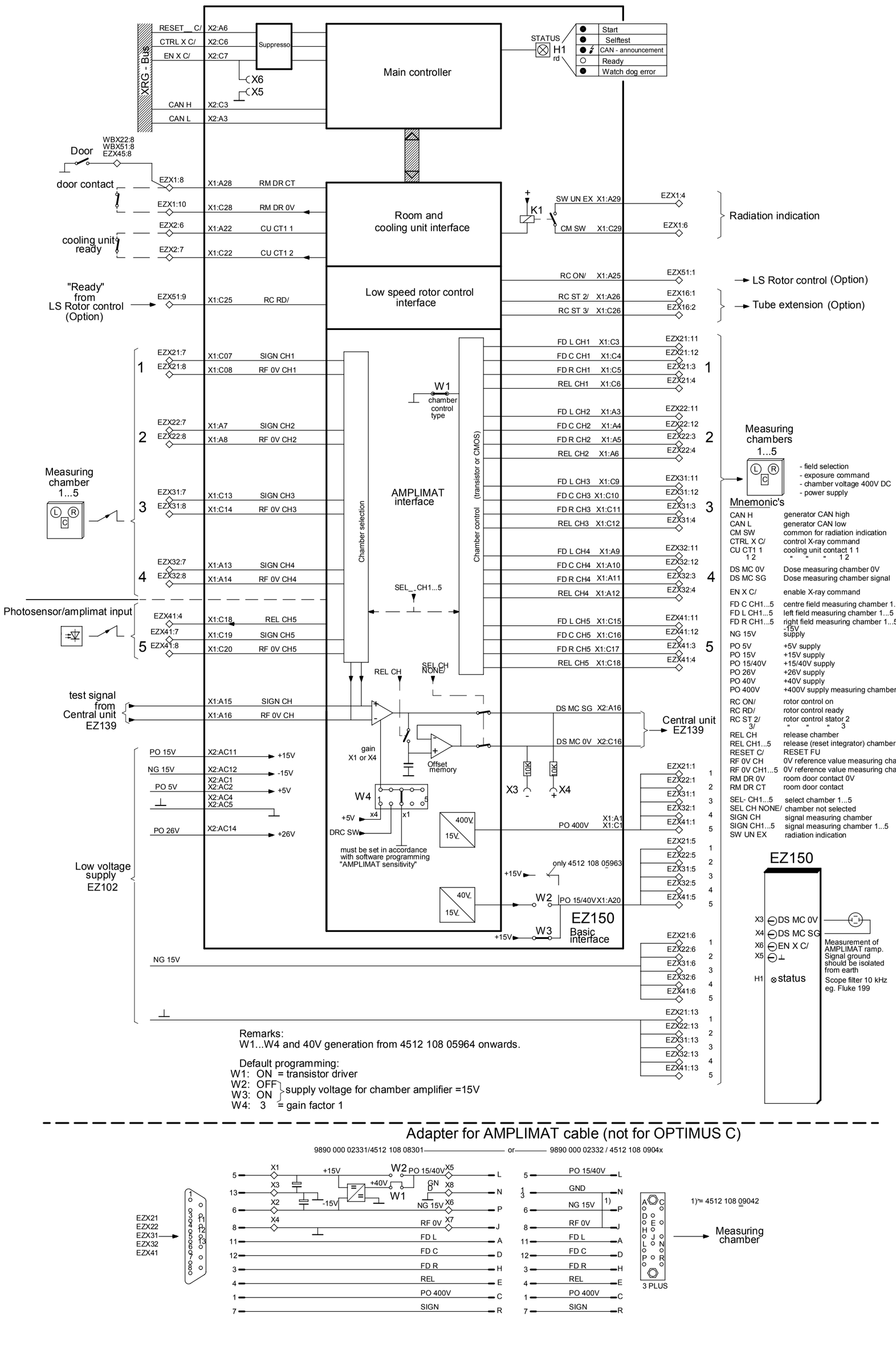


A1/A3 04-08-17 Schr.

4512 983 06551 (04.0)

Central unit

Z1-5.1

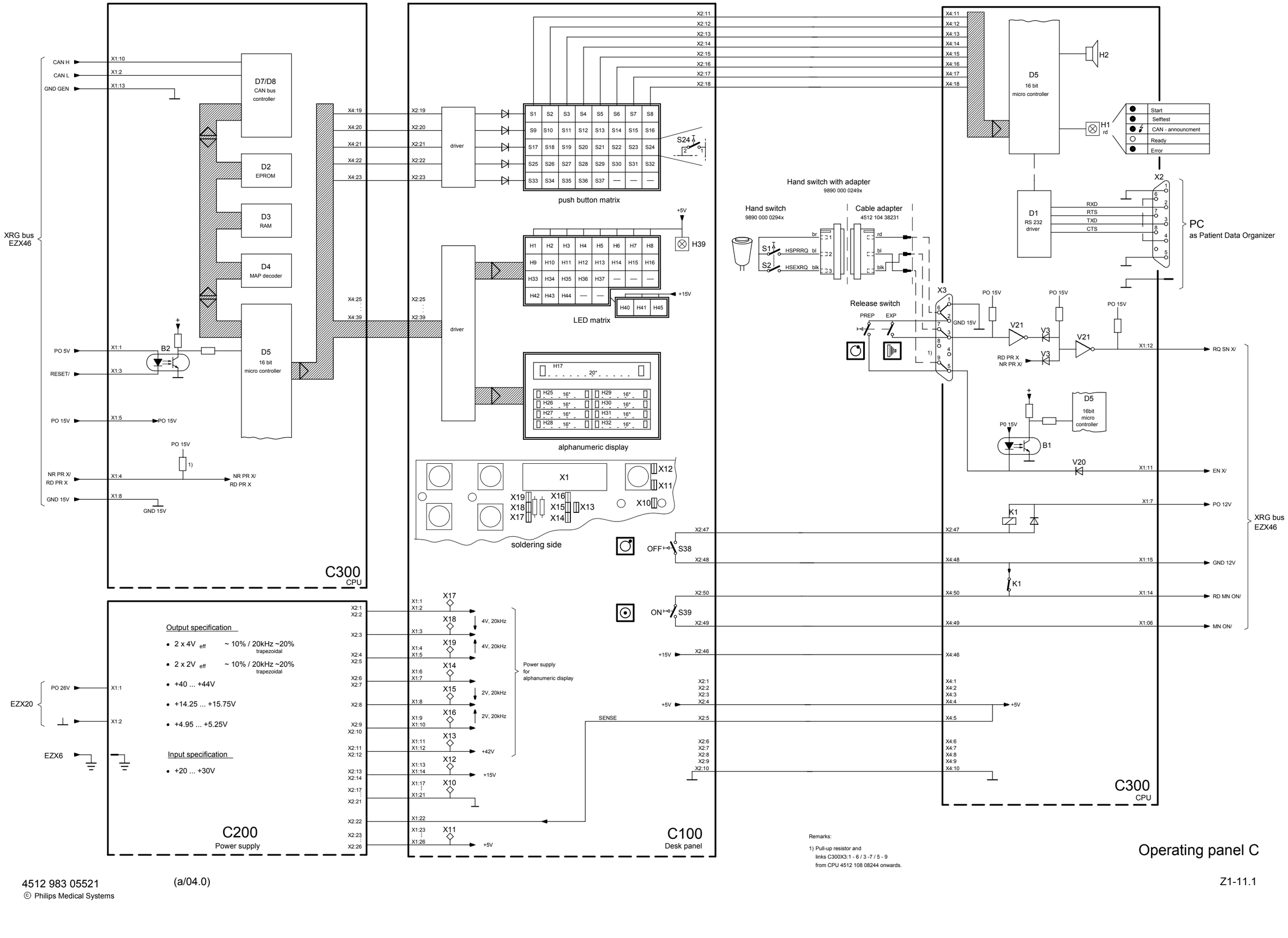


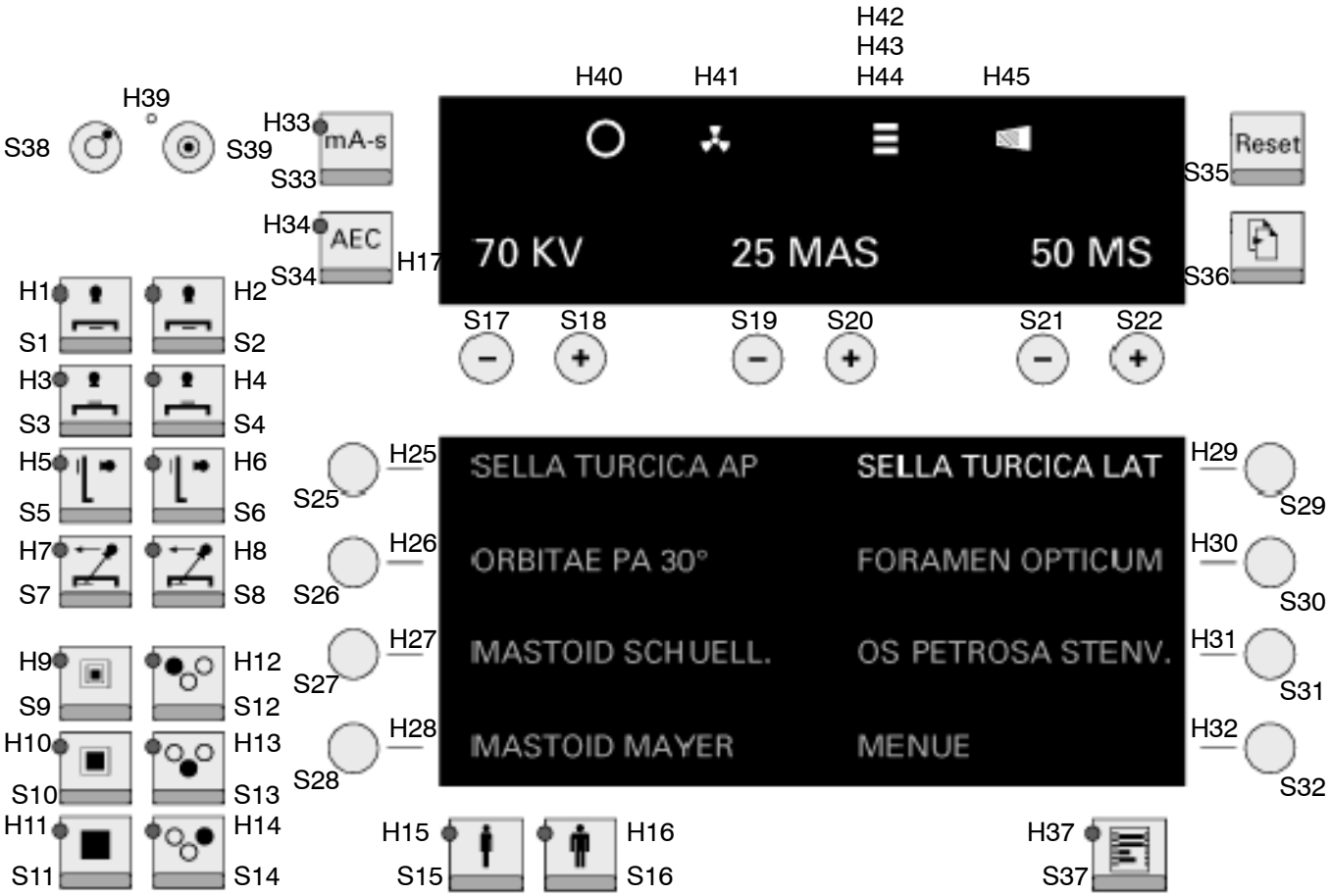
Remarks:
W1...W4 and 40V generation from 4512 108 05964 onwards.

Default programming:
W1: ON = transistor driver
W2: OFF
W3: ON } supply voltage for chamber amplifier =15V
W4: 3 = gain factor 1

Adapter for AMPLIMAT cable (not for OPTIMUS C)

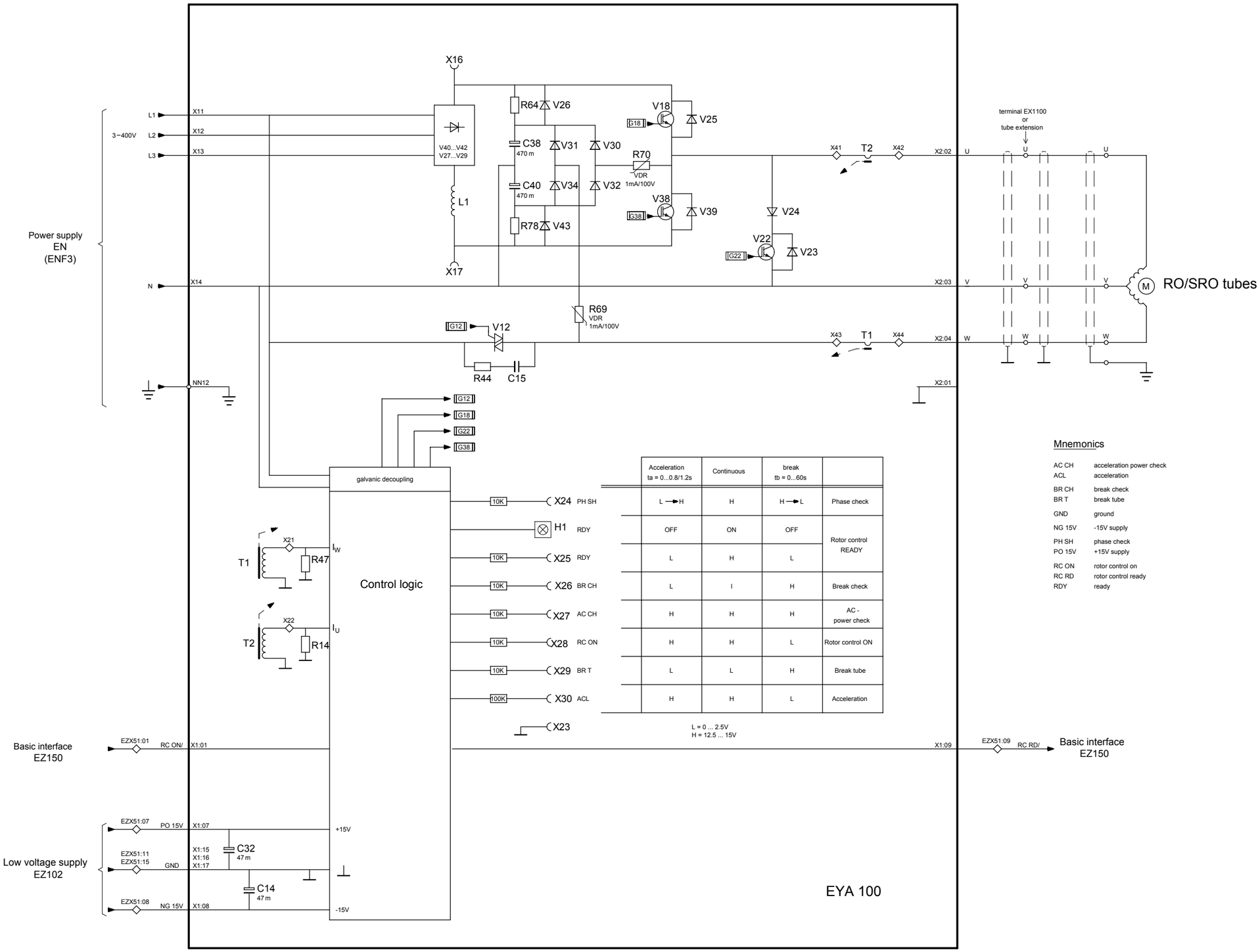
9890 000 02331/4512 108 08301 — or — 9890 000 02332 / 4512 108 0904x


XRG bus
EZX46
CAN H
CAN L
GND GEN
X1:10
X1:2
X1:13
D7/D8
CAN bus
controller
D2
EPROM
D3
RAM
D4
MAP decoder
D5
16 bit
micro controller
PO 5V
RESET/
X1:1
X1:3
B2
PO 15V
X1:5
PO 15V
NR PR X/
RD PR X
X1:4
1)
GND 15V
X1:8
C300
CPU
X4:19
X4:20
X4:21
X4:22
X4:23
X4:25
X4:39
X2:19
X2:20
X2:21
X2:22
X2:23
X2:25
X2:39
driver
X2:11
X2:12
X2:13
X2:14
X2:15
X2:16
X2:17
X2:18
S1 S2 S3 S4 S5 S6 S7 S8
S9 S10 S11 S12 S13 S14 S15 S16
S17 S18 S19 S20 S21 S22 S23 S24
S25 S26 S27 S28 S29 S30 S31 S32
S33 S34 S35 S36 S37
S24
push button matrix
+5V
H39
H1 H2 H3 H4 H5 H6 H7 H8
H9 H10 H11 H12 H13 H14 H15 H16
H33 H34 H35 H36 H37
H42 H43 H44
+15V
H40 H41 H45
LED matrix
H17
20*
H25 H26 H27 H28
H29 H30 H31 H32
16*
alphanumeric display
X1
X12
X11
X10
X19
X18
X17
X16
X15
X14
X13
soldering side
X4:11
X4:12
X4:13
X4:14
X4:15
X4:16
X4:17
X4:18
D5
16 bit
micro controller
H2
H1
rd
Start
Selftest
CAN - announcment
Ready
Error
Hand switch with adapter
9890 000 0249x
Hand switch
9890 000 0294x
Cable adapter
4512 104 38231
S1
S2
HSPRRQ
HSEXRQ
br
bl
blk
rd
Release switch
PREP
EXP
X3
GND 15V
PO 15V
V21
V3
RD PR X
NR PR X/
X1:12
RQ SN X/
D1
RS 232
driver
RXD
RTS
TXD
CTS
X2
PC
as Patient Data Organizer
D5
16bit
micro controller
P0 15V
B1
V20
X1:11
EN X/
X1:7
PO 12V
K1
X2:47
X2:48
X4:48
X1:15
GND 12V
X2:50
X4:50
X1:14
RD MN ON/
X2:49
X4:49
X1:06
MN ON/
OFF
S38
ON
S39
+15V
X2:46
X4:46
+5V
SENSE
X2:1 X2:2 X2:3 X2:4 X2:5
X4:1 X4:2 X4:3 X4:4 X4:5
X2:6 X2:7 X2:8 X2:9 X2:10
X4:6 X4:7 X4:8 X4:9 X4:10
C300
CPU
XRG bus
EZX46
EZX20
PO 26V
X1:1
X1:2
EZX6
Output specification
• 2 x 4V eff ~ 10% / 20kHz ~20% trapezoidal
• 2 x 2V eff ~ 10% / 20kHz ~20% trapezoidal
• +40 ... +44V
• +14.25 ... +15.75V
• +4.95 ... +5.25V
Input specification
• +20 ... +30V
X17
X18
X19
X14
X15
X16
X13
X12
X11
X10
4V, 20kHz
2V, 20kHz
+42V
+15V
+5V
Power supply
for
alphanumeric display
C200
Power supply
C100
Desk panel
Remarks:
1) Pull-up resistor and
links C300X3:1 - 6 / 3 -7 / 5 - 9
from CPU 4512 108 08244 onwards.
Operating panel C
Z1-11.1
A1/A3 04-07-27 Schr.
4512 983 05521
(a/04.0)
© Philips Medical Systems



A4 94-06-17 Ost.
optimus_z1-11_2

Button and display arrangement



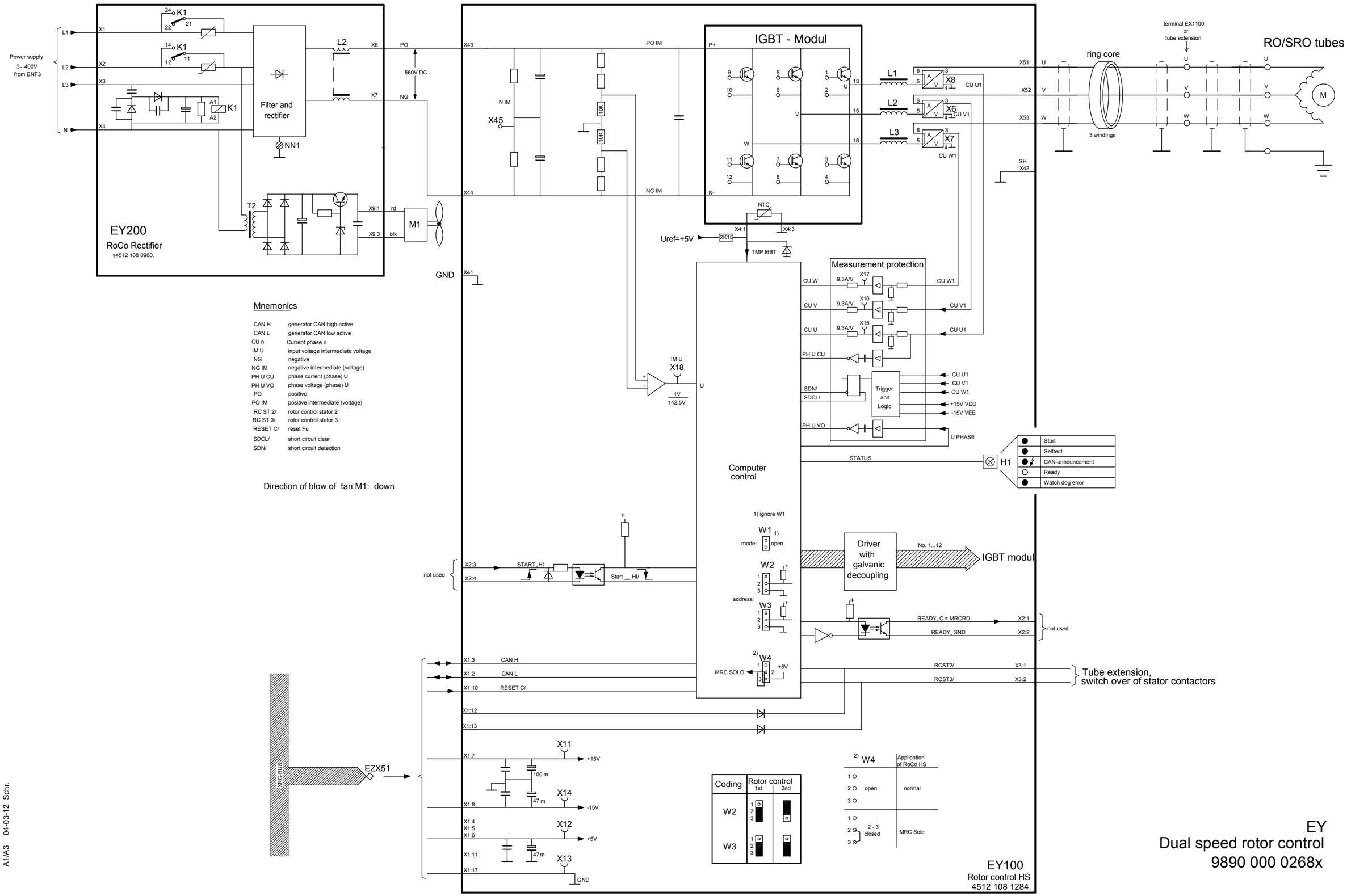
Acceleration ta = 0...0.8/1.2s	Continuous	break tb = 0...60s	
L → H	H	H → L	Phase check
OFF	ON	OFF	Rotor control READY
L	H	L	
L	I	H	Break check
H	H	H	AC - power check
H	H	L	Rotor control ON
L	L	H	Break tube
H	H	L	Acceleration

Mnemonics

AC CH	acceleration power check
ACL	acceleration
BR CH	break check
BR T	break tube
GND	ground
NG 15V	-15V supply
PH SH	phase check
PO 15V	+15V supply
RC ON	rotor control on
RC RD	rotor control ready
RDY	ready

A1/A3 04-10-18 Schr./Kö

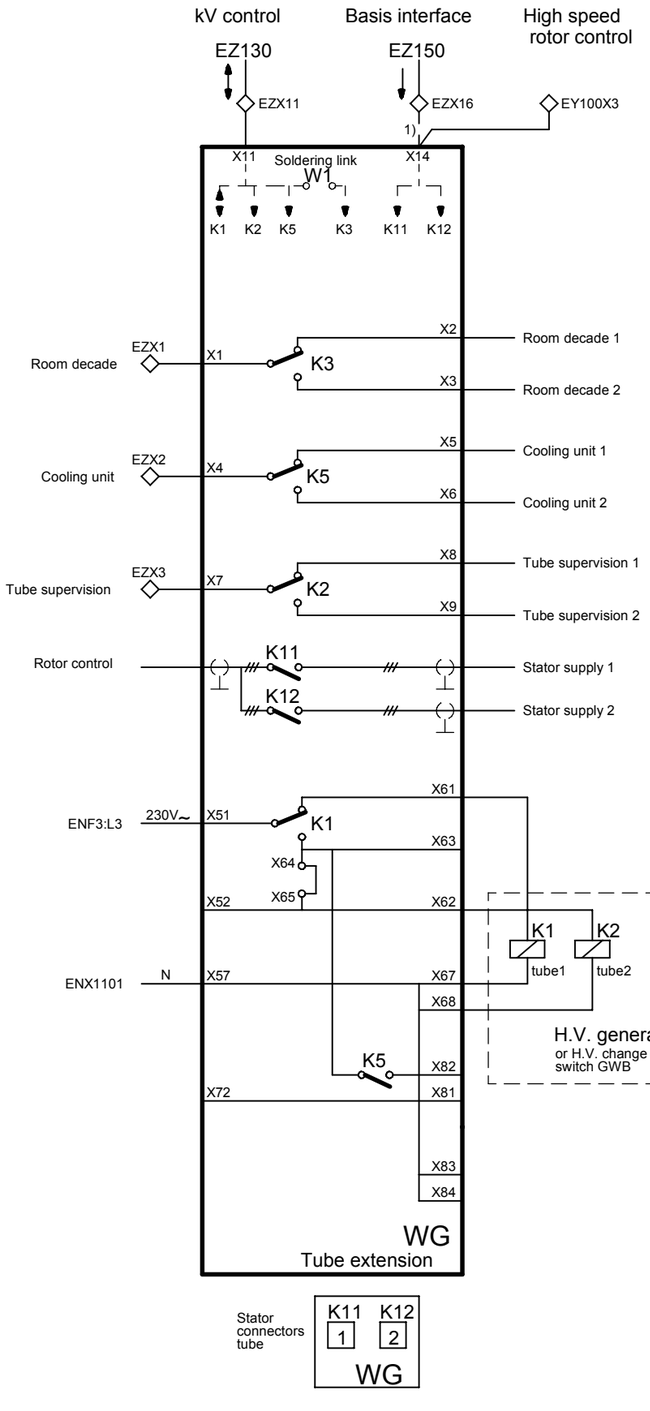
EYA
-Low speed Rotor control



A1/A3 04-03-12 Schr.

EY
Dual speed rotor control
9890 000 0268x

Tube extension for 2 tubes

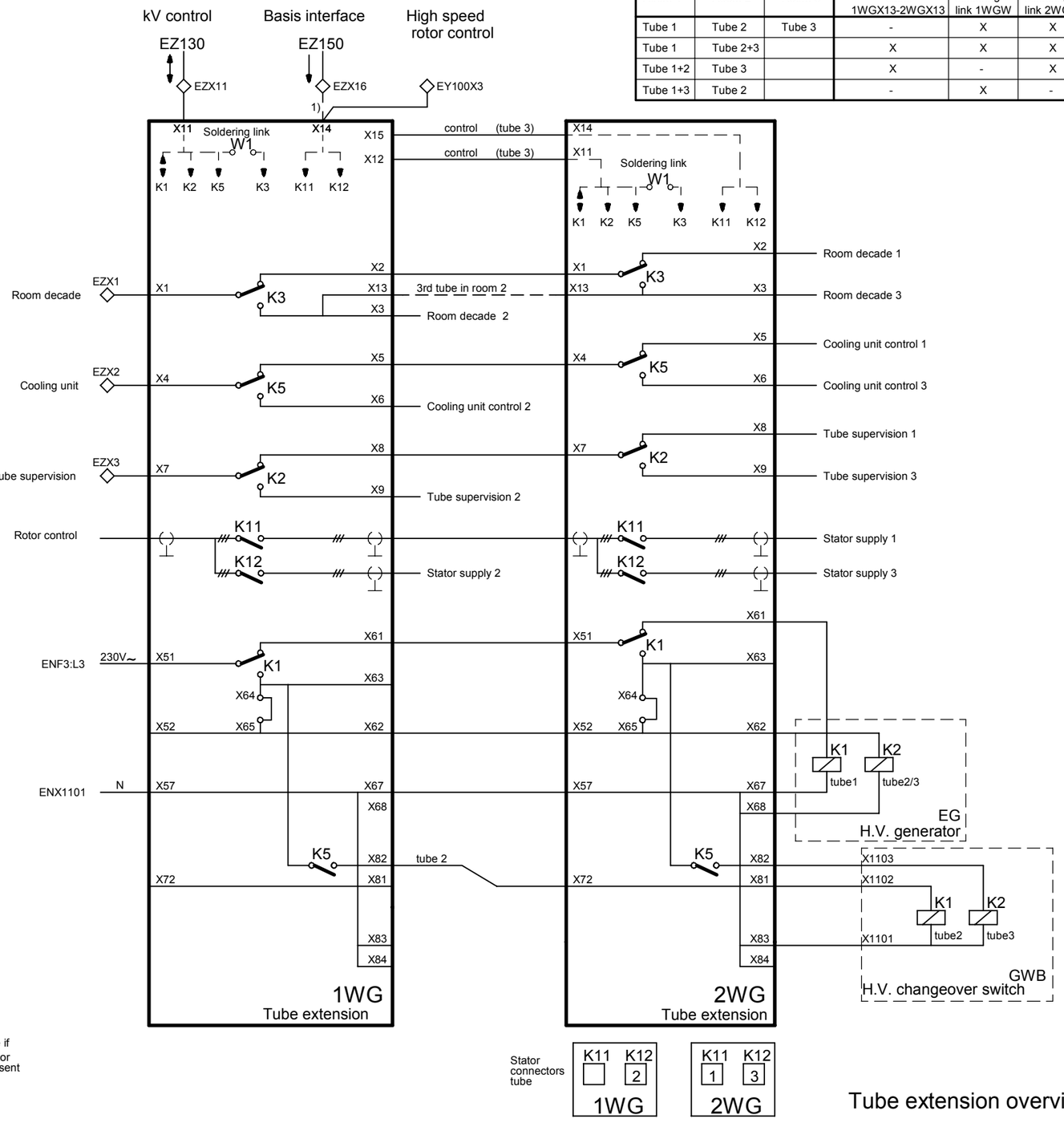


1) Connect here if low speed rotor control is present

Tube extensions for 3 tubes

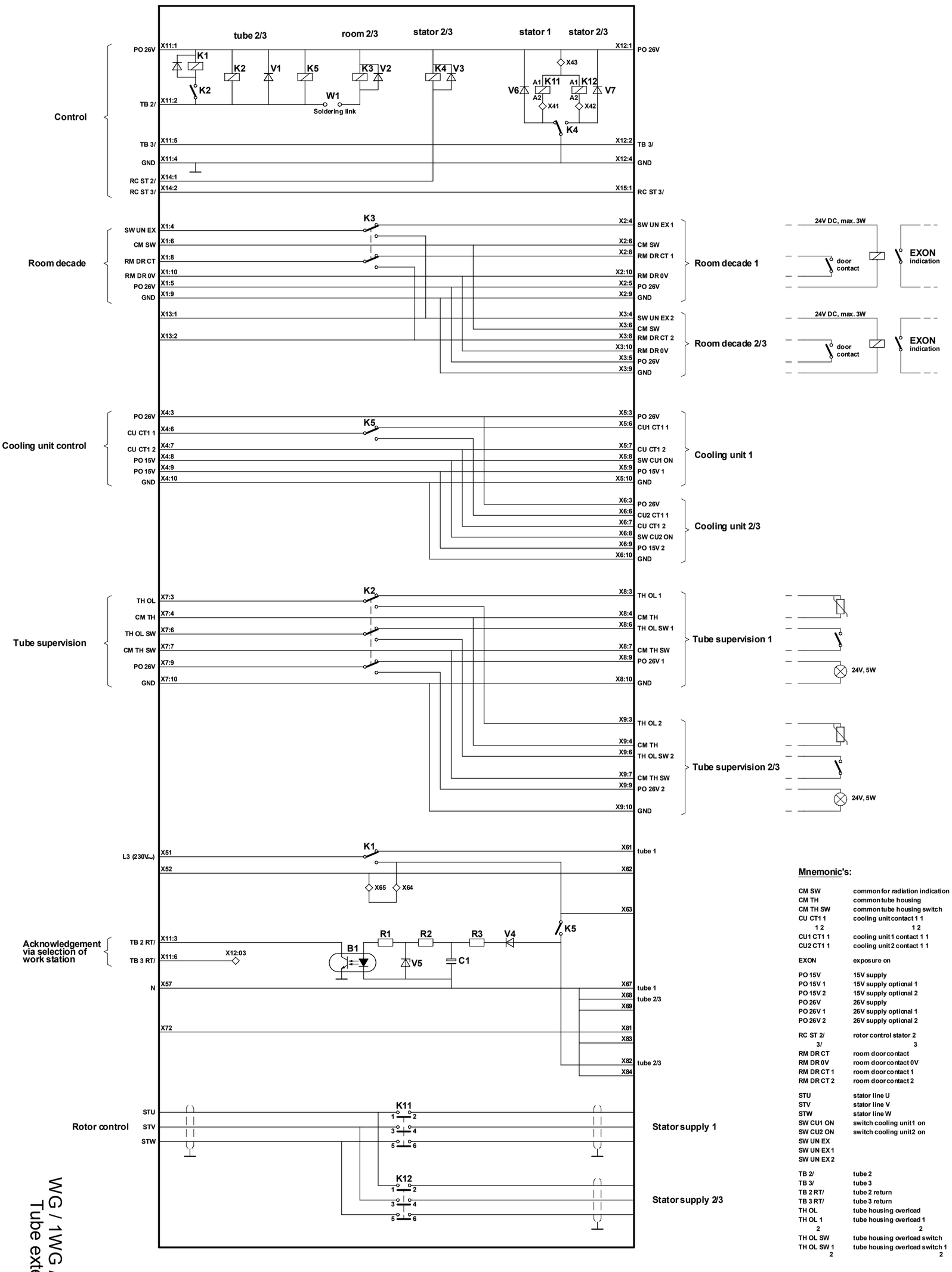
Hardware programming

Room 1	Room 2	Room 3	cable 1WGX13-2WGX13	soldering link 1WGW	soldering link 2WGW
Tube 1	Tube 2	Tube 3	-	X	X
Tube 1	Tube 2+3		X	X	X
Tube 1+2	Tube 3		X	-	X
Tube 1+3	Tube 2		-	X	-



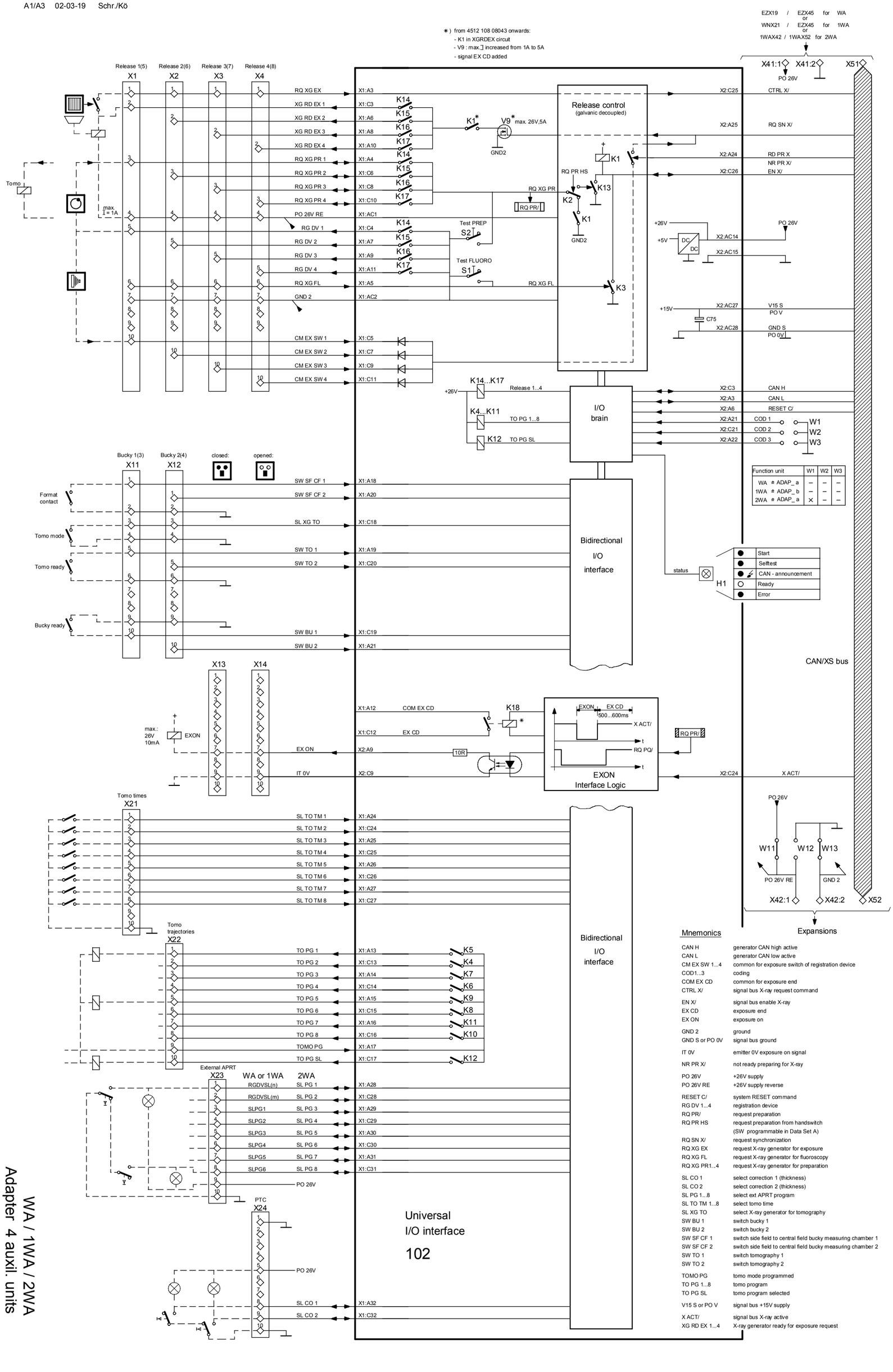
Tube extension overview

A2/A3 02-03-19 Ost./Kö



Mnemonic's:

CM SW	common for radiation indication
CM TH	common tube housing
CM TH SW	common tube housing switch
CU CT1 1 2	cooling unit contact 1 1 1 2
CU1 CT1 1	cooling unit 1 contact 1 1
CU2 CT1 1	cooling unit 2 contact 1 1
EXON	exposure on
PO 15V	15V supply
PO 15V 1	15V supply optional 1
PO 15V 2	15V supply optional 2
PO 26V	26V supply
PO 26V 1	26V supply optional 1
PO 26V 2	26V supply optional 2
RC ST 2/ 3/	rotor control stator 2 3
RM DR CT	room door contact
RM DR 0V	room door contact 0V
RM DR CT 1	room door contact 1
RM DR CT 2	room door contact 2
STU	stator line U
STV	stator line V
STW	stator line W
SW CU1 ON	switch cooling unit1 on
SW CU2 ON	switch cooling unit2 on
SW UN EX	
SW UN EX 1	
SW UN EX 2	
TB 2/	tube 2
TB 3/	tube 3
TB 2 RT/	tube 2 return
TB 3 RT/	tube 3 return
TH OL	tube housing overload
TH OL 1 2	tube housing overload 1 2
TH OL SW	tube housing overload switch
TH OL SW 1 2	tube housing overload switch 1 2



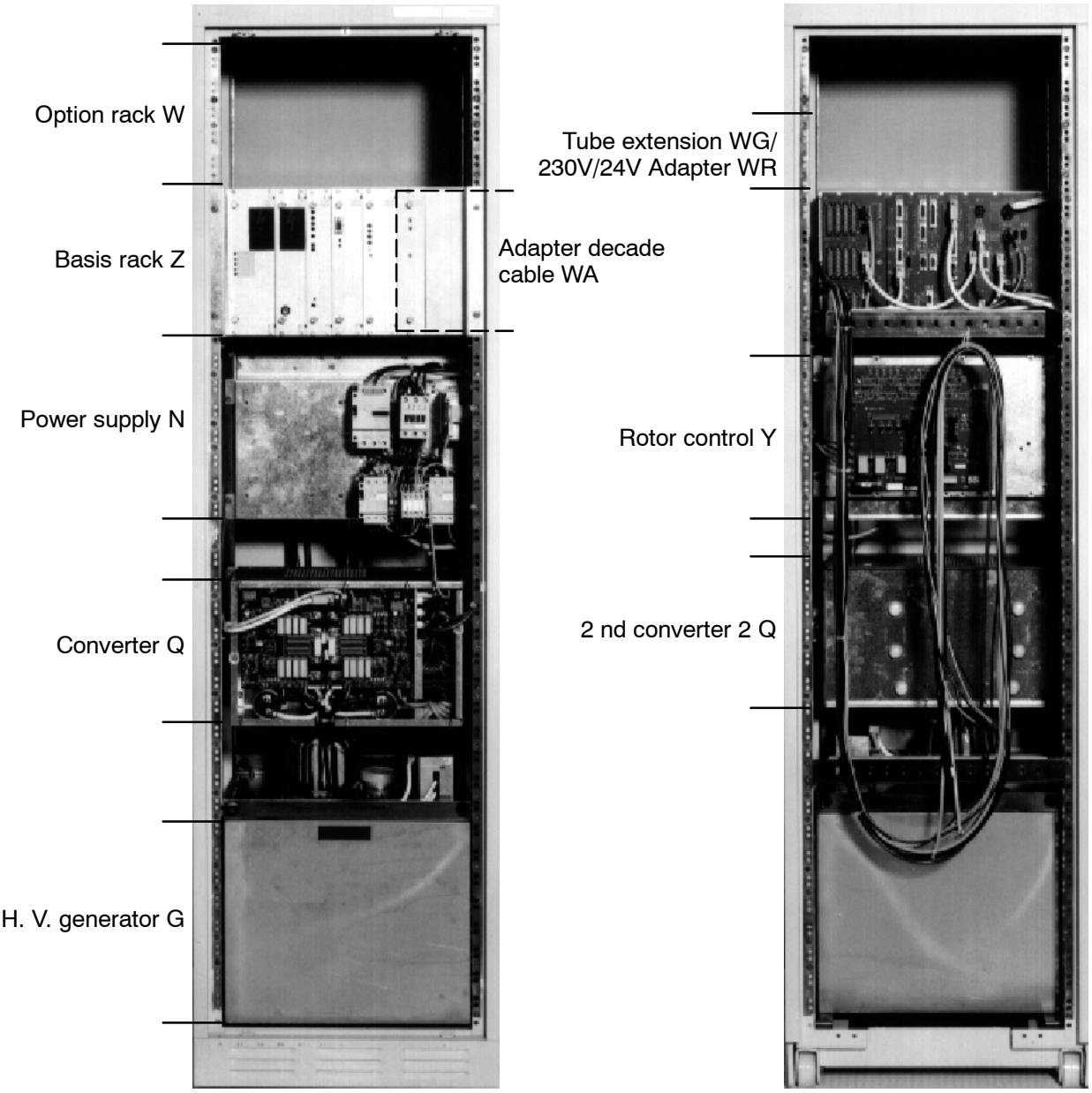
WA / 1WA / 2WA
Adapter 4 auxil. units

Z1-15.1

Wiring diagrams

Front side

Rear side



A4 99-02-99 Re

optimus_z2-1_0

Cabinet E

front

mains

ZX43-1 ZX43

EN F1:L3
EN F1:L2
EN F1:L1
EN X1101/N

L1 L2 L3

F1

K1

Q X1101
Q X1102
Q X1103

X1

Z X47

100

X1101

System

EN K2:5/L3
EN K2:3/L2
EN K2:1/L1
EN X1101/N

Z X13:2
Z X13:1
Z X13:3

X X 1 1 1 1 0 0 1 2

K2

L1 L2

Q200 X11

41 42

F3

Q200 X13

T1 T2 T3

N

YA100 X13 or Y200 X3
YA100 X12 or Y200 X2
YA100 X11 or Y200 X1

YA100 X14 or Y200 X4

N

X1

Z X24

X2

Z X17

X1101
X1102
X1103

N K1:1
N K1:3
N K1:5

X11
X13

N K2:42
N K2:41

200

Q Converter

100

C3

C13

1

1

G X1003
G X1002

top of H.V. generator

X1100

(E⏚)

100

X14

Z X35

X15

Z X12

Q C13:1
Q C3:1

X1003 X1002

G

cabinet earth

Z X5
G X1100

rear

G100 X15

X12

X10 X24

Q100 X1

X35

G100 X14

N F3:L1 X13
N X1102
N F3:L2

ZX43:1

X42 X43

termination resistor
CAN End

N100 X1

X47

X4

EMOF

X44

X45

terminatio resistor
CAN/XS End

X51

Y100 X1 or YA100 X1

programming plug
(see Z2-5.2 Backpanel)

X17

Q100 X2

(E⏚)

X5

Z Backpanel

1 2 3

E X1101 02 03

Y100
or
YA100

Z X51

X1

N F3:T1

X2

N F3:T2

X3

N F3:T3

X4

N X1102

Y
200

X1

Y
100

3 windings

X51 X52 X53

1 2 3

Y L11
(only with ROCO HS)

high speed
or
low speed
rotor control

X1

Z X51

X16

N F3:T1 X11
N F3:T2 X12
N F3:T3 X13
N X1102 X14

X17

YA
100

X2

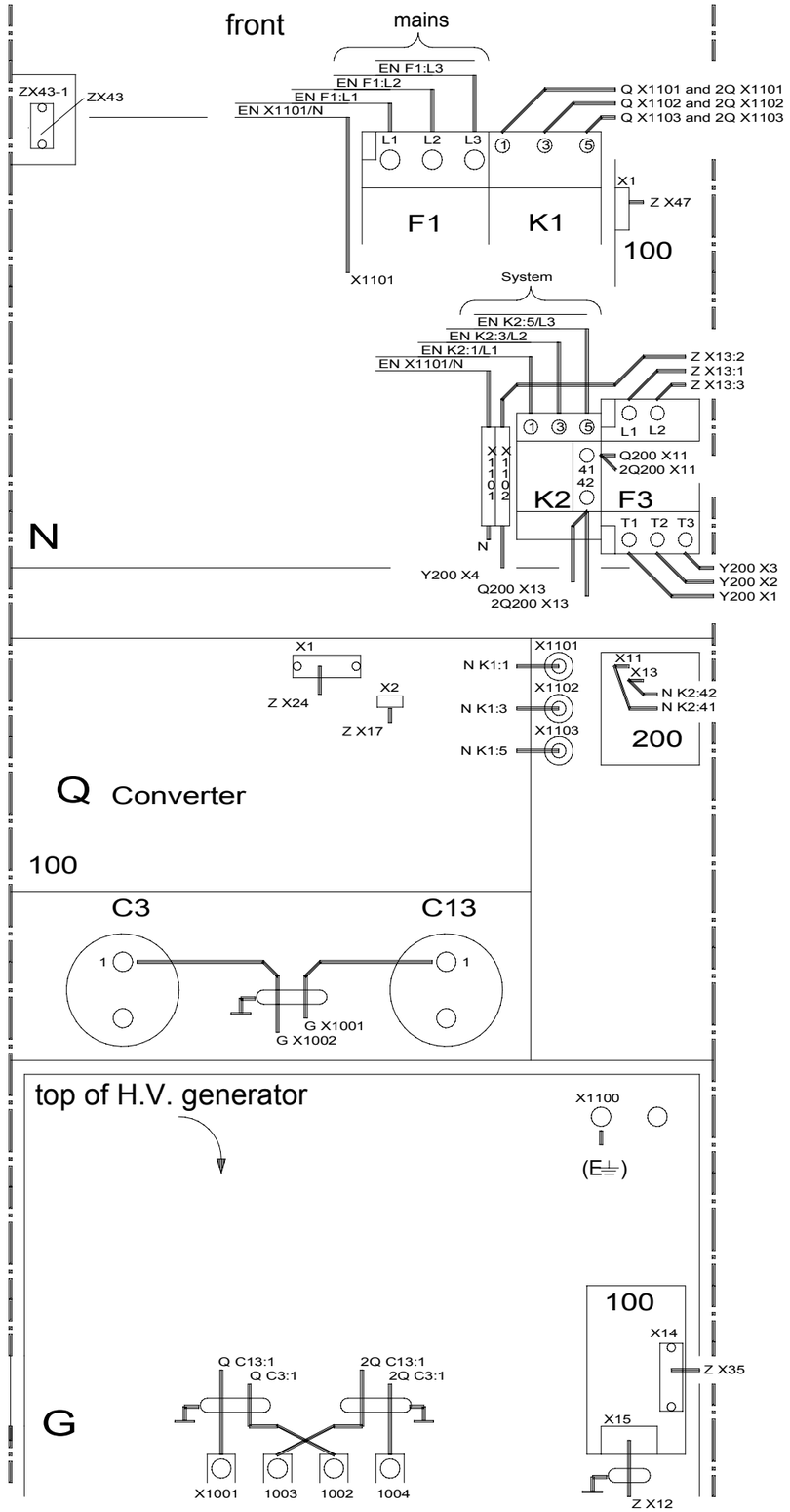
1 2 3 4

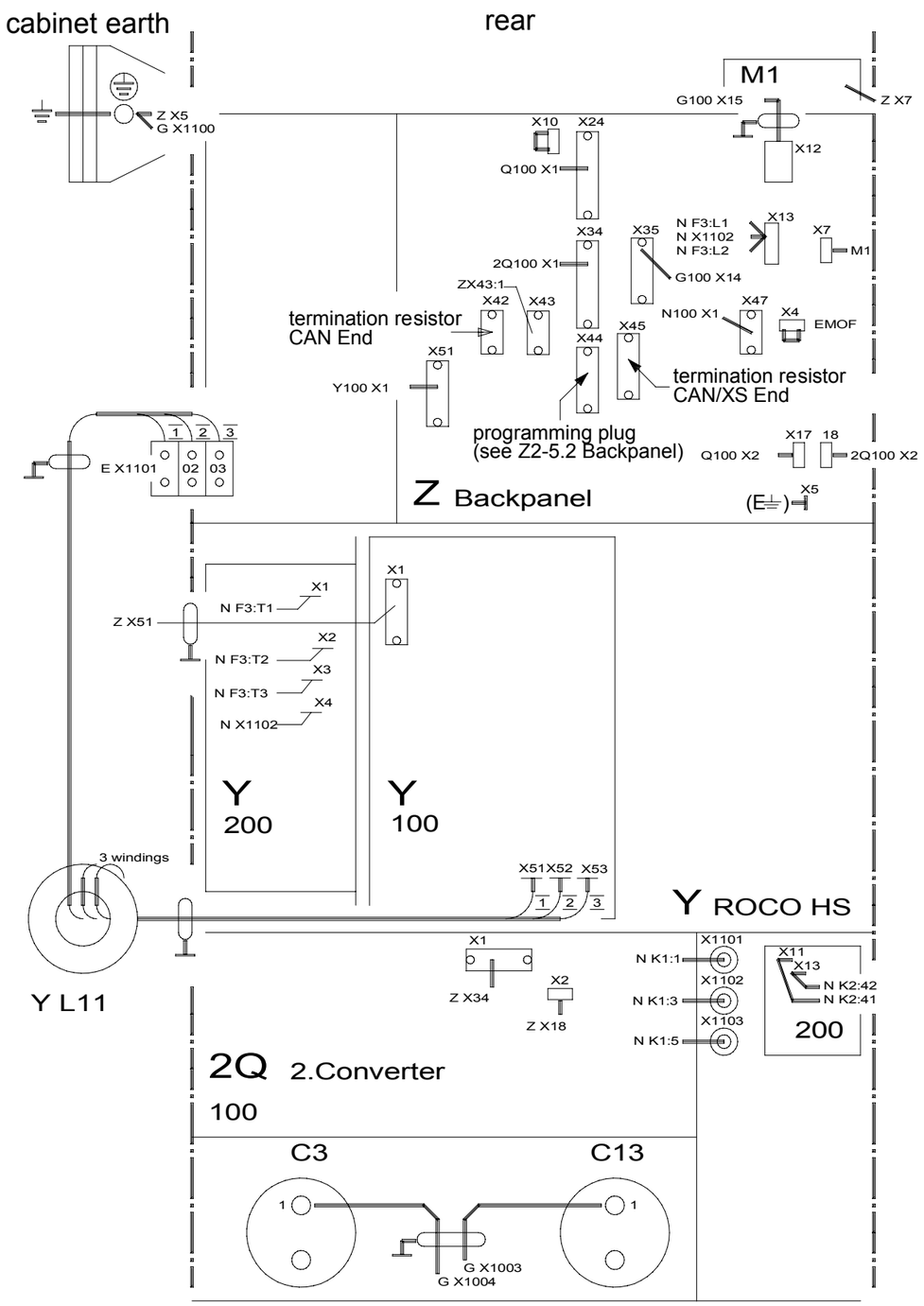
1 3

2

A3/A3 99-03-18 Schr.

E
Cabinet wiring
50kW RAD

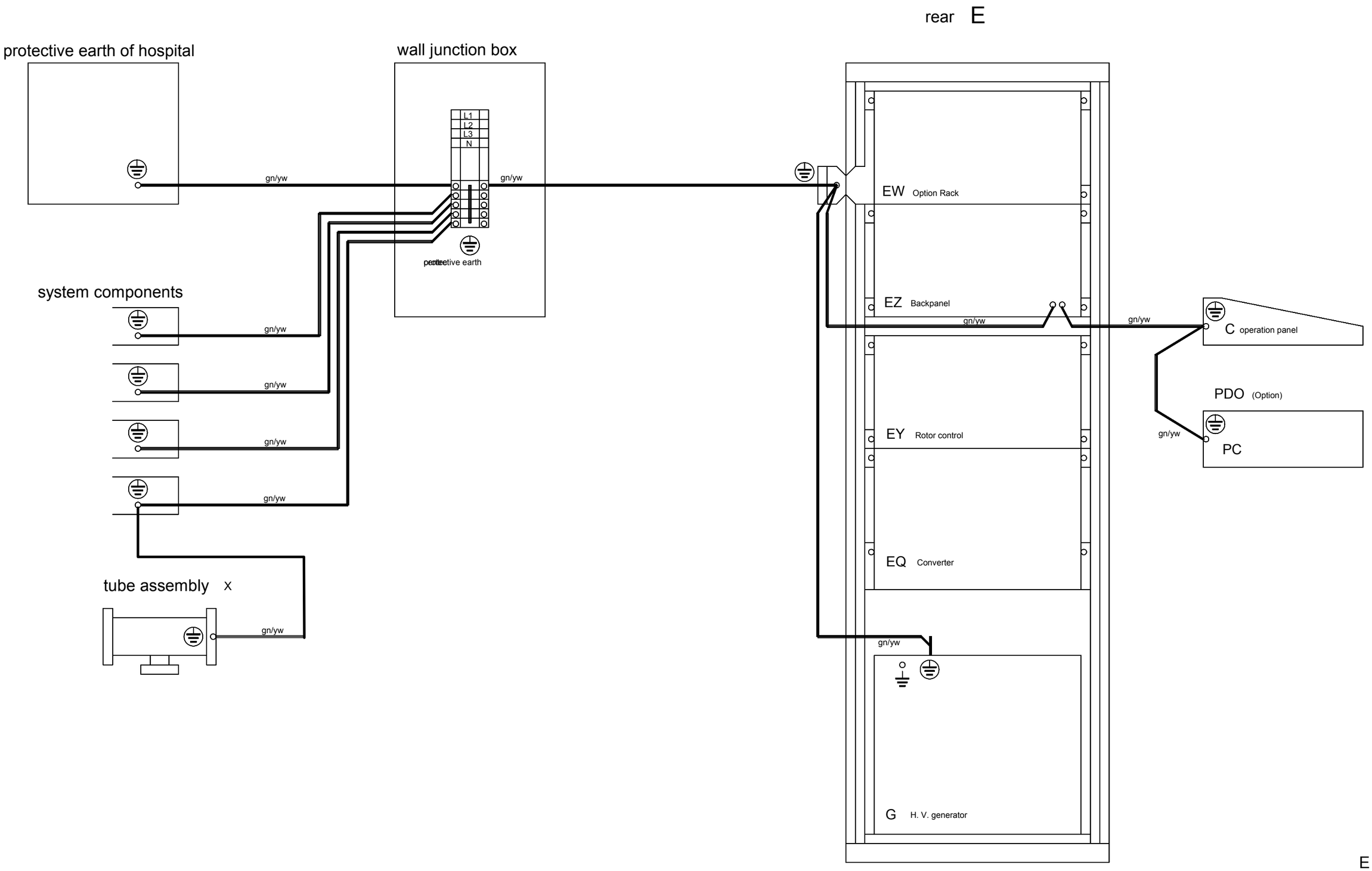




A3/A3 99-03-23 Schr.

E
Cabinet wiring
65/80kW RAD

Z2-1.2



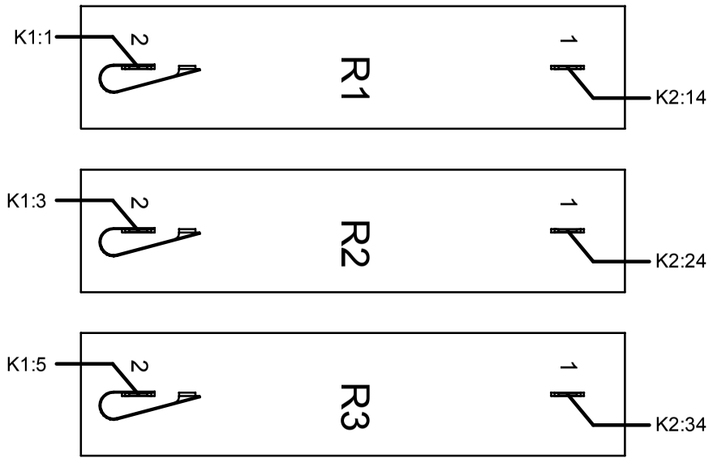
E

Earthing diagram

A3/A3 04-07-27 Schr.

A3/A3 96-01-26 Schr.

OPTIMUS RAD
© Philips Medical Systems (a/96.0)

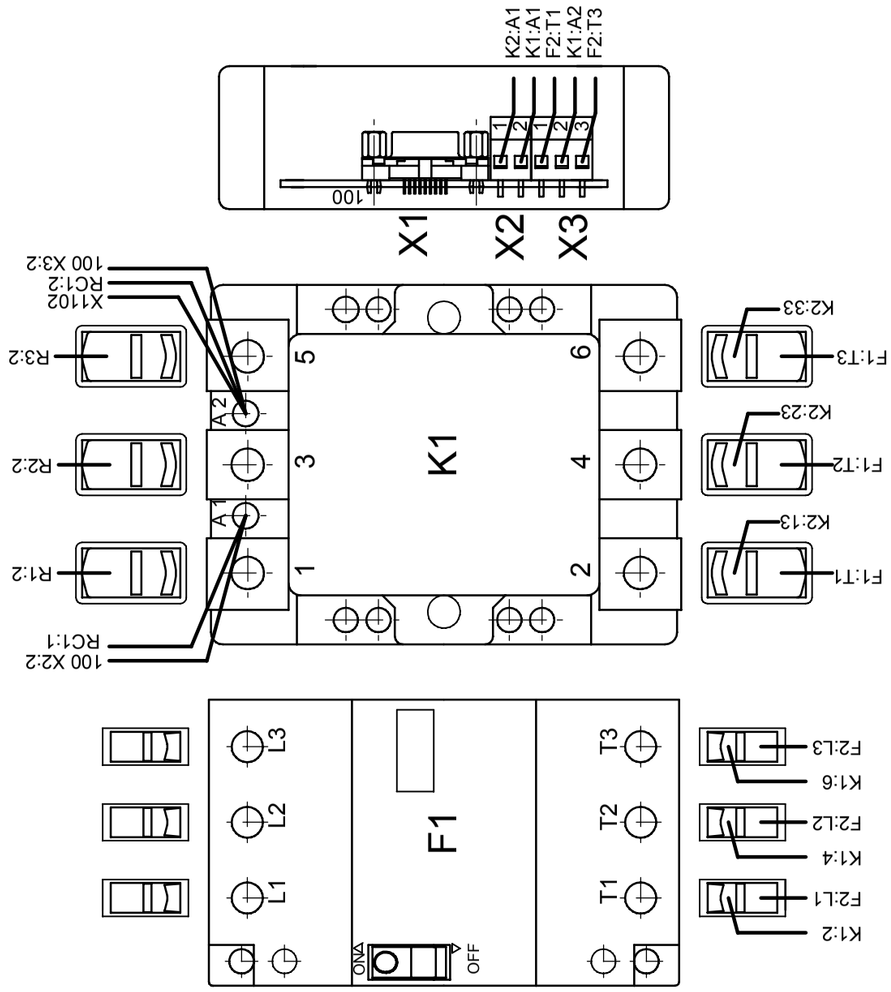


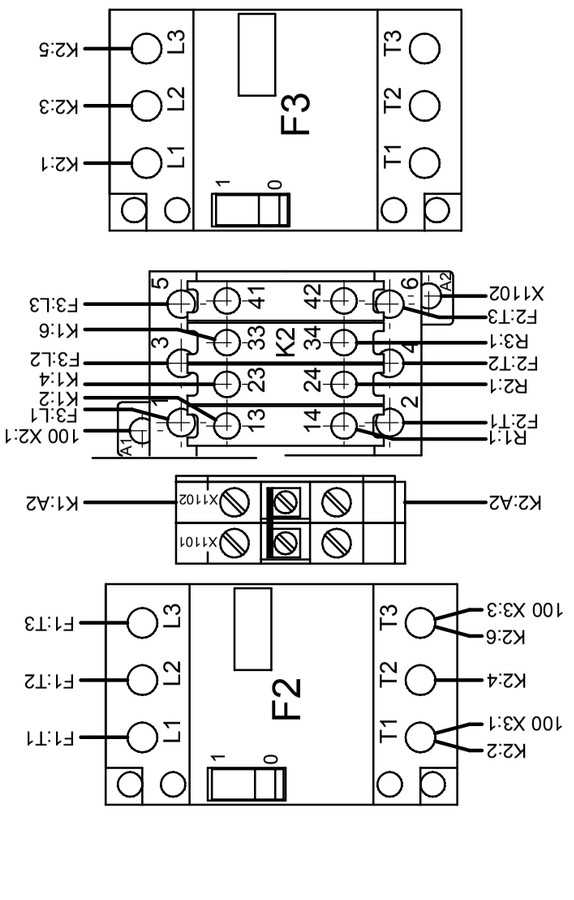
N
Power supply
50kW

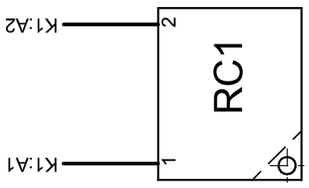
Z2-2.1

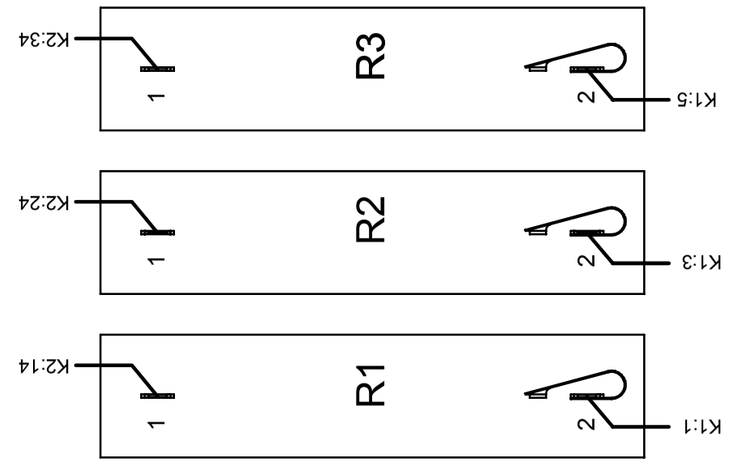
N
Power supply
65/80/100kW

Z2-2.2



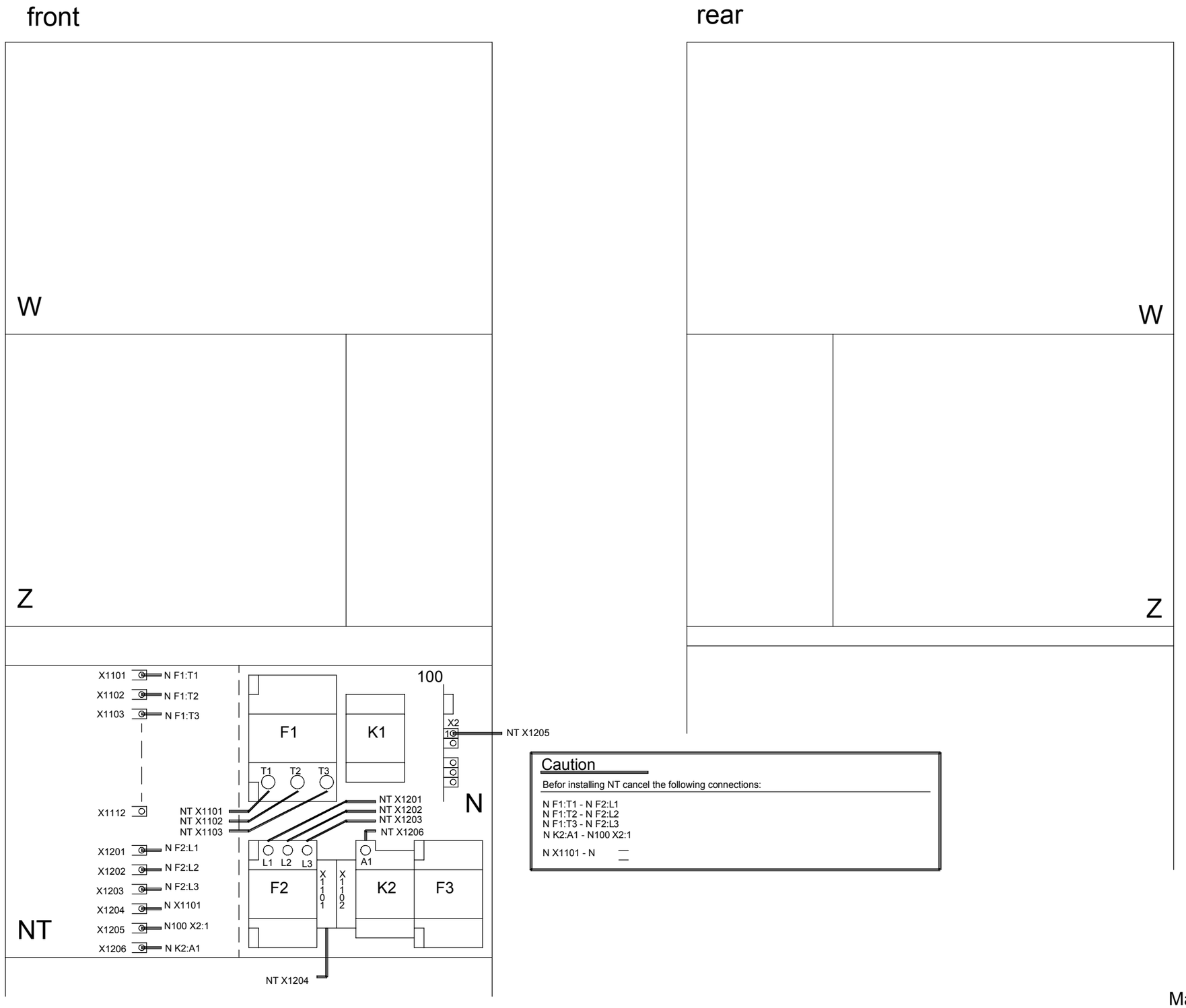






A3/A3 96-01-26 Schr.

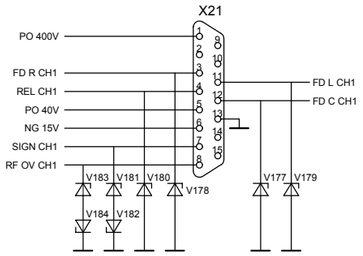
(a/96.0)



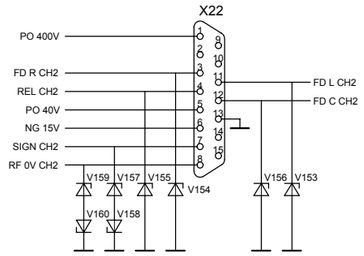
A3/A3 94-10-07 Ost.
v00339

Mains transformer

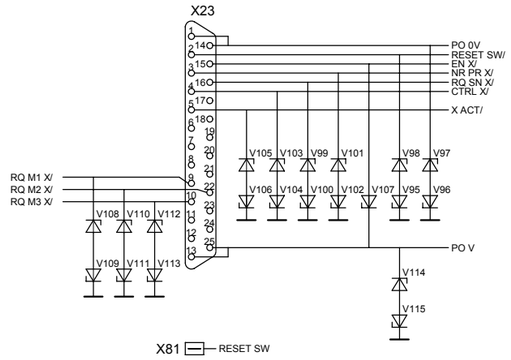
Measuring chamber 1



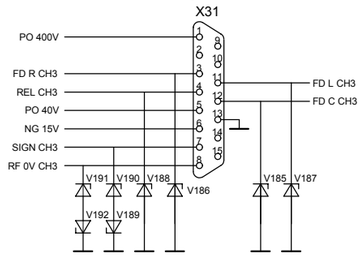
Measuring chamber 2



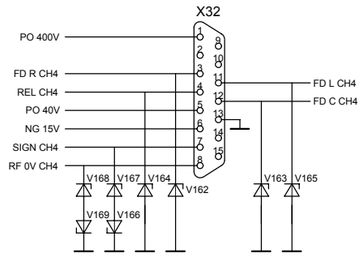
Signal bus



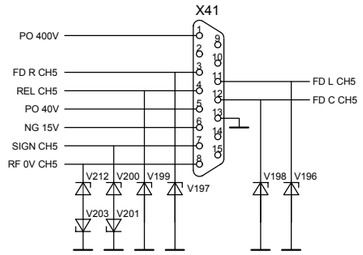
Measuring chamber 3



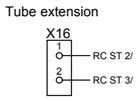
Measuring chamber 4



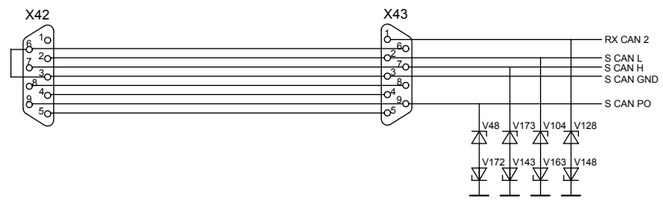
Measuring chamber 5



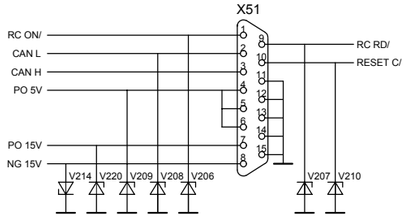
Tube extension



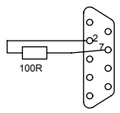
System CAN



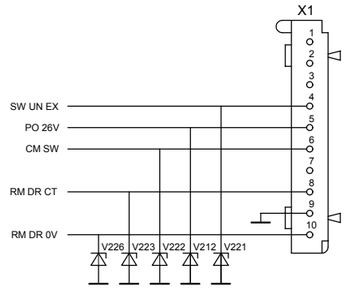
Rotor control 1



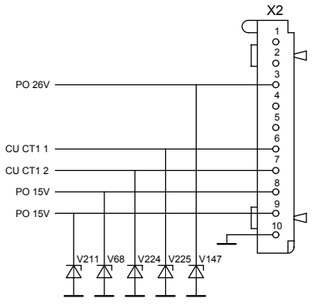
Termination resistor for X42 or X43



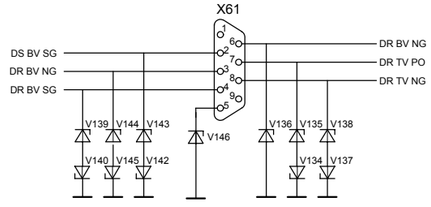
Room decade



Cooling unit control



DRC input

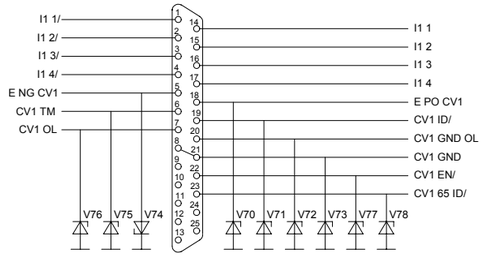


For survey of the components see Z2-5.4

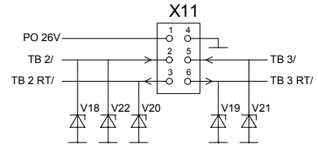
A1/A3 04-07-27 Schr.

Backpanel
Basis rack-2 Z
4512 108 0936.

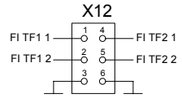
kV power unit EQ
X24



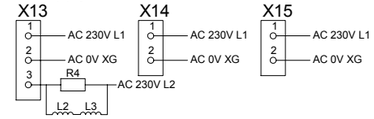
Tube extension
X11



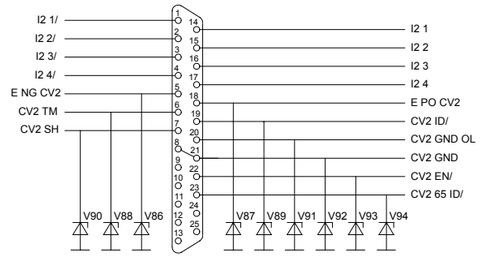
H.V. generator
X12



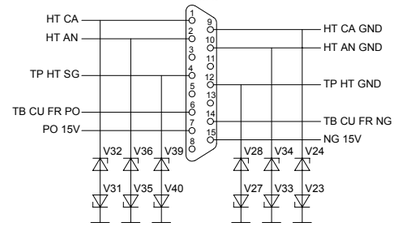
Power supply
X13 X14 X15



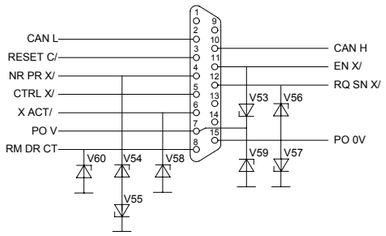
kV power unit E2Q
X34



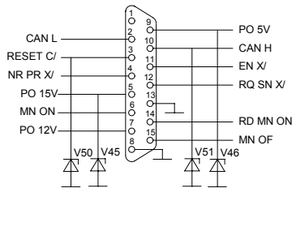
H.V. generator
X35



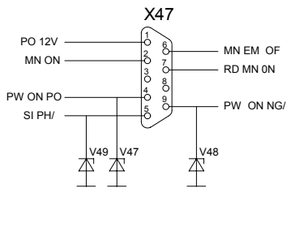
Decade adapter WA/WB
X45



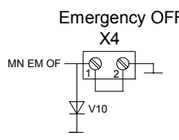
Operating panel
X46



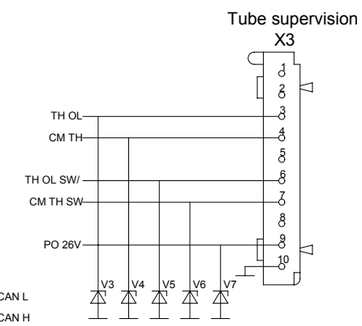
Operating panel,
switch on circuit
X47



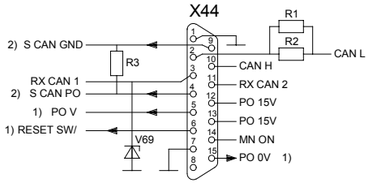
Emergency OFF
X4



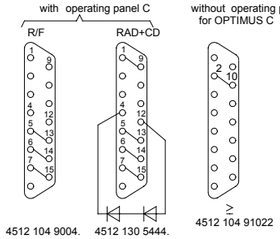
Tube supervision
X3



X44

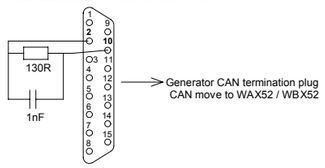


Function programming plug for X44

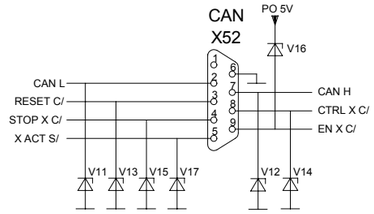


1) To Signal Bus X23
2) To System CAN X43

Termination resistor for X45

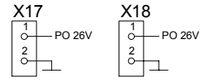


CAN
X52

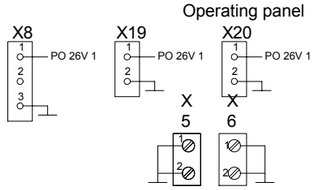


X71 CAN L
X72 CAN H
X73 RESET C/
X74 CTRL X C/
X75 STOP X C/
X76 EN X C/
X77 X ACT S/

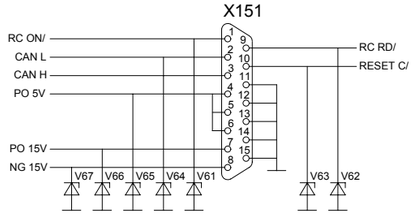
kV power unit EQ/E2Q
X17 X18



Operating panel
X8 X19 X20 X5 X6



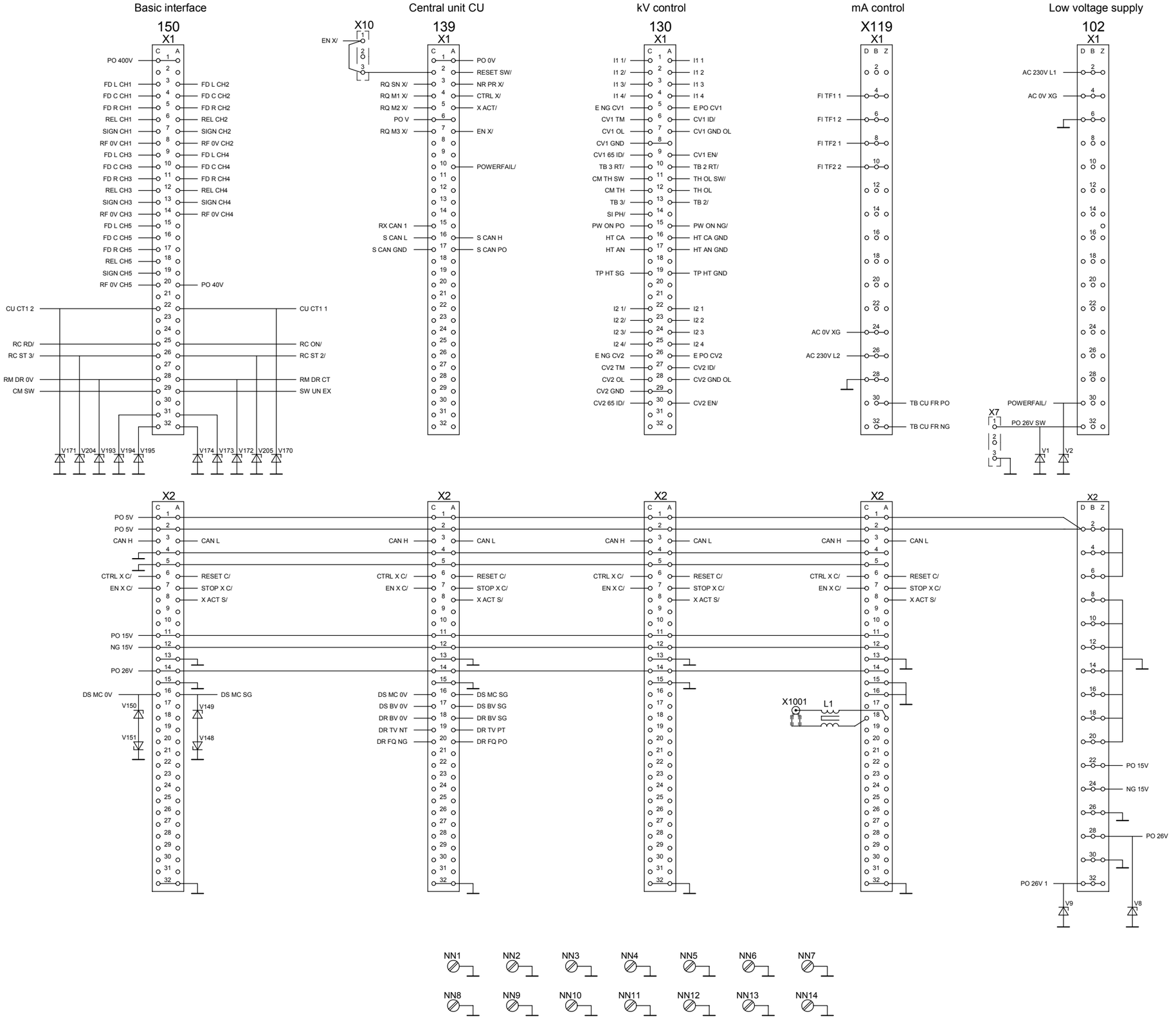
Rotor control 2
X151



For survey of the components see Z2-5.4

A1/A3 04-08-17 Schr.

Backpanel EZ
Basis rack-2 Z
4512 108 0936.

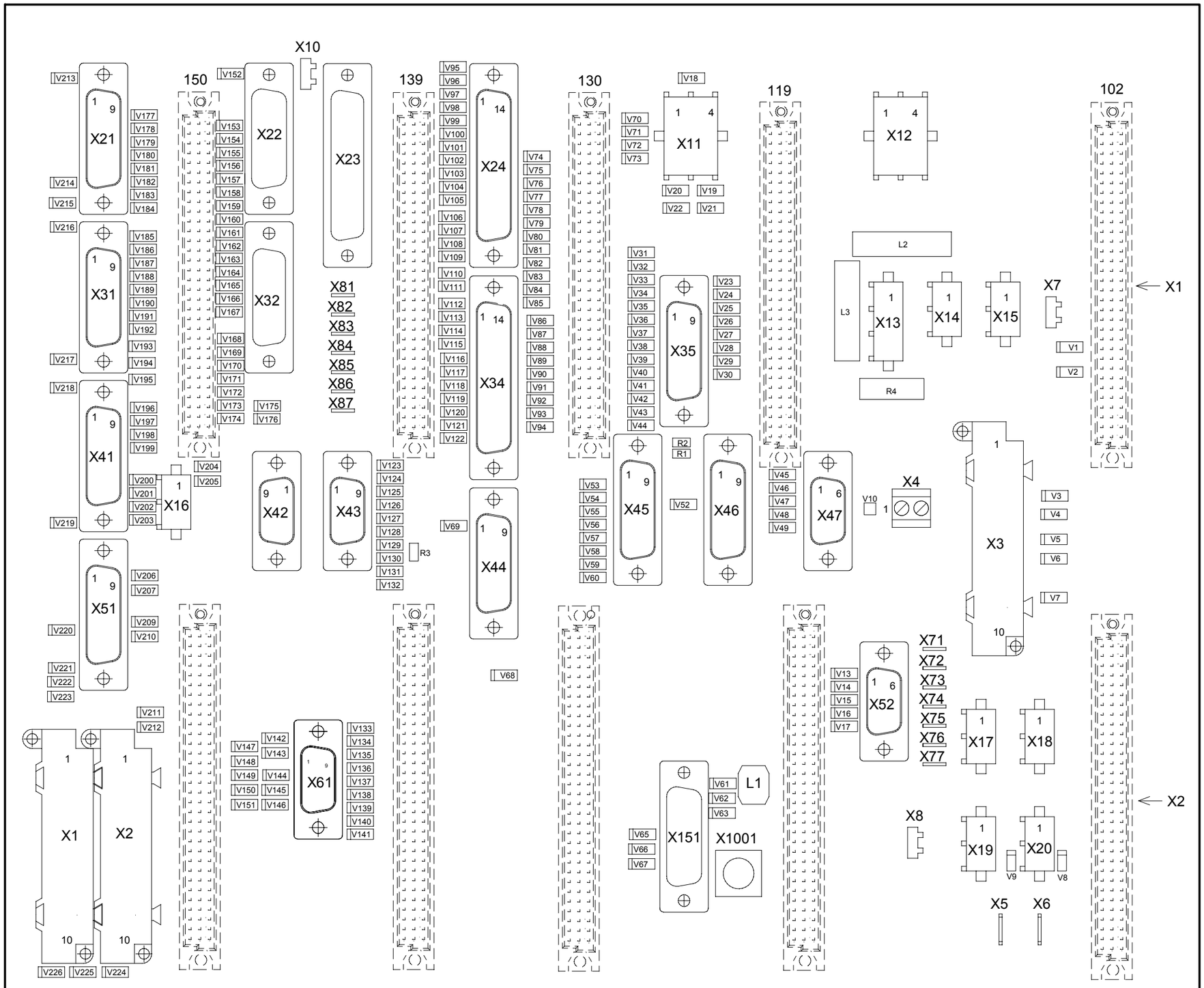


For survey of the components see Z2-5.4

A1/A3 04-08-17 Schr.

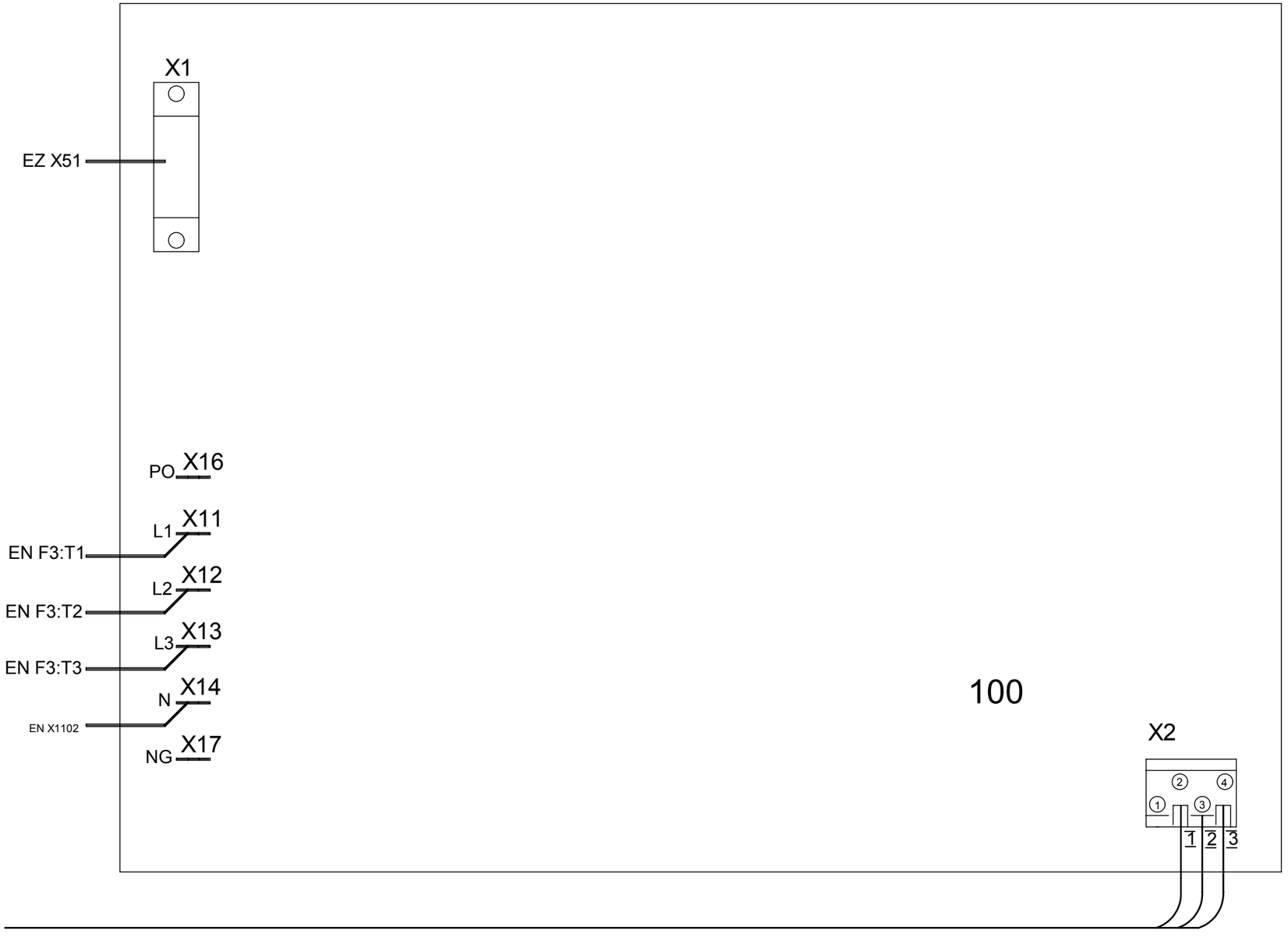
Backpanel EZ
Basis rack-2 Z
4512 108 0936.

rear side



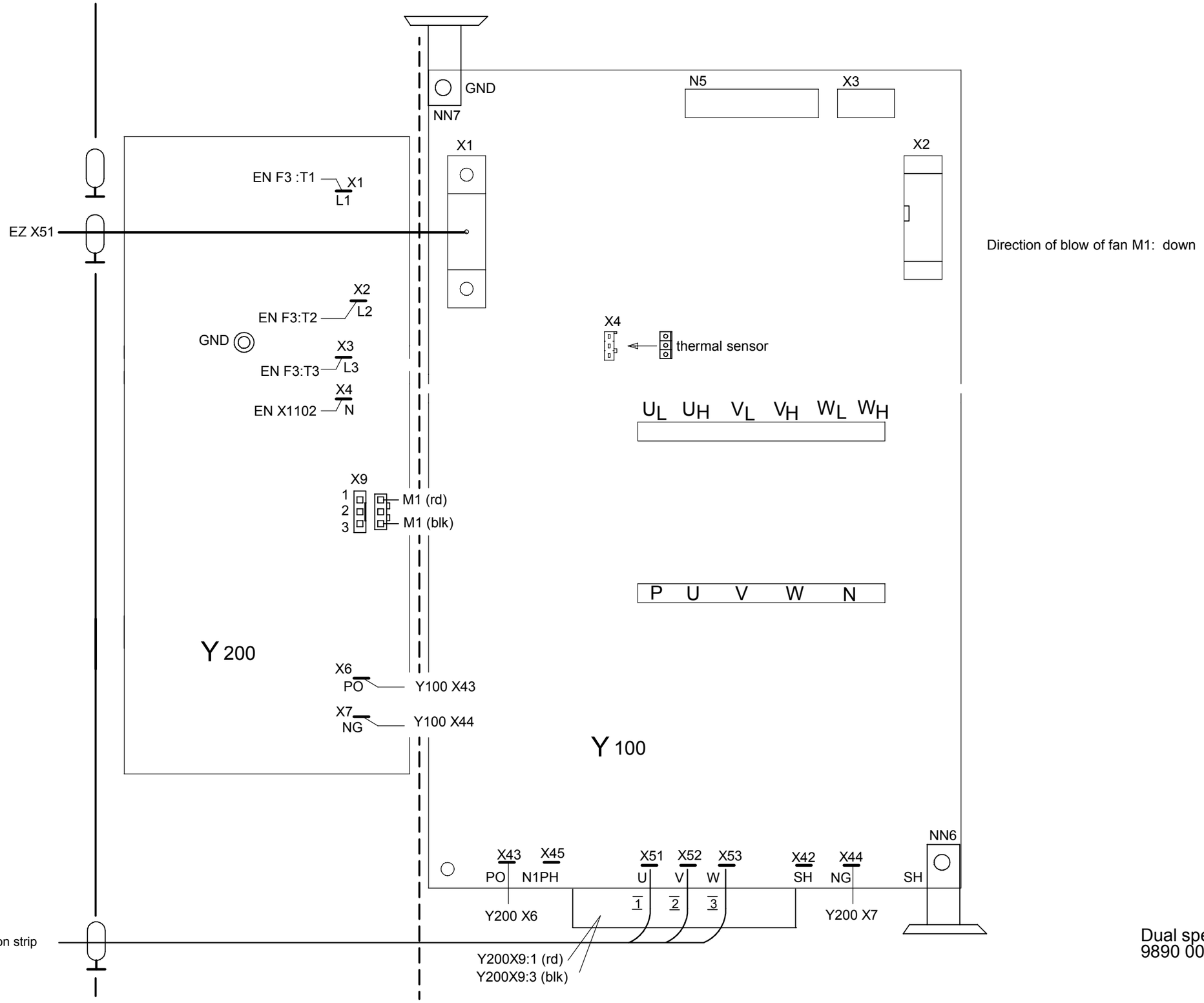
A2/A3 02-02-14 Schr.

Backpanel EZ
Basis rack 2 Z
survey of components



A3/A3 04-08-17 Schr.

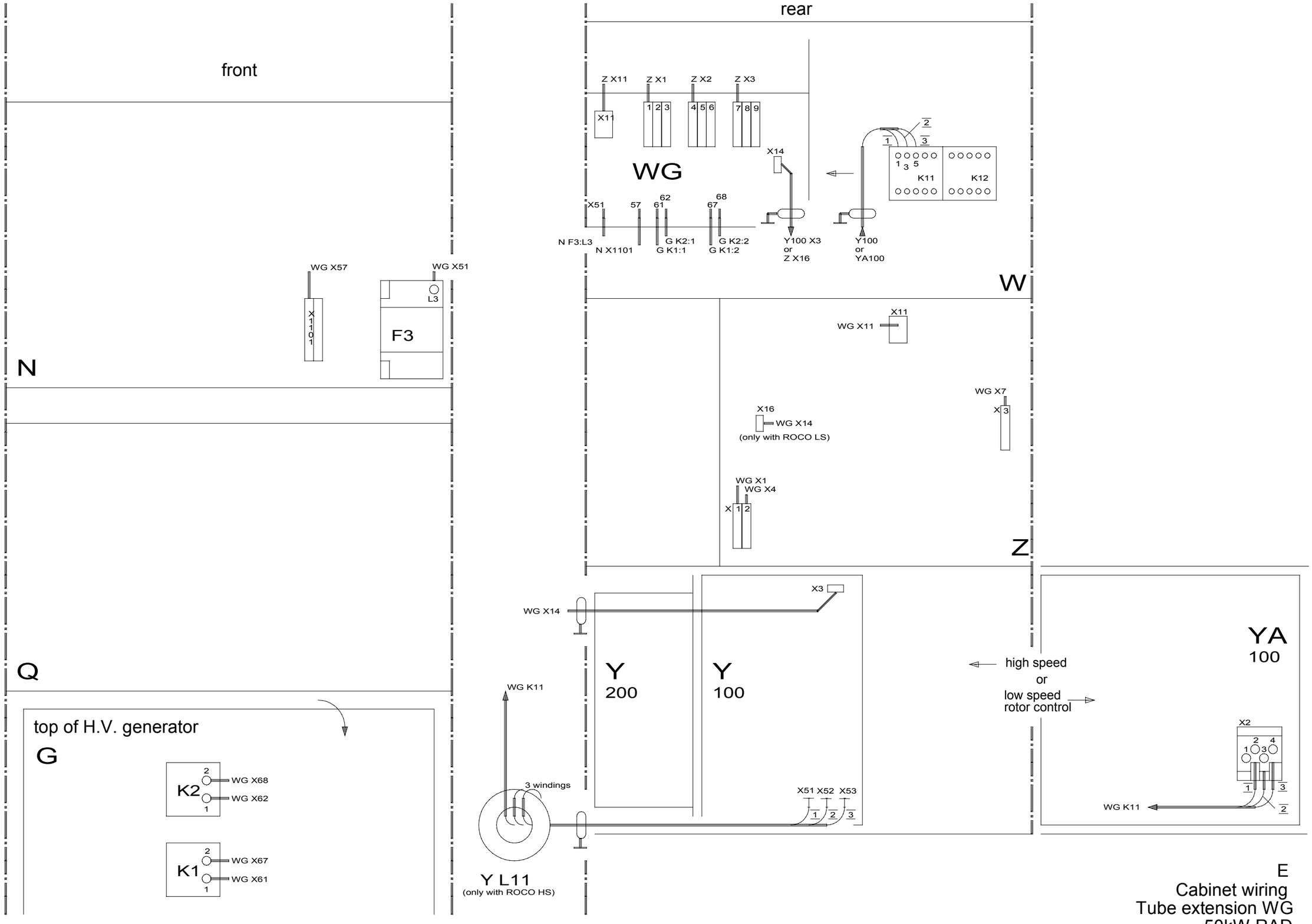
YA
-Low speed Rotor control
-XSTAR Low speed Rotor control



Direction of blow of fan M1: down

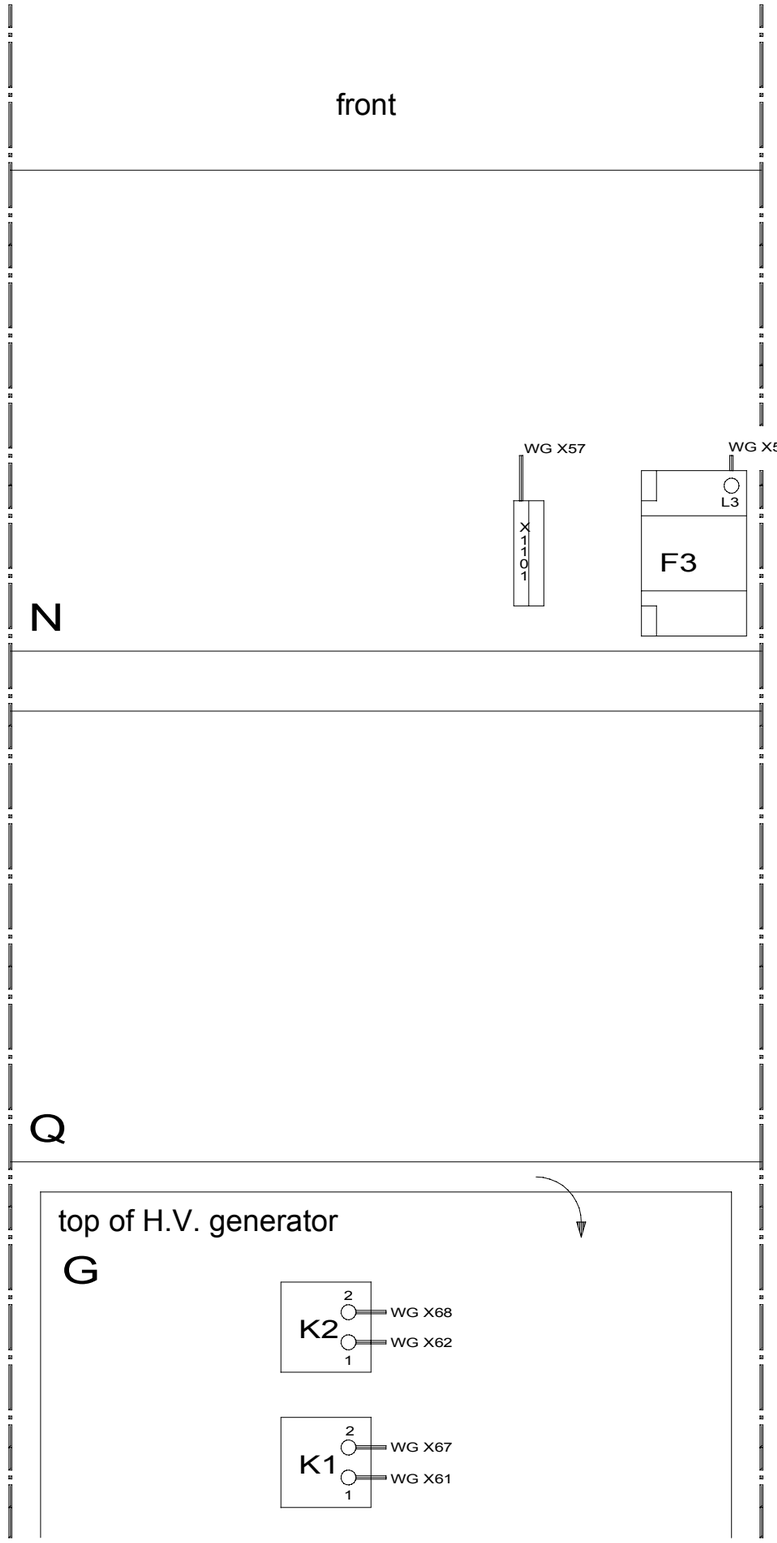
A3/A3 00-09-04 Schr.

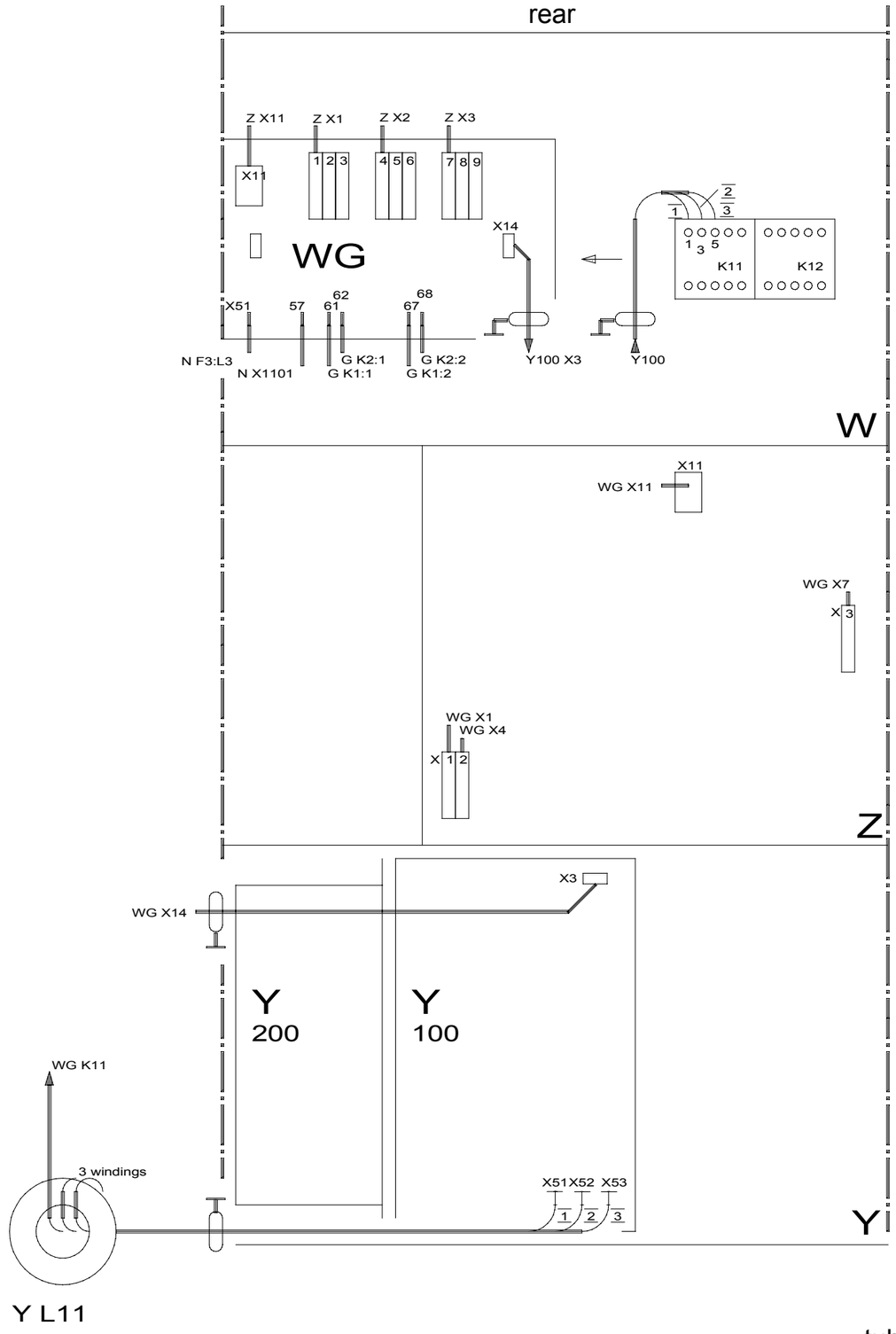
Y
Dual speed rotor control
9890 000 0268x



A3/A3 99-03-17 Schr.

E
Cabinet wiring
Tube extension WG
50kW RAD



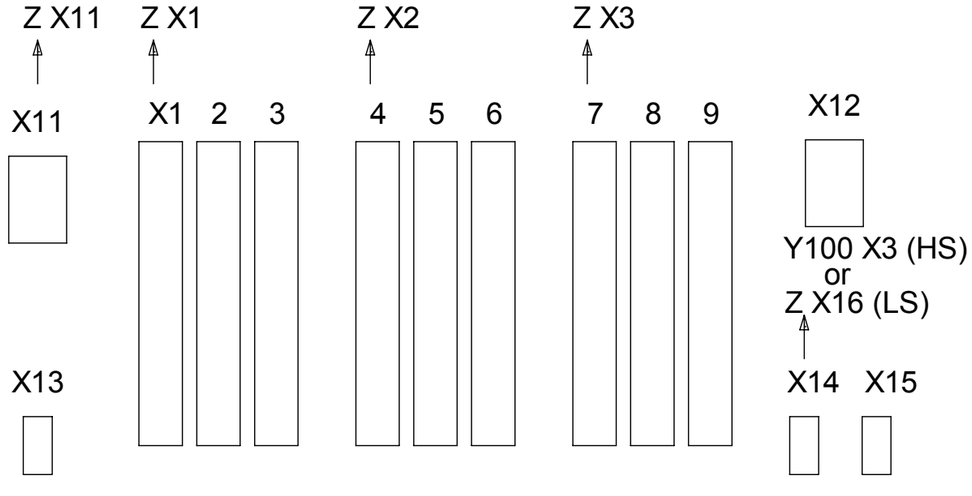


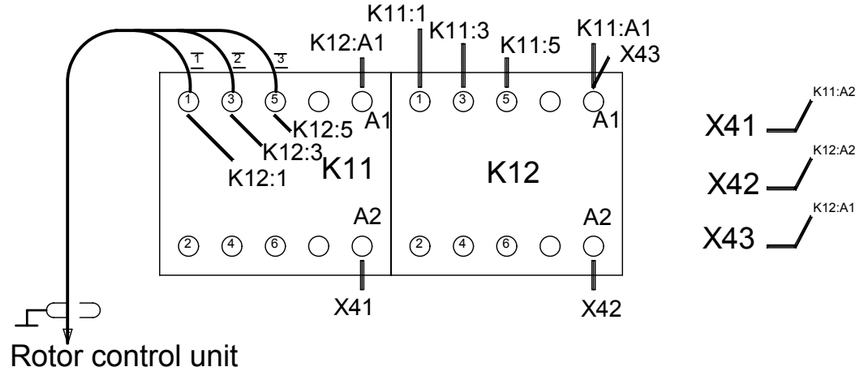
E
Cabinet wiring
tube extension WG
65/80kW RAD

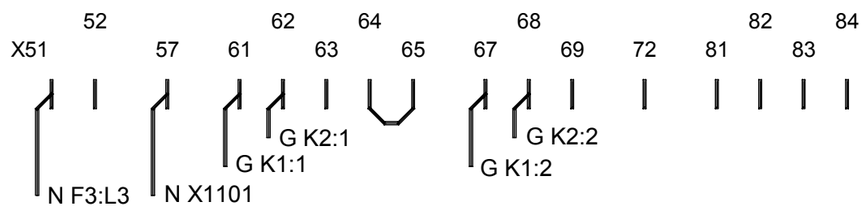
Z2-14.1.2

xxxxxxxx

A3/A3 99-03-17 Schr.

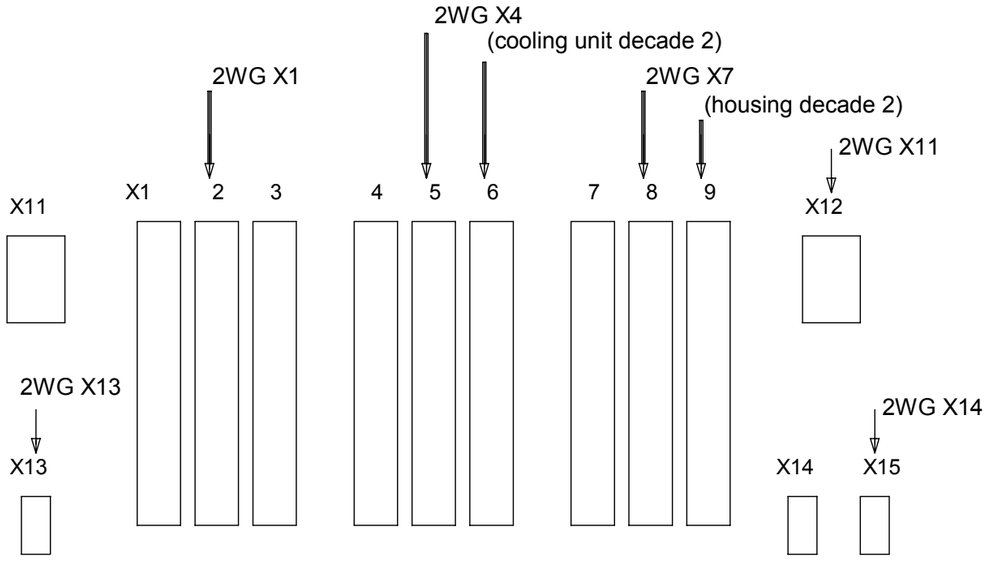


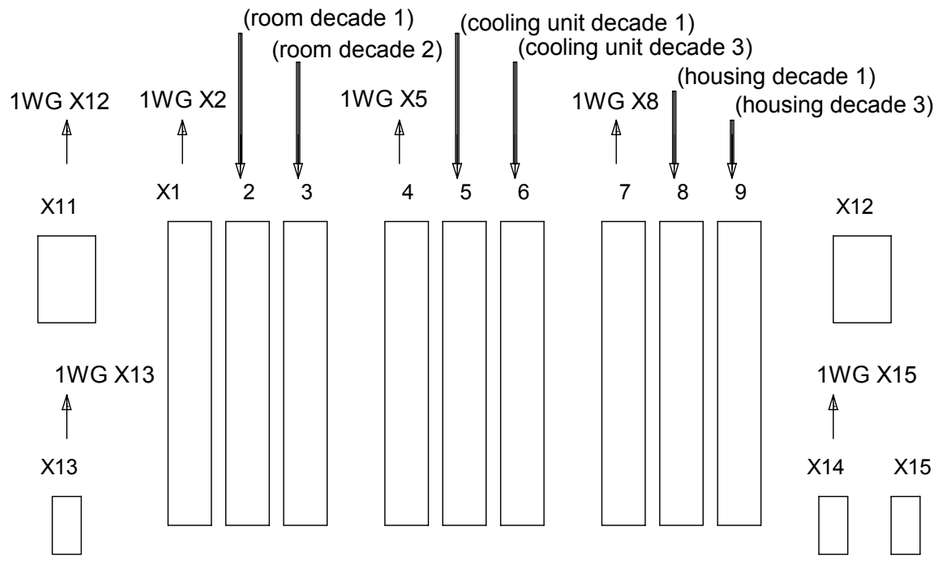


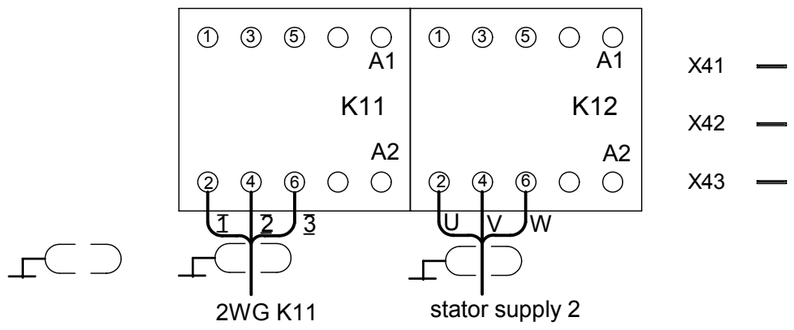


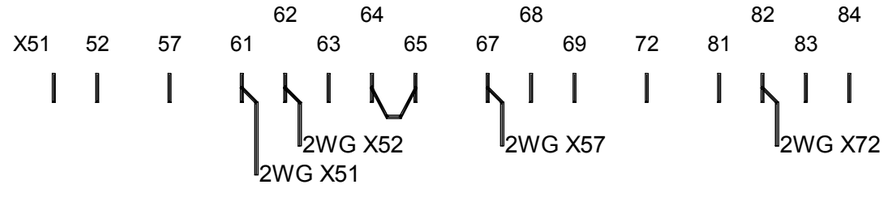
A3/A3 04-08-17 Schr.

WG
Tube extension

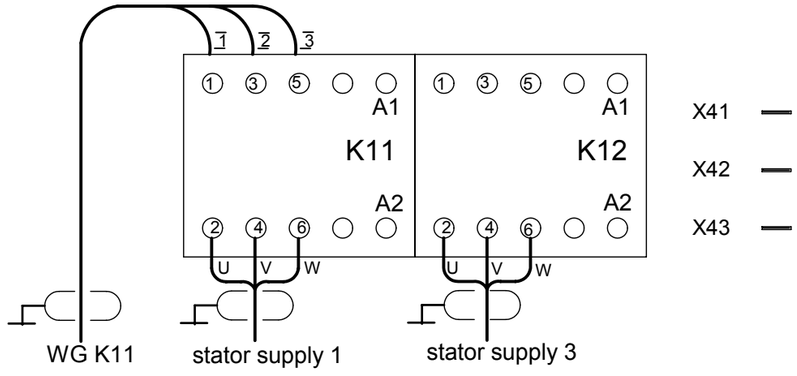


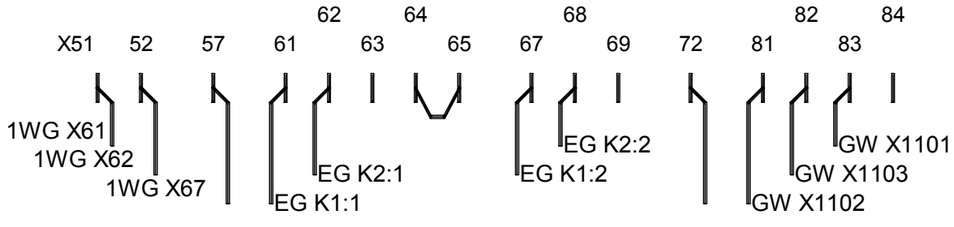






1WG



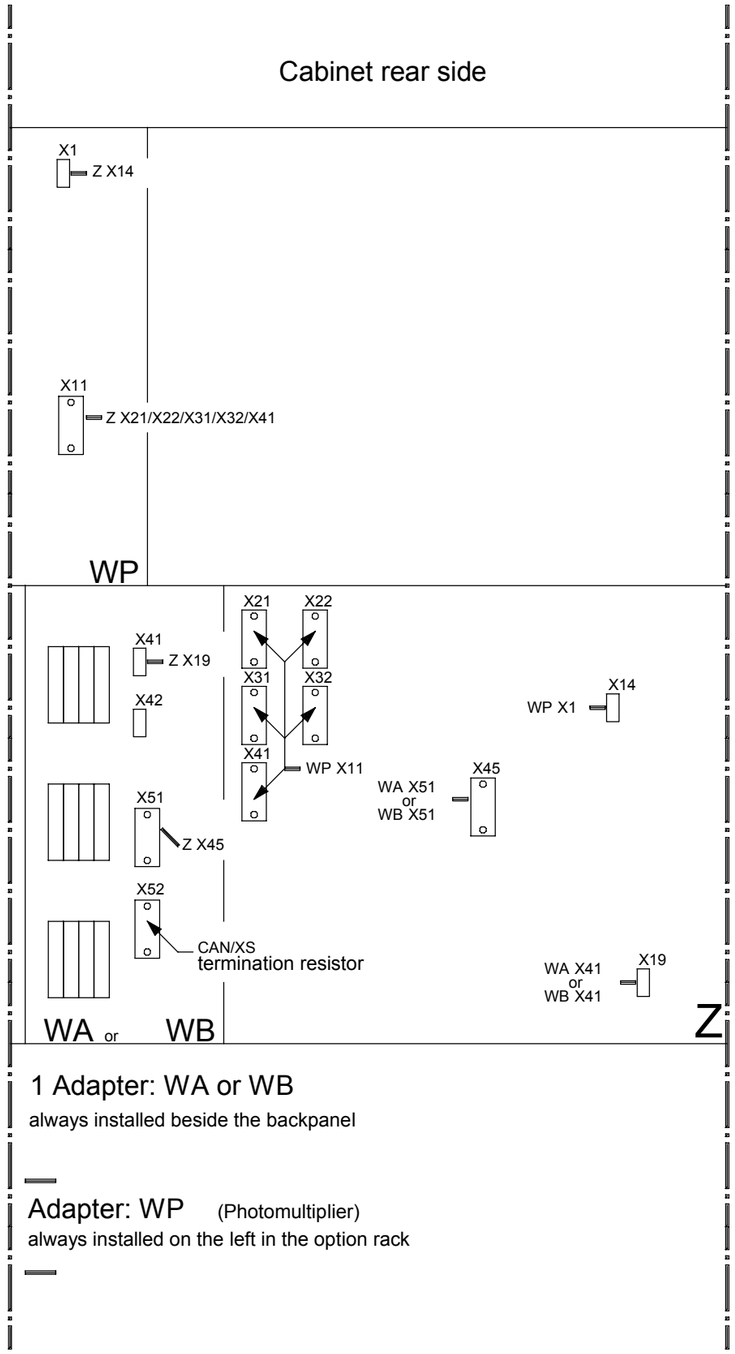


2WG

1WG/2WG
Tube extension

Z2-14.3

A3/A3 04-08-17 Schr.

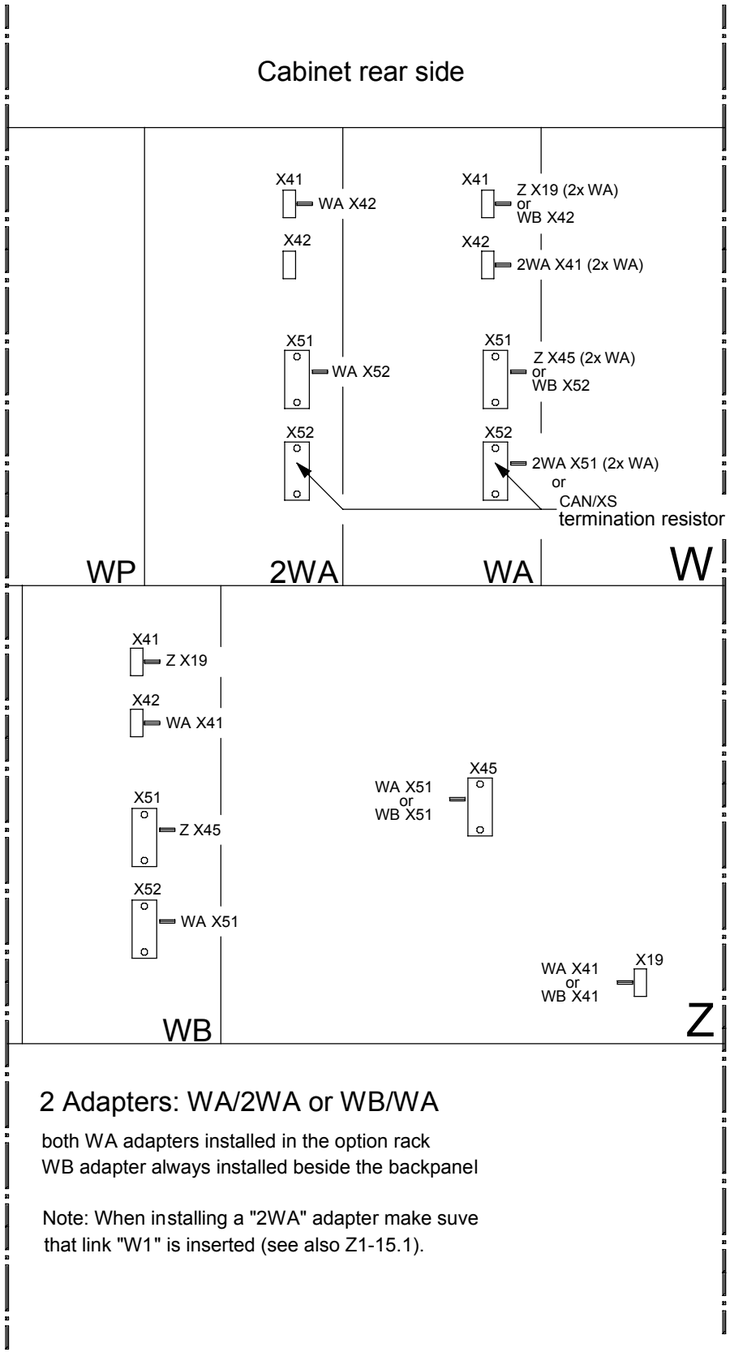


1 Adapter: WA or WB

always installed beside the backpanel

Adapter: WP (Photomultiplier)

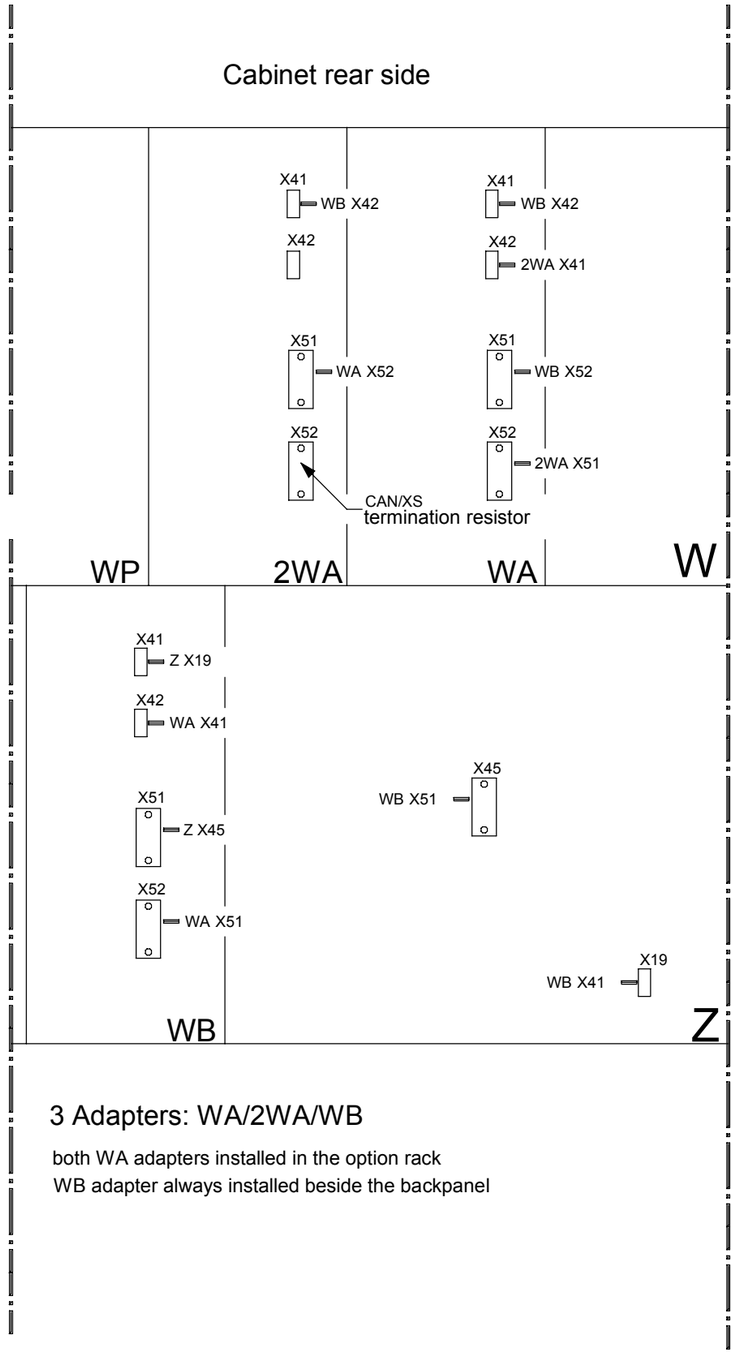
always installed on the left in the option rack



2 Adapters: WA/2WA or WB/WA

both WA adapters installed in the option rack
WB adapter always installed beside the backpanel

Note: When installing a "2WA" adapter make suve that link "W1" is inserted (see also Z1-15.1).



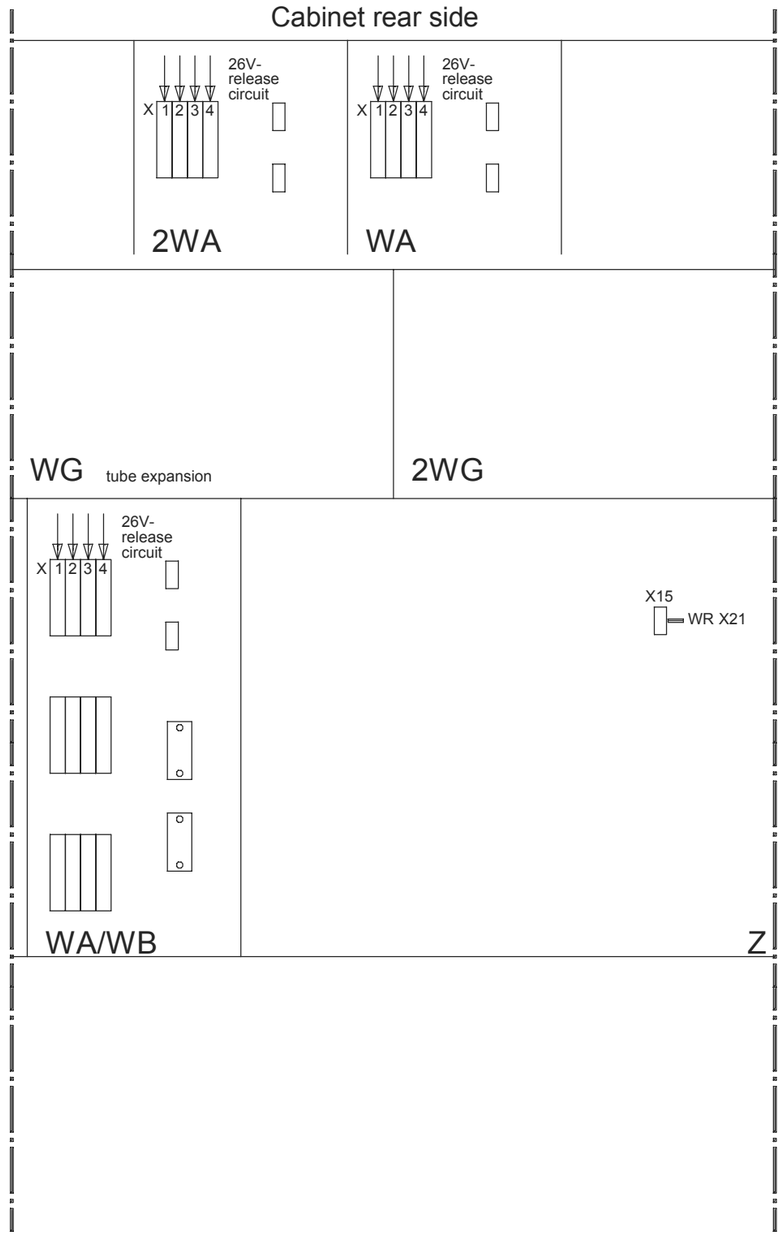
3 Adapters: WA/2WA/WB

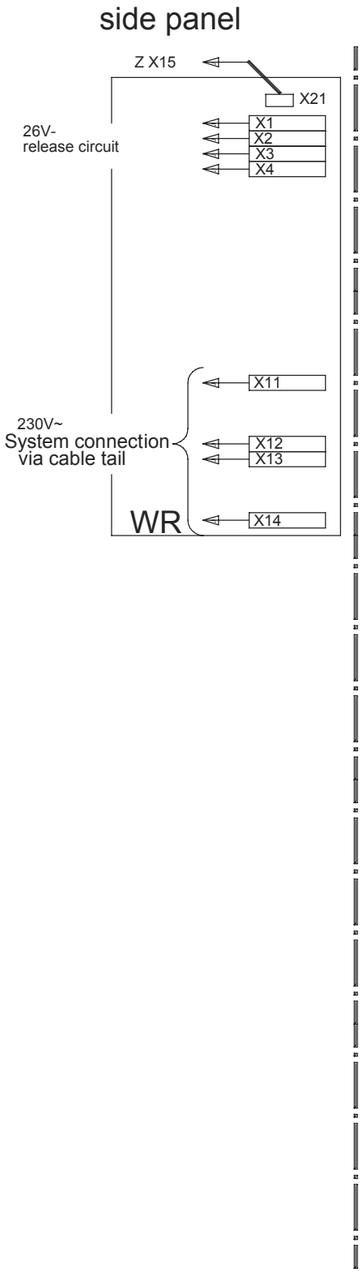
both WA adapters installed in the option rack
WB adapter always installed beside the backpanel

CAN/XS termination resistor is alweys installed at the end of the chain!

A3/A3 02-03-19 Schr./Kö

WA/WB/WP
Cabinet wiring:
Decade adapter 4 auxil. units
Adapter Photomultiplier (SEV)



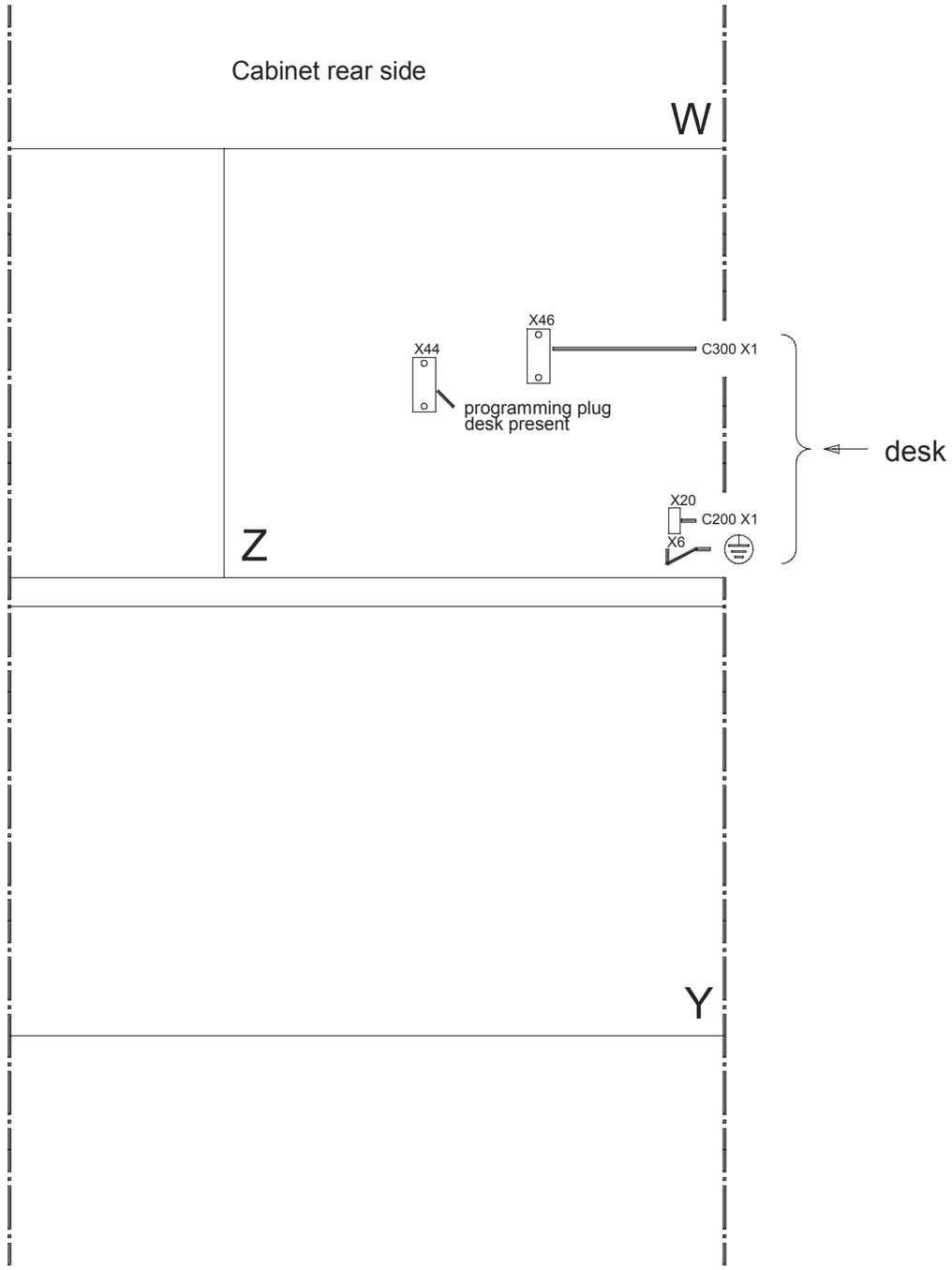


Note:

Adapter 26V-/230V is possible only in connection with decade adapter WA/WB (adapter "Old world").

A3/A3 97-03-12 Schr.

WR
Cabinet wiring
26V DC/230V AC Adapter WR



A3/A3 97-03-12 Schr.

C
Cabinet wiring
Control desk